

**Supporting information**

Well-ordered mesoporous  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3/\text{C}$  composites as high performance anode  
materials for sodium-ion batteries

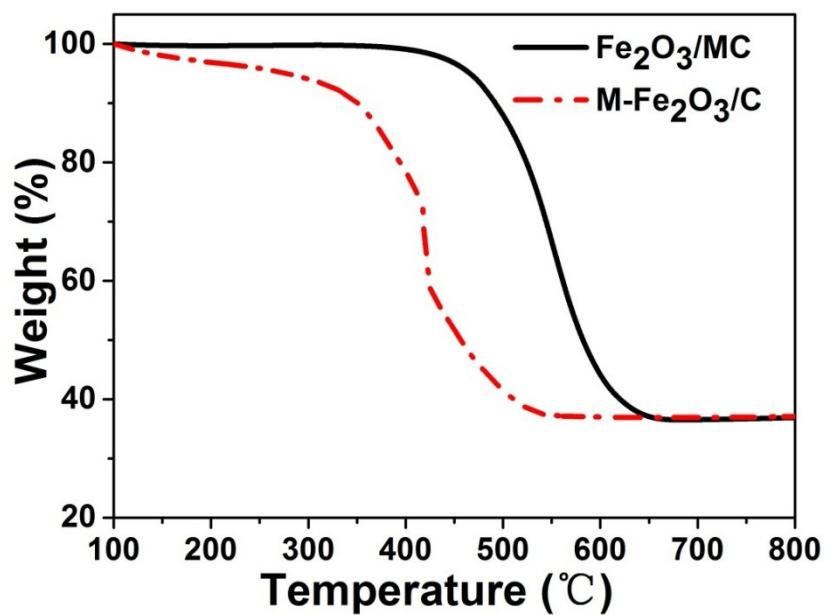
Mei Li,<sup>a</sup> Chao Ma,<sup>a</sup> Qian-Cheng Zhu,<sup>a</sup> Shu-Mao Xu,<sup>a</sup> Yong-Min Wu,<sup>b</sup> Wei-Ping Tang,<sup>b</sup> Kai-Xue Wang<sup>a\*</sup> and Jie-Sheng Chen<sup>a\*</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Shanghai Electrochemical Energy Devices Research Center, School of Chemistry and  
Chemical Engineering, Shanghai Jiao Tong University, Shanghai 200240, P. R. China

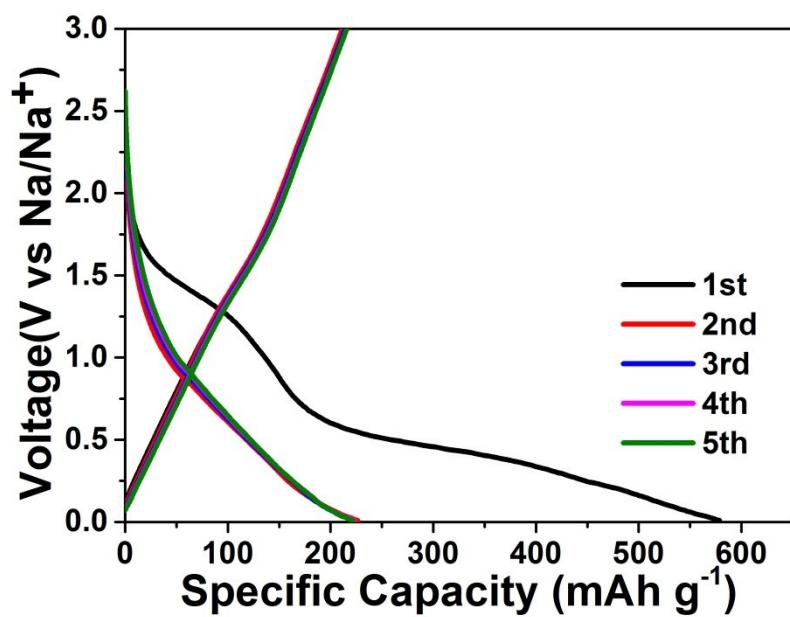
<sup>b</sup>State Key Laboratory of Space Power-sources Technology, Shanghai Institute of Space  
Power-sources, Shanghai 200245, China

\*Corresponding authors: k.wang@sjtu.edu.cn (K. X. Wang);  
chemcj@sjtu.edu.cn (J. S. Chen)

