Electronic Supplementary Information

Bis(silylenyl)-substituted ferrocene-stabilized η^6 -arene iron(0) complexes: synthesis, structure and catalytic application

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1 General Considerations

All experiments and manipulations were carried out under dry nitrogen using standard Schlenk techniques or inside an MBraun glovebox. Solvents were dried by standard methods and freshly distilled prior to use. The NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker spectrometers AV200 (¹H, 200 MHz; ¹³C, 50.32 MHz) or AV400 (¹H, 400.13 MHz; ¹³C {¹H}, 100.61 MHz; ²⁹Si, 79.49 MHz) Spectrometer. The ¹H and ¹³C {¹H} spectra were referenced to residual solvent signals as internal standards (¹H NMR: benzene-d₆, 7.16 ppm, THF-d₈, 1.72; 3.58 ppm and ¹³C {¹H} NMR: benzene-d₆, 128.1 ppm, THF-d₈, 77.2 ppm). ²⁹Si {¹H} spectra were referenced by using SiMe₄ as external standard. Concentrated solutions of samples in deuterated solvent were sealed off in a NMR tube for measurements. Abbreviations: s = singlet; t = triplet; m = multiplet; br = broad. Signals were assigned by employing a combination of 2D NMR H,H-COSY, H,C-COSY (HMBC, HMQC) experiments and additional to DEPT experiments. High resolution APCI (atmosphericpressure chemical ionization) or ESI (electrospray ionization) mass spectra were recorded on an Orbitrap LTQ XL of Thermo Scientific mass spectrometer. Elemental analyses were recorded in a Thermo FlashEA 1112 Organic elemental analyzer. Commercially available reagents were purchased from SIGMA-Aldrich, Acros, Alfa-Assar or ABCR and used as received. N,N'-di-tertbutyl(phenylamidinato)-chlorosilylene^[S1] and the corresponding ferrocene bridged bis(silylene) ligand^[S2] were synthesized according to reported procedures.

Single crystal X-ray structure analyses: Crystals were mounted on a glass capillary in perfluorinated oil and measured in a cold N₂ flow. The data for all compounds were collected on an Agilent Technologies SuperNova (single source) at 150 K (Cu-K_a radiation, $\lambda = 1.5418$ Å). All structures were solved by direct methods and refined on F^2 with the SHELX-97 software^[4]. The positions of the H atoms were calculated and considered isotopically according to a riding model. Crystal structure of **1** was treated using the SQUEEZE routine in PLATON because of disordered co-crystallized benzene molecules. The CCDC numbers 1575933 (compound **1**), 1575932 (compound **2**), 1575930 (compound **3**), and 1575931 (compound **4**) contain the supplementary crystallographic data for this paper. These data can be obtained free of charge by contacting The Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre, 12, Union Road, Cambridge CB2 1EZ, UK; fax: +44 1223 336033.

ATR/IR-spectroscopic Measurements: The ATR/IR-spectroscopic Measurements were recorded on a Firma Thermo Fisher Scientific spectrometer inside a glovebox. Vibration Modes are given in wavenumbers (cm⁻¹). Abbreviations: (vs) very strong, (s) strong, (m) middle, (w) weak and (br) broad.

⁵⁷**Fe Mössbauer Measurement:** ⁵⁷Fe Mössbauer spectra were recorded at the HU Berlin, in the group of Prof. Dr. Limberg (Adlershof) on a SooCo MS6 Spectrometer at 13 K. The minimum experimental line width is 0.28 mms⁻¹. The temperature of the samples was held constant in a Janis CCS-850 closed cycle cryostat with sample in exchange gas (helium). ⁵⁷Co/Rh was used as the radiation source. Isomer shifts were determined relative to α-iron at 298 K. The zero-field splitting spectrum was simulated by using Lorenzian doublets, simulated with WMOSS4 software.

Cyclic Voltammetry Measurement: Cyclic Voltammetry (CV) measurements were carried out at 295 K by using a Biologic SP-150 potentiostat and a three electrode set-up. Pt-wire was used as an auxiliary electrode. A freshly polished glassy carbon disc (3 mm diameter) as a working electrode and a pseudo reference electrode Ag/Ag⁺ was used. All cyclic voltammograms were referenced against the Cp_2Fe/Cp_2Fe^+ redox couple which was used as an internal standard. As an electrolyte, 0.1 M solutions of TBAPF₆ in THF was used. The iR-drop was determined and compensated by using the impedance measurement technique implemented in the EC-Lab Software V10.

2 Synthesis

2.1 General procedure for the synthesis of Fe(II)-dihalide complexes 1 and 2 (GP1)

A 100 ml Schlenk flask was charged with a stoichiometric amount of the free bis(silylene) ligand **A** and FeCl₂.(thf)_{1.5} or FeBr₂.(thf)₂ in a glovebox. THF (50 ml) was added under rapid stirring to the mixture via cannula at room temperature, affording an orange/yellow solution. The reaction mixture was stirred over night at room temperature. After all volatiles were removed, the obtained crude product was washed with hexane (2 x 10 ml) and the resulted Fe(II)-dihalide complex was dried for several hours under reduced pressure. The complex is good soluble in benzene, toluene and THF. The Fe(II)-dihalide complexes are paramagnetic.

2.1.1 Synthesis of Iron(II)-dichloride complex 1

Prepared from **A** (1.50 g, 2.13 mmol) and FeCl₂.(thf)_{1.5} (500 mg, 2.13 mmol) according to **GP 1**. The desired compound **1** (1.62 g, 92%) was obtained as a yellow slid. **1**·(C₆H₆)₅ can be crystallized from a concentrated benzene solution at room temperature affording orange crystals of the desired complex **1**·(C₆H₆)₅ (1.34 g, 76%) suitable for X-ray diffraction analysis. ¹H **NMR** (400 MHz, THF-d₈, 298 K): δ (ppm) = 12.36 (s, br), 9.39 (s, br), 7.34 (s, br), 6.32 (s, br). Elemental analysis of C₄₀H₅₄N₄Si₂Fe₂Cl₂: Calculated: C 57.91, H 6.56, N 6.75. Found: C 57.89, H 7.12, N 6.35. ⁵⁷Fe Mößbauer 13 K (zero field, mm·s⁻¹): δ = 0.661 , Δ E_Q = 3.267; ferrocene-backbone: δ = 0.539, Δ E_Q = 2.331. Melting Point: T > 105 °C (decomp.).

2.1.2 Synthesis of Iron(II)-bromide complex 2

Prepared from **A** (1.50 g, 2.13 mmol) and FeBr₂.(thf)₂ (450 mg, 2.13 mmol) according to **GP 1**. The desired compound **2** (1.70 g, 87%) was obtained as an orange solid. **2**·(C₆H₆) can be crystallized from a concentrated benzene solution at room temperature affording orange crystals of the desired complex **2**·(C₆H₆) (1.41 g, 72%) suitable for X-ray diffraction analysis. ¹H **NMR** (400 MHz, THF-d₈, 298 K): δ (ppm) = 13.15 (s, br), 9.25 (s, br), 7.29 (s, br), 6.62 (s, br). Elemental analysis of C₄₀H₅₄N₄Si₂Fe₂Br₂·(C₆H₆): Calculated: C 55.43, H 6.07, N 5.62. Found: C 55.69, H 6.51, N 5.85. ⁵⁷Fe Mößbauer 13 K (zero field, mm·s⁻¹): δ = 0.656, Δ E_Q = 3.459; ferrocene-backbone: δ = 0.539, Δ E_Q = 2.327. Melting Point: T > 107 °C (decomp.).

