Supporting Information for:

Borylated Oximes: Versatile Building Blocks for Organic Synthesis

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General Information

The following reagents were used directly from commercial suppliers: dimethylforamide (DMF) and dimethylsulfoxide (DMSO) from Fischer; trifluoroacetic acid (TFA), N,Ndiisopropylethylamine (DIPEA) from Sigma Aldrich; 4-methylpiperidine from Alfa Aesar; HATU (1-[Bis(dimethylamino)methylene]-1H-1,2,3-triazolo[4,5-b]pyridinium 3-oxid hexafluorophosphate) from Chem-Impex Int'l.; HCTU (o-(1- benzotriazol-1-yl)-1,1,3,3tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate) from Peptides International; Fmoc-protected amino acids from Bachem, and Rink Amide resin (200-400 mesh, 0.68 mmol/gram) from Novabiochem. Water was purified using a Millipore Milli-Q water purification system.

DCM, Methanol (MeOH) and triethylamine were distilled from CaH₂ under nitrogen. Acetonitrile (MeCN) was distilled from activated 4Å MS under nitrogen. Toluene was purified via solvent purification system. Tetrahydrofuran (THF) was freshly distilled from sodium benzophenone ketyl. All other solvents were of reagent grade quality and dried over 4Å MS prior to use. All other reagents were purchased from commercial sources and used as received.

Buffer A: H₂O (0.05% TFA)

Buffer B: MeCN/H₂O (9:1) (0.05% TFA)

Chromatography

Flash column chromatography was carried out using Silicycle 230-400 mesh silica gel, or ISCO Teledyne Combiflash R_f 200 Flash system. Thin-layer chromatography (TLC) was performed on Macherey Nagel pre-coated glass backed TLC plates (SIL G/UV254, 0.25 mm) and visualized using a UV lamp (254 nm), KMnO₄ or curcumin stain. Reverse-phase chromatography was carried out using Redi*Sep* Rf Gold C18 Columns.

Peptides were purified by reversed-phase HPLC (RP-HPLC). Analytical RP-HPLC was carried out on an Agilent 1100 Series HPLC on a Phenomenex Jupiter Proteo column (4 μ m, 90 2 Å, 150 \times 4.6 mm) at a flow rate of 1 mL/min. Analytical injections were monitored at 214 nm. Preparative RP-HPLC was performed on a Waters Delta Prep 4000 equipped with a Waters UV detector model 486 and a Phenomenex Jupiter Proteo column (10 μ m, 90 Å, 250 \times 21.20 mm) at a flow rate of 15 mL/min. Preparative injections were monitored at 220 nm.

Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy

¹H NMR, ¹³C, and 2D NMR spectra were recorded on Varian Mercury 300 MHz, 400 MHz, 500 MHz, 600 MHz or 700 MHz spectrometers. ¹¹B NMR were recorded using Bruker 400/500 MHz spectrometer at 128/160 MHz and referenced to an external standard of BF₃·Et₂O ($\delta = 0$ ppm). ¹H NMR spectra chemical shifts (δ) are reported in parts per million (ppm) referenced to residual protonated solvent peak (CD₃CN $\delta = 1.94$, DMSO-*d*₆, $\delta = 2.49$, CD₃OD $\delta = 3.31$ center line). Spectral data is reported as follows: chemical shift, multiplicity (s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, dd = doublet of doublets, dt = doublet of triplets, dtd = doublet of triplet of doublets, m = multiplet, br = broad), coupling constant (*J*) in Hertz (Hz), and integration. ¹³C NMR spectra chemical shifts (δ) are reported in parts per million (ppm) were referenced to carbon resonances in the NMR solvent (CD₃CN $\delta = 118.3$, DMSO-*d*₆, $\delta = 39.5$, CD₃OD $\delta = 49.0$; center line). Carbons exhibiting significant line broadening brought about by boron substituents were not reported (quadrupolar relaxation). Carbons that were observed are noted (**C**-B).

Mass Spectroscopy High resolution mass spectra were obtained on a VG 70- 250S (double focusing) mass spectrometer at 70 eV or on an ABI/Sciex Qstar mass spectrometer with ESI source, MS/MS and accurate mass capabilities.

Peptides were characterized using electrospray ionization MS on a LC-MS API 2000 Plus triple quadrupole mass spectrometer (Sciex). Peptides masses were calculated from the experimental mass to charge (m/z) ratios from all of the observed protonation states of a peptide by using the onboard analyst software package (Sciex). High resolution mass spectrometry (for 2d) was performed Agilent ESI-TOF mass spectrometer using electrospray ionization. Samples were electrosprayed into the TOF reflectron analyzer at an ESI voltage of 4000V and a flow rate of 200 microliters/minute.

RP-HPLC/MS

Low-resolution mass spectra (ESI) were collected on an Agilent Technologies 1200 series HPLC paired to a 6130 Mass Spectrometer. Compounds were resolved on Phenomenex's Kinetex 2.6u C18 50x4.6mm column at room temperature with a flow of 1 mL/min. The gradient consisted of

eluents A (0.1% formic acid in double distilled water) and B (0.1% formic acid in HPLC-grade acetonitrile).

Method: A linear gradient starting from 5% of B to 95% over 4 min at a flow rate of 1.0 mL/min. Stays constant at 95% for 1 min and then returns to 5% over 0.5 min.

Experimental Data

291.1152, found 291.1162.

General Procedure for the Synthesis of a-boryl aldoximes



Boryl aldehyde (1 equiv.) and hydroxylamine hydrochloride (3 equiv.) were dissolved in a 1:1 acetonitrile:0.1 M pH 4.5 sodium acetate buffer to yield a final concentration of 0.1 M. Aniline (0.1 equiv.) was immediately added and the solution was stirred for 10 to 30 minutes. When the reaction was complete by TLC, brine was added and the product was extracted into 10% acetonitrile in EtOAc, dried over sodium sulfate, concentrated, and purified by column chromatography.

(E)-2-(6-methyl-4,8-dioxo-1,3,6,2-dioxazaborocan-2-yl)-2-phenylacetaldehyde oxime (3a).



(E)-2-cyclohexyl-2-(6-methyl-4,8-dioxo-1,3,6,2-dioxazaborocan-2-yl)acetaldehyde oxime



(3b). Synthesized according to general procedure. Scale: 0.20 mmol. Yield: 0.045 g, 75%, white powder. R_f (EtOAc): 0.15. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 8.32 – 8.16 (m, 1H), 7.36 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 3.93 (d, J = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 3.89 (d, J = 16.6 Hz, 1H), 3.81 (d, J = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 3.65 (d, J = 16.6 Hz, 1H), 2.92 (s, 3H), 1.89 – 1.77 (m, 2H), 1.78 – 1.66 (m, 2H), 1.67 – 1.54 (m, 1H), 1.38 –

1.01 (m, 6H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 169.3, 168.7, 154.0, 63.4, 63.2, 46.7, 39.3, 34.4, 30.9, 27.7, 27.6, 27.0. ¹¹B NMR (128 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 7.5. IR (neat) $\tilde{\nu}$ (cm⁻¹): 3333, 2928, 2855, 1748, 1727, 1452, 1284, 1026, 977, 856. HRMS (DART) *m*/*z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₃H₂₂BN₂O₅ 297.1622, found 297.1624.

(E)-2-(6-methyl-4,8-dioxo-1,3,6,2-dioxazaborocan-2-yl)acetaldehyde oxime (3c). This product



is unstable to long-term storage. Modified procedure: Boryl aldehyde (0.050 g, 0.25 mmol) and hydroxylamine hydrochloride (0.035 g, 0.50 mmol) were dissolved in acetonitrile (2.5 mL) and Amberlite IRA67 resin (1 scoop) was

where the born of the starting materials dissolved. The reaction was monitored by TLC to assess reaction completion. Once complete, Amberlite IRA743 resin (1 scoop) was added to sequester the boric acid from decomposition. The solution was filtered, and resin washed with acetonitrile, and evaporated to yield pure product, which was used directly for the next reaction. Yield: 0.040 g, 74%, white hygroscopic powder, mixture of *E* and *Z* isomers. *R*_f (1:4 MeCN:EtOAc): 0.2. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃CN) Minor: δ 7.38 (t, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 3.96 (d, *J* = 16.9 Hz, 2H), 3.84 (d, *J* = 16.9 Hz, 2H), 2.93 (s, 3H), 1.68 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 2H). Major: δ 6.70 (t, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 3.95 (d, *J* = 16.9 Hz, 2H), 3.81 (d, *J* = 16.9 Hz, 2H), 2.93 (s, 3H), 1.91 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 168.9, 168.8, 150.6, 150.2, 63.3, 62.8, 47.0, 46.7. ¹¹B NMR (128 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 11.8. HRMS (DART) *m/z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₇H₁₂BN₂O₅ 215.0839, found 215.0839.

