

Supplementary Information to accompany:

Slow magnetisation relaxation in tetraoxolene-bridged rare-earth complexes

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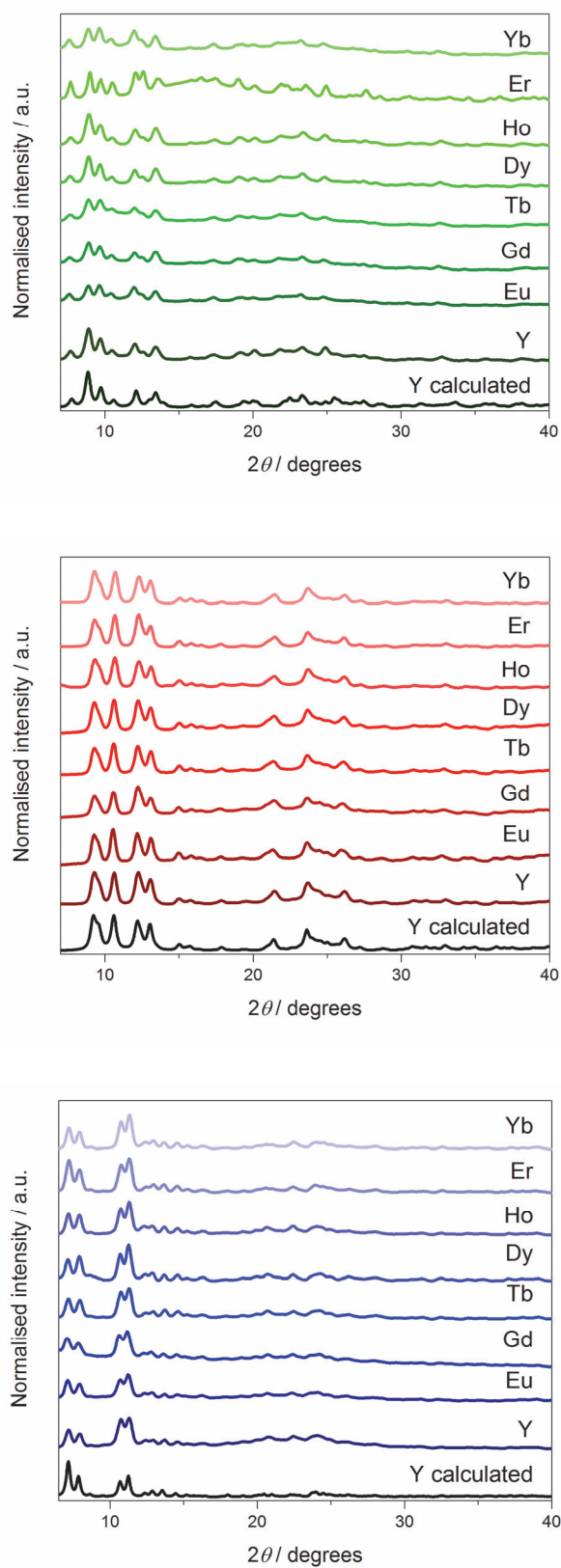


Fig. S1 Powder X-ray diffraction data for **1-RE**·2CH₂Cl₂ (top), **2-RE**, (middle) and **3-RE**·*x*CH₂Cl₂ (bottom, *x* = 0-2).

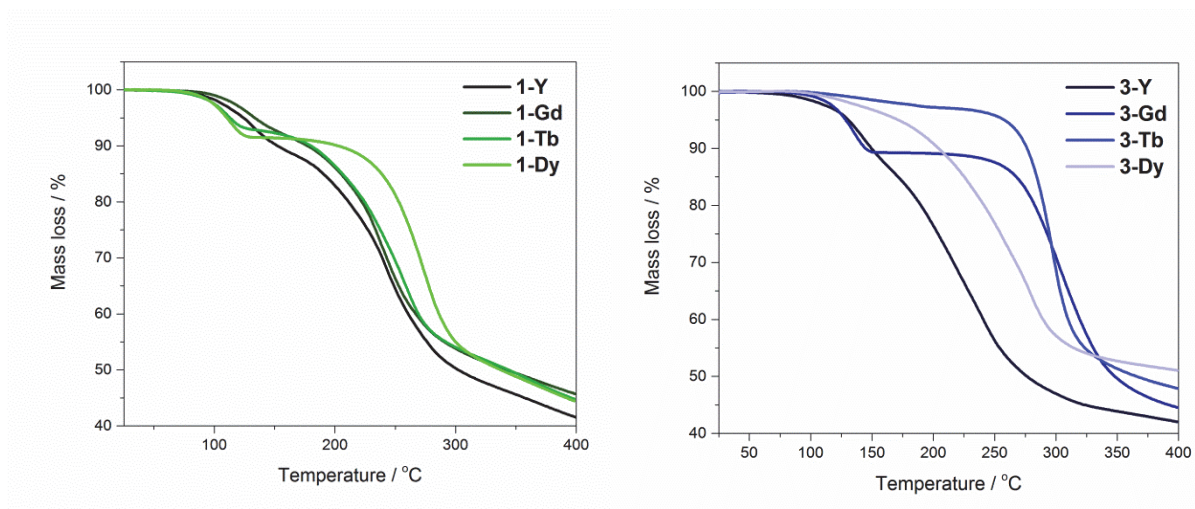


Fig. S2 Thermogravimetric analysis data for **1-RE**·2CH₂Cl₂ (left) and **3-RE**·xCH₂Cl₂ (right) at a ramp rate of 5°C min⁻¹.

