

Supporting Information

Chiral self-assembly of fullerene clusters on CT-DNA templates

Sandeepa K. V.^a and Joshy Joseph^{*a}

^a Photosciences and Photonics Section, Chemical Sciences and Technology Division, CSIR-National Institute for Interdisciplinary Science and Technology, Thiruvananthapuram 695019, Kerala, India and Academy of Scientific and Innovative Research (AcSIR), CSIR-NIIST Campus, Thiruvananthapuram 695019, Kerala, India.

E-mail: joshya@gmail.com; joshy@niist.res.in.

Sl. No.	Contents	Page No
1.	Figure S1 shows TEM image of F-An nanoclusters	1
2.	Figure S2 shows absorption changes at 260 nm in the presence and absence of F-An with increasing concentration of [CT-DNA].	1
3.	Figure S3 shows saturation plot and corresponding half reciprocal plot of F-An (3 μ M) with increase in [CT-DNA]	2
4.	Figure S4 shows changes in the absorption and emission spectra of ethidium bromide (30 μ M) in the presence of CT-DNA.	2
5.	Figure S5 shows the changes in the absorption and emission spectra of CT-DNA/ethidium bromide complex in the presence of F-An	3
6.	Figure S6 shows circular dichroism spectra of F-Py , F-An , F-PTz , CT-DNA/ F-Py and CT-DNA/ F-PTz	3
7.	Figure S7 shows temperature dependent CD spectral profile of CT-DNA/ F-An	4
8.	Figure S8 shows AFM height image of CT-DNA/ F-An and F-PTz alone	4
9.	Figure S9 shows EDAX measured over nanonetwork from dsDNA/ F-An (1:1) showing corresponding peaks arising from the phosphorous and oxygen atoms of CT-DNA backbone.	4

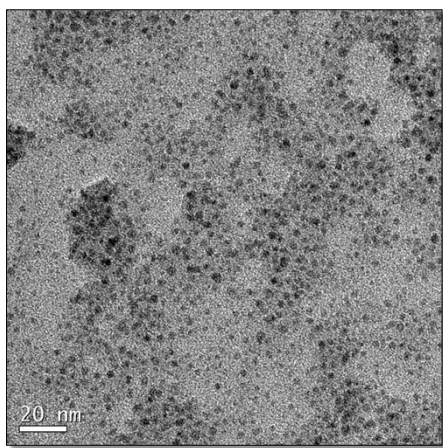


Figure S1. TEM image of **F-An** nanoclusters in 10% DMSO-PBS showing more or less uniform, 3-5 nm sized spherical nanoclusters.

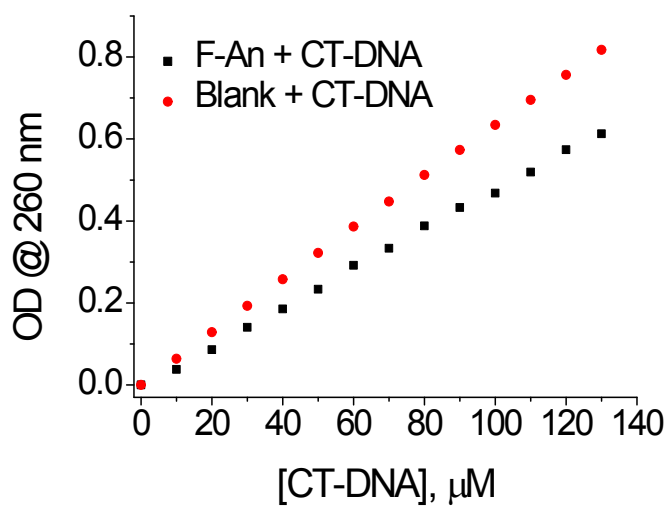


Figure S2. Absorption changes at 260 nm in the presence and absence of **F-An** with increasing concentration of [CT-DNA]. CT-DNA was added in small aliquots to a 10% DMSO-PBS solution of **F-An** nanoclusters or to a 10% DMSO-PBS solution blank.