2.2 General procedure for the synthesis of Fe(0)-(η_6 -arene) complexes 3 and 4 (GP 2)

A 100 ml Schlenk tube was charged with 500 mg (1.0 equiv.) of Fe(II)-dihalide complex **1** (0.603 mmol) or **2** (0.544 mmol) and 2.6 equiv. KC₈ (211 mg or 191 mg) in a glovebox. A solution of THF/arene (arene = benzene, toluene; 50.0 ml, 1:1) was added under rapid stirring to the mixture via cannula at room temperature. The suspension was stirred at room temperature and the consumption of **1** or **2** can be observed by *in situ* ¹H NMR(C₆D₆) forming a new diamagnetic Fe(0) species; changing from orange/yellow to red/violet respectively. (Reaction-times: **2**, 3 h; **1**, 5 h). After the reaction is completed, all volatiles were removed under reduced pressure and the desired Fe(0)-arene complex could be extracted from diethyl ether (2 x 20.0 mL). After drying under reduced pressure, the Fe(0)-arene complex could be obtained as red/brown solid. Complex **3**, **4** showed low solubility in deuterated solvents such as C₆D₆ and THF-d₈. The conduction of ¹³C- and ²⁹Si-NMR spectra for further discussion was not possible

2.2.1 Benzene iron(0) complex 3

Prepared from either **1** (500 mg, 0.603 mmol) or **2** (500 mg, 0.544 mmol) by following GP 2. The desired product **3** (327 mg, 63%; starting from **1**) was isolated as red/brown solid and **3** (214 mg, 47%, 0.256 mmol; starting from **2**). **3**·(C₆H₆) can be crystallized from a concentrated benzene solution at room temperature affording red crystals of the desired complex suitable for X-ray diffraction analysis. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, C₆D₆, 298 K): δ (ppm) = 1.38 (s, 36H, NC(CH₃)₃), 4.42 (m, 4H, FeC*H*), 4.59 (m, 4H, FeC*H*), 5.16 (s, 6H, η^{6} (C₆H₆)), 6.77–7.38 (m, 10H, arom. *H*). ESI-MS (THF), m/z: calcd for [C₄₆H₆₀Fe₂N₄Si₂ + H]⁺: 837.3127, found: 837.3128. Elemental analysis of C₄₆H₆₀Fe₂N₄Si₂. Calculated: C 66.02, H 7.23, N 6.69. Found: C 65.12, H 7.08, N 6.23. ⁵⁷Fe Mößbauer 13 K (zero field, mm·s⁻¹): δ = 0.368, Δ E_Q = 1.334; ferrocene-backbone: δ = 0.531, Δ E_Q = 2.301. Melting Point: T > 145 °C (decomp.). CV: E^{1/2} (fc/fc⁺) = -1.56 eV (revers.).

2.2.2 Toluene iron(0) complex 4

Prepared from **1** (500 mg, 0.603 mmol), the desired product **3** (318 mg, 62%, 0.374 mmol) was isolated as red/brown solid. **4**·(Et₂O)₂ can be crystallized from a concentrated diethyl ether solution at -30 °C, affording red crystals of the desired complex suitable for X-ray diffraction analysis. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, C₆D₆, 298 K): δ (ppm) = 1.38 (s, 36H, NC(CH₃)₃), 2.71 (s, 3H, Ph-CH₃), 4.42 (m, 4H, FeC*H*), 4.61 (m, 4H, FeC*H*), 4.94-5.09 (m, 4H, η^{6} (C₆H₅-Me)), 5.26 (s, 1H,

 $η^{6}(C_{6}H_{5}-Me))$, 6.77-7.38 (m, 10H, arom. *H*). ESI-MS (THF), m/z: calculated for $[C_{47}H_{62}Fe_{2}N_{4}Si_{2} + H]^{+}$: 851.3285, found: 851.3283. Elemental analysis of $C_{47}H_{63}Fe_{2}N_{4}Si_{2}$. Calculated: C 66.34, H 7.34, N 6.58. Found: C 65.92, H 7.51, N 6.43. ⁵⁷Fe Mößbauer 13 K (zero field, mm·s⁻¹): δ = 0.406, ΔE_Q = 2.294; ferrocene-backbone: δ = 0.537, ΔE_Q = 2.294. Melting Point: T > 143 °C (decomp.). CV: E^{1/2} (fc/fc⁺) = -1.58 eV (revers.).

2.3 General procedure for carbonyl Fe(0) complex 5

2.3.1 By reduction

A 100 ml Schlenk tube was charged with 100 mg of **1** (0.121 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) and 2.6 equiv. of KC_8 (0.313 mmol, 42.3 mg) in a glovebox. THF (10.0 ml) was added to the mixture via cannula at room temperature. The N₂-atmosphere was changed to CO through three freeze-pump-thaw cycles. The suspension was stirred for 1 h at room temperature and the consumption of **1** can be observed by *in situ* ¹H NMR(C₆D₆), forming a new diamagnetic Fe(0) species (color changes from orange/yellow to slight yellow). After the reaction is completed, all volatiles were removed under reduced pressure and the desired Fe(0)-carbonyl complex **5** could be extracted from diethyl ether (2 x 5 ml). After drying under reduced pressure for several hours, the Fe(0)-carbonyle complex **5** (70 mg, 72%)could be obtained as slight yellow solid with.

2.3.2 By Arene/ CO ligand exchange

A 100 ml Schlenk tube was charged with 10 mg of $Fe(0)\eta^6$ (arene) complexes (**3**, **4**) and dissolved in 10.0 ml THF. The N₂-atmosphere was changed to CO through three freeze-pump-thaw cycles. After allowing the solution to warm up to room temperature, a color change from red to yellow was observed indicating the arene/ CO ligand exchange. After 5 min, all volatiles were removed under reduced pressure and **5** could be obtained quantitatively as slight orange solid.

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, C₆D₆, 298 K): $\overline{0}$ (ppm) = 1.33 (s, 36H, NC(CH₃)₃), 4.39 (m, 4H, FeC*H*), 4,65 (m, 4H, FeC*H*), 6.99–7.12 (m, 8H, arom. *H*), 7.36–7.39 (m, 2H, 'C_{arom}.*H*). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, THF-d₈, 298 K): $\overline{0}$ (ppm) = 1.17 (s, 36H, NC(CH₃)₃), 4.65 (m, 4H, FeC*H*), 4.83 (m, 4H, FeC*H*), 7.50–7.62 (m, 10H, C_{arom}.*H*). ¹³C {¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, C₆D₆, 298 K): $\overline{0}$ (ppm) = 31.4 (NC(CH₃)₃), 54.2 (NC(CH₃)₃), 70.7 (FeCH), 74.5 (FeCH), 82.3 (SiC), 121.0, 128.7, 130.3, 130.8 (C_{arom}.), 167.9 (NCN), 225.5 (CO). ¹³C {¹H} NMR (100 MHz, THF-d₈, 298 K): $\overline{0}$ (ppm) = 31.78

 $(NC(CH_3)_3)$, 55.8 $(NC(CH_3)_3)$, 74.2 (FeCH), 75.0 (FeCH), 77.6 (SiC), 129.1, 129.3 129.7, 129.8, 131.8, 131.9 (C_{arom}),171.2 (NCN), 217.50 (CO). ²⁹Si {¹H} NMR (79.5 MHz, THF-d₈, 298 K): δ (ppm) = 104.2 ppm. ESI-MS (THF), m/z: calculated for $[C_{43}H_{54}N_4Si_2Fe_2O_3 + H]^+$: 842.2428, found. 842.2430; $[M - CO + H]^+$: 814.2479, found. 814.2478. Melting Point: T > 94 °C (decomp.). IR (ATR): $v_{CO}(cm^{-1}) = 1941$, 1900, 1862 (s).