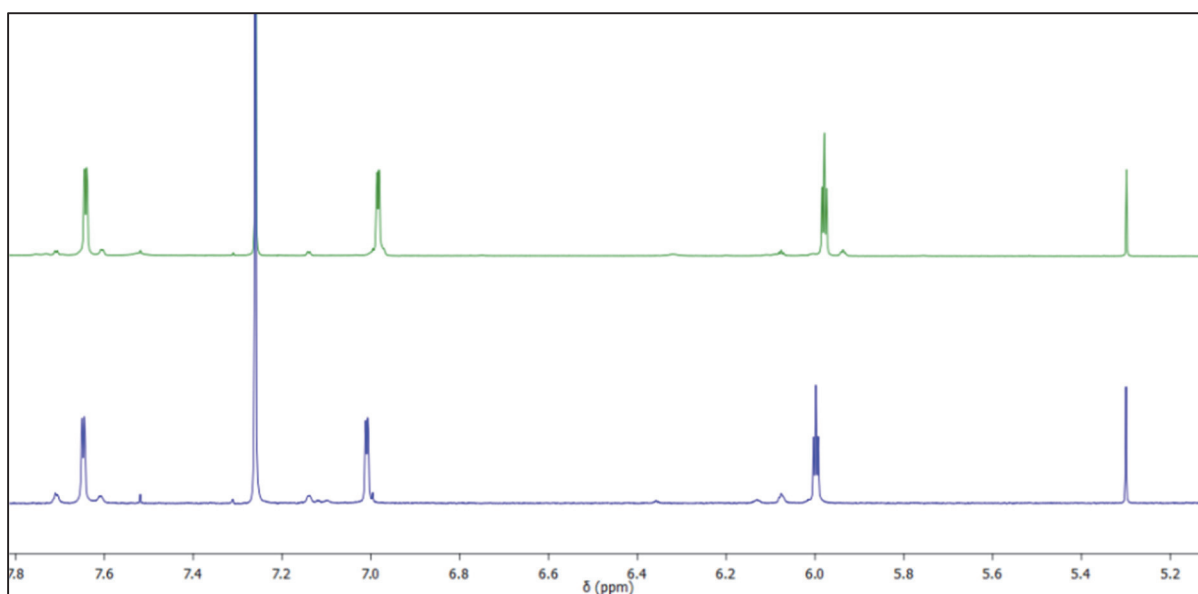


Fig. S3 ¹H NMR spectra of **1-Y**·2CH₂Cl₂ (top) and **3-Y**·1.2CH₂Cl₂ (bottom) in CDCl₃, showing the CH₂Cl₂ solvent peak at 5.3 ppm.

Table S1 SHAPE parameters for the rare earth centres in **1-Y**·2Me₂CO, **1-Y**·2CH₂Cl₂, **Dy**·2CH₂Cl₂, **2-Y**, **3-Y**·1.2CH₂Cl₂, **4-Y**·3.5MeOH and **5-Y**·5MeOH.

Shape	1-Y ·2Me ₂ CO	1-Y ·2CH ₂ Cl ₂	1-Dy ·2CH ₂ Cl ₂	2-Y	3-Y ·1.2CH ₂ Cl ₂	4-Y ·3.5MeOH	5-Y ·5MeOH
parameter ^a							
Square antiprism	1.818	2.174	2.254	0.801	0.594, 0.720	1.950	2.216, 1.710
Triangular dodecahedron	0.900	0.763	0.774	1.242	2.447, 1.655	1.414	1.216, 1.622

^a The closer the index to zero, the less the distortion from the ideal symmetry.^{1,2}

