Electronic supplementary information (ESI)

One-pot synthesis of imidazolinium salts *via* ring opening of tetrahydrofuran

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1. General Information

NMR spectra were recorded on Bruker DRX400 and 500 MHz NMR spectrometers. Chemical Shifts are reported in parts per million (ppm) downfield from tetramethylsilane (TMS) with reference to internal solvent for ¹H NMR. Spectra are reported as follows: chemical shift (ppm), integration, multiplicity and coupling constant (Hz). (Multiplicities are abbreviated as follows: singlet (s), doublet (d), triplet (t), and multiplet (m)). High resolution mass spectra were recorded at Center for Mass Spectrometry, Nanjing University. The imidazolinium salts were detected by electrospray ionization mass spectral (ESI-MS) measurements on an LCQ System (FinneganMAT, USA) using a mixing solution of methanol and water (1:1) as mobile phase. Compounds are named according to their entry number in Tables 2 and 3. All commercial chemicals were used as obtained without further purification.

X-ray diffraction measurements for complex $[HgI_2(IM1)_2][Hg_2I_6]$ 2H₂O were performed on a Rigaku RAXIS-RAPID Imaging Plate diffractometer with graphite-monochromated Mo-K*a* radiation (λ = 0.71075 Å) at 200 K. The structure was solved by direct method using SIR92 program and refined by the full-matrix least-square technique on F^2 with SHELXL-2016/6 program. All non-hydrogen atoms were refined anisotropically. The hydrogen atoms except for the ones of water molecules were generated geometrically and refined using a riding model. Details of the crystal parameters, data collection and refinements are summarized in Table S1. Selected bond lengths and angles are listed in Table S2.

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2. Experimental Procedures and Compound Characterizations

2.1 General Procedure for the Preparation of DiSchiff-Base

To diamine (15 mmol) in dry 120 mL ethanol was added the corresponding aldehyde (30 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred and refluxed for 24 hours. The solid products were directly filtered and rinsed with cold ethanol and heptanes, which were further purified by recrystallization in the ethanol. For N,N'-dibenzylideneethane-1,2-diamine, the solid products were obtained by distilling the ethanol off, which were further purified by recrystallization in the petroleum ether (60 ~ 90 °C).

N,*N*'-Dibenzylideneethane-1,2-diamine

Prepared according to the above general procedure in 91% yield as a yellow solid.

N,*N*'-Di(4-methylbenzylidene)ethane-1,2-diamine

Prepared according to the above general procedure in 92% yield as a white solid. N,N'-Bis(4-cyanobenzylidene)ethane-1,2-diamine

Prepared according to the above general procedure in 87% yield as a white solid.

N, N'-Bis(4-hydroxybenzylidene)ethane-1,2-diamine

Prepared according to the above general procedure in 95% yield as a white solid.

N,*N*'-Bis(4-methoxybenzylidene)ethane-1,2-diamine

Prepared according to the above general procedure in 83% yield as a yellow solid.

N, N'-Bis(4-dimethylaminobenzylidene)ethane-1,2-diamine

Prepared according to the above general procedure in 92% yield as a light yellow solid.

2.2 Procedure for the Preparation of TetrahydrodiSchiff-Base

The above-mentioned dischiff-base (20 mmol) was dissolved in a mixture of methanol (15 mL) and dichloromethane (10 mL). Then, the NaBH₄ (92 mmol) was added gradually over 1 h. The mixture was stirred until TLC showed the reaction to be complete. After the completion of the reaction, the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure and the residue diluted with water and extracted with chloroform. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered to remove inorganic salt and distilled to give the expected compound.

N,*N*'-Bis[4-(oxazolin-2-yl)benzyl]ethane-1,2-diamine (DAM1)

10 mmol of DAM7 is heated with 30 mmol of amino alcohol and 1 mmol of ZnCl₂ catalyst in the chlorobenzene (100 ml) under reflux. The mixture was stirred until TLC showed the reaction to be complete. After the completion of the reaction, the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure and the residue diluted with water and extracted with chloroform. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered to remove inorganic salt and distilled to give a yellow solid with 37% yield.

