Protein environment affects the water-tryptophan binding mode. MD, QM/MM, and NMR studies of Engrailed homeodomain mutants[†]

Naďa Špačková,^a Zuzana Trošanová,^{a,b,} Filip Šebesta,^c Séverine Jansen,^{a,d} Jaroslav V. Burda,^c Pavel Srb,^{b,‡} Milan Zachrdla,^{b, //} Lukáš Žídek,^{b,d} and Jiří Kozelka^{*a,d-f}

^a Department of Condensed Matter Physics, Faculty of Science, Masaryk University, Kotlářská 2, CZ-6137 Brno, Czech Republic

^b National Centre for Biomolecular Research, Faculty of Science, Masaryk University, Kamenice 5/A4, CZ-62500 Brno, Czech Republic

^c Department of Chemical Physics and Optics, Faculty of Mathematics and Physics, Charles University, Ke Karlovu 3, 12116 Praha, Czech Republic

^d CEITEC – Central European Institute of Technology, Masaryk University, Kamenice 5/A4,

CZ-62500 Brno, Czech Republic

^e Biologie Intégrée du Globule Rouge UMR_S1134, Inserm, Univ. Paris Diderot, Sorbonne Paris Cité, Univ. de la Réunion, Univ. des Antilles, 75739 Paris, France

^f Institut National de la Transfusion Sanguine (INTS), 75739 Paris, France

^g Laboratoire d'Excellence GR-Ex, 75739 Paris, France. E-mail : <u>kozelka.jiri@gmail.com</u>

[‡] Present address: Institute of Organic Chemistry and Biochemistry, Academy of Sciences of the Czech Republic, v.v.i., Flemingovo nám 2, 16000 Praha, Czech Republic

Present address: Département de chimie, École normale supérieure, 24 rue Lhomond, 75005 Paris, France

ELECTRONIC SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



Fig. S1. Regions of NOESY spectra with cross-peaks providing NOEs restraining asparagine N51 in the NMR structure. A: correlation of K55 HE and E52 HB; B: correlation of K55 HA and E52 HG; C: correlation of W48 HA and N51 HB.



Fig. S2. Typical snapshot from the restrained MD simulation of the K52E mutant of the *Drosophila* EnHD in the g⁺ conformation along the torsion angle N-CA-CB-CG of asparagine N51. Close-up view depicting the interaction between the cavity water and the amino acids W48 (below), N51 (left), E52 (right), and K55 (above).



Fig. S3. Strip from 2D NOESY spectrum recorded at 293 K (A); [¹⁵N-¹H] CLEANEX-PM-FHSQC spectrum recorded with the mixing time of 5 ms (B) and 25 ms (C).



Fig. S4. Examples of initial slope analysis¹ of CLEANEX-PM-FHSQC peaks (A-E) and plot of all evaluated exchange rates (F). Values for backbone and side-chain protons are plotted in black and gray, respectively, in Panel F. The residue labeled "A-1" is alanine of the GlyAlaMet tripeptide preceding E1 of the Engrailed homeodomain sequence in the constructs of the K52E mutant used in this study.

T.-L. Hwang, P. C. M. Van Zijl, and S. Mori, J. Biolmol. NMR, 1998, 11, 221.

1



Fig. S5. Position and orientation with respect to W48 indole of the cavity water during unrestrained MD simulations of *Drosophila* EnHD (WT, green; K52E, red). Only trajectories with the N-CA-CB-CG torsion angle of N51 in the *trans* domain were taken into account. A: Probability distribution of the NE1(W48)-O(wat) distance. B: Probability distribution of the M(W48)-NE1(W48)···O(wat) angle (M=center of the five-membered ring of indole). C: Probability distribution of the O(wat)-H(wat)···NE1(W48) angle (H is the H-atom closer to NE1).