

## Supporting Information

# Mesoporous semiconducting TiO<sub>2</sub> with rich active sites as a remarkable substrate for surface-enhanced Raman scattering

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Table S1 The BET surface area, pore size distribution and XPS information of different TiO<sub>2</sub> NPs.

Samples	BET surface area (m <sup>2</sup> /g)	Pore size distribution (nm)	O <sub>V</sub> /O <sub>T</sub>
TiO <sub>2</sub>	127	----	0.79
1P-mTiO <sub>2</sub>	147	2~3	0.87
2P-mTiO <sub>2</sub>	158	2~4	0.96
3P-mTiO <sub>2</sub>	174	2~5	1.18
4P-mTiO <sub>2</sub>	136	1~6	0.80
5P-mTiO <sub>2</sub>	132	1~6	0.77
3P-mTiO <sub>2</sub> (400 °C)	138	1~2	0.78
3P-mTiO <sub>2</sub> (500 °C)	125	----	0.76

O<sub>T</sub>: lattice oxygen, O<sub>V</sub>: vacancy oxygen; O<sub>V</sub>/O<sub>T</sub>: the XPS peak area ratio of O<sub>V</sub> and O<sub>T</sub>. (Except for special instructions, all samples were obtained at 450 °C calcination temperature.)

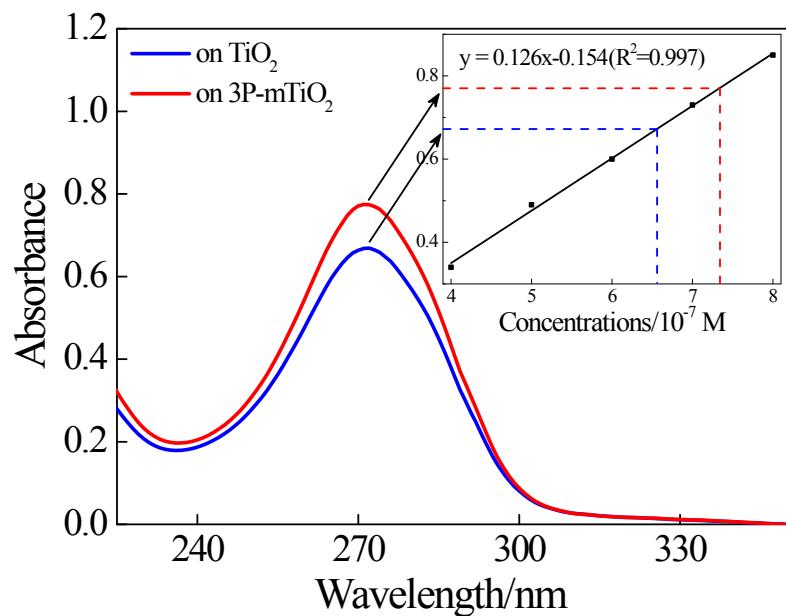


Fig. S1 UV absorption spectra of residual solution after adsorption of 4-MBA ( $1 \times 10^{-3}$  M) on  $\text{TiO}_2$  and 3P-m $\text{TiO}_2$  NPs (the inset: standard curve of 4-MBA solution).

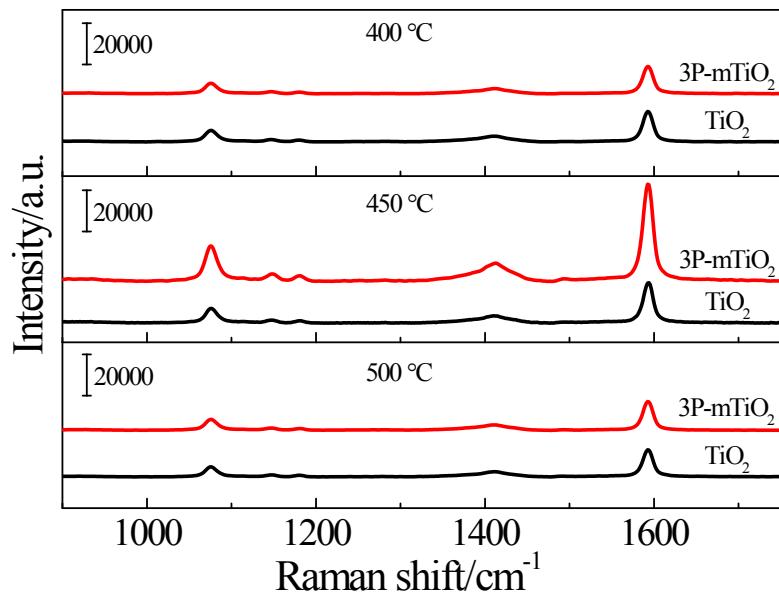


Fig. S2 SERS spectra of 4-MBA molecules adsorbed on TiO<sub>2</sub> and 3P-mTiO<sub>2</sub> NPs calcined at different temperatures.