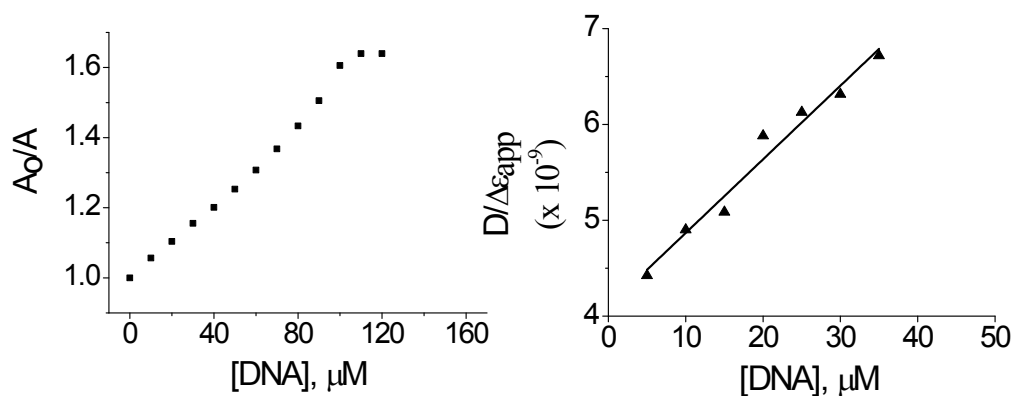


Figure S3. a) Saturation plot of absorption changes at 336 nm upon addition of CT-DNA to **F-An** (3 μM) and b) corresponding half reciprocal plot with increase in $[CT-DNA]$.

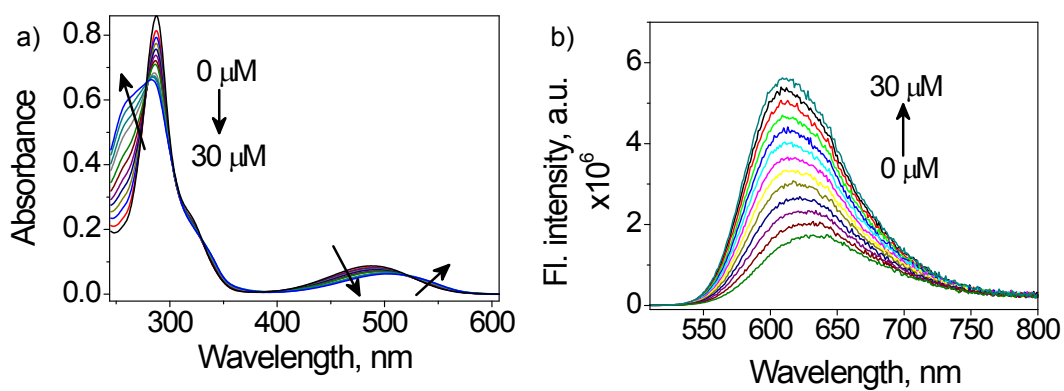


Figure S4. Changes in the a) absorption spectra and b) emission spectra of ethidium bromide (30 μM) in the presence of increasing concentrations of CT-DNA.

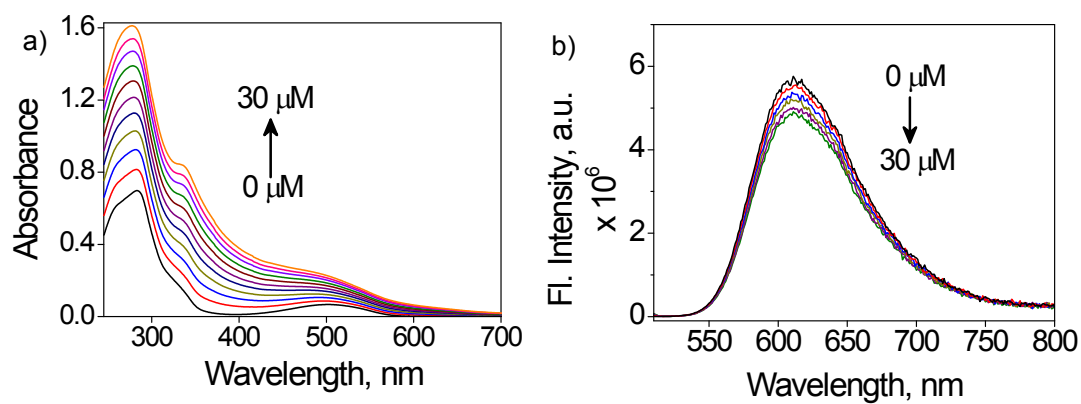


Figure S5. Changes in the a) absorption spectra and b) emission spectra of CT-DNA/ethidium bromide complex (30 μM/ 30 μM, 1:1) in the presence of increasing concentrations of **F-An**.