N,*N*'-Dibenzylethane-1,2-diamine (DAM5)

Prepared according to the above general procedure in 88% yield as a yellow liquid. N_N' -Bis(4-methylbenzyl)ethane-1,2-diamine (DAM6)

Prepared according to the above general procedure in 84% yield as a yellow solid.

N,*N*'-Bis(4-cyanobenzyl)ethane-1,2-diamine (DAM7)

Prepared according to the above general procedure in 81% yield as a yellow solid.

N,*N*'-Bis(4-hydroxybenzyl)ethane-1,2-diamine (DAM8)

Prepared according to the above general procedure in 91% yield as a white solid.

N,*N*'-Bis(4-methoxybenzyl)ethane-1,2-diamine (DAM9)

Prepared according to the above general procedure in 91% yield as a white solid.

N,*N*'-Bis(4-dimethylaminobenzyl)ethane-1,2-diamine (DAM10)

Prepared according to the above general procedure in 91% yield as a white solid.

Imidazolinium and tetrahydropyrimidinium Salts:



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2.3 General Procedure for the Preparation of Imidazolinium Salts

0.2 mmol DAM and 0.4 mmol HgI₂ were dissolved in the corresponding cyclic ether and then, the mixture was sealed in the pressure-resistant 30 ml Teflon-lined autoclave and heated at 100 \degree for 12 hours. It is worth mentioning that the reactions in different gas atmosphere were carried out in the 50 ml glass Schlenk tube at 80 \degree for safety.

IM1

Prepared according to the above general procedure in 55% yield as a yellow solid. ESI-MS: m/z = 447.3. HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for $C_{26}H_{31}N_4O_3$ [M]⁺: 447.2391; found: 447.2394.

¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO): 7.92 (d, J = 10.5 Hz, 4H), 7.52 (d, J = 10.5 Hz, 4H), 4.84 (s, 4H), 4.42 (t, J = 12.0 Hz, 4H), 3.98 (t, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 3.72 (s, 4H), 3.48 – 3.52 (m, 2H), 2.91 (t, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 1.66 – 1.73 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (500 MHz, DMSO): 169.19, 162.59, 137.40, 128.21, 128.07, 127.33, 67.48, 59.22, 54.43, 49.66, 47.49, 28.68, 20.39.

IM2

Prepared according to the above general procedure in 78% yield as a yellow solid. ESI-MS: m/z 157.17. HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for $C_8H_{17}N_2O$ [M]⁺: 157.1335; found: 157.1335. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO): 3.80 (s, 4H), 3.48 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 3.09 (s, 6H), 2.65 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 1.71 – 1.64 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (500 MHz, DMSO): 167.88, 59.07, 49.20, 33.58, 27.42, 19.86.

IM3

Prepared according to the above general procedure in 66% yield as a yellow solid. ESI-MS: m/z = 185.33. HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for $C_{10}H_{21}N_2O$ [M]⁺: 185.1648; found: 185.1649. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO): 3.83 (s, 4H), 3.46 – 3.52 (m, 6H), 2.65 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 1.62 – 1.69 (m, 2H), 1.19 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 6H). ¹³C NMR (500 MHz, DMSO): 167.01, 59.13, 46.21, 41.00, 28.35, 19.80, 12.82.

IM5

Prepared according to the above general procedure in 74% yield as a yellow solid. ESI-MS: 309.42. HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for $C_{20}H_{25}N_2O$ [M]⁺: 309.1961; found: 309.1963. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO): δ 7.39 – 7.46 (m, 10H), 4.78 (s, 4H), 3.71 (s, 4H), 3.54 (t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 2.94 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 1.75 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (500 MHz, DMSO): 168.60, 133.69, 128.85, 128.20, 127.87, 59.19, 49.90, 47.24, 28.71, 20.34.

