

Supporting information

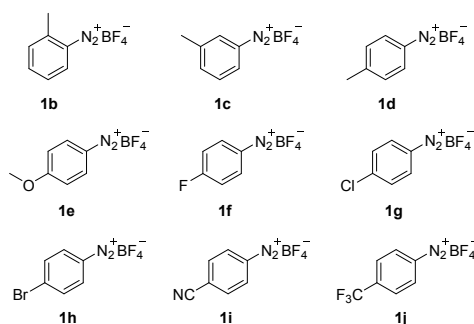
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1. General information

Except for the tetrafluoroborate diazonium salt, all reagents were from commercial sources and used as received without further purification. All solvents were dried by standard techniques, and distilled prior to use. Column chromatography was performed on silica gel (200-300 meshes) using petroleum ether (bp. 60~90 °C) and ethyl acetate as eluent. ^1H and ^{13}C NMR spectra were taken on 400 MHz instruments and spectral data were reported in ppm relative to tetramethylsilane (TMS) as internal standard and CDCl_3 as solvent. Mass spectra (MS) were measured on spectrometer by direct inlet at 70 eV.

The tetrafluoroborate diazonium salt (**1a-1i**) used here were synthesized according to the reported methods.^[1]



2. Optimization of the Reaction Condition

Table 1. Screening of the solvent.^[a]

Entry	Pd	Ligand	Solvent	Yield (%) ^[b]
1	$\text{Pd}(\text{OAc})_2$	TFP	THF/DMSO	42%
2	$\text{Pd}(\text{OAc})_2$	TFP	toluene	22%
3	$\text{Pd}(\text{OAc})_2$	TFP	DMSO	44%
4	$\text{Pd}(\text{OAc})_2$	TFP	DMF	21%
5	$\text{Pd}(\text{OAc})_2$	TFP	THF	23%
6	$\text{Pd}(\text{OAc})_2$	TFP	CH_3CN	0%
7	$\text{Pd}(\text{OAc})_2$	TFP	Dioxane	39%

[a] Reaction condition: phenyl diazonium tetrafluoroborate (0.5 mmol), phenylacetylene (1.0 mmol), $\text{Pd}(\text{OAc})_2$ (3 mol%), TFP (6 mol%), 2,3-Dimethylbuta-1,3-diene (0.75 mmol), formic acid (1.0 mmol), DCC (1.0 mmol), solvent (2 mL), 20 h. [b] GC yield, with dodecane as the internal standard.

Table 2. Screening of the ligand.^[a]

Entry	Pd	Ligand	Solvent	Yield (%) ^[b]
1	$\text{Pd}(\text{OAc})_2$	PPh_3	DMSO	72% ^[c]
2	$\text{Pd}(\text{OAc})_2$	TFP	DMSO	44%
3	$\text{Pd}(\text{OAc})_2$	Xphos	DMSO	44%

4	Pd(OAc) ₂	PCy ₃	DMSO	52%
5	Pd(OAc) ₂	P(o-tolyl) ₃	DMSO	31%
6	Pd(OAc) ₂	BuPAd ₂	DMSO	32%
7	Pd(OAc) ₂	Tri(naphthalen-1-yl)phosphine	DMSO	40%
8	Pd(OAc) ₂	2-(di-tert-butylphosphine) biphenyl	DMSO	23%
9	Pd(OAc) ₂	(t-Bu) ₃ P·HBF ₄	DMSO	43%
10	Pd(OAc) ₂	DPPF	DMSO	10%
11	Pd(OAc) ₂	Xantphos	DMSO	63%
12	Pd(OAc) ₂	Tris (4-methoxyphenyl) phosphine	DMSO	39%
13	Pd(OAc) ₂	DPPE	DMSO	0%
14	Pd(OAc) ₂	DPPB	DMSO	55%
15	Pd(OAc) ₂	DPEphos	DMSO	37%

[a] Reaction condition: phenyl diazonium tetrafluoroborate (0.5 mmol), phenylacetylene (1.0 mmol), Pd(OAc)₂ (3 mol%), P:Pd = 2:1, 2,3-Dimethylbuta-1,3-diene (0.75 mmol), formic acid (1.0 mmol), DCC (1.0 mmol), DMSO (2 mL), 20 h. [b] GC yield, with dodecane as the internal standard. [c] Isolated yield.