(*E*)-2-(6-methyl-4,8-dioxo-1,3,6,2-dioxazaborocan-2-yl)-3-phenylpropanal oxime (3d). Synthesized according to general procedure. Scale: 0.85 mmol. Yield: 0.24 g, 94%, white powder. R_f (1:9 MeCN:EtOAc): 0.32. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 8.13 (s, 1H), 7.32 – 7.24 (m, 2H), 7.24 – 7.11 (m, 4H), 4.01 (d, J =17.2 Hz, 1H), 3.97 (d, J = 16.8 Hz, 1H), 3.89 (d, J = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 3.72 (d, J =16.8 Hz, 1H), 3.04 (dd, J = 14.2, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 3.00 (s, 3H), 2.72 (dd, J = 14.2, 11.5 Hz, 1H), 2.23 (ddd, J = 11.5, 7.7, 3.4 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 169.1, 168.6, 154.7, 142.7, 129.9, 129.3, 126.9, 63.8, 63.5, 46.7, 35.3. ¹¹B NMR (128 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 11.7. IR (neat) $\tilde{\nu}$ (cm⁻¹): 3182, 3034, 1778, 1741, 1630, 1343, 1300, 1032, 899, 697. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]⁺ calcd for

C₁₄H₁₈BN₂O₅ 304.1340, found 304.1336.

(*E*)-4-methyl-2-(6-methyl-4,8-dioxo-1,3,6,2-dioxazaborocan-2-yl)pentanal oxime (3e). Synthesized according to general procedure. Scale: 1.96 mmol. Yield: 0.505 g, 95%, white powder. R_f (EtOAc): 0.24. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 8.18 (br. s, 1H), 7.21 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 3.95 (d, J = 17.1 Hz, 1H), 3.94 (d, J = 16.8 Hz, 1H), 3.84 (d, J = 17.1 Hz, 1H), 3.67 (d, J = 16.8 Hz, 1H), 2.96 (s,

3H), 2.03 - 1.95 (m, 1H), 1.58 - 1.46 (m, 2H), 1.28 (ddd, J = 14.1, 10.8, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 0.91 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H), 0.86 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 168.9, 168.4, 155.2, 63.5, 63.2, 46.4, 37.8, 27.3, 23.9, 20.9. ¹¹B NMR (160 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 11.9. IR (neat) $\tilde{\nu}$ (cm⁻¹): 3209, 2967, 1694, 1416, 1400, 1378, 1190, 882, 694. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₁H₂₀BN₂O₅ 271.1465, found 271.1477.

General Procedure for the Synthesis of O-benzylaldoximes



Boryl aldehyde (1 equiv.) and *O*-benzylhydroxylamine hydrochloride (1.5 equiv.) were dissolved in freshly distilled acetonitrile (0.2 M). Triethylamine (1.5 equiv.) was added and the solution stirred at 50 °C for 48 hours. The solution was filtered, washed with EtOAc, concentrated, then purified using column chromatography.

(*E*)-2-(6-methyl-4,8-dioxo-1,3,6,2-dioxazaborocan-2-yl)-2-phenylacetaldehyde *O*-benzyl oxime (4a). Synthesized according to general procedure. Scale: 1.82 mmol. Yield: 0.663 g, 96%,



white solid. R_f (EtOAc): 0.6. E (major) and Z (minor) isomers integrated relative to E isomer. ¹H NMR (399 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 7.62 (d, J = 6.3, 1H), 7.45 – 7.18 (m, 14 H), 7.04 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 0.3H), 5.09 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 0.7H), 5.03 (d, J = 2.7 Hz, 2H), 4.13 (br. d, J = 9.3 Hz, 0.3H), 4.02 (d, J

= 16.0 Hz, 0.3H), 3.94 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 0.3H), 3.91 (d, J = 16.7 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (d, J = 16.7 Hz, 1H), 3.74 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 0.3H), 3.72 (d, J = 16.7 Hz, 1H), 3.68 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 0.3H), 3.41 (d, J = 16.7 Hz, 1H), 3.21 (br. d, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 2.88 (s, 1H), 2.83 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CD₃CN): major isomer only δ 168.9, 168.6, 154.7, 141.0, 139.7, 130.0, 129.5, 129.4, 129.2, 128.8, 126.9, 75.9, 64.2, 63.8, 46.8. ¹¹B NMR (96 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 11.2. IR (neat) $\tilde{\nu}$ (cm⁻¹): 2963, 1755, 1454, 1338, 1285, 1021, 700. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₂₀H₂₂BN₂O₅ 381.1622, found 381.1625.

(*E*)-2-(6-methyl-4,8-dioxo-1,3,6,2-dioxazaborocan-2-yl)-3-phenylpropanal *O*-benzyl oxime (4b). Synthesized according to general procedure. Scale: 2.00 mmol. Yield: 0.732 g, 93%, white



solid. *R_f* (EtOAc): 0.65. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 7.39 – 7.16 (m, 11H), 4.88 (d, *J* = 12.9 Hz, 1H), 4.84 (d, *J* = 12.9 Hz, 1H), 3.91 (d, *J* = 17.3 Hz, 1H), 3.77 (d, *J* = 17.3 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (d, *J* = 16.9 Hz, 1H), 3.07 (d, *J* = 16.9 Hz, 1H), 3.03 (dd, *J* = 14.1, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 2.77 (s, 3H), 2.72

(dd, J = 14.1, 12.1 Hz, 1H), 2.19 (ddd, J = 12.1, 8.3, 3.3 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 169.0, 168.3, 155.9, 142.5, 140.0, 129.8, 129.4, 129.3, 129.1, 128.7, 126.9, 75.6, 63.8, 63.0, 46.4, 35.2. ¹¹B NMR (128 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 11.5. IR (neat) $\tilde{\nu}$ (cm⁻¹): 3021, 1775, 1740, 1454, 1342, 1296, 1034, 993, 897, 858, 694. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₂₁H₂₄BN₂O₅ 395.1778, found 395.1783. (*E*)-4-methyl-2-(6-methyl-4,8-dioxo-1,3,6,2-dioxazaborocan-2-yl)pentanal *O*-benzyl oxime (4c). Synthesized according to general procedure. Scale: 1.57 mmol. Yield: 0.496 g, 88%, white



powder. R_f (EtOAc): 0.57. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 7.53 – 7.22 (m, 6H), 5.00 – 4.92 (m, 2H), 3.85 (d, J = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 3.72 (d, J = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (d, J = 16.9 Hz, 1H), 3.12 (d, J = 16.9 Hz, 1H), 2.75 (s, ^h 3H), 1.98 – 1.95 (m, 1H), 1.56 – 1.42 (m, 2H), 1.28 (ddd, J = 13.0, 9.8,

3.0 Hz, 1H), 0.89 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H), 0.82 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 169.0, 168.4, 156.6, 140.0, 129.4, 129.3, 128.7, 75.7, 63.6, 62.9, 46.3, 37.8, 27.6, 24.0, 21.0. ¹¹B NMR (128 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 11.6. IR (neat) $\tilde{\nu}$ (cm⁻¹): 2964, 2876, 1750, 1624, 1452, 1339, 1301, 1023, 1004, 697. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₈H₂₆BN₂O₅ 361.1935, found 361.1947.