Prepared according to the above general procedure in 53% yield as a yellow solid. ESI-MS: 337.50. HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for $C_{22}H_{29}N_2O$ [M]⁺: 337.2274; found: 337.2278. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO): δ 7.23 – 7.30 (m, 8H), 4.70 (s, 4H), 3.66 (s, 4H), 3.54 (m, 2H), 2.93 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 2.32 (s, 6H), 1.71 – 1.79 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (500 MHz, DMSO): 168.24, 137.47, 130.56, 129.37, 127.92, 59.17, 49.64, 47.07, 28.73, 20.82, 20.29.

IM8

Prepared according to the above general procedure in 41% yield as a yellow solid. ESI-MS: m/z =341.25. HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for $C_{20}H_{25}N_2O_3$ [M]⁺: 341.1860; found: 341.1860. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO): 7.19 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 4H), 6.79 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 4H), 4.60 (s, 4H), 3.61 (s, 4H), 3.54 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 2.92 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 1.71 – 1.79 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (500 MHz, DMSO): 167.81, 157.35, 129.65, 123.59, 115.57, 59.26, 49.47, 46.85, 28.80, 20.26.

IM9

Prepared according to the above general procedure in 51% yield as a yellow solid. ESI-MS: m/z =369.33. HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for $C_{22}H_{29}N_2O_3$ [M]⁺: 369.2173; found: 369.2176. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO): 7.32 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 4H), 6.97 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 4H), 4.66 (s, 4H), 3.75 (s, 6H), 3.63 (s, 4H), 3.55 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 2.94 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 1.71 – 1.82 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (500 MHz, DMSO): 167.91, 159.07, 129.59, 125.37, 114.21, 59.22, 55.29, 49.35, 46.91, 28.78, 20.78, 20.30.

TP11

Prepared according to the above general procedure in 82% yield as a yellow solid. ESI-MS: m/z= 171.25. HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for C₉H₁₉N₂O [M]⁺: 171.1492; found: 171.1491. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO): 4.75 (t, J = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 3.50 (dd, $J_1 = 11.0$, $J_2 = 5.4$ Hz, 2H), 3.42 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 4H), 3.21 (s, 6H), 2.69 (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 1.96 – 2.02 (m, 2H), 1.65 – 1.72 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (500 MHz, DMSO): 163.83, 59.05, 47.95, 40.33, 27.60, 25.07, 18.59.

IM14

Prepared according to the above general procedure in 63% yield as a yellow solid. ESI-MS: m/z= 171.33. HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for C₉H₁₉N₂O [M]⁺: 171.1492; found: 171.1491. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO): 3.81 (s, 4H), 3.45 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.09 (s, 6H), 2.62 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.53 – 1.57 (m, 4H). ¹³C NMR (500 MHz, DMSO): 167.99, 59.86, 49.37, 33.43,

31.24, 22.48, 21.43.

2.4 General procedure for the catalysed aza-Diels-Alder reaction in acetonitrile

N-Benzylideneaniline (0.2 mmol) and the imidazolinium salt catalyst in Table 6 (0.02 mmol, 10 mol%) were placed into a Schlenk flask under nitrogen. The reaction mixture was dissolved in dry acetonitrile (2 ml) and Danishefsky's diene (0.2 mmol) was added. After 18 h stirring at room temperature, the mixture was distilled off under reduced pressure. TLC (PE-EtOAc, 1:2) gave the desired product.

3. References

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4. Tables and Schemes

Crystal data of [HgI₂(IM1)₂][Hg₂I₆] 2H₂O are listed in Tables S1 and S2.

Compound	$[HgI_2(IM1)_2][Hg_2I_6] 2H_2O$
Empirical formula	$C_{52}H_{66}Hg_3I_8N_8O_8$
Formula weight	2548.09
Crystal system	monoclinic
Space group	C2/c
a /Å	16.055(6)
b/Å	20.351(9)
c /Å	22.103(7)
β / °	96.976(12)
$V(\text{\AA}^3)$	7168(5)
Ζ	4
$Dc (g cm^{-3})$	2.361
$\mu (\mathrm{mm}^{-1})$	9.905
<i>F</i> (000)	4648
$2 heta_{ m max}$ / °	50
Reflns. collected	24896
Independent reflns.	6280
R _{int}	0.0646
Parameters refined	389
Goodness-of-fit	1.166
$R_1, w R_2^{[a]}(I > 2\sigma(I))$	0.0912, 0.2039
$R_1, w R_2^{[a]}$ (all data)	0.1109, 0.2116