Table 3. Screening of the Palladium catalyst.^[a]

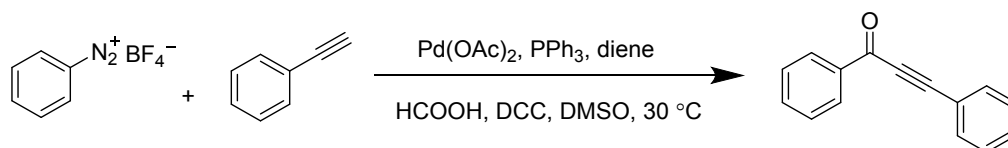
Entry	Cat.	Ligand	Solvent	Yield (%) ^[b]
1	Pd(OAc) ₂	PPh ₃	DMSO	72% ^[c]
2	(CF ₃ COO) ₂ Pd	PPh ₃	DMSO	63%
3	PdCl ₂	PPh ₃	DMSO	15%
4	Pd ₂ (dba) ₃	PPh ₃	DMSO	5%
5	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	PPh ₃	DMSO	25%

[a] Reaction condition: phenyl diazonium tetrafluoroborate (0.5 mmol), phenylacetylene (1.0 mmol), Pd (3 mol%), PPh₃ (6 mol%), 2,3-Dimethylbuta-1,3-diene (0.75 mmol), formic acid (1.0 mmol), DCC (1.0 mmol), DMSO (2 mL), 20 h. [b] GC yield, with dodecane as the internal standard. [c] Isolated yield.

Table 4. Screening of the additives.^[a]

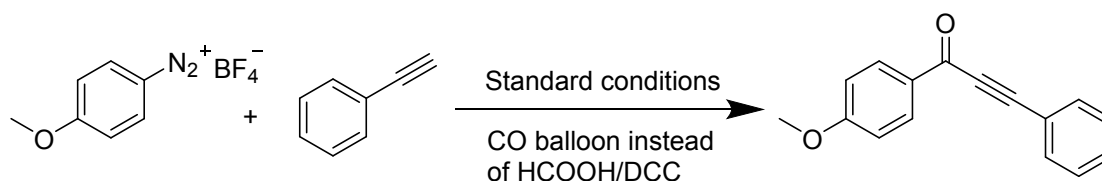
Entry	additive	Yield (%) ^[b]
1	4Å MS	43%
2	(<i>n</i> -Bu) ₄ NI (10 mol%).	29%

[a] Reaction condition: phenyl diazonium tetrafluoroborate (0.5 mmol), phenylacetylene (1.0 mmol), Pd(OAc)₂ (3 mol%), PPh₃ (6 mol%), 2,3-Dimethylbuta-1,3-diene (0.75 mmol), formic acid (1.0 mmol), DCC (1.0 mmol), DMSO (2 mL), 20 h. [b] GC yield, with dodecane as the internal standard.

Table 5. The amount loading of diene.

Diene	Yield (%)
1.5 equiv	72 ^[b]
1.0 equiv	41
0.5 equiv	38
0.2 equiv	33

[a] Reaction condition: Benzenediazonium tetrafluoroborate (0.5 mmol), phenylacetylene (1 mmol), Pd(OAc)₂ (3 mol%), PPh₃ (6 mol%), 2,3-dimethylbuta-1,3-diene (x equiv.), formic (1 mmol), DCC (1 mmol), DMSO (2 mL), 20 h. [b] Isolated yields.

Table 6. Control experiments.