2.4 Characterisation

2.4.1 Dihalido Fe(II) complexes 1 and 2



Figure S1: Paramagnetic ¹H NMR spectra of both Fe(II)-dihalide complexes **1** (top) and **2** (bottom) in THF-d8 (*) at 298 K with co-crystallized benzene (**, 7.15 ppm).



Figure S2: ⁵⁷Fe Mössbauer spectra of **1** (left) and **2** (right).

2.4.2 Fe(0)-Arene complexes 3 and 4



Figure S3: ¹H NMR spectra of **3** (top) and **4** (bottom) in C_6D_6 at 298 K.



Figure S4: ESI-mass spectrum (THF) [M+H]⁺ **3** (left) and **4** (right). (top: expt.; bottom: calculated).



Figure S5: ⁵⁷Fe Mössbauer spectra **3** (left) and **4** (right). Spectra show a Fe(III) impurity which might come from FeCl₂.

2.4.3 Fe(0)-Carbonyl complex 5









ESI-mass spectrum (THF) $[M + H]^+$ of **5** (top: expt.; bottom: calculated).



calculated).



Figure S11: ATR-IR spectra of **4**. Typical for $cis-L_2M(CO)_3$ with 2A` und 1A`` IR active modes.

2.4.4 Electrochemistry of 3 and 4



Figure S12: Top: CV of **3** (red) and **4** (black) (1mM in THF/ 0.1M TBAPF₆) recorded at a scan rate $v = 100 \text{ mV} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$ showed one reversible redox event for both complexes. Bottom: Reversible redox event at $E^{1/2} = -1.56 \text{ V}$ (*vs* Fc/Fc⁺) measured with scan rates $v = 50-800 \text{ mVs}^{-1}$ for **3**.

<i>v</i> [mV⋅s⁻¹]	$E_{\rho c}$ [V]	<i>E</i> _{pa} [V]	Δ <i>E_ρ</i> [mV]	<i>i_{ρc}</i> [μΑ]	<i>i_{pa}</i> [μΑ]	i _{pa} /i _{pc}	$i_{po}/(v^{1/2})$
50	-1.359	-1.423	64	4	4	1.0	0.5
100	-1.358	-1.424	66	5	5	1.0	0.5
200	-1.347	-1.430	83	7	7	1.0	0.5
400	-1.339	-1.439	100	10	10	1.0	0.5
800	-1.335	-1.437	102	13	13	1.0	0.5

Table S 1: Data for the reversible ET at $E^{1/2} = -1.56 \text{ V} (vs \text{ Fc/Fc}^+)$ for **3**.

Furthermore, a linear dependence of the forward peak current i_{pc} on the square-root of the scan rate v^{1/2} implied diffusion control for the redox processes at $E^{1/2}$ = -1.56 V (*vs* Fc/Fc⁺).



Figure S13: Linear dependence of the forward peak current i_{pc} on the square-root of the scan rate *v* indicates diffusion control for the redox process at $E^{1/2} = -1.56$ V. The linearfit (*red*) was calculated by the least square approach using the model function y = a + bx.

2.4.5 ORTEP representations

2.4.5.1 Fe(II)-dihalide complexes 1 and 2



Figure S14: ORTEP representation of 1 (top) and 2 (bottom) in the solid-state at 50 % probability level. Hydrogen and solvent atoms are omitted for clarity. Selected bond lengths [Å]: 1: Fe2-Cl1 2.255(6), Fe2-Cl2 2.2553(4), Si1-Fe2 2.4923(4), Si2-Fe2 2.4823(4), Si2-N3 1.8438(11), Si2-N4 1.8543(11), Si1-N2 1.8490(11), Si1-N1 1.856(12). Selected bond angle [°]: Cl1-Fe2-Cl2 119.94(2), Si1-Fe2-Si2 100.341(13), Cl2-Fe2-Si1 109.481(14), Cl1-Fe2-Si1 108.269(14), Cl2-Fe2-Si2 107.609(15), Cl1-Fe2-Si2 109.442(15). 2: Selected bond lengths [Å]: Fe2-Br1 2.402(5), Fe2-Br2 2.397(5), Si1-Fe2 2.498(8), Si2-Fe(2) 2.504(8), Si2-N3 1.850(2), Si2-N4 1.863(2), Si1-N2 1.853(2), Si1-N1 1.859(2). Selected bond angle [°]: Br1-Fe2-Br2 117.04(2), Si1-Fe2-Si2 100.90(3), Br2-Fe2-Si1 108.40(2), Br1-Fe2-Si1 109.82(2), Br2-Fe2-Si2 109.97, Br1-Fe2-Si2 109.48(2).





Figure S15: ORTEP representation of the solid-state structure of 3 (top) and 4 (bottom) at 50% probability level. Hydrogen and solvent atoms are omitted for clarity. 3: Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms (`): 1-x, -y,z. Selected bond lengths [Å]: Fe2-C22 2.084(5), Fe2-C23 2.089(6), Fe2-C21 2.089(6), C21-C22 1.426(9), Fe2-Si1 2.178216, Si1-C16 1.899(5), Si1-N1 1.917(4), Si1-N2 1.914(4). Selected bond angle [°]:Si1-Fe2-Si1` 89.27(8), N1-Si1-N2 68.16(7). 4: Selected bond lengths [Å]: Fe2-Si2 2.1752(8), Fe2-Si1 2.1707(8), Si1-C31 1.890(3), Si1-N1 1.913(2), Si1-N2 1.912(2), Fe2-C44 2.078(3), Fe2-C46 2.079(3), Fe2-C45 2.085(3), Fe2-C43 2.096(3), Fe2-C47 2.103(3), Fe2-C41 2.130(3).C41-C42 1.505(4). C41-C43 1.408(4). Selected bond angle [°]:Si1-Fe2)-Si1` 89.27(8), N1-Si1-N2 68.16(7).

2.5 Crystallographic data

2.5.1 Crystallographic data of 1



Empirical formula Formula weight Temperature Wavelength Crystal system	C ₄₀ H ₅₄ Fe ₂ N ₄ Si ₂ Cl ₂ 829.65 150(2) K 1.54184 Å triclinic P 1	2		
Unit cell dimensions	a = 13.8818(3) Å b = 14.0127(4) Å c = 17.8488(5) Å	α = 78° β = 78° γ = 71°		
Volume Z	3181.94(14) Å ³ 2			
Density (calculated)	0.866 Mg/m ³			
Absorption coefficient F(000)	4.949 mm ⁻¹ 872			
Crystal size Theta range for data collection Index ranges Reflections collected Independent reflections Completeness to theta = 67.50° Max. and min. transmission	0.38 x 0.27 x 0.18 mr 2.56 to 67.50°. -15<=h<=16, -13<=k 22070 11452 [R(int) = 0.025 98.7% 1.00000 and 32292	n ³ <=16, -21<=l<=21 6]		
Refinement method Data / restraints / parameters	Full-matrix least-squares on F ² 11452 / 0 / 464			
Goodness-of-fit on F ² Final R indices [I>2sigma(I)] R indices (all data)	1.014 R1 = 0.0280, wR2 = 0 R1 = 0.0313, wR2 = 0	0.0723 0.0737		
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.231 and -0.302 e.Å	-0		

2.5.2 Crystallographic data of 2



Empirical formula Formula weight Temperature Wavelength Crystal system Space group Unit cell dimensions

Volume Ζ Density (calculated) Absorption coefficient F(000) Crystal size Theta range for data collection Index ranges **Reflections collected** Independent reflections Completeness to theta = 67.50° Absorption correction Max. and min. transmission Refinement method Data / restraints / parameters Goodness-of-fit on F² Final R indices [I>2sigma(I)] R indices (all data) Largest diff. peak and hole

