

## Supporting Information

# **Self-Assembly of Magnesium-Seamed Hexameric Pyrogallol[4]arene Nanocapsules**

*Chen Zhang,<sup>a</sup> Rahul S. Patil,<sup>a</sup> Tao Li,<sup>b</sup> Charles L. Banes,<sup>a</sup> and Jerry L. Atwood<sup>a\*</sup>*

<sup>a</sup> Department of Chemistry  
University of Missouri-Columbia  
601 S College Ave, Columbia MO 65211 United States  
E-mail: Atwoodj@missouri.edu

<sup>b</sup> School of Physical Science & Technology  
ShanghaiTech University  
100 Haike Rd, Shanghai, China

## METHODS

**Materials and Characterization.** All solvents and chemicals were obtained from commercial sources and used without further purification. The single crystal X-ray diffraction data was collected on a Bruker Apex II diffractometer at a temperature of 100 (2) K using CuK $\alpha$  (1.54056Å) radiation incotec Microfocus II. The structure was solved and refined using SHELX and Xseed<sup>1</sup> as the interface. Internal void volumes of each nanocapsule were calculated using MSRoll with a probe radius of 1.25 Å.

**Synthesis of C-propylpyrogallol[4]arene (PgC<sub>3</sub>).** Butyraldehyde (7.21 mL, 0.08 mol), and pyrogallol (0.08 mmol, 10 g) were mixed in 40 mL of 95% (v/v) ethanol with the addition of 3.5 mL of concentrated HCl. Thereafter, the mixture was refluxed at 110 °C for 24 hours. After cooling down, the precipitate was filtered, washed with cold 95% (v/v) ethanol and dried in vacuum. 5.4 g of white solid was prepared as the final product, PgC<sub>3</sub>. Yield is 37.5%.

**Preparation of 1 [Mg<sub>24</sub>(C<sub>40</sub>H<sub>40</sub>O<sub>12</sub>)<sub>6</sub>(DMF)<sub>4</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>44</sub>].** C-propylpyrogallol[4]arene (PgC<sub>3</sub>, 0.1 mmol, 72.0 mg) and Mg(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>6</sub>H<sub>2</sub>O (0.4 mmol, 102.6 mg) were dissolved in 1 mL of *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) and 1 mL of acetonitrile (MeCN) with the addition of 100 μL of water and 27.2 mg of imidazole (0.4 mmol) in a 4 mL glass vial. The mixture was sonicated for 5 min to yield a black solution, and then heated at 100 °C overnight. Green crystals were then formed and collected for single crystal X-ray analysis.

**Preparation of 2 [Mg<sub>24</sub>(C<sub>40</sub>H<sub>40</sub>O<sub>12</sub>)<sub>6</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>48</sub> 2py].** C-propylpyrogallol[4]arene (PgC<sub>3</sub>, 0.1 mmol, 72.0 mg) and Mg(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>6</sub>H<sub>2</sub>O (0.4 mmol, 102.6 mg) were dissolved in 3

mL of acetonitrile (MeCN) with the addition of 100  $\mu$ L of water and 100  $\mu$ L of pyridine (1.2 mmol) in a 20 mL glass vial. The mixture was sonicated for 5 min to yield a dark grey suspension, and then heated at 100  $^{\circ}$ C overnight. Dark blue crystals were then formed and collected for single crystal X-ray analysis.

## Supplementary Data

**Table S1:** Single crystal structure data of **1** and **2**.

	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Molecular formula</b>	Mg <sub>24</sub> (C <sub>40</sub> H <sub>40</sub> O <sub>12</sub> ) <sub>6</sub> (DMF) <sub>4</sub> (H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>44</sub>	Mg <sub>24</sub> (C <sub>40</sub> H <sub>40</sub> O <sub>12</sub> ) <sub>6</sub> (H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>48</sub> 2py
<b>Crystal system</b>	monoclinic	triclinic
<b>Space group</b>	C2/m	P-1
<b>Temperature (K)</b>	100	100
<b>a(Å)</b>	28.2464(14)	26.113(2)
<b>b(Å)</b>	35.3404(15)	26.276(2)
<b>c(Å)</b>	21.6242(10)	27.960(2)
<b>α(°)</b>	90	93.634(4)
<b>β(°)</b>	118.889(2)	92.074(5)
<b>γ(°)</b>	90	90.160(5)
<b>V(Å<sup>3</sup>)</b>	18899.9(15)	19133(3)
<b>Z</b>	2	2
<b>Calculated density</b>	1.024	1.000
<b>Θ range of data collection( °)</b>	3.19-58.90	2.38-56.93
<b>Total unique reflections</b>	9060	9665
<b>Goodness of fit</b>	2.159	2.047
<b>R1 after merging</b>	0.1615	0.2219
<b>R(int)</b>	0.0413	0.0896
<b>wR2</b>	0.4657	0.5144

## References:

1. L. J. Barbour, *Journal of Supramolecular Chemistry*, 2003, **1**, 189-191.