Table S1. Crystal data and refinement results for complex $[HgI_2(IM1)_2][Hg_2I_6] 2H_2O^a$

 ${}^{a}R_{1} = \Sigma ||Fo| - |Fc||/|Fo|; wR_{2} = [\Sigma w (\Sigma Fo^{2} - Fc^{2})^{2}/\Sigma w (Fo^{2})^{2}]^{1/2}.$

Hg(1)-I(1)	2.687(2)	Hg(1)-I(2)	2.7278(19)
Hg(1)-I(3)	2.9232(18)	$Hg(1)-I(3)^{\#1}$	2.933(2)
Hg(2)-N(201)	2.46(4)	Hg(2)-N(101) ^{#2}	2.60(3)
Hg(2)-I(5)	2.652(4)	Hg(2)-I(4)	2.677(4)
N(1)-C(3)	1.29(2)	N(2)-C(3)	1.31(3)
I(1)-Hg(1)-I(2)	117.83(7)	I(1)-Hg(1)-I(3)	111.42(7)
I(2)-Hg(1)-I(3)	112.80(6)	$I(1)-Hg(1)-I(3)^{\#1}$	114.24(6)
$I(2)-Hg(1)-I(3)^{\#1}$	107.91(6)	$I(3)-Hg(1)-I(3)^{\#1}$	89.07(5)
N(201)-Hg(2)-N(101) ^{#2}	107.9(9)	N(201)-Hg(2)-I(5)	101.5(11)
N(101) ^{#2} -Hg(2)-I(5)	106.4(4)	N(201)-Hg(2)-I(4)	103.7(10)
N(101) ^{#2} -Hg(2)-I(4)	102.0(5)	I(5)-Hg(2)-I(4)	133.52(15)

Table S2. Selected bond lengths [Å] and angles [\degree] for [HgI₂(IM1)₂][Hg₂I₆] $2H_2O^a$

^{*a*} Symmetry transformation used to generate equivalent atoms: #1 -x+1/2, -y+3/2, -z+1; #2 x, -y+1, z-1/2.

 NH HN— - DAM2	$+ \underbrace{\frown}_{\text{air, 100 °C, 12h}}^{\text{Hgl}_2} 2 \underbrace{\frown}_{\text{N}}^{\text{N}}$.N +) -N IM2		
Entry	n(Hgl ₂)/mmol	Yield (%)		
1	0.05	31		
2	0.1	45		
3	0.2	53		
4	0.4	78		

Table S3. Synthesis of Imidazolinium Salt (IM2)^[a,b]

^[a] Reactions were carried out with DAM2 (0.2 mmol), THF (8 mL) and Hgl₂ with different amount at 100 °C for 12 hours.
 ^[b] Yield determined by ¹H NMR spectroscopy.

н ни—+ рам2	cyclic ethers 2 equ air, 10	$\frac{\text{uiv Hgl}_2}{10^{\circ}\text{C},12\text{h}} 2 \xrightarrow{N}_{N}$	-R−OH[Hg ₂ I ₆] ²⁻
Entry	Cyclic ethers	Product	Yield (%)
1	<u>م</u>	IM12	0
2		IM13	0
3	O	IM14	63
4	$\begin{bmatrix} 0\\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$	IM15	trace

Table S4. Synthesis of imidazolinium salts using cyclic ethers^[a,b]

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^[a] Reactions were carried out with DAM2 (0.2 mmol), cyclic ethers (8 mL) and Hgl₂(0.4 mmol) at 100 °C for 12 hours. ^[b] Yield determined by ¹H NMR spectroscopy.