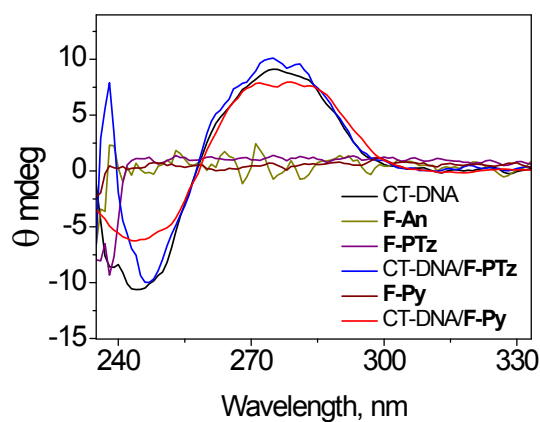


Figure S6. Circular dichroism spectra of **F-Py**, **F-An**, **F-PTz**, CT-DNA/**F-Py** (1:1) and CT-DNA/**F-PTz** (1:1) in 10% DMSO-PBS. These control experiments confirm that only **F-An** with unique cluster size can undergo templated self-assembly with CT-DNA.

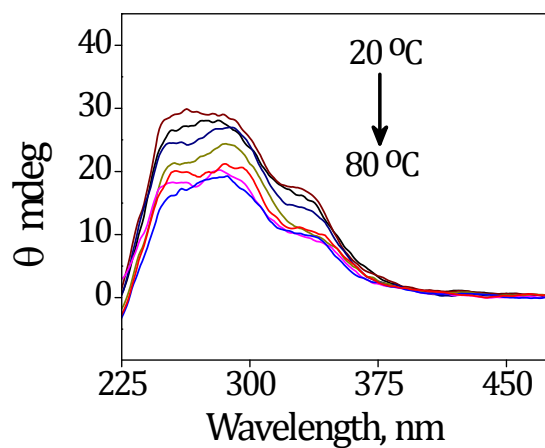


Figure S7. Temperature dependent CD spectral profile of CT-DNA/F-An (1:1) from 20 °C to 80 °C.

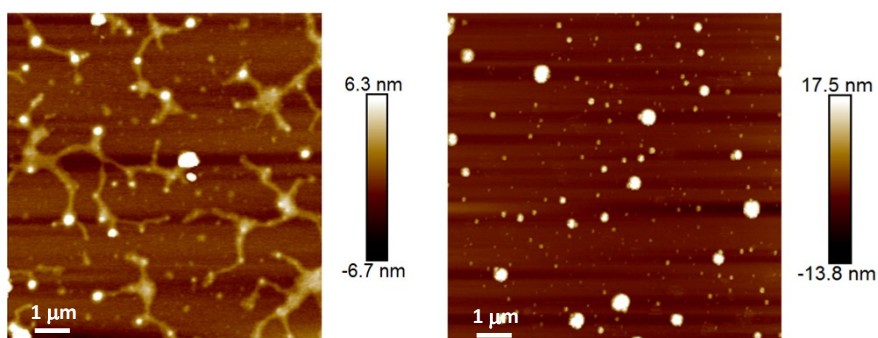


Figure S8. AFM height image of a) CT-DNA/F-An and b) F-PTz alone.

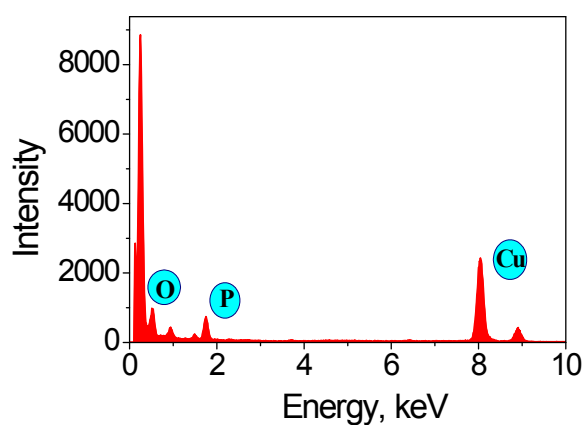


Figure S9. EDAX measured over nanonetwork from dsDNA/F-An (1:1) showing corresponding peaks arising from the phosphorous and oxygen atoms of CT-DNA backbone.