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## **Electronic Supplementary Information**

# Orienting spins in dually doped monolayer MoS<sub>2</sub>: From one-sided to double-sided doping

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**Fig. S1** Spin densities of (a)  $Cr(0)-MoS_2-Cr(4)$ , (b)  $Cr(0)-MoS_2-Cr(5)$ , (c)  $Cr(0)-MoS_2-Co(1)$ , (d)  $MoS_2-Cr(0)Co(2)$ , (e)  $V(0)-MoS_2-Co(1)$ , (f)  $V(0)-MoS_2-Co(3)$ , (g)  $V(0)-MoS_2-Co(4)$ , and (h)  $V(0)-MoS_2-Co(5)$ . The left configuration corresponds to the antiferromagnetic and the one on the right to the ferromagnetic state, respectively. The majority (minority) spin density component is shown in red (blue) with the isosurface value of 0.005 (-0.005)  $e/Å^3$ . The 5 × 5 supercell size was used.



**Fig. S2** Spin band structures of (a) Cr(0)-MoS<sub>2</sub>-Cr(1), (b) Cr(0)Cr(2)-MoS<sub>2</sub>, (c) Cr(0)-MoS<sub>2</sub>-Cr(3), (d) Cr(0)-MoS<sub>2</sub>-Co(1), and (e) Cr(0)Co(2)-MoS<sub>2</sub> systems. In (f), the band structure of spin-unpolarized MoS<sub>2</sub> is given as a reference. Red (blue) bands correspond to spin-up (spin-down) states.



**Fig. S3** Total density of states (TDOS) for the dual substitutional TM dopant atoms in the monolayer-MoS<sub>2</sub> systems in (a)-(k). In (l), TDOS for the pure  $MoS_2$  is given as a reference.



**Fig.S4** Spin band structures of (a)  $Cr(0)-MoS_2-Cr(1)$ , (b)  $Cr(0)Cr(2)-MoS_2$ , (c)  $Cr(0)-MoS_2-Cr(3)$ , (d)  $Cr(0)-MoS_2-Cr(4)$ , and (e)  $Cr(0)-MoS_2-Cr(5)$ . In (f), the band structure of undoped  $MoS_2$  is given as a reference.



**Fig. S5** As Fig. S3, but for (a)  $Cr(0)-MoS_2-Co(1)$ , (b)  $Cr(0)Co(2)-MoS_2$ , (c)  $V(0)-MoS_2-Co(1)$ , (d)  $V(0)-MoS_2-Co(4)$ , and (e)  $V(0)-MoS_2-Co(5)$ .



**Fig. S6** Partial density of states (PDOS) for (a)  $Cr(0)-MoS_2-Cr(1)$ , (b)  $Cr(0)Cr(2)-MoS_2$ , (c)  $Cr(0)-MoS_2-Cr(3)$ , (d)  $Cr(0)-MoS_2-Cr(4)$ , and (e)  $Cr(0)-MoS_2-Cr(5)$  systems.



**Fig. S7** Partial density of states (PDOS) for (a)  $Cr(0)-MoS_2-Co(1)$ , (b)  $Cr(0)Co(2)-MoS_2$ , (c)  $V(0)-MoS_2-Co(1)$ , (d)  $V(0)-MoS_2-Co(3)$ , (e)  $V(0)-MoS_2-Co(4)$ , and (f)  $V(0)-MoS_2-Co(5)$  systems.



**Fig. S8** Partial density of states (PDOS) for dopant atoms and nearest three Mo atoms in (a)  $Cr(0)-MoS_2-Cr(1)$ , (b)  $Cr(0)-MoS_2-Co(1)$ , and (c)  $V(0)-MoS_2-Co(1)$  systems in their AFM, FM, and AFM ground states, respectively.

**Table S1** Hubbard U parameters for the dual substitutional TM dopant atoms in the monolayer-MoS<sub>2</sub> systems at uniform concentration  $\theta = 2/75$ . For each system, the assigned U value, from linear response determination, is tabulated for the TM atoms *i* and *j* at both possible magnetic configurations (AFM/FM). Due to the calculation of the exchange energy value ( $J = E_{AFM} - E_{FM}$ ) of these systems, we used the AFM-FM-averaged (bolded) values in the all electronic structure property calculations.

System	AFM $i$	FM $i$	aver. $i$	AFM $j$	FM $j$	aver. $j$
Cr(0)-MoS <sub>2</sub> -Cr(1)	3.25	3.26	3.26	3.25	3.26	3.26
$Cr(0)Cr(2)-MoS_2$	3.11	3.08	3.10	3.11	3.10	3.11
Cr(0)-MoS <sub>2</sub> -Cr(3)	3.32	3.32	3.32	3.29	3.25	3.27
Cr(0)-MoS <sub>2</sub> -Cr(4)	3.48	3.34	3.41	3.26	3.26	3.26
Cr(0)-MoS <sub>2</sub> -Cr(5)	3.30	3.29	3.30	3.30	3.29	3.30
$Cr(0)-MoS_2-Co(1)$	3.02	3.15	3.09	5.25	5.85	5.55
$Cr(0)Co(2)-MoS_2$	3.24	3.25	3.25	5.64	5.63	5.64
V(0)-MoS <sub>2</sub> -Co(1)	4.22	4.19	4.21	5.25	5.74	5.50
V(0)-MoS <sub>2</sub> -Co(3)	4.01	3.94	3.98	5.68	6.12	5.90
V(0)-MoS <sub>2</sub> -Co(4)	3.99	3.96	3.98	5.96	6.05	6.01
V(0)-MoS <sub>2</sub> -Co(5)	3.98	3.98	3.98	6.13	6.12	6.13

**Table S2** Relative energies of the ground state and the first excited state for two strongly correlated heteronuclear dimer molecules VMo and CrMo. For both systems, the ground state is S = 5/2 and the first excited state is S = 1/2, and  $d\sigma \rightarrow d\delta$  is the first excitation that takes place. Here, spin-orbit splitting is not considered. The assigned U values, from the linear response U determination, are communicated in the main text.

Molecule	Method	$\Delta E \ (eV)$	$\Delta E \ (\mathrm{cm}^{-1})$
VCr	DFT	-	-
	DFT+U	0.6995	5666
	$CASPT2^{1}$	0.7005	5674
VMo	DFT	-0.0717	-581
	$\mathrm{DFT}\mathrm{+U}$	0.8912	7218
	$CASPT2^{1}$	0.6063	4911

<sup>1</sup> Ruiperez, F.; Ugalde, J. M.; Infante, I. *Inorg. Chem.* **2011**, 50, 9219–9229.