Supporting Information

N-heterocyclic carbene adducts of the heavier group 15 tribromides. Normal to abnormal isomerism and bromide ion

abstraction.

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	[1]·2THF	[2]·0.5THF	[3][AlBr ₄]·0.5DCM	[4][AlBr ₄]·0.5DCM
Formula	$C_{35}H_{52}Br_3N_2O_2Sb$	$C_{29}H_{40}BiBr_3N_2O_{0.5}$	C27.5H37AlBr6ClN2Sb	C _{27.5} H ₃₇ AlBiBr ₆ ClN ₂
Fw [g mol ⁻¹]	894.26	873.34	1059.23	1146.46
Crystal system	Monoclinic	Monoclinic	Triclinic	Triclinic
Space group	$P2_{1}/n$	$P2_{1}/c$	PError!	PError!
<i>a</i> (Å)	12.9636(3)	35.3941(3)	12.2078(3)	12.2474(3)
<i>b</i> (Å)	20.2935(4)	17.9516(1)	17.4963(3)	17.4318(6)
<i>c</i> (Å)	14.3419(3)	20.0953(2)	18.3277(4)	18.3406(6)
α (°)	90	90	76.528(2)	77.136(2)
β (°)	96.532(2)	95.253(1)	79.988(2)	79.952(2)
γ (°)	90	90	81.945(2)	82.507(2)
$V(Å^3)$	3748.53(14)	12714.54(18)	3728.61(14)	3741.60(20)
Ζ	4	16	4	4
Radiation, λ (Å)	Cu Kα, 1.54184	Cu Kα, 1.54184	Cu Kα, 1.54184	Cu Ka, 1.54184
ρ_{calc} (g cm ⁻³)	1.585	1.825	1.887	2.035
$\mu (mm^{-1})$	9.821	15.457	14.440	17.789
Reflections collected	75905	202772	50023	41661
Independent reflections	7831	26537	15405	15503
Parameters	462	1293	694	679
R(int)	0.0673	0.0714	0.0410	0.0325
$R1/wR2$, ^[a] $I \ge 2\sigma I$ (%)	4.66/12.07	4.86/12.54	4.04/10.54	3.99/10.38
R1/wR2, ^[a] all data (%)	5.07/12.62	5.07/12.73	4.31/11.00	4.09/10.48
GOF	1.046	1.108	1.058	1.058

1. Single crystal X-ray diffraction data

^[a] R1 = $[\Sigma ||F_o| - |F_c||] / \Sigma |F_o|$; wR2 = { $[\Sigma w[(F_o)^2 - (F_c)^2]^2] / [\Sigma w(F_o^2)^2]^{1/2}$; w = $[\sigma^2(F_o)^2 + (AP)^2 + BP]^{-1}$, where P = $[(F_o)^2 + 2(F_c)^2] / 3$ and the A and B values are 0.0678 and 9.31 for [1]·2THF, 0.0589 and 167.06 for [2]·0.5THF, 0.0644 and 15.87 for [3][AlBr_4]·0.5DCM and 0.0620 and 16.80 for [4][AlBr_4]·0.5DCM.

	[5]·2THF	[6] ·2THF	[6]·0.5DCM	$[7][BAr^{F_4}] \cdot 4THF$
Formula	$C_{35}H_{52}Br_3N_2O_2Sb$	$C_{35}H_{52}BiBr_3N_2O_2$	$C_{27.5}H_{37}BiBr_3ClN_2$	$C_{75}H_{80}BBr_2F_{24}N_2O_4Sb$
Fw [g mol ⁻¹]	894.26	981.49	879.75	1821.79
Crystal system	Triclinic	Triclinic	Monoclinic	Triclinic
Space group	PError!	PError!	$P2_{1}/c$	PError!
<i>a</i> (Å)	11.8063(3)	11.105(2)	12.1007(2)	13.2348(2)
<i>b</i> (Å)	11.8231(2)	11.908(2)	35.0892(5)	16.9730(4)
<i>c</i> (Å)	15.2363(3)	15.263(3)	14.9693(2)	18.9206(4)
α (°)	98.938(2)	98.77(3)	90	72.072(2)
β (°)	101.958(2)	102.17(3)	98.858(1)	83.509(2)
γ (°)	95.680(2)	96.09(3)	90	87.014(2)
$V(\text{\AA}^3)$	1912.17(7)	1929.7(7)	6280.21(16)	4017.25(15)
Ζ	2	2	8	2
Radiation, λ (Å)	Cu Ka, 1.54184	Μο Κα, 0.71703	Cu Ka, 1.54184	Cu Ka, 1.54184
$\rho_{calc} (g \ cm^{-3})$	1.553	1.689	1.861	1.506
μ (mm ⁻¹)	9.626	7.705	16.405	4.802
Reflections collected	38814	31667	78548	81697
Independent reflections	7943	6703	13121	16691
Parameters	426	426	622	1092
R(int)	0.0402	0.0357	0.0549	0.0541
$R1/wR2$, ^[a] $I \ge 2\sigma I$ (%)	4.30/11.05	4.63/12.09	5.34/13.85	5.84/15.70
R1/wR2, ^[a] all data (%)	4.60/11.44	5.52/12.63	5.36/13.87	6.22/16.15
GOF	1.045	1.052	1.172	1.049