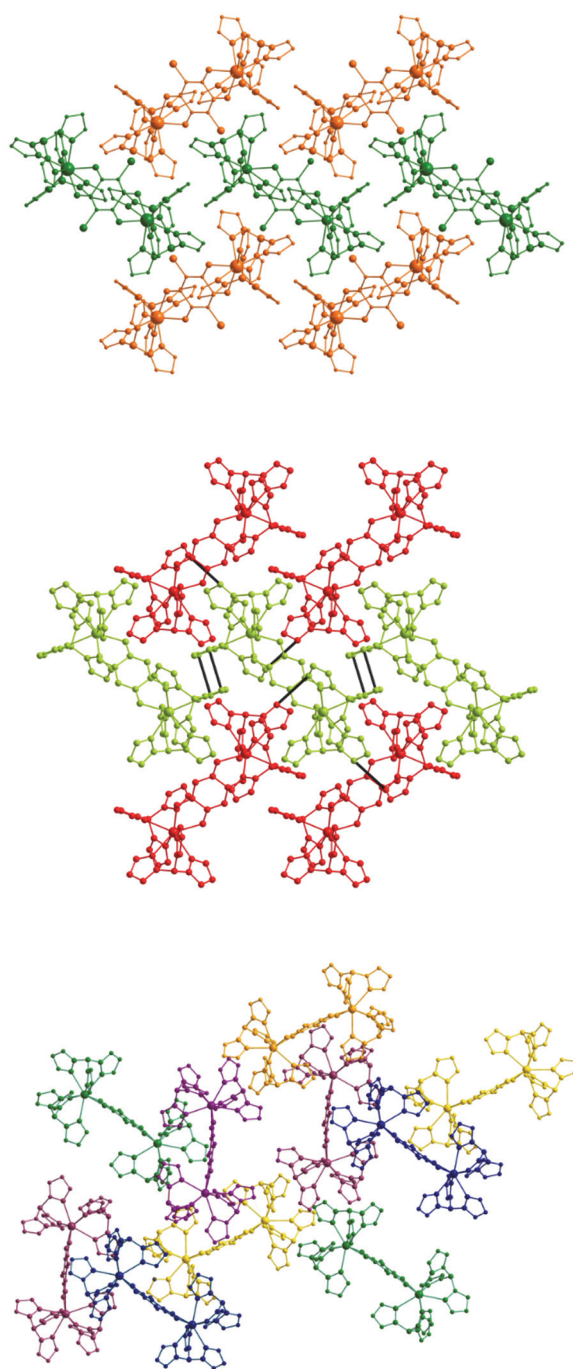
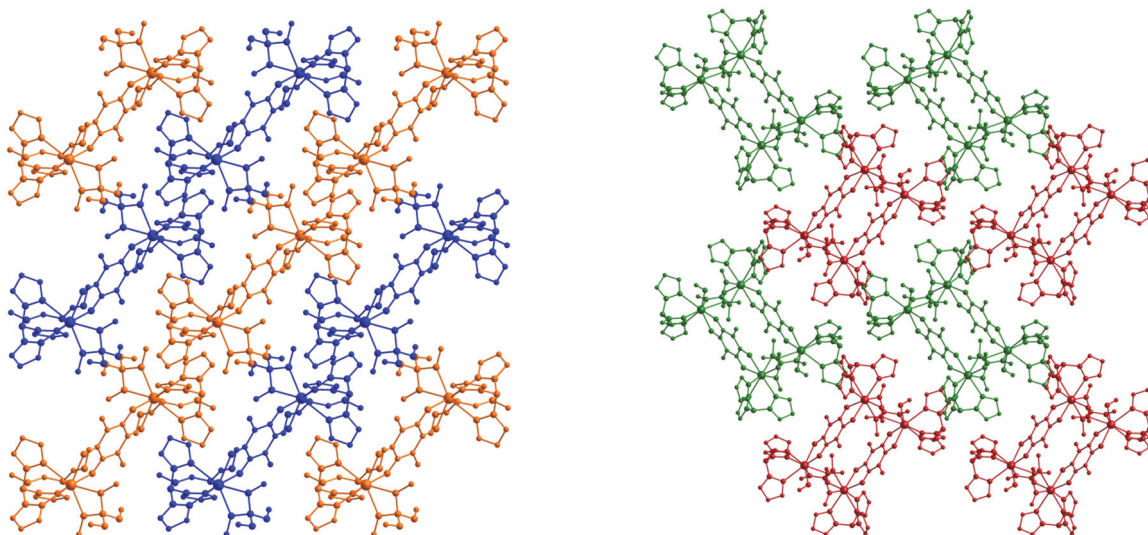


Fig. S4 Crystal packing diagrams for **1-Y**·2Me₂CO (top), **2-Y** (middle) and **3-Y**·1.2CH₂Cl₂ (bottom); solvent has been omitted for clarity.

Table S2 Selected interatomic distances (Å) for **4-Y**·3.5MeOH and **5-Y**·5MeOH.

Distance ^a	4-Y·3.5MeOH	5-Y·5MeOH	
		Y ₁	Y ₂
Y-O ₁ (O ₃)	2.3379(26)	2.2866(24)	2.3033(26)
Y-O ₂ (O ₄)	2.3521(26)	2.3708(26)	2.3398(23)
Y-O ₃ (O ₅ , O ₇)	2.3210(24)	2.3224(24)	2.3853(23)
Y-O ₄ (O ₆ , O ₈)	2.3509(31)	2.3963(21)	2.3414(22)
Y-O _{MeOH}	2.3429(31)	2.3173(27)	2.3654(28)
Y-N ₂ (N ₈)	2.4483(32)	2.4505(25)	2.4317(26)
Y-N ₄ (N ₁₀)	2.4745(44)	2.4659(32)	2.4683(33)
Y-N ₆ (N ₁₂)	2.4952(30)	2.5095(31)	2.4798(31)
O ₁ -C ₁₀ (C ₁₉)	1.2600(47)	1.2701(40)	
O ₂ -C ₁₂ (C ₂₀)	1.2677(44)	1.2587(39)	
C ₁₁ -C ₁₂ (C ₁₉ -C ₂₁)	1.4003(55)	1.3961(44)	
C ₁₀ -C ₁₂ (C ₂₁ -C ₂₃)	1.5263(62)	1.4010(53)	
Intramolecular Y···Y	8.5765(9)	6.0860(5)	
Intermolecular Y···Y ²	8.3188(8)	9.7290(6)	

^a In brackets are corresponding atom labels for **5-Y**·5MeOH

**Fig. S5** Crystal packing diagrams for **4-Y**·3.5MeOH (left) and **5-Y**·5MeOH (right) ; solvent and counterions have been omitted for clarity.