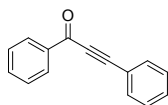
Entry	condition	Yield (%) ^[b]
1	CO balloon, No diene	50
2	CO balloon, diene	63
3	CO balloon, No diene, DCU ^[d]	trace
4	CO balloon, diene, DCU	trace
5	CO balloon, No diene, Et ₃ N (2 equiv.)	trace
6	CO balloon, diene, Et ₃ N (2 equiv.)	trace
7	CO balloon, diene, HCOOH, DCU	39
8	CO balloon, No diene, HCOOH, DCU	24
9	CO balloon, diene, HCOOH (2 equiv.)	99 (91) ^[c]
10	CO balloon, No diene, HCOOH (2 equiv.)	46
11	diene, HCOOH (2 equiv.)	None
12	DCC (40 mol%), diene, HCOOH (2 equiv.)	trace
13	CO balloon, diene, HCOOH (2 equiv.)	No reaction ^[e]

[a] Reaction condition: *p*-methoxybenzenediazonium tetrafluoroborate (0.5 mmol), phenylacetylene (1 mmol), Pd(OAc)₂ (3 mol%), PPh₃ (6 mol%), 2,3-dimethylbuta-1,3-diene (0.75 mmol), CO balloon, DMSO (2 mL), 20 h. [b] Yield was determined by NMR. [c] Isolated yields. [d] DCU is 1,3-dicyclohexylurea. [e] No phenylacetylene.

3. General Procedure

$\text{Pd}(\text{OAc})_2$ (3.4 mg, 3 mol%), PPh_3 (7.8 mg, 6 mol%), benzenediazonium tetrafluoroborate (96 mg, 0.5 mmol) and DCC (206.1 mg, 1 mmol) were transferred into an oven-dried tube which was filled with nitrogen. DMSO (2.0 mL), 1,3-butadiene (375 μL , 2 mol/L) and phenylacetylene (110 μL , 1 mmol) were added to the reaction tube. After formic acid (38 μL , 1 mmol) were added, the tube was sealed and the mixture was stirred at 30 °C for 20 h. After the reaction finished, the reaction mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate three times and dried with sodium sulfate. The crude product was filtered and concentrated under vacuum and was purified by column chromatography on silica gel column EtOAc/petroleum ether (1/200 to 1/50) to give the desired product.

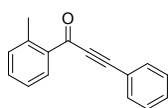
4. Spectroscopic Data of Products



1,3-Diphenylprop-2-yn-1-one (3a)

Prepared with Benzenediazonium tetrafluoroborate (96 mg, 0.5 mmol) and phenylacetylene (110 uL, 1 mmol) using the general procedure. The crude material was purified by chromatography column (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:50) to give **3a** (95.2 mg, 90% yield) as a red oil.

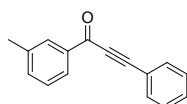
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.26 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 7.72 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 7.65 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (dd, *J* = 16.8, 10.2 Hz, 3H), 7.46 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H); **¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 178.01, 136.97, 134.09, 133.07, 130.78, 129.59, 128.69, 128.63, 120.21, 93.09, 86.93.



3-Phenyl-1-(*o*-tolyl)prop-2-yn-1-one (3b)

Prepared with 2-Methylbenzenediazonium tetrafluoroborate (103 mg, 0.5 mmol) and phenylacetylene (110 uL, 1 mmol) using the general procedure. The crude material was purified by chromatography column (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:50) to give **3b** (70.4 mg, 64% yield) as a red oil.

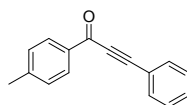
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.33 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.74 – 7.65 (m, 2H), 7.53 – 7.46 (m, 2H), 7.46 – 7.38 (m, 3H), 7.31 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 2.71 (s, 3H); **¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 179.81, 140.51, 135.74, 133.22, 133.18, 132.94, 132.20, 130.61, 128.66, 125.91, 120.37, 91.83, 88.40, 21.97.