C₄₀ H₅₄ Fe₂ N₄ Si₂ Br₂ 996.68 150(2) K 1.54184 Å orthorhombic Pbca $\alpha = 90^{\circ}$ a = 25.8064(2) Å b = 14.18970(10) Å β = 90 ° c = 26.0933(3) Å v = 90 ° 9554.98(15) Å³ 8 1.386 Mg/m 7.569 mm⁻¹ 4112 0.29 x 0.17 x 0.11 mm³ 3.39 to 67.50°. -30<=h<=25, -17<=k<=11, -31<=l<=29 34624 8590 [R(int) = 0.0438] 99.8% Semi-empirical from equivalents 1.00000 and 0.24995 Full-matrix least-squares on F² 8590 / 0 / 517 1.039 R1 = 0.0358, wR2 = 0.0864 R1 = 0.0466, wR2 = 0.0930 0.930 and -0.579 e.Å⁻³

2.5.3 Crystallographic data of 3



Empirical formula Formula weight Temperature Wavelength Crystal system Space group Unit cell dimensions

Volume Ζ Density (calculated) Absorption coefficient F(000) Crystal size Theta range for data collection Index ranges **Reflections collected** Independent reflections Completeness to theta = 67.42° Absorption correction Max. and min. transmission Refinement method Data / restraints / parameters Goodness-of-fit on F² Final R indices [I>2sigma(I)] R indices (all data) Absolute structure parameter Largest diff. peak and hole

C₄₆ H₆₀ Fe₂ N₄ Si₂ 993.08 150(2) K 1.54184 Å orthorhombic Fdd2 a = 63.1351(12) Å $\alpha = 90^{\circ}$ b = 15.0398(3) Å $\beta = 90^{\circ}$ v = 90 ° c = 10.8191(2) Å 10273.2(3) Å³ 8 1.284 Mg/m^3 5.287 mm⁻¹ 4224 0.23 x 0.18 x 0.07 mm³ 2.80 to 67.42°. -54<=h<=75, -18<=k<=18, -11<=l<=12 17151 4345 [R(int) = 0.0438] 100.0% Semi-empirical from equivalents 1.00000 and 0.31245 Full-matrix least-squares on F² 4345 / 1 / 305 1.023 $R_1 = 0.0605$, $wR_2 = 0.1557$ $R_1 = 0.0640, wR_2 = 0.1583$ 0.393(8) 0.584 and -0.632 e.Å-3

2.5.4 Crystallographic data of 4



Empirical formula Formula weight Temperature Wavelength Crystal system Space group Unit cell dimensions

Volume 7 Density (calculated) Absorption coefficient F(000) Crystal size Theta range for data collection Index ranges **Reflections collected** Independent reflections Completeness to theta = 61.49° Max. and min. transmission Refinement method Data / restraints / parameters Goodness-of-fit on F² Final R indices [I>2sigma(I)] R indices (all data) Largest diff. peak and hole

C₄₇ H₆₂ Fe₂ N₄ Si₂ 999.13 150(2) K 1.54184 Å monoclinic C12/c1 a = 24.4147(3) Å $\alpha = 90^{\circ}$ b = 13.4021(2) Å β =100° c = 33.7053(5) Å $v = 90^{\circ}$ 10846.0(3) Å³ 8 1.224 Mg/m³ 5.033 mm⁻¹ 4288 0.36 x 0.20 x 0.09 mm³ 2.67 to 61.49°. -27<=h<=24, -15<=k<=9, -38<=l<=36 18380 8401 [R(int) = 0.0518] 99.8% 0.6545 and 0.2616 Full-matrix least-squares on F² 8401 / 0 / 603 0.976 R1 = 0.0408, wR2 = 0.0858 R1 = 0.0579, wR2 = 0.0925 0.409 and -0.441 e.Å⁻³

3 Catalysis

3.1 General Information

Reactions were performed in flame-dried glassware using an MBraun glovebox or conventional Schlenk techniques under a static pressure of nitrogen gas unless otherwise stated. Liquids and solutions were transferred with syringes. All ketones were purchased from commercial suppliers and used without further purification. Flash column chromatography was performed on silica gel 60 (40–63 µm, 230–400 mesh, ASTM) by Merck using the indicated solvents. ¹H, ¹³C, and ¹⁹F NMR spectra were recorded in CDCl₃ on Bruker AV400 and AV500 instruments. Chemical shifts are reported in parts per million (ppm) and are referenced to the residual solvent resonance as the internal standard (CHCl₃: δ = 7.26 ppm for ¹H NMR and CDCl₃: δ = 77.16 ppm for ¹³C NMR). Data are reported as follows: chemical shift, multiplicity (s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplett, q = quartet, sept = septet, m = multiplet, br = broad signal), coupling constants (Hz), and integration. Gas-liquid chromatography (GLC) was performed on an Agilent Technologies 7820A gas chromatograph equipped with a FS-SE-54 capillary column (30 m x 0.32 mm, 0.25 µm film thickness) by CSChromatographie Service using the following program: N2 carrier gas, injection temperature 240 °C, detector temperature 300 °C, flow rate: 1.74 mL/min; temperature program: start temperature 40 °C, heating rate 10 °C/min, end temperature 280 °C for 10 min. Mass spectra (MS) were obtained from the Analytical Facility at the Institut für Chemie, Technische Universität Berlin.

3.2 General Procedure for the Hydrogenation of Ketones (GP)

In a glove box with argon atmosphere, a glass vial (50 x 14 mm, Schütt) is charged with the ketone (0.10 mmol, 1.0 equiv), Fe(0)- η^6 (arene) complex (2.2 mg, 2.5 mol%), and toluene (2 mL). The vial is sealed with a rubber septum and transferred to a nitrogen-purged stainless-steel BR-100 or BR-300 autoclave (including the appropriate metal heating block, Berghof) under a counterflow of nitrogen gas. A needle (0.90 x 50 mm, Braun) is pierced through the rubber septum at a constant counterflow, and the autoclave is sealed. The autoclave is then purged with nitrogen gas (3 x) and hydrogen gas (3 x). The hydrogen pressure is adjusted to 50 bar and the reaction mixture is maintained for 20 h at 50 °C. The reaction mixture is then filtered through a small plug of silica gel using CH_2Cl_2 as eluent to afford the reduced product. Wherever necessary flash column chromatography using cyclohexane/ethyl acetate mixtures as eluent is performed to obtain the desired product.

3.3 Experimental Details

3.3.1 Phenylmethanol (c2a)



Prepared from benzaldehyde (**c1a**, 9.0 mg, 0.10 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and Fe(0)- η^6 (arene) complex (2.2 mg, 2.5 µmol, 2.5 mol%) according to **GP 1**. The reaction mixture was stirred at a H₂ pressure of 50 bar at 50 °C. Purification by filtering the reaction mixture through a small pad of silica gel using CH₂Cl₂ as eluent afforded desired alcohol **c2a** (10 mg, 90%) as a clear liquid. **GLC** (SE-54): t_R = 7.1 min. ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 1.71 (s, 1H), 4.70 (s, 2H), 7.29–7.39 (m, 5H) ppm. ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 65.5, 127.1, 127.8, 128.7, 141.0 ppm. The spectroscopic data are in accordance with those reported.^[S1]

3.3.2 1-Phenylethan-1-ol (c2b)



Prepared from acetophenone (**c1b**, 12 mg, 0.10 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and Fe(0)- η^6 (arene) complex (2.2 mg, 2.5 µmol, 2.5 mol%) according to **GP 1**. The reaction mixture was stirred at a H₂ pressure of 50 bar at 50 °C. Purification by filtering the reaction mixture through a small pad of silica gel using CH₂Cl₂ as eluent afforded desired alcohol **c2b** (12 mg, 92%) as a light yellow oil. **GLC** (SE-54): t_R = 7.6 min. ¹H **NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 1.39 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 3H), 4.79 (q, *J* = 6.7, 1H), 7.14–7.19 (m, 1H), 7.22–7.29 (m, 4H) ppm. ¹³C **NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 25.3, 70.6, 125.5, 127.6, 128.7, 145.9 ppm.