General Procedure for Cycloaddition of in situ Generated a-boryl nitrile oxides



Aldoxime (1 equiv.) was dissolved in anhydrous DMF (0.4 M) and NCS (1.1 equiv.) was dissolved in a separate vial in an equal amount of DMF. The NCS solution was added in five portions to the aldoxime mixture every ten minutes. When the reaction was complete by TLC:

(A) Two volume equivalents (relative to final solvent volume) of dipolarophile was added followed by the addition of triethylamine (1.5 equiv.) the reaction was heated to 60 °C for 4 - 12 hours until complete by TLC. After reaction completion, the product was extracted into EtOAc and washed with water, saturated sodium thiosulfate, water, brine, then dried over sodium sulfate. The product was purified by column chromatography.

(B) The DMF was evaporated under high vacuum at room temperature and the residue was extracted into EtOAc and washed with water, saturated sodium thiosulfate, water, brine, then dried over sodium sulfate. The residue after evaporation was dissolved in THF (1 M) and dipolarophile

(10 equiv.) was added followed by triethylamine (1.5 equiv.) and stirred at room temperature or at 50 °C. The product was purified by column chromatography.

(C) The DMF was evaporated under high vacuum at room temperature and the residue was extracted into EtOAc and washed with water, saturated sodium thiosulfate, water, brine, then dried over sodium sulfate. The residue after evaporation was dissolved in THF (0.1 M) and dipolarophile (1.2 equiv.) was added followed by the addition of triethylamine (1.3 equiv.) dissolved in one half of the starting volume of THF over 15 minutes. Stirred at room temperature. The product was purified by column chromatography.

6-methyl-2-(1-(5-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl)-2-phenylethyl)-1,3,6,2-dioxazaborocane-4,8dione (7a). Synthesized according to general procedure A. Scale: 0.050 mmol. Yield: 8.9 mg,



52%, white solid. *R_f* (1:9 MeCN:EtOAc): 0.5. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃CN)
δ 7.25 - 7.16 (m, 2H), 7.15 - 7.06 (m, 3H), 4.00 (d, *J* = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 3.89 (d, *J* = 16.8 Hz, 1H), 3.88 (d, *J* = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 3.50 (d, *J* = 16.8 Hz, 1H),
3.16 (dd, *J* = 14.1, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 3.04 (dd, *J* = 14.1, 11.9 Hz, 1H), 3.00 (s, 3H), 2.77 (dd, *J* = 11.9, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 2.45 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, 1Hz)

CD₃CN) δ 177.6, 172.9, 169.0, 168.3, 142.4, 129.6, 129.1, 126.9, 63.8, 63.3, 46.5, 35.7, 12.6. ¹¹B NMR (128 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 11.6. IR (neat) $\tilde{\nu}$ (cm⁻¹): 3031, 2973, 1771, 1739, 1591, 1449, 1293, 1213, 1032, 871, 696. HRMS (DART) *m*/*z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₆H₁₉BN₃O₅ 344.1418, found 344.1425.

6-methyl-2-(3-methyl-1-(5-(trichloromethyl)-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl)butyl)-1,3,6,2-

dioxazaborocane-4,8-dione (7b). Synthesized according to general procedure B at room



temperature. Scale: 0.15 mmol. Yield: 0.045 g, 73%, white solid. R_f (EtOAc): 0.85. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.01 (d, J = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 3.94 (d, J = 17.0 Hz, 1H), 3.89 (d, J = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 3.63 (d, J = 17.0 Hz, 1H), 2.98 (s, 3H), 2.72 (dd, J = 11.8, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 1.88 (ddd, J = 13.8, 11.8, 3.8 Hz, 1H), 1.50 (ddd, J = 13.8, 10.1, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 1.45 – 1.32 (m,

1H), 0.90 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H), 0.88 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 175.5, 174.8, 168.8, 168.2, 63.9, 63.6, 46.9, 38.4, 27.5, 23.8, 21.1. ¹¹B NMR (96 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 11.5. IR (neat) $\tilde{\nu}$ (cm⁻¹): 2958, 1779, 1746, 1567, 1337, 1286, 1067, 1037, 814, 801. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₃H₁₈BCl₃N₃O₅ 412.0405, found 412.0406.



2-(cyclohexyl(5-(trichloromethyl)-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl)methyl)-6methyl-1,3,6,2-dioxazaborocane-4,8-dione (7c). Synthesized according to general procedure B at room temperature. Scale: 0.10 mmol. Yield: 0.023 g, 53% yield, white solid. R_f (EtOAc): 0.86. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 3.99 (d, J = 17.3 Hz, 1H), 3.89 (d, J = 16.9 Hz, 1H), 3.87 (d,

 $J = 17.3 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}, 3.54 \text{ (d, } J = 16.9 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}, 2.83 \text{ (s, } 3\text{H}), 2.52 \text{ (d, } J = 4.3 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}), 1.99 - 1.95 \text{ (m, } 1\text{H}), 1.86 - 1.66 \text{ (m, } 4\text{H}), 1.66 - 1.55 \text{ (m, } 1\text{H}), 1.45 - 0.99 \text{ (m, } 5\text{H}). {}^{13}\text{C} \text{ NMR} (126 \text{ MHz}, \text{CD}_3\text{CN}) \delta 174.5, 174.2, 169.1, 168.3, 63.9, 63.4, 46.9, 39.9, 34.1, 31.5, 27.6, 27.5, 26.9. {}^{11}\text{B} \text{ NMR} (128 \text{ MHz}, \text{CD}_3\text{CN}) \delta 11.7. \text{ IR (neat)} \tilde{\nu} \text{ (cm}^{-1}): 2931, 2861, 1778, 1752, 1573, 1337, 1290, 1042, 1030, 855, 798. \text{HRMS (DART)} m/z: [M + H]^+ \text{ calcd for } C_{15}\text{H}_{20}\text{BC}\text{l}_3\text{N}_3\text{O}_5 438.0562, \text{ found } 438.0563.$

6-methyl-2-(2-phenyl-1-(5-phenyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl)ethyl)-1,3,6,2-dioxazaborocane-4,8-

dione (7d). Synthesized according to general procedure B but without THF as cosolvent in the



cycloaddition. Instead neat benzonitrile (40 equiv) was used and heated to 50 °C. Scale: 0.10 mmol. Yield: 0.037 g, 91%, white solid. R_f (EtOAc): 0.31. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 8.10 – 8.01 (m, 2H), 7.68 – 7.62 (m, 1H), 7.60 – 7.54 (m, 2H), 7.23 – 7.15 (m, 2H), 7.15 – 7.08 (m, 3H), 4.03 (d, J = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 3.90 (d, J = 17.0 Hz, 1H), 3.90 (d, J = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 3.52 (d,

J = 16.9 Hz, 1H), 3.25 (dd, J = 14.1, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 3.12 (dd, J = 14.0, 11.9 Hz, 1H), 3.01 (s, 3H), 2.88 (dd, J = 11.8, 3.2 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 176.2, 173.5, 169.1, 168.4, 142.3, 133.8, 130.3, 129.7, ¹¹B NMR (160 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 11.4. IR (neat) $\tilde{\nu}$ (cm⁻¹): 3035, 2977, 1765, 1742, 1590, 1563, 1452, 1286, 1209, 1032, 872. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₂₁H₂₁BN₃O₅ 406.1574, found 406.1570.

2-(cyclohexyl(5-phenyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl)methyl)-6-methyl-1,3,6,2-dioxazaborocane-4,8dione (7e). Synthesized according to general procedure B but without THF as cosolvent in the



cycloaddition. Instead neat benzonitrile (40 equiv) was used and heated to 50 °C. Scale: 0.10 mmol. Yield: 0.016 g, 41%, white solid. R_f (EtOAc): 0.47. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 8.13 – 8.03 (m, 2H), 7.68 – 7.62 (m, 1H), 7.62 – 7.55 (m, 2H), 3.96 (d, J = 17.3 Hz, 1H), 3.88 – 3.78 (m, 2H), 3.46 (d, J = 16.7 Hz, 1H), 2.81 (s, 3H), 2.44 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 1.88 – 1.53 (m,

6H), 1.38 – 1.17 (m, 4H), 1.06 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 175.9, 173.2, 169.4, 168.6, 133.8, 130.3, 128.8, 125.5, 63.9, 63.5, 46.6, 40.0, 34.3, 31.8, 27.7, 27.5, 27.0. ¹¹B NMR (128 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 12.0. IR (neat) $\tilde{\nu}$ (cm⁻¹): 2931, 2858, 1756, 1748, 1563, 1450, 1342, 1286, 1025, 965, 892, 689. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₂₀H₂₅BN₃O₅ 398.1887, found 398.1895.