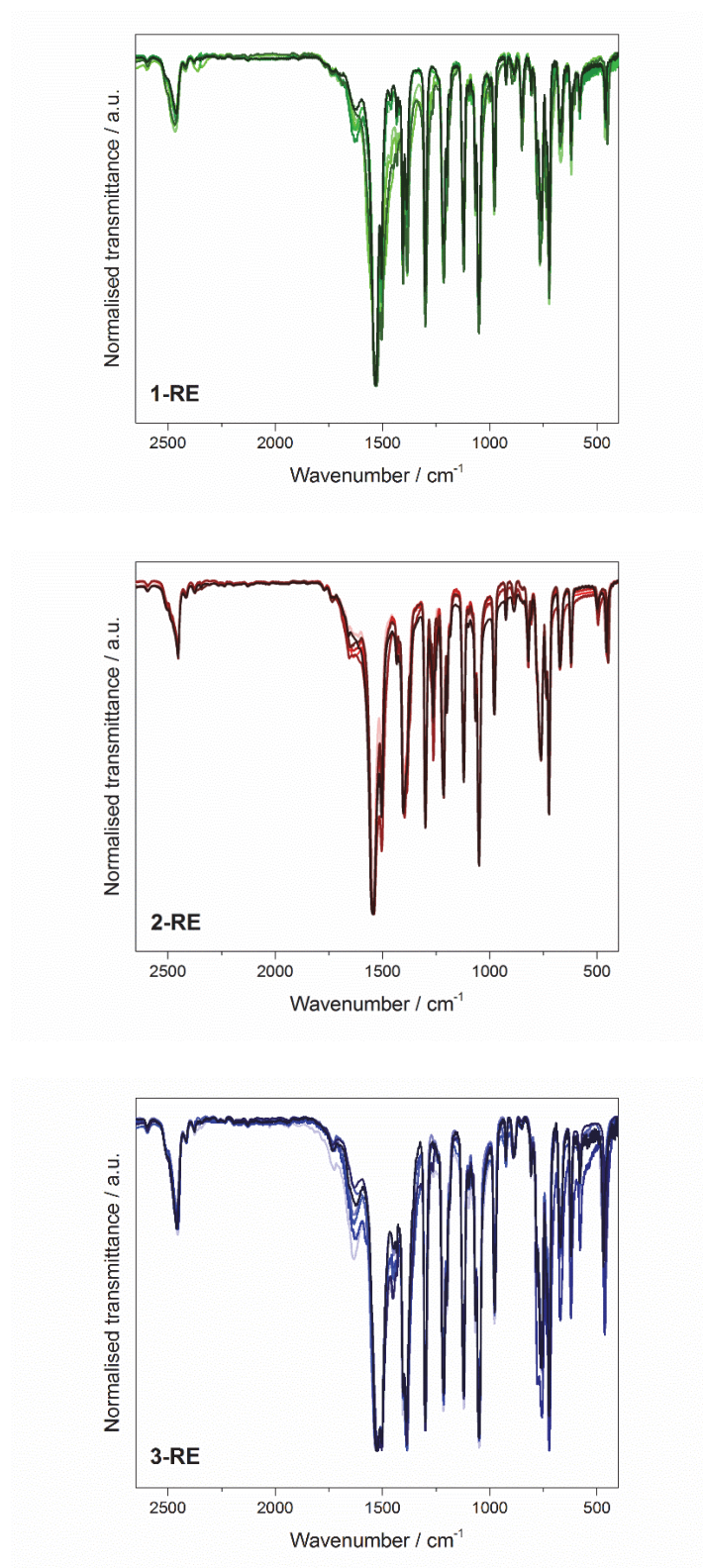


Fig. S6 Infrared spectra of **1-RE**·2CH₂Cl₂ (top), **2-RE** (middle) and **3-RE**·xCH₂Cl₂ (bottom) as KBr disks; the spectra are coloured from Y (darkest) to Yb (lightest).

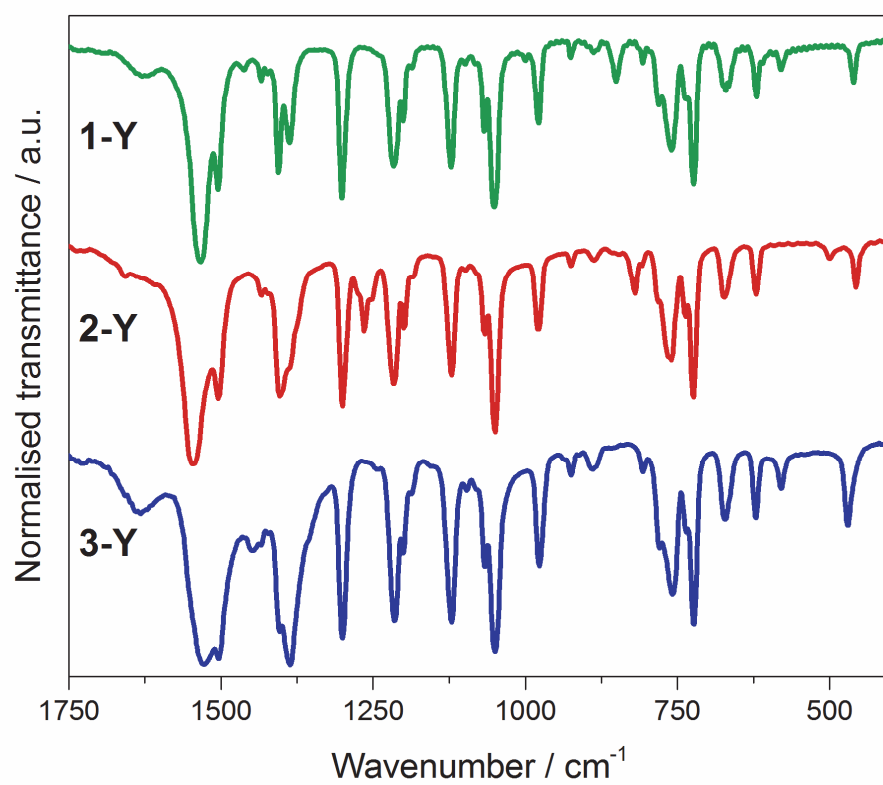


Fig. S7 Comparison of infrared spectra in the fingerprint region 400–1750 cm⁻¹ for **1-Y**, **2-Y** and **3-Y**.