The spectroscopic data are in accordance with those reported.^[S3]

3.3.3 1-(*p*-Tolyl)ethan-1-ol (c2c)



Prepared from 4-methylacetophenone (**c1c**, 14 mg, 0.10 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and Fe(0)- η^6 (arene) complex (2.2 mg, 2.5 µmol, 2.5 mol%) according to **GP 1**. The reaction mixture was stirred at a H₂ pressure of 50 bar at 50 °C. Purification by filtering the reaction mixture through a small pad of silica gel using CH₂Cl₂ as eluent afforded desired alcohol **c2c** (12 mg, 90%) as yellow oil. **GLC** (SE-54): t_R = 8.3 min. **1H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 1.49 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 3H), 1.63 (s, 1H), 2.34 (s, 3H), 4.87 (q, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H) ppm. ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 21.2, 25.2, 70.4, 125.5, 129.3, 137.3, 143.7 ppm. The spectroscopic data are in accordance with those reported.^[S3]

3.3.4 1-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethan-1-ol (c2d)



Prepared from 4-methylacetophenone (**c1d**, 15 mg, 0.10 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and Fe(0)- η^6 (arene) complex (2.2 mg, 2.5 µmol, 2.5 mol%) according to **GP 3**. The reaction mixture was stirred at a H₂ pressure of 50 bar at 50 °C. Purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel using cyclohexane:ethyl acetate = 9:1 as eluent afforded the desired alcohol **c2d** (7 mg, 44%) as clear oil.

GLC (SE-54): $t_R = 8.9$ min. **1H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 1.47$ (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H), 1.76 (s, 1H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 4.86 (q, J = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H) ppm. ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 25.1$, 55.4, 70.1, 114.0, 126.8, 138.1, 159.1 ppm. The spectroscopic data are in accordance with those reported.^[S5]

3.3.5 1-(4-Chlorophenyl)ethan-1-ol (c2e)



Prepared from 1-(4-chlorophenyl)ethan-1-one (**c1e**, 16 mg, 0.10 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and Fe(0)- η^6 (arene) complex (2.2 mg, 2.5 µmol, 2.5 mol%) according to **GP 1**. The reaction mixture was stirred at a H₂ pressure of 50 bar at 50 °C. Purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel using cyclohexane:ethyl acetate = 9:1 as eluent afforded the desired alcohol **c2e** (14 mg, 87%) as transparent oil.

GLC (SE-54): $t_R = 9.9$ min. **1H NMR** (400 MHz, C_6D_6): $\delta = 1.24$ (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 3H), 1.63 (s, 1H), 4.44 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 6.98–7.02 (d, 2H), 7.19–7.22 (d, 2H) ppm. ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, C_6D_6): $\delta = 25.4$, 69.3, 127.0, 128.6, 133.0, 145.1 ppm.

The spectroscopic data are in accordance with those reported.^[S3]

3.3.6 1-(4-fluorophenyl)ethan-1-ol (c2f)



Prepared from 1-(4-fluorophenyl)ethan-1-one (**c1f**, 14 mg, 0.10 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and Fe(0)- η^6 (arene) complex (2.2 mg, 2.5 µmol, 2.5 mol%) according to **GP 1**. The reaction mixture was stirred at a H₂ pressure of 50 bar at 50 °C. Purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel using cyclohexane:ethyl acetate = 1:1 as eluent afforded the desired alcohol **c2f** (9 mg 61%) as transparent oil.

GLC (SE-54): $t_R = 9.4$ min. **1H NMR** (400 MHz, C_6D_6): $\delta = 1.48$ (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H), 1.84 (s, 1H), 4.89 (q, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 7.01–7.04 (m, 2H), 7.30–7.35 (m, 2H) ppm. ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, C_6D_6): $\delta = 25.4$, 69.9, 115.4 (J = 21.2 Hz), 127.2 (J = 8.7 Hz), 141.6 (J = 2.8 Hz), 162.2 (J = 245.7 Hz) ppm. The spectroscopic data are in accordance with those reported.^[S1]

3.3.7 1-(4-(Trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethan-1-ol (c2g)



Prepared from 1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethan-1-one (**c1g**, 19 mg, 0.10 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and Fe(0)- η^6 (arene) complex (2.2 mg, 2.5 µmol, 2.5 mol%) according to **GP 1**. The reaction mixture was stirred at a H₂ pressure of 50 bar at 50 °C. Purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel using cyclohexane:ethyl acetate = 1:1 as eluent afforded the desired alcohol **c2g** (12 mg, 64%) as a white powder.

GLC (SE-54): $t_R = 10.4$ min. **1H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 1.51$ (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 3H), 1.86 (s, 1H), 4.97 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H) ppm. ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 25.6$, 70.0, 124.6 (J = 357 Hz), 125.6 (J = 3.9 Hz), 125.7, 130.2, 149.8 ppm.

The spectroscopic data are in accordance with those reported.^[S3]

3.3.8 1-Phenylpropan-1-ol (c2h)



Prepared from propiophenone (**c1h**, 14 mg, 0.10 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and F e(0)- η^6 (arene) complex (2.2 mg, 2.5 µmol, 2.5 mol%) according to **GP 1**. The reaction mixture was stirred at a H₂ pressure of 50 bar at 50 °C. Purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel using cyclohexane:ethyl acetate = 9:1 as eluent afforded the desired alcohol **c2h** (11 mg, 80%) as transparent oil.

GLC (SE-54): $t_R = 8.8 \text{ min.} {}^{1}\text{H} \text{ NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 0.85$ (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 1.70–1.72 (m, 2H), 4.53 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 7.18–7.23 (m, 1H), 7.26–7.30 (m, 4H) ppm. ${}^{13}\text{C} \text{ NMR}$ (101 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 10.3$, 32.0, 76.2, 126.1, 127.6, 128.5, 144.7 ppm.

The spectroscopic data are in accordance with those reported. [S4

3.3.9 1-Mesitylethan-1-ol (c2i)



Prepared from 1-mesitylethan-1-one (**c1i**, 17 mg, 0.10 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and Fe(0)- η^6 (arene) complex (2.2 mg, 2.5 µmol, 2.5 mol%) according to **GP 1**. The reaction mixture was stirred at a H₂ pressure of 50 bar at 50 °C. Purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel using cyclohexane:ethyl acetate = 1:1 as eluent afforded the desired alcohol **c2i** (7.0 mg, 42%) as an oil.

GLC (SE-54): $t_R = 11.3 \text{ min.} {}^{1}\text{H} \text{ NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 1.52$ (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 3H), 1.7 (s, 1H), 2.26 (s, 3H), 2.42 (s, 6H), 5.26 (q, J = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 6.74 (s, 2H) ppm. ${}^{13}\text{C} \text{ NMR}$ (101 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 20.6$, 20.8, 21.7, 67.6, 130.2, 135.8, 136.5, 137.8, ppm.