3-Phenyl-1-(*m*-tolyl)prop-2-yn-1-one (3c)

Prepared with 3-Methylbenzenediazonium tetrafluoroborate (103 mg, 0.5 mmol) and phenylacetylene (110 uL, 1 mmol) using the general procedure. The crude material was purified by chromatography column (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:50) to give **3c** (90.2 mg, 82% yield) as a red oil.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.13 – 8.00 (m, 2H), 7.72 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.51 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 4H), 2.48 (s, 3H); **¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 178.27, 138.53, 136.94, 135.01, 133.08, 130.76, 129.82, 128.70, 128.54, 127.16, 120.24, 92.90, 87.03, 21.36.

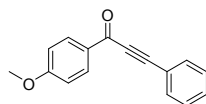


3-Phenyl-1-(*p*-tolyl)prop-2-yn-1-one (3d)

Prepared with 4-Methylbenzenediazonium tetrafluoroborate (103 mg, 0.5 mmol) and phenylacetylene (110 uL, 1 mmol) using the general procedure. The crude material was purified

by chromatography column (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:50) to give **3d** (81.4 mg, 74% yield) as a yellow oil.

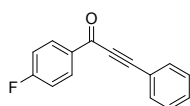
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.13 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.72 – 7.67 (m, 2H), 7.49 (dd, *J* = 6.2, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 2.46 (s, 3H); **¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 177.78, 145.27, 134.64, 133.06, 130.70, 129.74, 129.38, 128.69, 120.30, 92.63, 86.99, 21.87.



1-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-one (**3e**)

Prepared with 4-Methoxybenzenediazonium tetrafluoroborate (111 mg, 0.5 mmol) and phenylacetylene (110 uL, 1 mmol) using the general procedure. The crude material was purified by chromatography column (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:20) to give **3e** (103.8 mg, 88% yield) as a red oil.

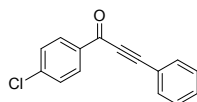
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.29 – 8.14 (m, 2H), 7.69 (dd, *J* = 8.2, 1.4 Hz, 2H), 7.51 – 7.40 (m, 3H), 7.00 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 3.90 (s, 3H); **¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 176.69, 164.52, 132.98, 132.00, 130.63, 130.31, 128.68, 120.35, 113.92, 92.35, 86.95, 55.62.



1-(4-Fluorophenyl)-3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-one (**3f**)

Prepared with 4-Fluorobenzenediazonium tetrafluoroborate (105 mg, 0.5 mmol) and phenylacetylene (110 uL, 1 mmol) using the general procedure. The crude material was purified by chromatography column (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:50) to give **3f** (87.4 mg, 78% yield) as a red oil.

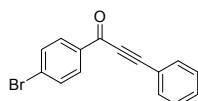
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.28 (dd, *J* = 8.6, 5.5 Hz, 2H), 7.73 – 7.68 (m, 2H), 7.55 – 7.50 (m, 1H), 7.46 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.22 (t, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H); **¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 176.43, 167.77, 133.08, 132.21, 130.93, 128.75, 119.99, 116.01, 115.79, 93.39, 86.61.



1-(4-Chlorophenyl)-3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-one (**3g**)

Prepared with 4-Chlorobenzenediazonium tetrafluoroborate (113 mg, 0.5 mmol) and phenylacetylene (110 uL, 1 mmol) using the general procedure. The crude material was purified by chromatography column (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:50) to give **3g** (88.8 mg, 74% yield) as a yellow oil.

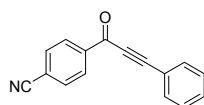
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.17 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.72 – 7.68 (m, 2H), 7.51 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H), 7.44 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H); **¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 176.70, 140.75, 135.31, 133.14, 131.01, 130.89, 129.04, 128.77, 119.90, 93.68, 86.60.



1-(4-Bromophenyl)-3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-one (**3h**)

Prepared with 4-Bromobenzenediazonium tetrafluoroborate (135 mg, 0.5 mmol) and phenylacetylene (110 μ L, 1 mmol) using the general procedure. The crude material was purified by chromatography column (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:50) to give **3h** (88.0 mg, 62% yield) as a yellow oil.