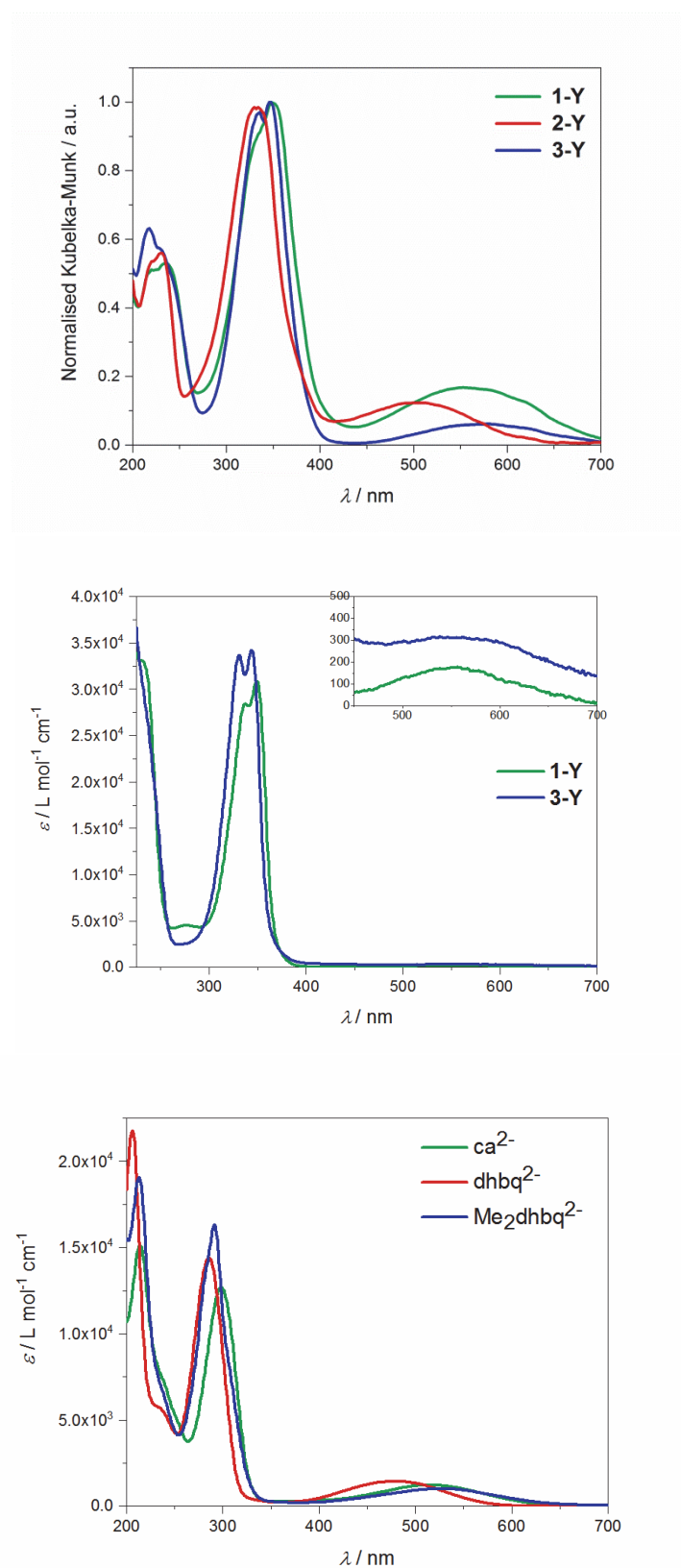


Fig. S8 Electronic spectra for **1-Y**, **2-Y** and **3-Y** measured as diffuse reflectance dispersed in KBr (top) and for **1-Y** and **3-Y** as absorbance in acetonitrile (middle) with absorbance spectra of the doubly deprotonated tetraoxolene ligands for comparison (bottom).

