Supplementary Information for

Electrochemical behavior of a Rh(pentamethylcyclopentadienyl) complex bearing an NAD⁺/NADH-functionalized ligand

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Figure S1. (a) ESI-MS spectrum of [1]Cl in CH₃CN containing 10% TEA and (b) simulated spectrum of $[1]^+$.



Figure S2. Spectral changes for [RhCp*(bpy)Cl]Cl during reduction at -1.0 V (*vs.* SCE) in CH₃CN with 0.1 M $[nBu_4][PF_6]$ as the supporting electrolyte.



Figure S3. Cyclic voltammograms of [1]Cl in the presence of varying amounts of AcOH.



Figure S4. Electronic spectra of [1]Cl in the absence of $CoCp_2$ (red line) and the presence of 2 equiv. of $CoCp_2$ (blue line) in CH₃CN containing 1.0% AcOH.



Figure S5. (a) ESI-MS spectrum of [1]Cl in the presence of 1.0% AcOH containing 2 equiv. of $CoCp_2$ in CH₃CN, as well as simulated spectra of (b) [1]⁺ and (c) [1HH]⁺.



Figure S6. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz) of [1]Cl in CD₃CN.



Figure S7. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz) of [1CH]Cl in CD₃CN.



Figure S8. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz) of [1]Cl containing 2 equiv. of CoCp₂ in 1.0% AcOH/CD₃CN.