The spectroscopic data are in accordance with those reported.^[S3]

3.3.10 1-(Naphthalen-2-yl)ethan-1-ol (c2j)



Prepared from 1-(naphthalen-2-yl)ethan-1-one (**c1j**, 17 mg, 0.10 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and Fe(0)- η^6 (arene) complex (2.2 mg, 2.5 µmol, 2.5 mol%) according to **GP 1**. The reaction mixture was stirred at a H₂ pressure of 50 bar at 50 °C. Purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel using cyclohexane:ethyl acetate = 1:1 as eluent afforded the desired alcohol **c2j** (9.0 mg, 50%) as clear oil.

GLC (SE-54): $t_R = 16.8 \text{ min.} {}^{1}\text{H} \text{NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 1.52$ (s, 3H), 1.59 (s, 1H), 5.01 (q, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 7.37–7.46 (m, 3H), 7.75–7.78 (m, 4H) ppm. {}^{13}\text{C} \text{NMR} (101 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 24.5, 67.3, 122.1, 123.3, 125.6, 125.7, 126.2, 128.1, 129.0, 130.4, 133.9, 141.5 ppm. The spectroscopic data are in accordance with those reported.^[S3]$

3.3.11 1,2,3,4,4a,8a-Hexahydronaphthalen-1-ol (c2k)



Prepared from 3,4-dihydronaphthalen-1(*2H*)-one (**c1k**, 15 mg, 0.10 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and Fe(0)- η^6 (arene) complex (2.2 mg, 2.5 µmol, 2.5 mol%) according to **GP 1**. The reaction mixture was stirred at a H₂ pressure of 50 bar at 50 °C. Purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel using cyclohexane:ethyl acetate = 7:3 as eluent afforded the desired alcohol **c2k** (4.0 mg, 28%) as light yellow oil.

GLC (SE-54): $t_R = 17.0 \text{ min.} {}^{1}\text{H} \text{ NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 1.75-1.84$ (m, 1H), 1.89–2.03 (m, 3H), 2.69–2.87 (m, 2H), 4.79 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 7.10–7.12 (m, 1H), 7.19–7.22 (m, 2H), 7.43–7.45 (m, 1H) ppm. ${}^{13}\text{C} \text{ NMR}$ (101 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 18.9$, 29.4, 32.4, 68.3, 126.3, 127.7, 128.8, 129.2, 137.3, 139.0 ppm.

The spectroscopic data are in accordance with those reported.^[S5]

3.3.12 Diphenylmethanol (c2l)



Prepared from benzophenone (**c1I**, 18 mg, 0.10 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and Fe(0)- η^6 (arene) complex (2.2 mg, 2.5 µmol, 2.5 mol%) according to **GP 1**. The reaction mixture was stirred at a H₂ pressure of 50 bar at 50 °C. Purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel using cyclohexane:ethyl acetate = 1:1 as eluent afforded the desired alcohol **c2I** (11 mg, 58%) as white solid.

GLC (SE-54): $t_R = 16.5$ min. ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 2.11$ (s, 1H), 5.78 (s, 1H), 7.17–7.21 (m, 2H), 7.24–7.33 (m, 8H) ppm. ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 76.4$, 126.7, 127.7, 128.7, 143.9 ppm.

The spectroscopic data are in accordance with those reported. [S3

3.3.13 Cyclohexanol (c2m)



Prepared from cyclohexanone (**c1m**, 9.8 mg, 0.10 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and Fe(0)- η^6 (arene) complex (2.2 mg, 2.5 µmol, 2.5 mol%) according to GP 1. The reaction mixture was stirred at a H₂ pressure of 50 bar at 50 °C. Purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel using cyclohexane:ethyl acetate = 9:1 as eluent afforded the desired alcohol **c2m** (8.5 mg, 83%).

GLC (SE-54): $t_R = 11.1$ min. ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 1.15-1.31$ (m, 5H), 1.47 (s, 1H), 1.53-1.56 (m, 1H), 1.72-1.75 (s, 2H), 1.87-1.90 (s, 2H), 3.61 (q, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H) ppm. ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 24.3$, 25.6, 35.7, 70.5 ppm.

The spectroscopic data are in accordance with those reported.^[S4]

3.3.14 2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-ol (c2n)



Prepared from 1,3-dihydro-2*H*-inden-2-one (**c1n**, 14 mg, 0.10 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and Fe(0)- η^6 (arene) complex (2.2 mg, 2.5 µmol, 2.5 mol%) according to **GP 1**. The reaction mixture was stirred at a H₂ pressure of 50 bar at 50 °C. Purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel using cyclohexane:ethyl acetate = 9:1 as eluent afforded the desired alcohol **c2n** (8.0 mg, 51%)

GLC (SE-54): $t_R = 11.4 \text{ min.} {}^{1}\text{H} \text{ NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 1.86$ (s, 1H), 2.83 (dd, J = 3.1, 3.2 Hz, 2H), 3.14 (dd, J = 5.8, 5.7 Hz, 2H), 4.60–4.64 (m, 1H), 7.08–7.12 (m, 2H), 7.15–7.19 (m, 2H) ppm. ${}^{13}\text{C} \text{ NMR}$ (101 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 42.8, 73.3, 125.1, 126.8, 140.9$ ppm.

The spectroscopic data are in accordance with those reported.^[S6]



Prepared from nonan-5-one (**c1o**, 23 mg, 0.10 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and Fe(0)- η^6 (arene) complex (2.2 mg, 2.5 µmol, 2.5 mol%) according to GP 1. The reaction mixture was stirred at a H₂ pressure of 50 bar at 50 °C. Purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel using cyclohexane:ethyl acetate = 7:3 as eluent afforded the desired alcohol **c2o** (13 mg, 56%).

GLC (SE-54): $t_R = 11.3 \text{ min.} {}^{1}\text{H} \text{ NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 0.89$ (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 6H), 1.27–1.48 (m, 12H), 3.58 (s, 1H), 3.71 (q, J = 5.4 Hz, 1H) ppm. ${}^{13}\text{C} \text{ NMR}$ (101 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 14.2$, 22.9, 28.0, 37.3, 72.1 ppm.

The spectroscopic data are in accordance with those reported.^[S4]

3.3.16 1-Phenylpropan-2-ol (c2p)



Prepared from 1-phenylpropan-2-one (**c1p**, 14 mg, 0.10 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and Fe(0)- η^6 (arene) complex (2.2 mg, 2.5 µmol, 2.5 mol%) according to **GP 1**. The reaction mixture was stirred at a H₂ pressure of 50 bar at 50 °C. Purification by filtering the reaction mixture through a small pad of silica gel using CH₂Cl₂ as eluent afforded desired alcohol **c2p** (13 mg, 90%) as transparent oil.

GLC (SE-54): $t_R = 8.4 \text{ min.} {}^{1}\text{H} \text{ NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 1.18$ (s, 3H), 1.46 (s, 1H), 2.59–2.75 (m, 2H), 3.92–3.99 (m, 1H), 7.13–7.27 (m, 5H) ppm. ${}^{13}\text{C} \text{ NMR}$ (101 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 22.9$, 45.9, 69.0, 126.6, 128.7, 129.5, 138.6 ppm.

The spectroscopic data are in accordance with those reported.^[S5]



Prepared from hex-5-en-2-one (**c1q**, 10 mg, 0.10 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and Fe(0)- η^6 (arene) complex (2.2 mg, 2.5 µmol, 2.5 mol%) according to **GP 1**. The reaction mixture was stirred at a H₂ pressure of 50 bar at 50 °C. Purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel using cyclohexane:ethyl acetate = 9:1 as eluent afforded the desired alcohol **c2q** (8.0 mg, 79%) as transparent oil.