^[a] R1 = $[\Sigma ||F_o| - |F_c||] / \Sigma |F_o|$; wR2 = { $[\Sigma w[(F_o)^2 - (F_c)^2]^2] / [\Sigma w(F_o^2)^2]^{1/2}$; w = $[\sigma^2(F_o)^2 + (AP)^2 + BP]^{-1}$, where P = $[(F_o)^2 + 2(F_c)^2] / 3$ and the A and B values are 0.0584 and 3.77 for [**5**] · 2THF, 0.0751 and 4.26 for [**6**] · 2THF, 0.0781 and 40.31 for [**6**] · 0.5DCM and 0.0816 and 6.85 for [**7**][BArF_4] · 4THF.

	[8][BAr ^F ₄]·4.5THF	[9]Br·0.5THF	[9][AlBr ₄]
Formula	$C_{77}H_{84}BBiBr_2F_{24}N_2O_{4.5}$	$C_{56}H_{76}Br_3N_4O_{0.5}Sb$	C ₅₄ H ₇₂ AlBr ₆ N ₄ Sb
Fw [g mol ⁻¹]	1945.07	1174.68	1405.34
Crystal system	Triclinic	Monoclinic	Orthorhombic
Space group	PError!	$P2_{1}/n$	$P2_{1}2_{1}2_{1}$
<i>a</i> (Å)	12.7012(3)	14.8865(2)	10.5273(1)
<i>b</i> (Å)	18.9400(4)	18.9920(2)	18.6503(1)
<i>c</i> (Å)	19.7427(4)	20.8333(2)	30.8129(2)
α (°)	113.243(2)	90	90
β (°)	93.206(2)	98.610(1)	90
γ (°)	106.828(2)	90	90
$V(Å^3)$	4098.06(17)	5823.70(12)	6049.72(8)
Ζ	2	4	4
Radiation, λ (Å)	Cu Ka, 1.54184	Cu Ka, 1.54184	Cu Ka, 1.54184
$\rho_{calc} (g \ cm^{-3})$	1.576	1.340	1.543
μ (mm ⁻¹)	6.275	6.445	8.669
Reflections collected	83484	79376	63776
Independent reflections	16981	12155	12555
Parameters	1091	620	611
R(int)	0.0473	0.0359	0.0317
R1/wR2, ^[a] I $\ge 2\sigma I$ (%)	5.67/14.07	3.91/10.28	2.43/5.89
R1/wR2, ^[a] all data (%)	6.33/14.79	4.08/10.49	2.50/5.95
GOF	1.034	1.053	1.023

^[a] R1 = $[\Sigma ||F_o| - |F_c||] / \Sigma |F_o|$; wR2 = { $[\Sigma w[(F_o)^2 - (F_c)^2]^2 / [\Sigma w(F_o^2)^2]^{1/2}$; w = $[\sigma^2(F_o)^2 + (AP)^2 + BP]^{-1}$, where P = $[(F_o)^2 + 2(F_c)^2] / 3$ and the A and B values are 0.0643 and 14.41 for [8][BAr^F₄] · 4.5THF and 0.0569 and 8.14 [9]Br · 0.5THF and 0.0255 and 6.33 for [9][AlBr₄].

2. NMR spectra



Figure S1. ¹H NMR spectrum of 1 in d_8 -THF.



Figure S2. ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectrum of 1 in d_8 -THF.



Figure S3. ¹H NMR spectrum of **2** in d_8 -THF.



Figure S4. ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$ NMR spectrum of 2 in d_8 -THF.



Figure S5. ¹H NMR spectrum of [3][AlBr₄] in CD_2Cl_2 .



