ELECTRONIC SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Comparative solution equilibrium studies of antitumor ruthenium(η^{6} -*p*-cymene)

and rhodium(n⁵-C₅Me₅) complexes of 8-hydroxyquinolines

Orsolya Dömötör, Veronika F.S. Pape, Nóra V. May, Gergely Szakács, Éva A. Enyedy*



Chart S1. Complex formation, deprotonation and co-ligand (H_2O/Cl^-) exchange equilibrium processes for the $[Ru(\eta^6-p-cymene)(L)(H_2O)]$ species. Charges are omitted for clarity.



Fig. S1. ¹H NMR spectra of the HQS recorded at the indicated pH values with peak assignation. { $c_{HQS} = 1 \text{ mM}$; T = 25 °C; I = 0.20 M (KNO₃); $10\% D_2O$ }.



Fig. S2. UV–Vis spectra recorded for HQS ($c_L = 1 \text{ mM}$) at various pH values (pH = 2.0-11.5) (a). Absorbance values at 358 nm at two kinds of ligand concentrations: 1 mM, l = 0.2 cm (\blacklozenge) and 0.1 mM, l = 1.0 cm (\blacklozenge) plotted against the pH (b) {T = 25 °C; I = 0.20 M (KNO_3)}.



Fig. S3. The crystal packing of complex [Rh(η^5 -C₅Me₅)(8-quinolinolato)(Cl)] (1) viewed from the *a*, *b* and *c* crystallographic axes, respectively, from left to right. Hydrogen atoms are omitted for clarity.



Fig. S4. Packing arrangement in crystal [Rh(η^5 -C₅Me₅)(8-quinolinolato)(Cl)] (1) showing hydrogen bond connections with water molecules (a) and C–H... π interactions (b). Details of the interactions are listed in Table S2.



Fig. S5. Time-dependence of the UV–Vis spectra recorded for the $[Ru(\eta^6-p-cymene)(H_2O)_3]^{2+} - HQS$ (1:1) system at pH 3.0 (black lines) and spectra of the unbound ligand (grey solid line) and the organoruthenium cation (grey dashed line). {t = 0.2 - 125 min; $c_L = c_{Rh} = 99 \mu M$; T = 25 °C; $I = 0.20 M (KNO_3)$ }.



Fig. S6. The effect of oxygen gas on the UV–Vis absorbance spectra of $[Ru(\eta^6-p-cymene)(H_2O)_3]^{2+}$ – HQS (1:2) system kept under Ar atmosphere beforehand at pH 7.4. { $c_{Ru} = 223 \ \mu M$; $c_{HQS} = 444 \ \mu M$; $pH = 7.4 \ (20 \ mM \ phosphate \ buffer)$; $T = 25 \ ^{\circ}C$ }.



Fig S7. EPR spectra recorded for the $[Ru(\eta^6-p\text{-cymene})(H_2O)_3]^{2+} - HQS$ (1:2) system under aerobic conditions at pH 11.1 ($g_x = 2.436$, $g_y = 2.246$, $g_z = 1.775$) (a) and pH 7.4 ($g_x = 2.449$, $g_y = 2.174$, $g_z = 1.772$) (b) after 1 day incubation time. { $c_{Ru} = 10 \text{ mM}$; T = 77 K}



Fig. S8. Time-dependent UV–Vis absorbance spectra of $[Ru(\eta^6-p-cymene)(H_2O)_3]^{2+} - HQ$ (1:2) system at pH 7.4 under aerobic condition (a) and under Ar atmosphere (b); red dashed spectrum is calculated as sum of $[Ru(\eta^6-p-cymene)(HQ)(H_2O)]^+$ and 1 eq HQ. { $c_{Ru} = 222 \ \mu M$; $c_L = 445 \ \mu M$; pH = 7.4 (20 mM phosphate buffer); $T = 25 \ ^{\circ}C$ }.



Fig. S9. pH-dependence of pM* values calculated for the $[Rh(\eta^5-C_5Me_5)(H_2O)_3]^{2+} - HQ$ (black line) and $[Ru(\eta^6-p-cymene)(H_2O)_3]^{2+} - HQ$ (grey line) systems at 1:1 metal-to-ligand ratio. pM* = $-log([M] + [M_2(OH)_3] + [M_2(OH)_2])$. { $c_M = 50 \ \mu M$; M:L = 1:1; $T = 25 \ ^\circ C$; $I = 0.20 \ M \ (KNO_3)$ }.