6-methyl-2-((5-phenyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl)methyl)-1,3,6,2-dioxazaborocane-4,8-dione (7f).



Synthesized according to general procedure B but without THF as cosolvent in the cycloaddition. Instead neat benzonitrile (40 equiv) was used and heated to 50 °C. Scale: 1.51 mmol. Yield: 0.104 g, 22%, white solid. R_f (1:4 MeCN:EtOAc): 0.52. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 8.13 – 8.06 (m, 2H), 7.70 – 7.62 (m, 1H), 7.62 – 7.55 (m, 2H), 4.03 (d, J = 16.9 Hz, 2H), 3.96 (d,

J = 16.9 Hz, 2H), 3.13 (s, 3H), 2.36 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 176.1, 171.0, 168.9, 133.9, 130.3, 128.8, 125.2, 63.7, 47.5. ¹¹B NMR (128 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 12.0. IR (neat) $\tilde{\nu}$ (cm⁻¹): 3012, 2970, 1772, 1746, 1567, 1349, 1304, 1033, 998, 899. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₄H₁₅BN₃O₅ 316.1105, found 316.1101.

2-(1-(5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl)-2-phenylethyl)-6-methyl-1,3,6,2-

dioxazaborocane-4,8-dione (7g). Synthesized according to general procedure B but 0.5 M in THF



with 20 equivalents of dipolarophile heated to 50 °C. Scale: 0.10 mmol. Yield: 0.019 g, 45%, white solid. R_f (EtOAc): 0.50. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 8.06 (td, J = 7.5, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (dddd, J = 8.4, 7.5, 5.1, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.43 – 7.29 (m, 2H), 7.24 – 7.16 (m, 2H), 7.15 – 7.11 (m, 3H), 4.04 (d, J = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 3.91 (d, J = 16.9 Hz, 1H), 3.91 (d, J =

17.2 Hz, 1H), 3.56 (d, J = 16.9 Hz, 1H), 3.25 (dd, J = 14.0, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 3.12 (dd, J = 14.0, 11.9 Hz, 1H), 3.03 (s, 3H), 2.91 (dd, J = 11.9, 3.4 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (CD₃CN) δ 172.3, 172.3, 172.2, 168.1, 167.4, 160.5 (d, ¹ $J_{CF} = 257.6$ Hz), 141.2, 135.0 (d, ² $J_{CF} = 8.8$ Hz), 130.8 (d, ³ $J_{CF} = 1.3$ Hz), 128.7, 128.1, 126.0, 125.1 (d, ³ $J_{CF} = 3.7$ Hz), 112.7 (d, ² $J_{CF} = 11.5$ Hz), 63.0, 62.4, 45.7, 34.9. ¹¹B NMR (CD₃CN) δ 11.6. ¹⁹F NMR (CD₃CN) δ -110.9. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₂₁H₂₀BFN₃O₅ 423.1402, found 423.1405.



dimethyl 3-((6-methyl-4,8-dioxo-1,3,6,2-dioxazaborocan-2-yl)(phenyl)methyl)isoxazole-4,5-dicarboxylate (7h). Synthesized according to general procedure C. Scale: 0.10 mmol. Yield: 0.038 g, 88%, white solid. R_f (1:9 MeCN:EtOAc): 0.7. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 7.31 – 7.17 (m, 5H), 4.02 (d, J = 17.3 Hz, 1H), 3.99 (s, 1H), 3.98 (d, J = 16.7 Hz, 1H), 3.94 (d, J = 16.7 Hz, 1H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 3.82 (d, J = 17.3 Hz,

1H), 3.66 (s, 3H), 2.87 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 168.9, 168.7, 165.4, 161.9, 160.5, 157.7, 140.2, 130.4, 129.1, 127.1, 117.0, 64.6, 64.5, 54.1, 53.3, 47.3. ¹¹B NMR (128 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 11.6. IR (neat) $\tilde{\nu}$ (cm⁻¹): 3028, 2961, 1744, 1736, 1455, 1285, 1102, 1028, 955, 713. HRMS (DART) *m*/*z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₉H₂₀BN₂O₉ 431.1262, found 431.1265.

dimethyl 3-(1-(6-methyl-4,8-dioxo-1,3,6,2-dioxazaborocan-2-yl)-2-phenylethyl)isoxazole-4,5-dicarboxylate (7i). Synthesized according to general procedure C. Scale: 0.050 mmol. Yield:



0.018 g, 82%, white solid. R_f (1:9 MeCN:EtOAc): 0.65. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 7.23 – 7.16 (m, 2H), 7.16 – 7.10 (m, 1H), 7.10 – 7.05 (m, 2H), 4.03 (d, J = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 3.97 (d, J = 16.9 Hz, 1H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 3.88 (d, J = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 3.69 (d, J = 16.9 Hz, 1H), 3.68 (s, 3H), 3.19 – 3.11 (m, 2H), 3.04 (dd, J = 14.6, 13.1 Hz, 1H), 2.90 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 168.8, 168.4, 166.2, 162.3, 160.5, 157.9, 141.7, 129.7,

129.2, 127.0, 117.0, 63.8, 54.1, 53.2, 47.2, 37.1. ¹¹B NMR (160 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 11.7. IR (neat) $\tilde{\nu}$ (cm⁻¹): 2970, 1784, 1739, 1452, 1338, 1277, 1200, 1103, 1033, 992, 701. HRMS (DART) *m/z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₂₀H₂₃BN₂O₉ 445.1418, found 445.1417.

ethyl 5-methyl-3-(3-methyl-1-(6-methyl-4,8-dioxo-1,3,6,2-dioxazaborocan-2yl)butyl)isoxazole-4-carboxylate (7j). Synthesized according to general procedure C. Scale: 0.15



mmol. Yield: 0.026 g, 46%, white solid. R_f (1:9 MeCN:EtOAc): 0.7. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 4.26 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.94 (d, J = 17.1 Hz, 1H), 3.91 (d, J = 16.8 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (d, J = 17.1 Hz, 1H), 3.66 (d, J = 16.8 Hz, 1H), 3.23 (dd, J = 11.9, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 2.93 (s, 3H), 2.60 (s, 3H), 1.97 – 1.88 (m, 1H), 1.49 – 1.39 (m, 1H), 1.36 (ddd, J = 13.4, 9.7, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 1.31 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 0.86 (d, J = 5.9 Hz, 3H), 0.84 (d, J = 5.9 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 175.7, 169.0, 168.5, 167.0, 163.7, 110.2, 63.8, 63.5, 61.5, 46.9, 40.3, 27.6, 24.0, 21.6, 14.5, 13.9. ¹¹B NMR (96 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 12.0. IR (neat) $\tilde{\nu}$ (cm⁻¹): 2967, 2873, 1771, 1750, 1713, 1442, 1339, 1284, 1100, 1070, 1029, 992. HRMS (DART) *m/z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₇H₂₆BN₂O₇ 381.1833, found 381.1838.

General Procedure for the Synthesis of a-boryl N-acetoxyamides



Adapted from literature procedure.¹ Aldoxime (1 equiv.) and acetic acid (1 equiv.) were dissolved in acetonitrile (0.1 M). Diacetoxyiodobenzene (1.05 equiv.) dissolved in the same amount of acetonitrile (may require sonication to fully dissolve) was added dropwise with stirring over ten minutes. The reaction was stirred for 24 h, evaporated and purified by column chromatography.