GLC (SE-54): $t_R = 9.1$ min. ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 1.21$ (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H), 1.50–1.59 (m, 2H), 2.12–2.20 (m, 2H), 3.68–3.87 (m, 2H), 4.96–5.10 (m, 2H), 5.79–5.89 (m, 1H) ppm. ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 23.6$, 30.3, 38.4, 67.8, 114.9, 138.6 ppm.

The spectroscopic data are in accordance with those reported.^[S6]

3.3.18 1,3-Diphenylprop-2-en-1-ol (c2r)



Prepared from chalcone (**c1r**, 21 mg, 0.10 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and Fe(0)- η^6 (arene) complex (2.2 mg, 2.5 µmol, 2.5 mol%) according to **GP 1**. The reaction mixture was stirred at a H₂ pressure of 50 bar at 50 °C. Purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel using cyclohexane:ethyl acetate = 9:1 as eluent afforded the desired alcohol **c2r** (7.0 mg, 30%) as clear oil.

GLC (SE-54): $t_R = 21.2 \text{ min.} {}^{1}\text{H} \text{ NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 5.44$ (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 6.44 (dd, J = 6.3, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 6.74 (d, J = 15.3 Hz, 1H), 7.29–7.50 (m, 10H) ppm. ${}^{13}\text{C} \text{ NMR}$ (101 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 79.3$, 126.7, 127.1, 127.7, 128.6, 130.4, 130.5, 131.4, 131.6, 136.7, 141.3 ppm. The spectroscopic data are in accordance with those report.^[S6]

3.4 NMR Spectra



4.7

-1.7

Phenylmethanol (c2a) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃):














¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃):



¹³ C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl ₃):	159.1	138.1	- 126.8				55.4	25.1	
	Ι	I	I	I			I	I	
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¹³ C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl ₃):	1337.8 135.8 135.8 130.2	67 . 6	21.7 20.6
	160 150 140 130 120 110 1	00 90 80 70 60 50	40 30 20 10 ppm











³ C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl ₃):	6. 6	28.7			6.4							
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, հայտնվեր երանում է նախորհությունը կոնտերությունը հայտությունը։ Դարունի որոշունի որոշում։	naka m. Kura tina ani da kan di maka murana	aikashar, far talalik sig, it dala	hell and take specialitations	llest fr that wast, fiking sheit in	ا ، ، ، ، ، ، ، ، ، ، ، ، ، ، ، ، ، ، ،		alla tari a kiladi. A	بر المرابع	Alto, kovali i in, in su	ا الالباني بينانان	la nd de chandaile	konali aka ko
n fan Austrijkel fan fan de fan fan het fan de f An de fan de f	and and the first sector of the day of the sector of the s		Plat gallig pillt i spirari, en alla tage e D ^{ara} Parta en 11 - Ban e La angla tage e dan bank				(¹ 1), (1), (1), (1), (1), (1), (1), (1), (Malaalaala	Pro <mark>P</mark> PIPIPIPIPIPIPIPIPIPIPIPIPIPIPIPIPIPIP	n in serie di	te physical days and a state of the
	160 150 140	130 120	D 110 100) 70	60	 50	40	30	20	10	ppm



¹³ C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl ₃):		
	ייייטן איז	g na truc fai da pi da ji ana trukan sa katar na ji dalata para da pala a san da a Na na truc fai da pi da ji ana sa trukan sa katar yang ng pi pinan pina ang na pinan pinan pinan pinan pinan pi
220 210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100) 90 80 70 60 50 4	40 30 20 10 ppn









CNMR (101 MHz, CDCl ₃):			
ydania ywana ywana ywana na	ny elista any any any any any any any any any an	an analogist with the state of the second state	
	,	0 70 60 50	40 30 20 10 ppr



CNMR (101 MHz, CDCl ₃):	128 6 128 7 128 7 128 7	0.69	4. 15.9	55.9
en an ar bhaile bar blios alabh ain an dhaireanna fhannach an an an ann an far an all fairle ann ann an bhair b Marainn a bhaile ann an bhairtean a' fhighe ann ann an ann ann ann an 1971 ann a lainne ann ann an 1981 a ann	en der Lein, der lege Auf erstreften eine Auferstein volligft der Aufer auf der Ausschlemen Berneter der enzum Ausschlegten einer Berneter gestennet fahrensen ein der Berkägnen Auf ger Unter im regelichen num besterkenten m Ausschlegten eine Aufer ausschlemen Ausschlesten auf der Berkägnen Auf ger Unter im regelichen num besterkenten	an a sana a sana ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang	kan menyering berdikan berdikan berdikan berdikan berdikan Perupan perupakan di alam tara tarapa perupakan ber	lhentus par seruhika kada per nina kepatra ketalah Maringka nagkapi penerapika nina kappang bilipan Maringka nagkapi penerapika nina kappang bilipan
220 210 200 190 180 170	0 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90	80 70 60	50 40 3	0 20 10 pp







1,3-Diphenylprop-2-en-1-ol (c2r) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃):

OH Ph Ph





4 DFT-Calculations

Figure S16: Frontier molecular orbitals of **4** at the B3LYP-D3 level with s6-31G* basis set for Fe and 6-31G* basis set for all other atoms (orange = iron, blue = nitrogen, green = silicon).

Scheme S1: Calculated Gibbs-energy at room temperature for arene-exchange reaction.

Parameter	Experimental (X-ray)	Theoretical (DFT)
Fe-Si1	2.177	2.164
Fe-Si2	2.177	2.164
Si1-Fe-Si2	89.0	89.2
Fe-benzene	1.535	1.540

Table S2: Selected geometric parameters [Å]: experimental and calculated for **3**.

Table S3: Selected geometric parameters [Å]: experimental and calculated for 4.

Parameter	Experimental (X-ray)	Theoretical (DFT)
Fe-Si1	2.175	2.171
Fe-Si2	2.171	2.172
Si1FeSi2	89.5	89.7
Fe-toluene	1.549	1.574

Scheme S2: Calculated Gibbs-energy at room temperature for Silylene-carbene ligand exchange reaction.

Table S4: Calculated frontier molecular orbitals of **6** at the B3LYP-D3 level with s6-31G* basis set for Fe and 6-31G* basis set for all other atoms.

	LUMO+1	LUMO	НОМО	HOMO-1
3	- 0.586	- 0.601	- 3.200	- 3.765
6	- 0.037	- 0.0930	- 2.803	- 3.505

Cartesian coordinates of the optimized structure of 3.