Table S1

| Crystal | data | and | structure | refinement | parameters | for | $[Rh(\eta^{5}-C_{5}Me_{5})(8-quinolinolato)Cl]$ | × |
|-----------------------|------|-----|-----------|------------|------------|-----|-------------------------------------------------|---|
| 3H ₂ O (1) |) a | | | | | | | |

| Compound | 1 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Color/shape | Orange/Block |
| Empirical formula | C ₁₉ H ₂₇ ClNO ₄ Rh |
| Moiety formula | [Rh(C ₁₉ H ₂₇ NO)(Cl)]×3(H ₂ O) |
| Formula weight | 471.77 |
| Temperature (K) | 103(2) |
| Radiation and wavelength (Å) | Μο-Κα, λ =0.71073 |
| Crystal system | monoclinic |
| Space group | Cc |
| Unit cell dimensions | |
| a (Å) | <i>a</i> =15.9461(6) |
| b (Å) | <i>b</i> =16.3041(6) |
| c (Å) | <i>c</i> =7.6492(3) |
| β (°) | $\beta = 97.1320(10)$ |
| Volume (Å ³) | 1973.30(13) |
| Z/Z' | 4/1 |
| Density (calc.) (Mgm ⁻³) | 1.588 |
| Absorption coefficient, μ (mm ⁻¹) | 1.024 |
| F(000) | 968 |
| Crystal size (mm) | 0.50 x 0.12 x 0.12 |
| Absorption correction | Multi-scan |
| Min. and max. transmission | 0.7428 and 1.0000 |
| θ -range for data collection (°) | $3.093 \le \theta \le 27.480$ |
| Index ranges | $-20 \le h \le 20; -21 \le k \le 21; -9 \le l \le 9$ |
| Reflections collected | 38253 |
| Completeness to 2θ | 0.998 |
| Independent reflections (R _{int}) | 4470 (0.0447) |
| Reflections $I > 2\sigma(I)$ | 4300 |
| Refinement method | full-matrix least-squares on F^2 |
| Data / restraints / parameters | 4470 /8 /258 |
| Goodness-of-fit on $F^{2 b}$ | 1.105 |
| Final <i>R</i> indices $[I > 2\sigma(I)] R_1$, wR ₂ ^c | 0.0311, 0.0730 |
| R indices (all data) R_1 , w R_2 | 0.0329, 0.0739 |
| Max. and mean shift/esd | 0.001;0.000 |
| Largest diff. peak and hole (e.Å-3) | 0.857;-0.988 |

^a Uncertainties (SD) of the last digits are shown in parentheses. ^b GOF = { $\Sigma[w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2]/(n - p)$ }^{1/2}, where *n* is the number of reflections and *p* is the total number of parameters refined. ^d R₁ = $\Sigma||F_o| - |F_c||/\Sigma|F_o|$; wR₂ = { $\Sigma[w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2]/\Sigma[w(F_o^2)^2]$ }^{1/2}

Table S2

Intermolecular interactions in the crystal structure of $[Rh(\eta^5-C_5Me_5)(8\mbox{-}quinolinolato)Cl]\times 3H_2O\left(1\right)$

| D-HA | DH (Å) | HA (Å) | DA (Å) | D-HA (°) |
|--------------------------|---------|---------|----------|----------|
| O2-H2oO1 | 0.86(5) | 1.84(5) | 2.701(6) | 175(9) |
| O2-H2wO3 ⁱ | 0.85(7) | 1.89(7) | 2.734(7) | 170(7) |
| O3-H30O4 ⁱⁱ | 0.84(6) | 1.92(6) | 2.754(7) | 172(5) |
| O3-H3wO2 | 0.84(6) | 1.88(6) | 2.699(7) | 164(6) |
| O4-H40O3 ⁱⁱⁱ | 0.84(6) | 1.95(7) | 2.772(7) | 167(6) |
| O4-H4wCl1 | 0.84(4) | 2.35(4) | 3.191(5) | 175(8) |
| С7-Н7сО2 | 0.98 | 2.55 | 3.523(9) | 169 |
| C11-H11O2 ^{iv} | 0.95 | 2.58 | 3.309(8) | 134 |
| C7-H7aCg(B) ^v | 0.98 | 3.00 | 3.907(8) | 155 |
| $C16-H16Cg(C)^i$ | 0.95 | 2.73 | 3.483(7) | 137 |

Symmetry codes:

ⁱx,2-y,1/2+z, ⁱⁱ-1/2+x,3/2-y,-1/2+z, ⁱⁱⁱ1/2+x,-1/2+y,z, ^{iv}1/2+x,3/2-y,1/2+z, ^v-1/2+x,3/2-y,1/2+z