N-acetoxy-2-(6-methyl-4,8-dioxo-1,3,6,2-dioxazaborocan-2-yl)-2-phenylacetamide (9a). *N*-acetoxy-2-(6-methyl-4,8-dioxo-1,2-general procedure. Scale: 0.10 mmol. Yield: 0.020 g, 58%, white solid. *R*_f (1:9 MeCN:EtOAc): 0.33. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 9.52 (s, 1H), 7.40 – 7.29 (m, 4H), 7.27 – 7.22 (m, 1H), 3.97 (d, *J* = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 3.95 (d, *J* = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 3.90 (d, *J* = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 3.81 (d, *J* = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 3.37 (s, 1H), 3.06 (s, 3H), 2.10 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 172.6, 169.7, 169.0, 168.6, 138.4, 130.1, 129.3, 127.3, 64.1, 63.7, 46.9, 18.4. ¹¹B NMR (128 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 11.2. IR (neat) $\tilde{\nu}$ (cm⁻¹): 2964, 1757, 1751, 1668, 1288, 1183, 1025, 952, 705. HRMS (DART) *m*/z: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C1₅H1₈BN₂O₇ 348.1238, found 348.1239.

¹ Ghosh, H.; Patel, B. K. Org. Biomol. Chem. 2010, 8, 384–390.

N-acetoxy-2-(6-methyl-4,8-dioxo-1,3,6,2-dioxazaborocan-2-yl)-3-phenylpropanamide (9b).



Synthesized according to general procedure. Scale: 0.15 mmol. Yield: 0.051 g, 94%, white solid. R_f (1:9 MeCN:EtOAc): 0.35 (same R_f as starting material). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 9.32 (br. s, 1H), 7.31 – 7.25 (m, 2H), 7.23 – 7.17 (m, 3H), 3.99 (d, J = 17.0 Hz, 1H), 3.95 (d, J = 16.7 Hz, 1H), 3.87 (d, J = 17.0 Hz, 1H), 3.84 (d, J = 16.7 Hz, 1H), 3.13

(s, 3H), 3.04 - 2.93 (m, 2H), 2.31 - 2.22 (m, 1H), 2.05 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 173.3, 169.9, 168.9, 168.5, 142.2, 129.6, 129.3, 127.1, 63.7, 63.2, 46.4, 34.8, 18.3. ¹¹B NMR (96 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 11.2. IR (neat) $\tilde{\nu}$ (cm⁻¹): 3191, 2964, 1757, 1748, 1654, 1458, 1290, 1186, 1030, 989, 700. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₆H₂₀BN₂O₇ 362.1364, found 363.1373.

N-acetoxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-(6-methyl-4,8-dioxo-1,3,6,2-dioxazaborocan-2-yl)acetamide (9c).



Synthesized according to general procedure. Scale: 0.10 mmol. Yield: 0.017 g, 49%, white solid. R_f (1:9 MeCN:EtOAc): 0.56. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 9.59 (s, 1H), 3.91 (d, J = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 3.85 (d, J = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 3.78 (d, J = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (d, J = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 3.05 (s, 3H), 2.13 (s, 3H), 1.89 – 1.80 (m, 2H), 1.76 – 1.68 (m, 3H), 1.65 – 1.58

(m, 1H), 1.36 - 1.02 (m, 6H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 173.9, 170.2, 169.4, 168.5, 63.6, 63.0, 46.1, 39.4, 34.4, 32.6, 27.6, 27.5, 27.0, 18.4. ¹¹B NMR (96 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 11.3. IR (neat) $\tilde{\nu}$ (cm⁻¹): 2974, 2895, 1758, 1750, 1287, 1185, 1026, 954, 705. HRMS (DART) *m/z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₅H₂₄BN₂O₇ 355.1677, found 355.1668.

N-acetoxy-2-(6-methyl-4,8-dioxo-1,3,6,2-dioxazaborocan-2-yl)acetamide (9d). Synthesized



according to general procedure. Scale: 0.40 mmol. Yield: 0.065 g, 49%, white solid. R_f (1:4 MeCN:EtOAc): 0.15. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 9.50 (s, 1H), 3.96 (d, J = 16.8 Hz, 2H), 3.89 (d, J = 16.8 Hz, 2H), 3.06 (s, 3H), 2.11 (s, 3H), 1.89 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 172.2, 169.7, 168.9, 63.4, 47.4, 18.4. ¹¹B NMR (128 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 172.2, 169.7, 168.9, 63.4, 47.4, 18.4.

CD₃CN) δ 11.5. IR (neat) $\tilde{\nu}$ (cm⁻¹): 3303, 2964, 1802, 1755, 1683, 1279, 1173, 1028, 898. HRMS (DART) *m/z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₉H₁₄BN₂O₇ 273.0894, found 273.0899.

General Procedure for the Synthesis of β-boryl hydroxylamines



The aldoxime (1 equiv.) was dissolved in a 2:1 acetonitrile:water mixture (0.1 M final concentration) followed by the addition of sodium cyanoborohydride (2.5 equiv.). 3 M hydrochloric acid (6 equiv) was added dropwise to a stirred solution and was monitored by TLC from 30 minutes to 1 hour until complete. The crude was dry loaded onto Celite and purified by reverse phase column chromatography.

2-(2-((benzyloxy)amino)-1-phenylethyl)-6-methyl-1,3,6,2-dioxazaborocane-4,8-dione (10a).



Synthesized according to general procedure. Scale: 0.539 mmol. Yield: 0.175 g, 85%, white solid. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 7.39 – 7.13 (m, 10H), 4.58 (s, 2H), 3.90 (d, *J* = 17.1 Hz, 1H), 3.81 (d, *J* = 17.1 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (d, *J* = 16.8 Hz, 1H), 3.37 (dd, *J* = 12.6, 4.3 Hz, 1H), 3.16 (d, *J* =

16.8 Hz, 1H), 3.13 (dd, J = 12.6, 10.6 Hz, 1H), 2.82 (s, 3H), 2.54 (dd, J = 10.6, 4.3 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 169.1, 168.6, 143.6, 139.6, 130.1, 129.4, 129.2, 129.1, 128.5, 126.5, 76.0, 63.4, 63.3, 55.3, 46.6. ¹¹B NMR (128 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 12.1. IR (neat) $\tilde{\nu}$ (cm⁻¹): 3273, 2928, 2852, 1758, 1621, 1393, 1290, 1025, 1007, 699. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₂₀H₂₄BN₂O₅ 383.1778, found 383.1782.

2-(1-((benzyloxy)amino)-3-phenylpropan-2-yl)-6-methyl-1,3,6,2-dioxazaborocane-4,8-dione (10b). Synthesized according to general procedure. Scale: 1.50 mmol. Yield: 0.416 g, 70%, white



solid. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 7.46 – 7.08 (m, 10H), 4.52 (s, 2H), 3.92 (d, *J* = 17.1 Hz, 1H), 3.83 (s, 2H), 3.77 (d, *J* = 17.1 Hz, 1H), 2.89 (s, 3H), 2.92 – 2.85 (m, 1H), 2.82 (dd, *J* = 11.6, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 2.78 (dd, *J* = 11.6, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 2.46 (dd, *J* = 14.0, 10.7 Hz, 1H), 1.40 – 1.31 (m, 1H).

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 169.3, 169.1, 143.6, 139.5, 130.0, 129.3, 129.2, 129.1, 128.5, 126.7, 75.5, 63.7, 63.2, 52.6, 46.7, 36.0. ¹¹B NMR (128 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 12.9. IR (neat) $\tilde{\nu}$ (cm⁻¹):

3106, 3040, 1652, 1600, 1396, 1364, 916, 890, 729, 694. HRMS (DART) *m/z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₂₁H₂₆BN₂O₅ 397.1935, found 397.1939.

General Procedure for MIDA deprotection



The MIDA boronate was dissolved in a 20:1 MeOH:H₂O mixture (0.1 M final concentration) and sodium bicarbonate (10 equiv.) was added and stirred for 1 to 2 days. When complete by TLC, the product was dry loaded onto Celite and purified by reverse phase column chromatography (H₂O:MeCN 95:5 - 5:95, with 0.1% formic acid) and then lyophilized to obtain white solids.

(2-((benzyloxy)amino)-1-phenylethyl)boronic acid (11a). Synthesized according to general procedure. Scale: 0.039 mmol. Yield: 5.0 mg, 47%, white solid. R_f (EtOAc): ph N_0 P_h 0.5. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.42 - 7.23 (m, 7H), 7.22 - 7.10 (m, 3H), 4.66 (s, 2H), 3.31 (dd, J = 12.6, 7.9 Hz, 1H), 3.03 (dd, J = 12.6, 7.5 Hz, 1H), 2.80 (br. t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 142.4, 139.1, 130.0, 129.7, 129.3, 128.8, 126.8, 76.4, 56.0. ¹¹B NMR (160 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 29.9. HRMS not taken as product decomposed. LC/MS retention time = 3.13 min.