С	-1.43833	-5.02056	0.87301
С	-2.35527	-2.76710	0.27404
С	-1.64631	-4.34192	-1.54366
С	-3.95994	1.15485	-0.52153
С	-1.32935	-3.84468	-0.11961
С	-4.03381	3.21920	0.89891
С	-4.14277	3.38850	-1.62525
С	-3.52558	2.63007	-0.43341
С	-1.83448	0.51799	3.88707
С	-1.91414	0.33298	2.47345
С	2.20618	-7.80185	-1.04960
С	1.97102	-6.95543	-2.13596
С	2.11185	-7.30500	0.25257
С	-1.17770	-0.81706	-3.11544
С	1.64634	-5.61560	-1.92159
С	1.77883	-5.96729	0.46903
С	-0.88549	1.55290	4.13503
С	0.39869	-2.00479	2.87249
С	1.54558	-5.11403	-0.61724
С	-1.01820	1.25068	1.81621
С	-1.28077	0.59455	-3.14668
С	1.20278	-3.68135	-0.38209
С	0.88549	-1.55290	4.13503
С	0.11567	-1.40467	-3.13983
С	-0.39869	2.00479	2.87249
С	1.01820	-1.25068	1.81621
С	-1.77883	5.96729	0.46903
С	-1.20278	3.68135	-0.38209
С	-2.11185	7.30500	0.25257
С	-1.54558	5.11403	-0.61724
С	-2.20618	7.80185	-1.04960
С	-1.64634	5.61560	-1.92159
С	-0.11567	1.40467	-3.13983
С	1.83448	-0.51799	3.88707
С	-1.97102	6.95543	-2.13596
С	1.28077	-0.59455	-3.14668
С	1.91414	-0.33298	2.47345
С	1.17770	0.81706	-3.11544
С	3.52558	-2.63007	-0.43341
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С	4.03381	-3.21920	0.89891
С	4.14277	-3.38850	-1.62525
С	1.32935	3.84468	-0.11961
С	1.43833	5.02056	0.87301
С	3.95994	-1.15485	-0.52153
С	2.35527	2.76710	0.27404
С	1.64631	4.34192	-1.54366
Н	-2.47623	-5.37074	0.91714
Н	-3.37083	-3.17156	0.19953
Н	-2.65859	-4.76148	-1.57818
Н	-5.05304	1.09022	-0.48543
Н	-5.12294	3.11333	0.97083
Н	-0.81177	-5.86474	0.57642
Н	-2.19031	-2.44143	1.30592
Н	-5.22605	3.22243	-1.64617
Н	-1.14094	-4.70746	1.87930
Н	-3.55793	0.57613	0.31276
Н	-2.26374	-1.88889	-0.37411
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Н	-1.59436	-3.51639	-2.25753
Н	-2.52365	-0.41055	1.97952
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Н	-2.06980	-1.43347	-3.08658
Н	-3.72285	3.02580	-2.57042
Н	2.46276	-8.84416	-1.21742
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Н	1.69461	-5.57732	1.47900
Н	-0.56903	1.91032	5.10681
Н	0.22665	-2.48105	-3.05972
Н	-1.69461	5.57732	1.47900

Н	-2.29520	7.95841	1.10095
Н	-2.46276	8.84416	-1.21742
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Н	2.26374	1.88889	-0.37411
Н	3.55793	-0.57613	0.31276
Н	0.94937	5.12338	-1.85845
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Н	3.61347	-0.69138	-1.44847
Н	1.59436	3.51639	-2.25753
Н	5.22605	-3.22243	-1.64617
Н	2.47623	5.37074	0.91714
Н	5.05304	-1.09022	-0.48543
Н	3.37083	3.17156	0.19953
Н	2.65859	4.76148	-1.57818
Ν	0.00000	-3.20094	-0.05281
Ν	-2.04907	2.64958	-0.47104
Ν	2.04907	-2.64958	-0.47104
Ν	0.00000	3.20094	-0.05281
Si	-0.65864	1.36937	-0.05322
Si	0.65864	-1.36937	-0.05322
Fe	0.00000	0.00000	3.09046
Fe	0.00000	0.00000	-1.59442

Cartesian coordinates of the optimized structure of 4.

С	-7.17138	-2.04211	0.84267
С	-8.08188	-0.98291	0.80759
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С	-3.90125	-0.26042	0.14939
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Н	-5.67819	-1.62157	-2.00307
Н	-5.10414	-2.62686	0.63519
Н	0.43543	-4.60591	-2.83025
Н	-2.02182	-3.15936	-1.32270
Н	-0.43228	-3.12142	-3.24825
Н	-8.33320	1.14233	0.53009
Н	-2.43457	-2.84279	1.08265
Н	-2.92294	-0.86662	-4.34464
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Н	-4.78744	0.73404	-3.80800
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Н	-5.38752	0.90322	-2.15083
Н	-2.63058	-1.76184	2.98103
Н	2.23515	-3.21286	-0.59825
Н	-0.50898	-2.72783	2.71451
Н	-5.91259	1.56498	0.17182
Н	-3.51102	-0.92663	4.27205
Н	-1.88861	0.07367	-3.25681
Н	-5.24273	0.93753	2.69327
Н	1.83302	-2.90402	1.81225
Н	-3.81165	1.59783	-2.59498
Н	3.24871	-2.47597	-2.33834
Н	4.08614	-1.84666	-3.76904
Н	1.34325	-0.71235	-2.78858
Н	2.29744	-0.20957	-4.21325
Н	-4.17976	1.53185	3.97619

Н	4.92630	-1.91535	-2.21371
Н	-4.10616	2.25830	2.35881
Н	-0.98036	0.16597	2.69350
Н	3.90974	-2.31463	2.89161
Н	-1.79249	0.87710	4.11775
Н	1.57303	-1.19563	3.24788
Н	5.26262	-2.68615	0.27220
Н	1.80114	0.98044	-2.99457
Н	-0.34993	1.66422	-2.75502
Н	-1.59768	1.82663	2.62968
Н	4.60151	0.68716	-3.92200
Н	-2.51896	2.96640	0.78805
Н	7.72761	-2.98815	0.28124
Н	5.34091	-1.28160	2.71299
Н	4.43929	-1.28010	4.23323
Н	1.43917	0.55881	3.13858
Н	2.30414	-0.16730	4.50227
Н	5.48483	0.51999	-2.39805
Н	0.42990	2.26860	2.23737
Н	4.20959	1.74091	-2.54993
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Н	2.53090	2.58430	-1.55792
Н	-1.91126	5.15364	-0.65808
Н	9.22299	-1.00248	0.18681
Н	5.07433	1.22469	2.41449
Н	3.46588	1.97516	2.51616
Н	4.24726	1.32281	3.97699
Н	5.77387	1.57005	0.03334
Н	0.74756	4.87430	1.69036
Н	8.24200	1.28029	0.07012
Н	2.04415	5.07392	-0.67593
Fe	-0.04917	-1.55102	0.07992
Fe	0.03067	3.09995	-0.40275
Ν	-3.25135	-0.48439	-0.99848
Ν	-3.01553	0.17631	1.04794
Ν	3.12160	-0.15341	-0.93734
Ν	3.08841	-0.34498	1.21615
Si	-1.54292	-0.00544	-0.22626
Si	1.49850	-0.02898	0.14469

Cartesian coordinates of the optimized structure of 6.

Fe	-0.01948	-0.74288	-0.52374
Ν	2.57483	-0.16735	1.04378
Ν	1.13931	-1.39635	2.07876
Ν	-1.19337	-1.62124	2.01705
Ν	-2.68929	-0.46610	0.99909
С	3.09300	-0.44024	2.31643
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С	-0.80570	-1.84744	-2.14864
Н	4.04958	-0.05110	2.62668
Н	2.19257	-1.61596	3.96346
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Н	0.14314	-3.11024	1.48872
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Н	6.00775	1.88454	-2.42911
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Н	2.85950	4.59605	-0.47652
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Н	1.75747	3.67520	-1.51761
Н	-3.74796	3.64572	-0.77381
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Н	-2.49679	-0.51187	-2.05681
Н	-1.41944	-2.74196	-2.13626

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- S2 W. Wang, S. Inoue, S. Enthaler, M. Driess, *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2012**, *51*, 6167–6171.
- S3 L. Süsse, J. Hermeke, and M. Oestreich, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2016**, *138*, 6940–6943.
- S4 S. E. Varjosaari, V. Skrypai, P. Suating, J. J. M. Hurley, T. M. Gilbert, and Marc J. Adler, *Eur. J. of Org. Chem.* **2017**, 229–232.
- S5 M. Veguillas, R. Solà, M. Á. Fernández-Ibañez, B. Maciá, *Tetrahedron: Asymmetry*, **2016**, *27*, 643–648.
- S6 S. Tanaka, Y. Suzuki, H. Saburi, M. Kitamura, *Tetrahedron* **2015**, *71*, 6559–6568.