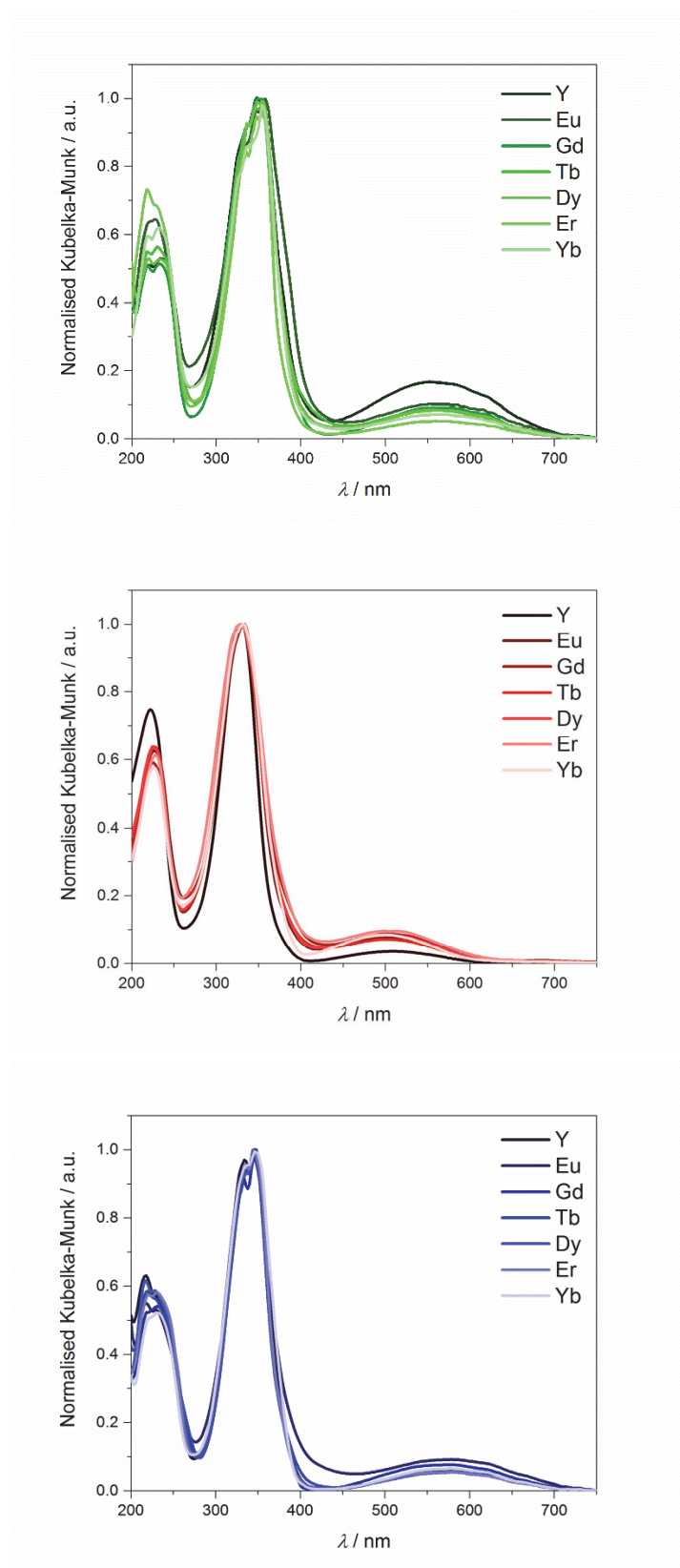


Fig. S9 Diffuse reflectance spectra for the different members of the **1-RE**·2CH₂Cl₂ (top), **2-RE** (middle) and **3-RE**·xCH₂Cl₂ (bottom) families.

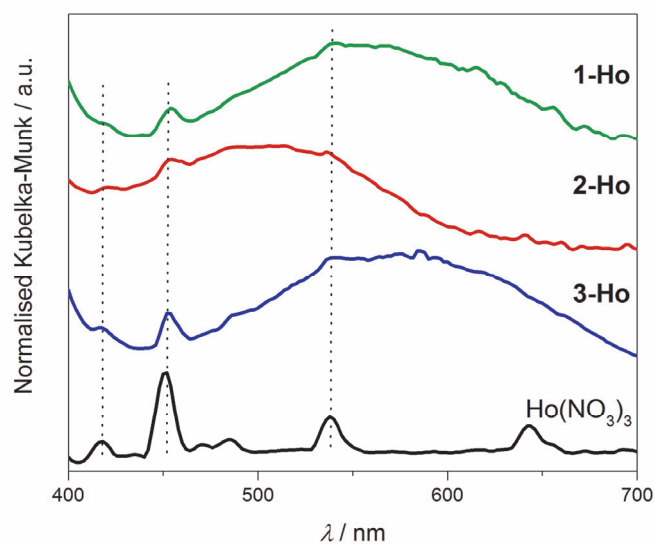


Fig. S10 Diffuse reflectance spectra for **1-Ho**, **2-Ho**, **3-Ho** and $\text{Ho}(\text{NO}_3)_3$.

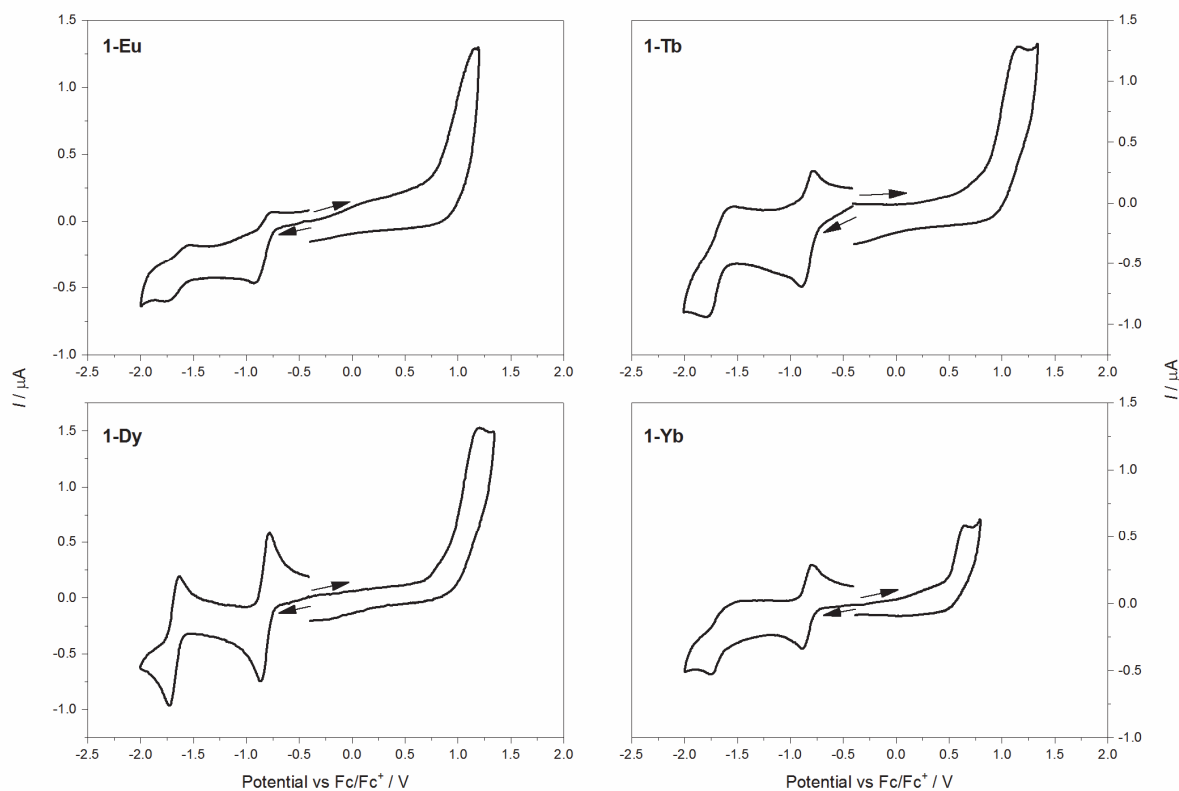


Fig. S11 Cyclic voltammograms of **1-RE** (RE = Eu, Tb, Dy, Yb; 0.5 mM in MeCN with 0.1 M Bu_4NPF_6) obtained with a 1 mm diameter glassy carbon working electrode at a scan rate of 100 mV/s. The anodic and cathodic regions were scanned separately as indicated by the arrows.