(1-((benzyloxy)amino)-3-phenylpropan-2-yl)boronic acid (11b). Synthesized according to general procedure. Scale: 0.20 mmol. Yield: 0.048 g, 84%, white solid. Ph $\stackrel{HO}{\longrightarrow} \stackrel{H}{\longrightarrow} \stackrel$

Synthesis of Aminooxyacetyl Functionalized Peptide 12



The peptide was chain assembled on Rink Amide resin (200-400 mesh, 0.68 mmol/gram). All amino acid couplings were carried out with the equivalent ratio of [5]:[5]:[7.5] of [amino acid]:[0.4 M HATU in DMF]:[DIPEA] for 20 minutes following standard SPPS protocol with N-terminal Fmoc-protection. Boc-aminooxyacetic acid was coupled in a base-free manner utilizing using the equivalent ratio of [5]:[5]:[5] of [amino acid]:[HOAt]:[DIC] in [1]:[1] of [DMF]:[DCM] by a 20 minute preactivation period followed by a 30 minute coupling. Following standard cleavage from resin using 125 μ L TIPS, 125 μ L H₂O, 4.75 mL conc. TFA, the TFA was blown off using N₂ and the resultant residue suspended in cold Et₂O. After this suspension was subjected to centrifugation for 15 minutes at 4000 rpm the organic supernatant was decanted into the waste and the remaining white solid was dissolved in 10% MeCN in H₂O and lyophilized. The crude peptide thus obtained was purified via preparative reversed-phase HPLC (RP-HPLC) using a gradient of 100% buffer A to 80% buffer A / 20% buffer B over 40 minutes.

LC-MS trace of purified product; expected M=650.4, observed M+1=651.4.



Oxime Ligation Reactions with Boryl Aldehyde 1c and Peptide 12



A stock solution of peptide **12** dissolved in 50mM NaC₂H₃O₂, pH 4.5 buffer at 1mg/mL concentration was prepared. A stock solution of boryl aldehyde **1c** dissolved in acetonitrile at 2 mg/mL was prepared. From these stock solutions, a set of 4 reactions varying the number of equivalents of boryl aldehyde were set up, with their final volumes brought up to a 1mL volume with 50mM NaC₂H₃O₂, pH 4.5 buffer:

PC-3-4: 250 μM peptide, 250 μM boryl aldehyde (1eq) PC-3-5: 250 μM peptide, 500 μM boryl aldehyde (2eq) PC-3-6: 250 μM peptide, 750 μM boryl aldehyde (3eq) PC-3-7: 250 μM peptide, 1 mM boryl aldehyde (4eq) Each reaction was placed in a 25°C heat block for 1 hour. Following filtration, each sample was run on LC-MS to determine turnover to product. 2eq is sufficient for a complete reaction.

PC-3-4: 250 µM peptide, 250 µM boryl aldehyde (1eq)

Starting material peptide -0.46 min

Product - 0.62 min



Auto-Scaled Chromatogram

PC-3-5: 250 µM peptide, 500 µM boryl aldehyde (2eq)

Starting material peptide -0.46 min

Product - 0.62 min





PC-3-6: 250 µM peptide, 750 µM boryl aldehyde (3eq) Starting material peptide – 0.46 min Product - 0.62 min



PC-3-7: 250 µM peptide, 1 mM boryl aldehyde (4eq)

Starting material peptide $-0.46 \ min$

Product - 0.62 min

Auto-Scaled Chromatogram



¹H and ¹³C NMR Spectra

(E) - 2 - (6 - methyl - 4, 8 - dioxo - 1, 3, 6, 2 - dioxazaborocan - 2 - yl) - 2 - phenylacetal dehyde oxime (3a).











(*E*)-2-(6-methyl-4,8-dioxo-1,3,6,2-dioxazaborocan-2-yl)acetaldehyde oxime (3c).







(E)-4-methyl-2-(6-methyl-4,8-dioxo-1,3,6,2-dioxazaborocan-2-yl)pentanal oxime (3e).







(*E*)-2-(6-methyl-4,8-dioxo-1,3,6,2-dioxazaborocan-2-yl)-3-phenylpropanal *O*-benzyl oxime (4b).



(E)-4-methyl-2-(6-methyl-4,8-dioxo-1,3,6,2-dioxazaborocan-2-yl)pentanal O-benzyl oxime (4c).

6-methyl-2-(1-(5-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl)-2-phenylethyl)-1,3,6,2-dioxazaborocane-4,8-dione (7a).





6-methyl-2-(3-methyl-1-(5-(trichloromethyl)-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl)butyl)-1,3,6,2-dioxazaborocane-4,8-dione (7b).

2-(cyclohexyl(5-(trichloromethyl)-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl)methyl)-6-methyl-1,3,6,2-dioxazaborocane-4,8-dione (7c).



6-methyl-2-(2-phenyl-1-(5-phenyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl)ethyl)-1,3,6,2-dioxazaborocane-4,8-dione (7d).





2-(cyclohexyl(5-phenyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl)methyl)-6-methyl-1,3,6,2-dioxazaborocane-4,8-dione (7e).





2-(1-(5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl)-2-phenylethyl)-6-methyl-1,3,6,2-dioxazaborocane-4,8-dione (7g).

dimethyl 3-((6-methyl-4,8-dioxo-1,3,6,2-dioxazaborocan-2-yl)(phenyl)methyl)isoxazole-4,5-dicarboxylate (7h).



dimethyl 3-(1-(6-methyl-4,8-dioxo-1,3,6,2-dioxazaborocan-2-yl)-2-phenylethyl)isoxazole-4,5-dicarboxylate (7i).



ethyl 5-methyl-3-(3-methyl-1-(6-methyl-4,8-dioxo-1,3,6,2-dioxazaborocan-2yl)butyl)isoxazole-4-carboxylate (7j).







N-acetoxy-2-(6-methyl-4,8-dioxo-1,3,6,2-dioxazaborocan-2-yl)-3-phenylpropanamide (9b).

N-acetoxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-(6-methyl-4,8-dioxo-1,3,6,2-dioxazaborocan-2-yl)acetamide (9c).











2-(1-((benzyloxy)amino)-3-phenylpropan-2-yl)-6-methyl-1,3,6,2-dioxazaborocane-4,8-dione (10b).





(1-((benzyloxy)amino)-3-phenylpropan-2-yl)boronic acid (11b).



Crystallographic Data for 3b



Table 1. Crystal data and structure refinem	ent for d1574.			
Identification code d1574				
Empirical formula	C15 H24 B N3 O5			
Formula weight	337.18			
Temperature	147(2) K			
Wavelength	1.54178 Å			
Crystal system	Monoclinic			
Space group	P21/c			
Unit cell dimensions	$a = 9.8379(6) \text{ Å}$ $a = 90^{\circ}.$			
	$b = 14.0414(8) \text{ Å}$ $b = 98.623(3)^{\circ}.$			
	$c = 12.8082(7) \text{ Å} \qquad g = 90^{\circ}.$			
Volume	1749.30(18) Å ³			
Z	4			
Density (calculated)	1.280 Mg/m ³			
Absorption coefficient	0.788 mm ⁻¹			
F(000)	720			
Crystal size	0.170 x 0.100 x 0.050 mm ³			
Theta range for data collection	4.546 to 67.265°.			
Index ranges	-11<=h<=11, -16<=k<=16, -15<=l<=15			
Reflections collected	33599			
Independent reflections	3091 [R(int) = 0.0361]			
Completeness to theta = 67.265°	98.5 %			
Absorption correction	Semi-empirical from equivalents			

0.7529 and 0.6911
Full-matrix least-squares on F^2
3091 / 0 / 223
1.047
R1 = 0.0313, wR2 = 0.0805
R1 = 0.0339, wR2 = 0.0824
n/a
0.236 and -0.164 e.Å ⁻³

Table 2. Atomic coordinates (x 10^4) and equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å²x 10^3) for d1574. U(eq) is defined as one third of the trace of the orthogonalized U^{ij} tensor.