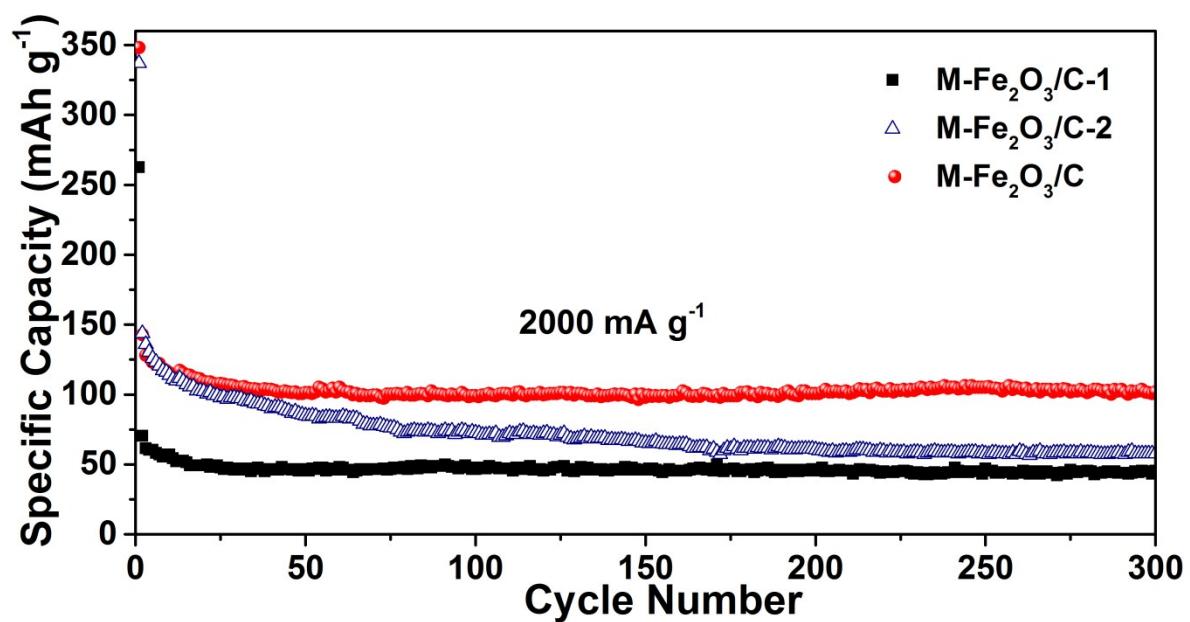
**Keywords:** mesoporous structure,  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3/\text{C}$  composite, co-impregnation, anode material,  
sodium-ion battery



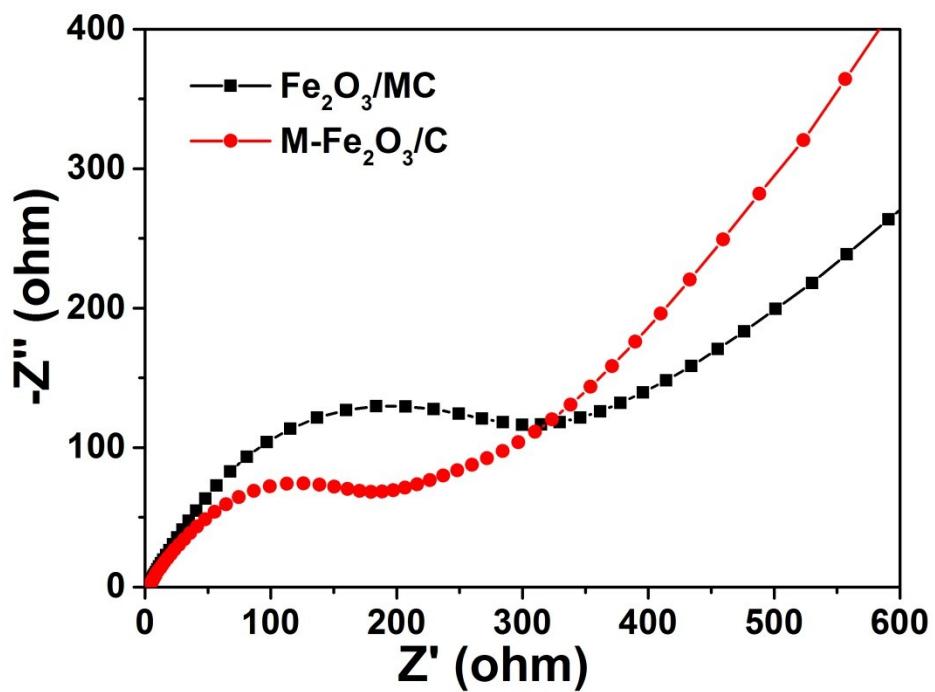
**Fig. S1** Thermogravimetric analysis (TGA) curves of the  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3/\text{MC}$  and  $\text{M-Fe}_2\text{O}_3/\text{C}$  composites.



**Fig. S2** Charge/discharge profiles for Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>/MC at 50 mA g<sup>-1</sup>.



**Fig. S3** Cycling performances of the M-Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>/C-1, M-Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>/C-2, and M-Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>/C composites with different Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> contents at 2000 mA g<sup>-1</sup>



**Fig. S4** EIS spectra of the  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3/\text{MC}$  and  $\text{M-Fe}_2\text{O}_3/\text{C}$  composites after 100th cycles at 200 mA g<sup>-1</sup>.