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Luminescent Tb(III) and Sm(III) complexes with a 1,4,7-triazacyclononane-based tris-aryloxide ligand for high-performance oxygen sensors

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Tables

Table S1 Crystallographic data for **1**Sm

1 Sm						
	1***					
Formula	$C_{37}H_{50}N_3O_4Sm$					
Fw	751.22					
Crystal system	triclinic					
Space group	P-1 (No. 2) 7.930(3)					
a (Å)						
b (Å)	14.405(5)					
c (Å)	16.407(4)					
α (deg)	68.230(11)					
β (deg)	76.869(14)					
γ (deg)	84.941(14)					
$V(\text{Å}^3)$	1694.9(10)					
Z	2					
μ (cm ⁻¹)	17.79					
F(000)	774.00					
$D_{ m calcd}({ m g/cm}^3)$	1.472					
Temperature (K)	93					
Reflections collected	20543					
Independent reflection	7698					
	$(R_{\rm int}=0.032)$					
Data/parameters	7698/412					
$R_1[I > 2\sigma(I)]$	0.0305					
wR_2 (all data)	0.0699					
Goodness-of-fit	1.099					

Table S2 Continuous shape measures (CSM) values calculated for the Sm^{3+} in 1^{Sm}

	HP-7	HPY-7	PBPY-7	COC-7	CTPR-7	JPBPY-7	JETPY-7
1 Sm	33.718	20.512	8.700	1.039	2.437	11.363	13.857
HP-7 (D _{7h}) Heptagon							
HPY-7 (C _{6v}) Hexagonal pyramid			ramid				

PBPY-7 (D_{5h}) Pentagonal bipyramid

COC-7 (C_{3v}) Monocapped octahedron (Capped octahedron)

CTPR-7 (C_{2v}) Monocapped trigonal prism (Capped trigonal prism)

JPBPY-7 (D_{5h}) Johnson pentagonal bipyramid (J13)

JETPY-7 (C_{3v}) Johnson elongated triangular pyramid (J7)

M, Llunell, D. Casanova, J. Cirera, P. Alemany and S. Alvarez, *SHAPE*, *version 2.1*, Barcelona, 2013.

D. Casanova, P. Alemany, J. M. Bofill and S. Alvarez, Chem. – Eur. J., 2003, 9, 1281.

Figures

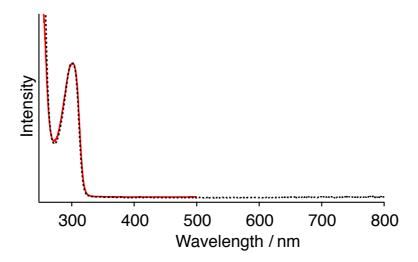


Fig. S1 Absorption (black dot) and excitation (red) spectra of 1Sm in THF at room temperature. The excitation spectrum was detected at 648 nm.

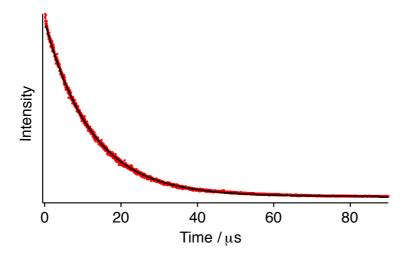


Fig. S2 Luminescence decay curve of 1^{Sm} under air (red, 12.2 µs) in THF at room temperature. The decay was monitored by a TBX-850 detector (250–850 nm) with a Y47 color filter ($\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 300 \text{ nm}$). Fitted by single exponential curve (black).

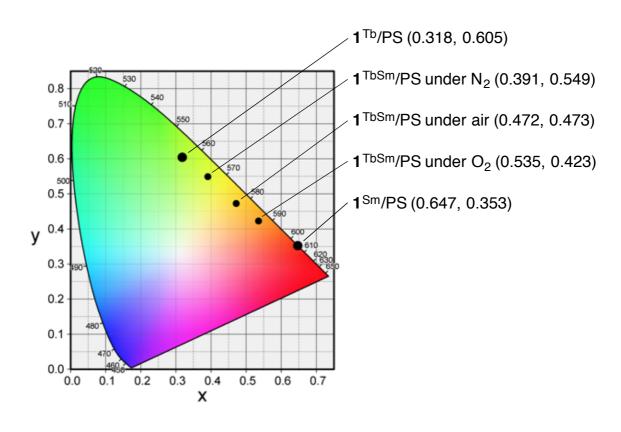


Fig. S3 CIE 1931 chromaticity diagram of $\mathbf{1}^{\text{Tb}}/\text{PS}$, $\mathbf{1}^{\text{Sm}}/\text{PS}$ and $\mathbf{1}^{\text{TbSm}}/\text{PS}$ ($\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 300 \text{ nm}$).

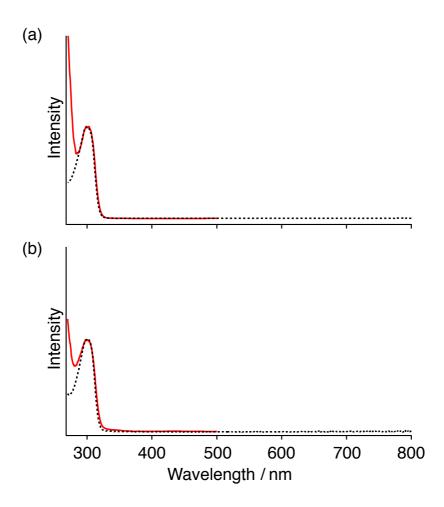


Fig. S4 Excitation spectra (red) of (a) $\mathbf{1}^{\text{Tb}}/\text{PS}$ and (b) $\mathbf{1}^{\text{Sm}}/\text{PS}$ at room temperature (Excitation spectra of $\mathbf{1}^{\text{Tb}}/\text{PS}$ and $\mathbf{1}^{\text{Sm}}/\text{PS}$ were detected at 547 and 647 nm, respectively) and absorption spectra (black dot) of (a) $\mathbf{1}^{\text{Tb}}$ and (b) $\mathbf{1}^{\text{Sm}}$ in THF at room temperature.

Legends of Supporting Videos

Video S1. Reversible changes of luminescent intensity of $\mathbf{1}^{\text{Tb}}/\text{PS}$ by alternating changes in the oxygen concentration ($\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 300 \text{ nm}$).

Video S2. Reversible changes of luminescent color of $\mathbf{1}^{\text{TbSm}}/\text{PS}$ by alternating changes in the oxygen concentration ($\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 300 \text{ nm}$).