_	Х	У	Z	U(eq)
O(1)	7094(1)	9911(1)	3932(1)	22(1)
O(2)	5344(1)	10857(1)	4186(1)	34(1)
O(3)	8232(1)	8371(1)	3888(1)	24(1)
O(4)	7990(1)	7173(1)	5004(1)	36(1)
O(5)	5408(1)	10948(1)	661(1)	37(1)
N(1)	5841(1)	8577(1)	3122(1)	22(1)
N(2)	6152(1)	10093(1)	934(1)	26(1)
C(1)	4893(1)	9389(1)	3214(1)	26(1)
C(2)	5778(1)	10137(1)	3839(1)	24(1)
C(3)	5982(1)	7946(1)	4077(1)	26(1)
C(4)	7496(1)	7768(1)	4384(1)	25(1)
C(5)	5434(1)	8001(1)	2146(1)	28(1)
C(6)	7936(1)	9387(1)	2197(1)	19(1)
C(7)	9499(1)	9613(1)	2392(1)	20(1)
C(8)	10016(1)	9843(1)	1351(1)	25(1)
C(9)	11562(1)	10024(1)	1509(1)	29(1)
C(10)	11943(1)	10820(1)	2307(1)	30(1)
C(11)	11462(1)	10591(1)	3353(1)	30(1)
C(12)	9913(1)	10403(1)	3205(1)	27(1)
C(13)	7101(1)	10210(1)	1711(1)	22(1)

B(1)	7376(1)	9079(1)	3263(1)	19(1)
N(1S)	2337(1)	7726(1)	3249(1)	54(1)
C(1S)	2011(1)	7687(1)	4063(1)	41(1)
C(2S)	1604(2)	7641(1)	5104(1)	61(1)

Table 3. Bond lengths [Å] and angles [°] for d1574.

O(1)-C(2)	1.3210(14)
O(1)-B(1)	1.4997(14)
O(2)-C(2)	1.2071(14)
O(3)-C(4)	1.3347(14)
O(3)-B(1)	1.4612(14)
O(4)-C(4)	1.2041(14)
O(5)-N(2)	1.4219(12)
O(5)-H(5O)	0.96(2)
N(1)-C(1)	1.4886(14)
N(1)-C(5)	1.4935(14)
N(1)-C(3)	1.4992(14)
N(1)-B(1)	1.6514(15)
N(2)-C(13)	1.2691(15)
C(1)-C(2)	1.5142(16)
C(1)-H(1A)	0.9900
C(1)-H(1B)	0.9900
C(3)-C(4)	1.5035(17)
C(3)-H(3A)	0.9900
C(3)-H(3B)	0.9900
C(5)-H(5A)	0.9800
C(5)-H(5B)	0.9800
C(5)-H(5C)	0.9800
C(6)-C(13)	1.4976(15)
C(6)-C(7)	1.5532(15)
C(6)-B(1)	1.6058(15)
C(6)-H(6A)	1.0000
C(7)-C(8)	1.5305(15)
C(7)-C(12)	1.5345(15)

C(7)-H(7A)	1.0000
C(8)-C(9)	1.5262(16)
C(8)-H(8A)	0.9900
C(8)-H(8B)	0.9900
C(9)-C(10)	1.5233(17)
C(9)-H(9A)	0.9900
C(9)-H(9B)	0.9900
C(10)-C(11)	1.5202(17)
C(10)-H(10A)	0.9900
C(10)-H(10B)	0.9900
C(11)-C(12)	1.5292(16)
C(11)-H(11A)	0.9900
C(11)-H(11B)	0.9900
C(12)-H(12A)	0.9900
C(12)-H(12B)	0.9900
C(13)-H(13A)	0.9500
N(1S)-C(1S)	1.137(2)
C(1S)-C(2S)	1.450(2)
C(2S)-H(2S1)	0.9800
C(2S)-H(2S2)	0.9800
C(2S)-H(2S3)	0.9800
C(2) O(1) D(1)	112 51(0)
C(2)-O(1)-B(1)	113.51(9)
U(4)-U(3)-B(1)	112.54(9)
N(2)-O(5)-H(5O)	101.5(11)
C(1)-N(1)-C(5)	112.84(9)
C(1)-N(1)-C(3)	111.77(9)
C(5)-N(1)-C(3)	110.06(9)
C(1)-N(1)-B(1)	103.81(8)
C(5)-N(1)-B(1)	116.66(8)
C(3)-N(1)-B(1)	101.05(8)
C(13)-N(2)-O(5)	112.03(9)
N(1)-C(1)-C(2)	104.80(9)
N(1)-C(1)-H(1A)	110.8
C(2)-C(1)-H(1A)	110.8
N(1)-C(1)-H(1B)	110.8

C(2)-C(1)-H(1B)	110.8
H(1A)-C(1)-H(1B)	108.9
O(2)-C(2)-O(1)	124.29(11)
O(2)-C(2)-C(1)	124.65(11)
O(1)-C(2)-C(1)	111.04(9)
N(1)-C(3)-C(4)	106.19(9)
N(1)-C(3)-H(3A)	110.5
C(4)-C(3)-H(3A)	110.5
N(1)-C(3)-H(3B)	110.5
C(4)-C(3)-H(3B)	110.5
H(3A)-C(3)-H(3B)	108.7
O(4)-C(4)-O(3)	124.09(12)
O(4)-C(4)-C(3)	125.03(11)
O(3)-C(4)-C(3)	110.87(9)
N(1)-C(5)-H(5A)	109.5
N(1)-C(5)-H(5B)	109.5
H(5A)-C(5)-H(5B)	109.5
N(1)-C(5)-H(5C)	109.5
H(5A)-C(5)-H(5C)	109.5
H(5B)-C(5)-H(5C)	109.5
C(13)-C(6)-C(7)	112.17(9)
C(13)-C(6)-B(1)	108.99(9)
C(7)-C(6)-B(1)	112.07(8)
C(13)-C(6)-H(6A)	107.8
C(7)-C(6)-H(6A)	107.8
B(1)-C(6)-H(6A)	107.8
C(8)-C(7)-C(12)	110.45(9)
C(8)-C(7)-C(6)	110.70(9)
C(12)-C(7)-C(6)	114.36(9)
C(8)-C(7)-H(7A)	107.0
C(12)-C(7)-H(7A)	107.0
C(6)-C(7)-H(7A)	107.0
C(9)-C(8)-C(7)	112.00(9)
C(9)-C(8)-H(8A)	109.2
C(7)-C(8)-H(8A)	109.2
C(9)-C(8)-H(8B)	109.2

C(7)-C(8)-H(8B)	109.2
H(8A)-C(8)-H(8B)	107.9
C(10)-C(9)-C(8)	110.54(10)
C(10)-C(9)-H(9A)	109.5
C(8)-C(9)-H(9A)	109.5
C(10)-C(9)-H(9B)	109.5
C(8)-C(9)-H(9B)	109.5
H(9A)-C(9)-H(9B)	108.1
C(11)-C(10)-C(9)	111.01(10)
C(11)-C(10)-H(10A)	109.4
C(9)-C(10)-H(10A)	109.4
C(11)-C(10)-H(10B)	109.4
C(9)-C(10)-H(10B)	109.4
H(10A)-C(10)-H(10B)	108.0
C(10)-C(11)-C(12)	111.30(10)
C(10)-C(11)-H(11A)	109.4
C(12)-C(11)-H(11A)	109.4
C(10)-C(11)-H(11B)	109.4
C(12)-C(11)-H(11B)	109.4
H(11A)-C(11)-H(11B)	108.0
C(11)-C(12)-C(7)	111.56(9)
C(11)-C(12)-H(12A)	109.3
C(7)-C(12)-H(12A)	109.3
C(11)-C(12)-H(12B)	109.3
C(7)-C(12)-H(12B)	109.3
H(12A)-C(12)-H(12B)	108.0
N(2)-C(13)-C(6)	121.29(10)
N(2)-C(13)-H(13A)	119.4
C(6)-C(13)-H(13A)	119.4
O(3)-B(1)-O(1)	110.98(9)
O(3)-B(1)-C(6)	114.01(9)
O(1)-B(1)-C(6)	113.04(9)
O(3)-B(1)-N(1)	102.25(8)
O(1)-B(1)-N(1)	98.61(8)
C(6)-B(1)-N(1)	116.52(9)
N(1S)-C(1S)-C(2S)	179.58(18)