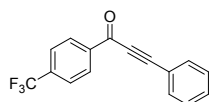
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.08 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.68 (t, J = 8.3 Hz, 4H), 7.53 – 7.48 (m, 1H), 7.44 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H); **¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 176.87, 135.71, 133.15, 132.02, 131.03, 130.96, 129.60, 128.78, 119.88, 93.73, 86.60.



4-(3-Phenylpropiolyl)benzonitrile (**3i**)

Prepared with 4-Cyanobenzenediazonium tetrafluoroborate (108.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) and phenylacetylene (110 μ L, 1 mmol) using the general procedure. The crude material was purified by chromatography column (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:20) to give **3i** (63.5 mg, 55% yield) as a white solid.

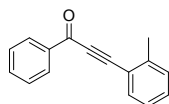
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.33 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.85 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.74 – 7.69 (m, 2H), 7.55 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H); **¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 176.22, 139.65, 133.27, 132.53, 131.41, 129.84, 128.86, 119.46, 117.90, 117.17, 95.17, 86.44.



3-Phenyl-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)prop-2-yn-1-one (**3j**)

Prepared with 4-(Trifluoromethyl)benzenediazonium tetrafluoroborate (130 mg, 0.5 mmol) and phenylacetylene (110 μ L, 1 mmol) using the general procedure. The crude material was purified by chromatography column (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:50) to give **3j** (57.5 mg, 42% yield) as a yellow solid.

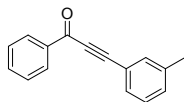
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.35 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.82 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.77 – 7.69 (m, 2H), 7.55 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H); **¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 176.76, 149.01, 139.39, 133.22, 131.23, 129.82, 128.82, 125.72, 119.68, 94.51, 88.19, 86.59.



1-Phenyl-3-(*o*-tolyl)prop-2-yn-1-one (**3k**)

Prepared with Benzenediazonium tetrafluoroborate (96 mg, 0.5 mmol) and 1-Ethynyl-2-methylbenzene (126 μ L, 1 mmol) using the general procedure. The crude material was purified by chromatography column (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:50) to give **3k** (81.4 mg, 74% yield) as a red oil.

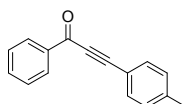
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.13 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.72 – 7.65 (m, 2H), 7.52 – 7.46 (m, 1H), 7.42 (dd, *J* = 11.4, 4.4 Hz, 2H), 7.31 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 2.54 (s, 3H); **¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 178.09, 142.20, 137.06, 134.07, 133.69, 130.84, 129.91, 129.57, 128.66, 125.97, 120.02, 92.21, 90.77, 20.92.



1-Phenyl-3-(*m*-tolyl)prop-2-yn-1-one (3l)

Prepared with Benzenediazonium tetrafluoroborate (96 mg, 0.5 mmol) and 1-Ethynyl-3-methylbenzene (125 uL, 1 mmol) using the general procedure. The crude material was purified by chromatography column (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:50) to give **3l** (92.4 mg, 84% yield) as a red oil.

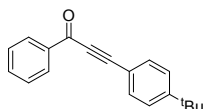
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.35 – 8.21 (m, 2H), 7.72 – 7.62 (m, 2H), 7.55 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 2.62 (s, 3H); **¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 178.08, 142.20, 137.07, 134.08, 133.70, 130.86, 129.92, 129.57, 128.67, 125.97, 120.02, 92.22, 90.79, 20.92.



1-Phenyl-3-(*p*-tolyl)prop-2-yn-1-one (3m)

Prepared with Benzenediazonium tetrafluoroborate (96 mg, 0.5 mmol) and 1-Ethynyl-4-methylbenzene (127 uL, 1 mmol) using the general procedure. The crude material was purified by chromatography column (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:50) to give **3m** (96.8 mg, 88% yield) as a red oil.