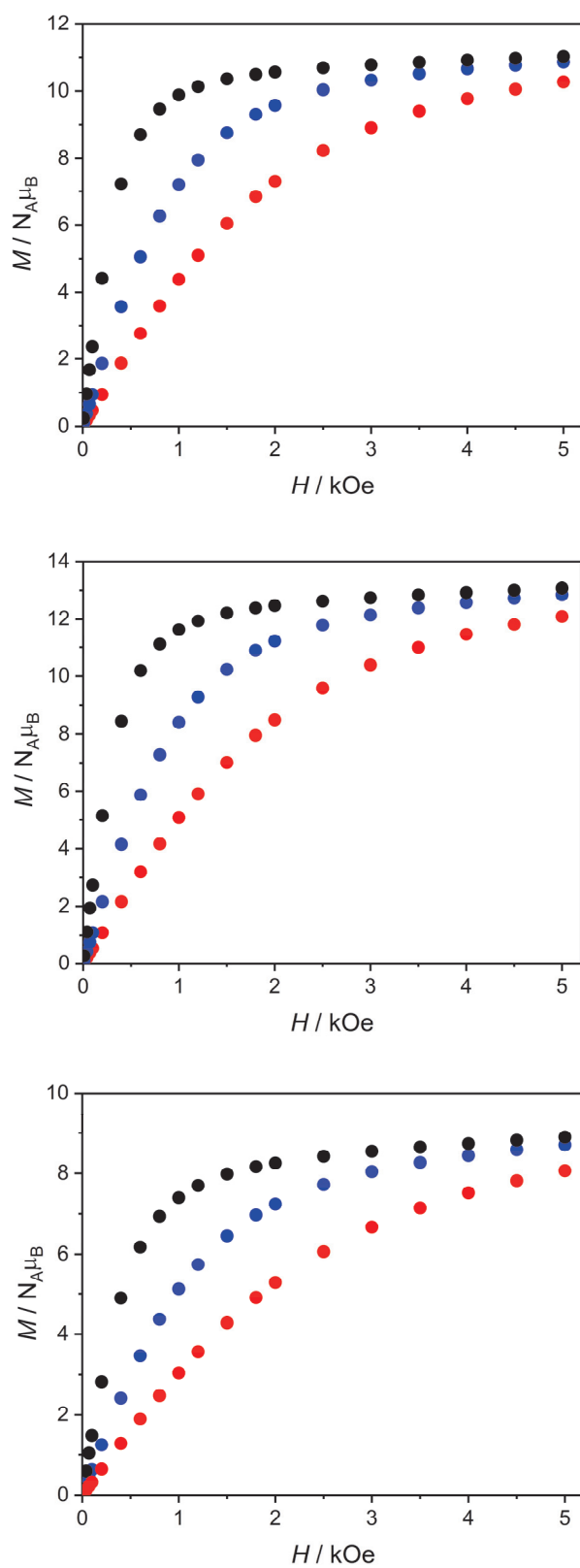


Fig. S12 Magnetisation versus field data at 2 (black), 5 (blue) and 10 K (red) for **1-Dy**·2CH₂Cl₂ (top), **3-Dy**·1.1CH₂Cl₂ (middle) and **3-Tb**·0.7CH₂Cl (bottom).

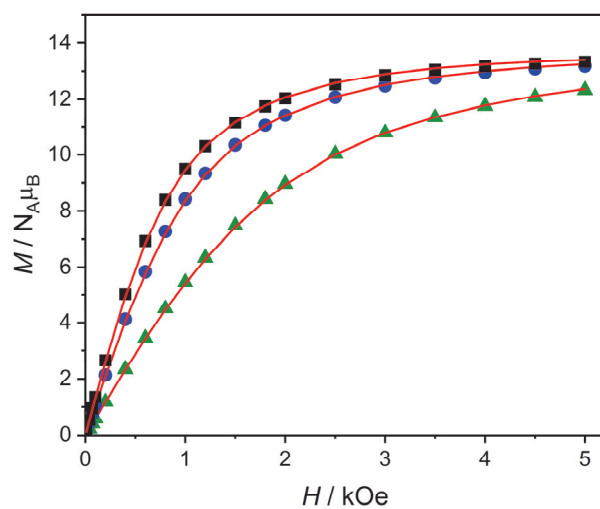


Fig. S13 Magnetisation versus field data at 2.0 (squares), 2.5 (circles) and 4.5 K (triangles) for **3-Gd**·2CH₂Cl₂ with the fit (lines) as described in the text.

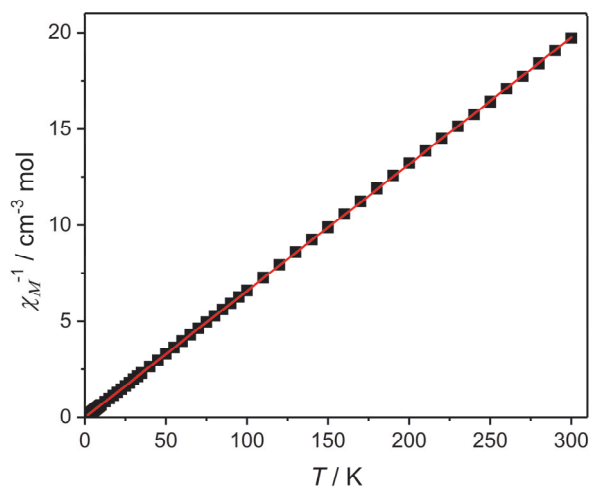


Fig. S14 Curie-Weiss plot and best fit (line) as described in the text for **3-Gd**·2CH₂Cl₂.