Table S5. S	Synthesis	of imidazolinium	salt (IM2)	using	various	salts ^[a,b]
	Jynuicois	or minuazonnum	$\operatorname{Surt}(\operatorname{IIVI}_{\mathcal{L}})$	using	various	Sans

NH NH DA	$HN + 4 \xrightarrow{O} \frac{2 \text{ equ}}{\text{air, 100}}$	iv salts 0 °C,12h 2 N N N	Он[Hg ₂ I ₆] ²⁻ + нд и2
_	Entry	Salts	Yield (%)
	1	NaCl	1.5
	2	NaBr	2
	3	NaNO ₂	2
	4	NaNO ₃	2
	5	NaOAc	0
	6	NaBF ₄	2
	7	NaClO ₄	1.5
	8	NaEtBr	2

 $^{[a]}$ Reactions were carried out with DAM2 (0.2 mmol), THF (8 mL) and various salts (0.4 mmol) at 100 $^\circ C$ for 12 hours.

^[b] Yield determined by ¹H NMR spectroscopy.

	-NH HN + 2 ecDAM2 + 30	$\frac{\text{quiv Hgl}_2}{^\circ\text{C}, 12\text{h}} \sim 2 \left(\begin{array}{c} N \\ + \\ N \\ N \end{array} \right) \text{IM2}$	` ОН[Hg ₂ I ₆] ²⁻ + Hg
_	Entry	Atmosphere	Yield (%)
	1	air	29
	2	Ar	3
	3	N ₂	3
	4	O ₂	5
	5	CO ₂	3
	6	O ₂ /CO ₂ (V/V=1:1)	65
	7	O ₂ /HOAc	18

Table S6. Synthesis of imidazolinium salt (IM2) under different gas atmospheres^[a,b]

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^[a] Reactions were carried out with DAM2 (0.2 mmol), THF (8 mL) and HgI₂ (0.4 mmol) in a 50 ml glass Schlenk tube at 80 °C in different atmosphere for 12 hours.

^[b] Yield determined by ¹H NMR spectroscopy.

Scheme S1. Synthesis of imidazolinium salt (IM2) with 1:5 ratio of DAM2 and THF





5. ESI-MS and NMR spectra of the synthesized compounds

Fig. S1 ESI-MS spectrum of the reaction solution which come from the direct reaction of DAM2 and THF without any other reagents, showing the peak of imidazolidine IM $2+H^+$ (m/z = 159.50).



Fig. S2 ESI-MS spectrum of the reaction solution which come from the reaction of DAM2 and THF in the presence of NaOAc, showing the peak of imidazolidine IM $2+H^+$ (m/z = 159.42).





Fig. S3 ESI-MS spectrum of IM1.



Fig. S4 ¹H NMR spectrum of IM1.



Fig. S5 ¹³C NMR spectrum of IM1.



Fig. S6 ESI-MS spectrum of IM2.



Fig. S7 ¹H NMR spectrum of IM2.



Fig. S8¹³C NMR spectrum of IM2.



Fig. S9 ESI-MS spectrum of IM3.





Fig. S10 ¹H NMR spectrum of IM3.



Fig. S11 ¹³C NMR spectrum of IM3.



Fig. S12 ESI-MS spectrum of IM5.







Fig. S14 ¹³C NMR spectrum of IM5.



Fig. S15 ESI-MS spectrum of IM6.



Fig. S16 ¹H NMR spectrum of IM6.



Fig. S17¹³C NMR spectrum of IM6.



Fig. S18 ESI-MS spectrum of IM8.

 $\begin{pmatrix} 7.20 \\ 6.78 \\ 6.78 \\ 6.78 \\ 6.78 \\ 3.56 \\ 3.56 \\ 3.56 \\ 3.56 \\ 3.56 \\ 1.77$

IM8



Fig. S20¹³C NMR spectrum of IM8.



Fig. S21 ESI-MS spectrum of IM9.





Fig. S22 ¹H NMR spectrum of IM9.



Fig. S23 ¹³C NMR spectrum of IM9.



Fig. S24 ESI-MS spectrum of TP11.









Fig. S26¹³C NMR spectrum of TP11.



Fig. S27 ESI-MS spectrum of IM14.



Fig. S28 ¹H NMR spectrum of IM14.



Fig. S30 ESI-MS spectrum of the synthesized imidazolinium salts, showing the peak (m/z = 582.75) of counter anions $[Hg_2I_6]^{2^-}$.