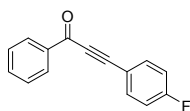
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.26 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 7.66 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (dd, *J* = 13.1, 7.4 Hz, 4H), 7.34 (dd, *J* = 10.3, 3.6 Hz, 2H), 2.41 (s, 3H); **¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 178.08, 138.56, 136.96, 133.59, 131.80, 130.27, 129.60, 128.65, 119.94, 93.56, 86.70, 21.21.



3-(4-(*tert*-Butyl)phenyl)-1-phenylprop-2-yn-1-one (3n)

Prepared with Benzenediazonium tetrafluoroborate (96 mg, 0.5 mmol) and 1-(*tert*-Butyl)-4-ethynylbenzene (180 uL, 1 mmol) using the general procedure. The crude material was purified by chromatography column (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:50) to give **3n** (93.0 mg, 71% yield) as a red oil.

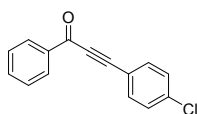
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.26 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.65 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 3H), 7.53 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 1.35 (s, 9H); **¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 178.06, 154.61, 137.02, 134.07, 133.05, 129.57, 128.65, 125.81, 117.04, 93.86, 86.81, 35.10, 31.08.



3-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-phenylprop-2-yn-1-one (**3o**)

Prepared with Benzenediazonium tetrafluoroborate (96 mg, 0.5 mmol) and 1-Ethynyl-4-fluorobenzene (114 μ L, 1 mmol) using the general procedure. The crude material was purified by chromatography column (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:50) to give **3o** (90.7 mg, 81% yield) as a yellow solid.

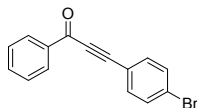
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.22 (dd, J = 8.1, 1.0 Hz, 2H), 7.72 – 7.67 (m, 2H), 7.64 (dd, J = 10.5, 4.2 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.13 (t, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H); **¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 177.89, 165.30, 162.77, 136.79, 135.44, 135.35, 134.22, 129.56, 128.68, 116.38, 116.27, 116.15, 92.03, 86.83.



3-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1-phenylprop-2-yn-1-one (**3p**)

Prepared with Benzenediazonium tetrafluoroborate (96 mg, 0.5 mmol) and 1-Chloro-4-ethynylbenzene (118 μ L, 1 mmol) using the general procedure. The crude material was purified by chromatography column (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:50) to give **3p** (76.8 mg, 64% yield) as a yellow solid.

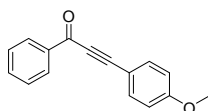
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.22 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.64 (dd, J = 14.7, 7.9 Hz, 3H), 7.53 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (dd, J = 23.7, 21.9 Hz, 2H); **¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 177.81, 137.22, 136.73, 134.29, 134.28, 129.59, 129.18, 128.71, 118.59, 91.65, 87.61.



3-(4-Bromophenyl)-1-phenylprop-2-yn-1-one (**3q**)

Prepared with Benzenediazonium tetrafluoroborate (96 mg, 0.5 mmol) and 1-Bromo-4-ethynylbenzene (120 μ L, 1 mmol) using the general procedure. The crude material was purified by chromatography column (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:50) to give **3q** (103.7 mg, 73% yield) as a yellow solid.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.23 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.66 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.61 – 7.52 (m, 6H); **¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 177.84, 136.73, 134.36, 134.30, 132.13, 129.60, 128.71, 125.63, 119.07, 91.67, 87.70.

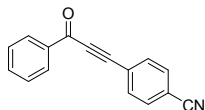


3-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-1-phenylprop-2-yn-1-one (**3r**)

Prepared with Benzenediazonium tetrafluoroborate (96 mg, 0.5 mmol) and 1-Ethynyl-4-methoxybenzene (130 μ L, 1 mmol) using the general procedure. The crude material was purified by chromatography column (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:50) to give **3r** (89.7 mg, 76% yield) as a

yellow solid.