C(1S)-C(2S)-H(2S1)	109.5
C(1S)-C(2S)-H(2S2)	109.5
H(2S1)-C(2S)-H(2S2)	109.5
C(1S)-C(2S)-H(2S3)	109.5
H(2S1)-C(2S)-H(2S3)	109.5
H(2S2)-C(2S)-H(2S3)	109.5

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

Table 4. Anisotropic displacement parameters $(Å^2x \ 10^3)$ for d1574. The anisotropic displacement factor exponent takes the form: $-2p^2[h^2 \ a^{*2}U^{11} + ... + 2h \ k \ a^* \ b^* \ U^{12}]$

	U ¹¹	U ²²	U ³³	U ²³	U13	U ¹²	
O(1)	25(1)	21(1)	21(1)	-3(1)	5(1)	0(1)	
O(2)	41(1)	22(1)	41(1)	-3(1)	18(1)	6(1)	
O(3)	26(1)	24(1)	21(1)	4(1)	3(1)	4(1)	
O(4)	53(1)	28(1)	28(1)	10(1)	4(1)	7(1)	
O(5)	43(1)	23(1)	39(1)	-3(1)	-17(1)	12(1)	
N(1)	24(1)	18(1)	24(1)	0(1)	4(1)	0(1)	
N(2)	29(1)	21(1)	26(1)	1(1)	-3(1)	6(1)	
C(1)	22(1)	23(1)	34(1)	1(1)	7(1)	3(1)	
C(2)	30(1)	21(1)	25(1)	3(1)	10(1)	2(1)	
C(3)	35(1)	19(1)	27(1)	3(1)	10(1)	-2(1)	
C(4)	38(1)	19(1)	19(1)	-1(1)	6(1)	2(1)	
C(5)	30(1)	25(1)	28(1)	-4(1)	1(1)	-5(1)	
C(6)	22(1)	18(1)	18(1)	-1(1)	1(1)	0(1)	
C(7)	21(1)	22(1)	18(1)	0(1)	2(1)	0(1)	
C(8)	25(1)	31(1)	19(1)	-1(1)	3(1)	-3(1)	
C(9)	26(1)	36(1)	26(1)	0(1)	6(1)	-4(1)	
C(10)	24(1)	28(1)	36(1)	1(1)	2(1)	-5(1)	
C(11)	27(1)	35(1)	28(1)	-7(1)	-2(1)	-5(1)	
C(12)	24(1)	32(1)	22(1)	-6(1)	1(1)	-2(1)	
C(13)	25(1)	21(1)	20(1)	1(1)	2(1)	-1(1)	
B(1)	20(1)	18(1)	20(1)	-1(1)	1(1)	1(1)	
N(1S)	50(1)	40(1)	74(1)	5(1)	18(1)	3(1)	

C(1S)	30(1)	27(1)	65(1)	3(1)	5(1)	0(1)
C(2S)	51(1)	70(1)	61(1)	-2(1)	9(1)	-12(1)

Table 5. Hydrogen coordinates ($x \ 10^4$) and isotropic displacement parameters (Å²x 10³) for d1574.

	Х	У	Z	U(eq)	
H(5O)	4700(20)	10729(14)	114(15)	63(5)	
H(1A)	4129	9193	3589	31	
H(1B)	4504	9634	2507	31	
H(3A)	5486	7339	3909	32	
H(3B)	5601	8263	4660	32	
H(5A)	4544	7696	2175	42	
H(5B)	6131	7511	2095	42	
H(5C)	5359	8417	1526	42	
H(6A)	7787	8840	1693	23	
H(7A)	9980	9019	2677	24	
H(8A)	9797	9304	855	30	
H(8B)	9531	10414	1031	30	
H(9A)	12056	9434	1763	35	
H(9B)	11848	10201	826	35	
H(10A)	12952	10909	2423	36	
H(10B)	11514	11423	2023	36	
H(11A)	11684	11131	3846	36	
H(11B)	11957	10022	3669	36	
H(12A)	9416	10996	2968	32	
H(12B)	9643	10216	3890	32	
H(13A)	7285	10831	1990	26	
H(2S1)	1933	8210	5507	91	
H(2S2)	2004	7072	5472	91	
H(2S3)	599	7609	5035	91	

Table 6. Torsion angles [°] for d1574.

C(5)-N(1)-C(1)-C(2)	-151.17(9)
C(3)-N(1)-C(1)-C(2)	84.15(11)
B(1)-N(1)-C(1)-C(2)	-23.95(11)
B(1)-O(1)-C(2)-O(2)	-169.17(11)
B(1)-O(1)-C(2)-C(1)	9.21(12)
N(1)-C(1)-C(2)-O(2)	-170.63(11)
N(1)-C(1)-C(2)-O(1)	11.01(12)
C(1)-N(1)-C(3)-C(4)	-133.31(9)
C(5)-N(1)-C(3)-C(4)	100.47(10)
B(1)-N(1)-C(3)-C(4)	-23.44(10)
B(1)-O(3)-C(4)-O(4)	-174.13(11)
B(1)-O(3)-C(4)-C(3)	4.77(12)
N(1)-C(3)-C(4)-O(4)	-167.33(11)
N(1)-C(3)-C(4)-O(3)	13.78(12)
C(13)-C(6)-C(7)-C(8)	-60.62(12)
B(1)-C(6)-C(7)-C(8)	176.40(9)
C(13)-C(6)-C(7)-C(12)	64.90(12)
B(1)-C(6)-C(7)-C(12)	-58.07(12)
C(12)-C(7)-C(8)-C(9)	54.88(13)
C(6)-C(7)-C(8)-C(9)	-177.42(9)
C(7)-C(8)-C(9)-C(10)	-56.35(13)
C(8)-C(9)-C(10)-C(11)	56.67(13)
C(9)-C(10)-C(11)-C(12)	-56.52(14)
C(10)-C(11)-C(12)-C(7)	55.39(14)
C(8)-C(7)-C(12)-C(11)	-54.05(13)
C(6)-C(7)-C(12)-C(11)	-179.71(9)
O(5)-N(2)-C(13)-C(6)	174.46(9)
C(7)-C(6)-C(13)-N(2)	134.05(11)
B(1)-C(6)-C(13)-N(2)	-101.25(12)
C(4)-O(3)-B(1)-O(1)	85.06(11)
C(4)-O(3)-B(1)-C(6)	-145.91(9)
C(4)-O(3)-B(1)-N(1)	-19.26(11)

C(2)-O(1)-B(1)-O(3)	-129.63(9)
C(2)-O(1)-B(1)-C(6)	100.83(10)
C(2)-O(1)-B(1)-N(1)	-22.89(10)
C(13)-C(6)-B(1)-O(3)	-171.77(9)
C(7)-C(6)-B(1)-O(3)	-47.01(12)
C(13)-C(6)-B(1)-O(1)	-43.79(12)
C(7)-C(6)-B(1)-O(1)	80.97(11)
C(13)-C(6)-B(1)-N(1)	69.42(11)
C(7)-C(6)-B(1)-N(1)	-165.82(9)
C(1)-N(1)-B(1)-O(3)	141.56(8)
C(5)-N(1)-B(1)-O(3)	-93.64(10)
C(3)-N(1)-B(1)-O(3)	25.64(10)
C(1)-N(1)-B(1)-O(1)	27.76(10)
C(5)-N(1)-B(1)-O(1)	152.57(9)
C(3)-N(1)-B(1)-O(1)	-88.16(9)
C(1)-N(1)-B(1)-C(6)	-93.43(10)
C(5)-N(1)-B(1)-C(6)	31.37(13)
C(3)-N(1)-B(1)-C(6)	150.64(9)

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

Table 7. Hydrogen bonds for d1574 [Å and °].

D-HA	d(D-H)	d(HA)	d(DA)	<(DHA)	
O(5)-H(5O)N(2)#1	0.96(2)	1.87(2)	2.7790(13)	156.7(17)	

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms: #1 -x+1,-y+2,-z