Figure S6. ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$ NMR spectrum of [3][AlBr₄] in CD₂Cl₂.



Figure S7. ¹H NMR spectrum of [4][AlBr₄] in CD₂Cl₂.



Figure S8. ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$ NMR spectrum of [4][AlBr₄] in CD₂Cl₂.



Figure S9. ¹H NMR spectrum of 5 in d_8 -THF.



Figure S10. ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectrum of 5 in d_8 -THF.



Figure S11. ¹H NMR spectrum of **6** in d_8 -THF.



Figure S12. ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectrum of 6 in d_8 -THF.



Figure S13. ¹H NMR spectrum of $[7][BArF_4]$ in CD_2Cl_2 .



Figure S14. ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectrum of [7][BAr^F₄] in CD₂Cl₂.



Figure S15. ¹H NMR spectrum of [8][BAr^F₄] in CD₂Cl₂.



Figure S16. ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectrum of [8][BAr^F₄] in CD₂Cl₂.



Figure S17. ¹H NMR spectrum of [9]Br in CD₂Cl₂.



Figure S18. ¹H NMR spectrum of $[9][BArF_4]$ in CD_2Cl_2 .



Figure S19. ¹H NMR spectrum of [9][AlBr₄] in CD₂Cl₂.



Figure S20. ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$ NMR spectrum of [9]Br in CD₂Cl₂.



Figure S21. ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectrum of [9][BAr^F₄] in CD₂Cl₂.



Figure S22. ¹³C $\{^{1}H\}$ NMR spectrum of [9][AlBr₄] in CD₂Cl₂.



Figure S23. ¹H NMR spectrum of $[10][BAr^{F_4}]_2$ in CD_2Cl_2 .



Figure S24. ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectrum of $[10][BArF_4]_2$ in CD_2Cl_2 .

3. ESI-MS spectra



Figure S25. Mass envelope observed for 3 in the positive ion mode ESI-MS spectrum of [3][AlBr₄].



Figure S26. Mass envelope observed for 4 in the positive ion mode ESI-MS spectrum of [4][AlBr₄].



Figure S27. Mass envelope observed for 7 in the positive ion mode ESI-MS spectrum of $[7][BAr^{F_4}]$.



Figure S28. Mass envelope observed for 8 in the positive ion mode ESI-MS spectrum of $[8][BAr^{F_4}]$.



Figure S29. Mass envelope observed for 9 in the positive ion mode ESI-MS spectrum of $[9][BAr^{F_4}]$.



Figure S30. Mass envelope observed for 10 in the positive ion mode ESI-MS spectrum of $[10][BAr^{F_4}]_2$.

4. Computational details

DFT computations were performed using Gaussian 09, Revision D.01,^[1] implementing the hybrid functional PBE1PBE. 6-31G(d,p) basis sets were used for all atoms except Br, Sb and Bi for which the fully relativistic energy-consistent pseudopotentials (ECPs)^[2] were employed (ECP28MDF for Br, ECP46MDF for Sb and ECP78MDF for Bi), along with the corresponding basis set.^[3] Stationary points were confirmed to be minima by the absence of imaginary frequencies.

Compound	Total Energy (<i>E</i> _h)		
$(IPr)SbBr_3(1)$	-1204.40114744		
$(IPr)BiBr_3(2)$	-1204.44905838		
[(IPr)BiBr ₃] ₂	-2408.91938598		
[(IPr)BiBr ₃] ₂ (planar)	-2408.91895308		
$(aIPr)SbBr_3(5)$	-1204.40490314		
[(aIPr)SbBr ₃] ₂	-2408.84075052		
(aIPr)BiBr ₃ (6)	-1204.44859133		
[(aIPr)BiBr ₃] ₂	-2408.93166563		
$[(aIPr \cdot 2THF)SbBr_2]^+ (7 \cdot 2THF)$	-1655.19966022		
[(aIPr·2THF)BiBr ₂] ⁺ (8·2THF)	-1655.24512671		
THF	-232.18530508		
$[(aIPr)_2SbBr_2]^+$ (9)	-2349.56172240		
[(aIPr) ₂ SbBr ₂]Br ([9]Br)	-2363.13213460		
$[(aIPr)_2BiBr_2]^+$	-2349.58662421		
[(aIPr) ₂ BiBr ₂]Br	-2363.15616954		
Br [_]	-13.46013171		
IPr	-1158.68915469		
$[(aIPr)_2SbBr]^{2+}$ (10)	-2335.86557689		

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