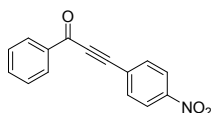
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.43 – 8.08 (m, 2H), 7.64 (ddd, *J* = 12.7, 8.3, 4.7 Hz, 3H), 7.53 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 6.96 – 6.92 (m, 2H), 3.86 (s, 3H); **¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 178.08, 161.78, 137.05, 135.18, 133.95, 129.50, 128.59, 114.46, 111.87, 94.42, 86.91, 55.46.



4-(3-Oxo-3-phenylprop-1-yn-1-yl)benzonitrile (3s)

Prepared with Benzenediazonium tetrafluoroborate (96 mg, 0.5 mmol) and 4-Ethynylbenzonitrile (118 μ L, 1 mmol) using the general procedure. The crude material was purified by chromatography column (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:20) to give **3s** (83.2 mg, 72% yield) as a yellow solid.

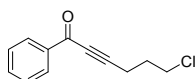
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.22 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.80 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.75 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.68 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H); **¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 177.48, 136.45, 134.63, 133.30, 132.33, 129.66, 128.82, 124.97, 117.90, 114.07, 89.65, 89.40.



3-(4-Nitrophenyl)-1-phenylprop-2-yn-1-one (3t)

Prepared with Benzenediazonium tetrafluoroborate (96 mg, 0.5 mmol) and 1-Ethynyl-4-nitrobenzene (0.1470 g, 1 mmol) using the general procedure. The crude material was purified by chromatography column (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:20) to give **3t** (80.3 mg, 64% yield) as a yellow solid.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.31 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 8.22 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.86 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.72 – 7.67 (m, 1H), 7.57 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H); **¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 177.41, 148.54, 136.39, 134.70, 133.69, 129.68, 128.85, 126.81, 123.87, 89.87, 89.21.



3-(4-(3-Chloropropyl)phenyl)-1-phenylprop-2-yn-1-one (3u)

Prepared with Benzenediazonium tetrafluoroborate (96 mg, 0.5 mmol) and 5-Chloropent-1-yne (107 μ L, 1 mmol) using the general procedure. The crude material was purified by chromatography column (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:20) to give **3u** (84.6 mg, 60% yield) as a red oil.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.15 (dd, *J* = 8.1, 1.0 Hz, 2H), 7.67 – 7.59 (m, 1H), 7.51 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 3.74 (t, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 2.74 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.16 (p, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H); **¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 177.99, 136.74, 134.08, 129.57, 128.58, 94.17, 80.24, 43.38, 30.48, 16.65.

5. References

1. N. Zhang, Z.-J. Quan, Z. Zhang, Y.-X. Da and X.-C. Wang, *Chem. Commun.*, 2016, **52**, 14234.

The figure displays two NMR spectra for the compound 1-phenyl-2-phenylethyn-1-one, with its chemical structure shown in the top left corner of each plot.

¹H NMR Spectrum (Top): The x-axis represents the chemical shift in ppm, ranging from -2 to 12. The spectrum shows several peaks in the aromatic region (7.45-8.27 ppm) and a set of peaks in the aliphatic region (1.45-1.75 ppm). Integration values are provided below the peaks: 2.00, 2.02, 1.05, 3.03, and 2.04. The chemical shift values are listed above the peaks: 8.27, 8.25, 7.73, 7.71, 7.66, 7.64, 7.57, 7.55, 7.53, 7.50, 7.47, and 7.45 ppm.

¹³C NMR Spectrum (Bottom): The x-axis represents the chemical shift in ppm, ranging from -10 to 210. The spectrum shows a large peak at 178.01 ppm (carbonyl carbon) and several peaks in the aromatic region (120.21-136.97 ppm). The chemical shift values are listed above the peaks: 178.01, 136.97, 134.09, 133.07, 130.78, 129.59, 128.69, 128.63, 120.21, 93.09, and 86.93 ppm.

