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Supplementary Information for the article "New amidinate complexes of indium(III): Promising CVD precursors for transparent and conductive In₂O₃ thin films"

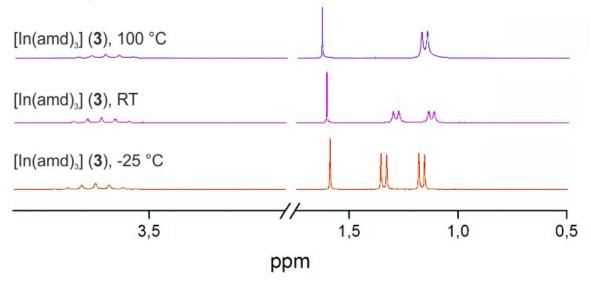


Figure S1: Temperature-dependent ¹H-NMR of compound **2**, [InMe(amd)₂].

Table S1: Overview of the fragments of complexes 1, 2 and 3 observed from EI-MS analysis.

	1		2		3	
	Mass	Rel. Int.	Mass	Rel.	Mass	Rel.
	(m/z)	(%)	(m/z)	Int.	(m/z)	Int.
Fragment				(%)		(%)
M ⁺	433	7	411	n.d.	538	n.d.
M ⁺ -CH ₃	417	10	397	13	523	n.d.
M ⁺ -Cl	397	32				
M+ -L	291	22	271	100	396	n.d.
M+- L-			241	18		
2x CH ₃						
L ⁺	141	100	141	46	142	24
cdi	127	3	127	n.d.	127	8
L- ⁱ Pr					99	5
L- N ⁱ Pr	84	76	84	77	84	13
L-N ⁱ Pr- CH ₃					70	15
N ⁱ Pr ⁺	58	17	58	15	58	63
′Pr+	43	18	43	20	42	100
CH ₂ -CH ₃ ⁺					28	25

 M^+ = molecular ion. L= $(N^i Pr)_2 CCH_3$. n.d. = not detected.

Scheme S1: Proposed fragmentation pattern for compound 1, $[InCl(amd)_2]$.

Scheme S2: Proposed fragmentation pattern for compound ${\bf 2}$, [InMe(amd)₂].

Scheme S 3: Proposed fragmentation pattern for compound ${\bf 3}$, [In(amd) $_3$].

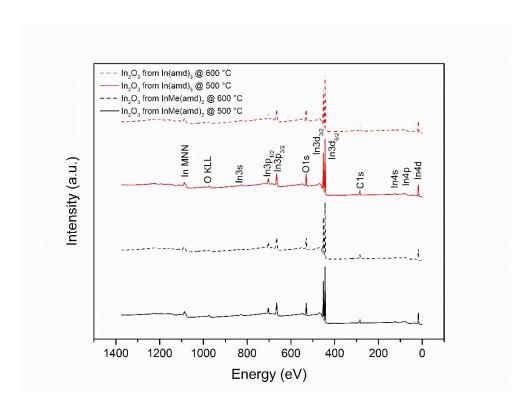


Figure S 2: XPS survey spectra (as received) of In₂O₃ thin films deposited at different temperatures using precursor compounds **2** and **3**.

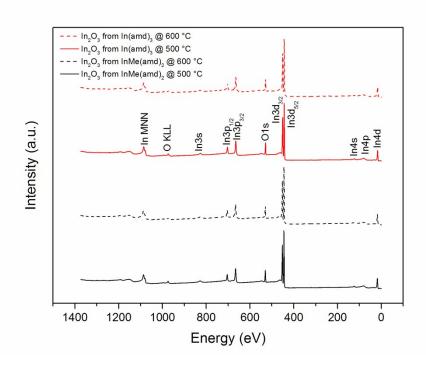


Figure S 3: XPS survey spectra after sputtering of ln_2O_3 thin films deposited at different temperatures using precursor compounds 2 and 3.