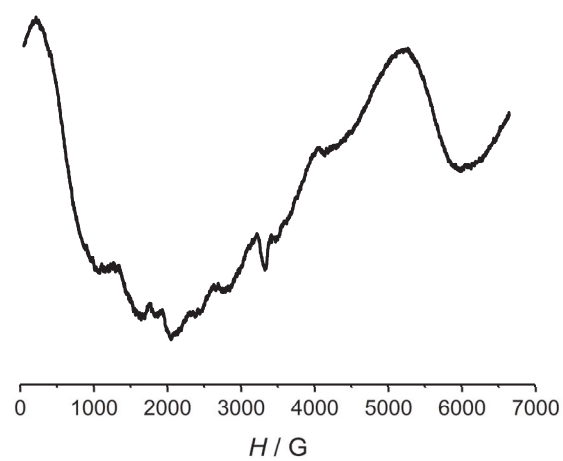
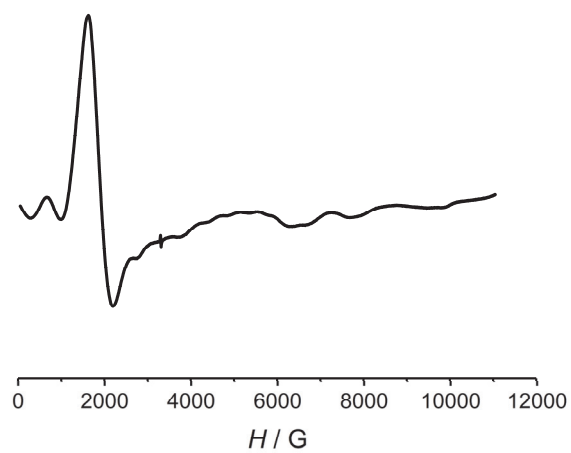


Fig. S15 X-band EPR spectra at 10 K for powder samples of **3-Gd**·2CH₂Cl₂ (top) and **3-Tb**·0.7CH₂Cl₂ (bottom).

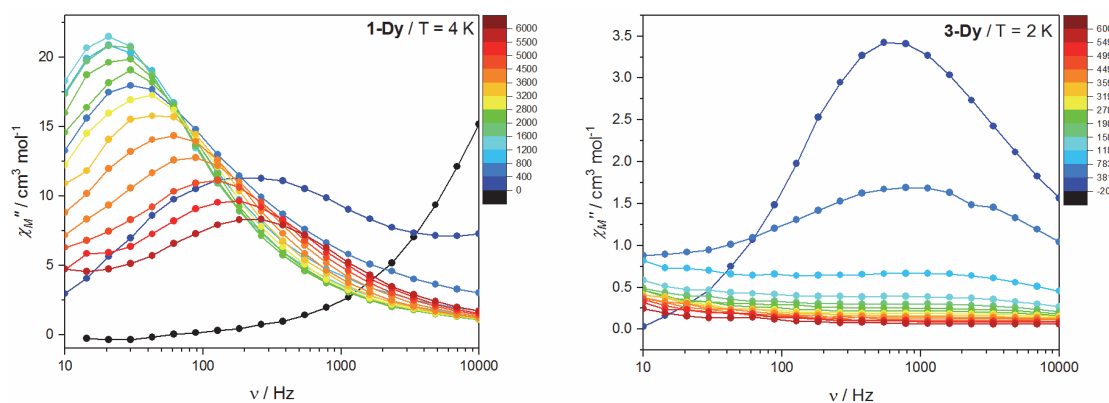


Fig. S16 Field (Oe) dependence of the out-of-phase ac magnetic susceptibility for **1-Dy**·2CH₂Cl₂ (left) and **3-Dy**·1.1CH₂Cl₂ (right) as a function of frequency at 4 or 2 K for **1-Dy** and **3-Dy**, respectively.

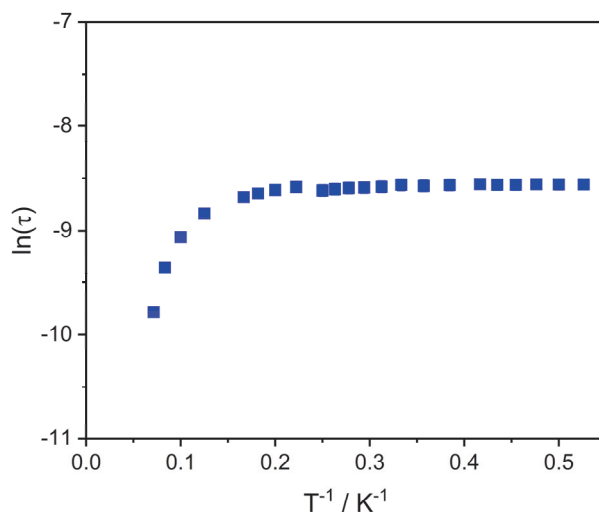


Fig. S17 Arrhenius plot of relaxation rates of **3-Dy**·1.1CH₂Cl₂ in zero applied dc magnetic field.

References

- 1 D. Casanova, M. Llunell, P. Alemany, S. Alvarez, P. D. Casanova, M Llunell and S. A. Alemany, *Chem. Eur. J.*, 2005, **11**, 1479.
- 2 M. Llunell, D. Casanova, J. Cirera, J. M. Bofill, P. Alemany, S. Alvarez, M. Pinsky and D. Avnir, *SHAPE 2.0*, Universitat de Barcelona and The Hebrew University of Jerusalem, Barcelona, 2003.