

Supplementary Figures

Primary microglia maintain capacity to function despite internalisation and intracellular loading with carbon nanotubes

Cyrell Bussy^{1,*}, Alberto Bianco², Maurizio Prato^{3,4,5} and Kostas Kostarelos^{1,*}

¹ *Nanomedicine Lab, Faculty of Biology, Medicine and Health & National Graphene Institute, University of Manchester, AV Hill Building, Manchester M13 9PT, United Kingdom*

² *CNRS, Institut de Biologie Moléculaire et Cellulaire, UPR 3572, Immunopathologie et Chimie Thérapeutique, Strasbourg, France*

³ *Center of Excellence for Nanostructured Materials, Department of Chemical and Pharmaceutical Sciences, University of Trieste, Trieste, Italy*

⁴ *Carbon Nanobiotechnology Laboratory, CIC biomaGUNE, Paseo de Miramón 182, 20009 Donostia-San Sebastian, Spain*

⁵ *Basque Science Foundation, Ikerbasque, Bilbao 48013, Spain*

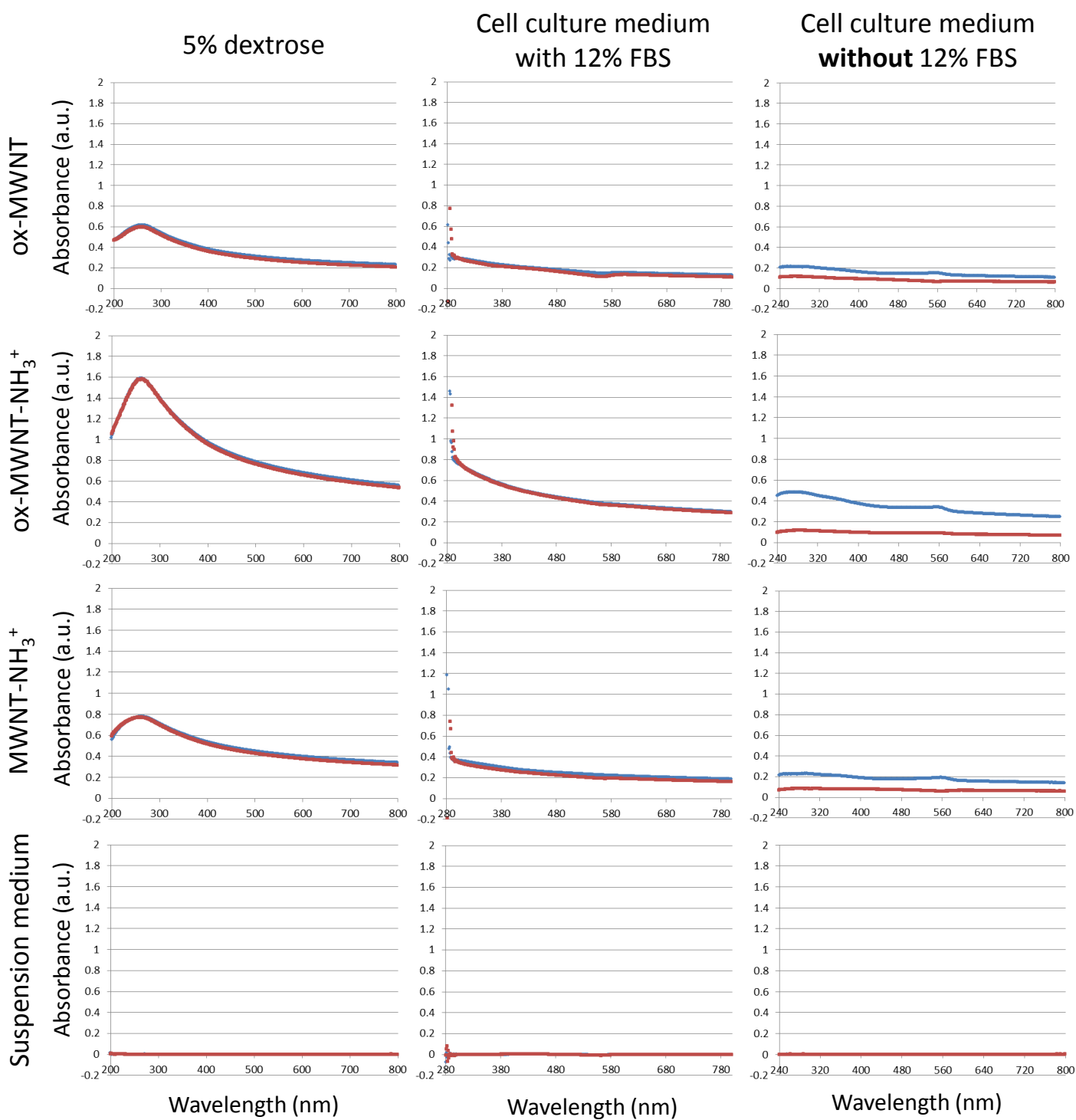


FIGURE S1

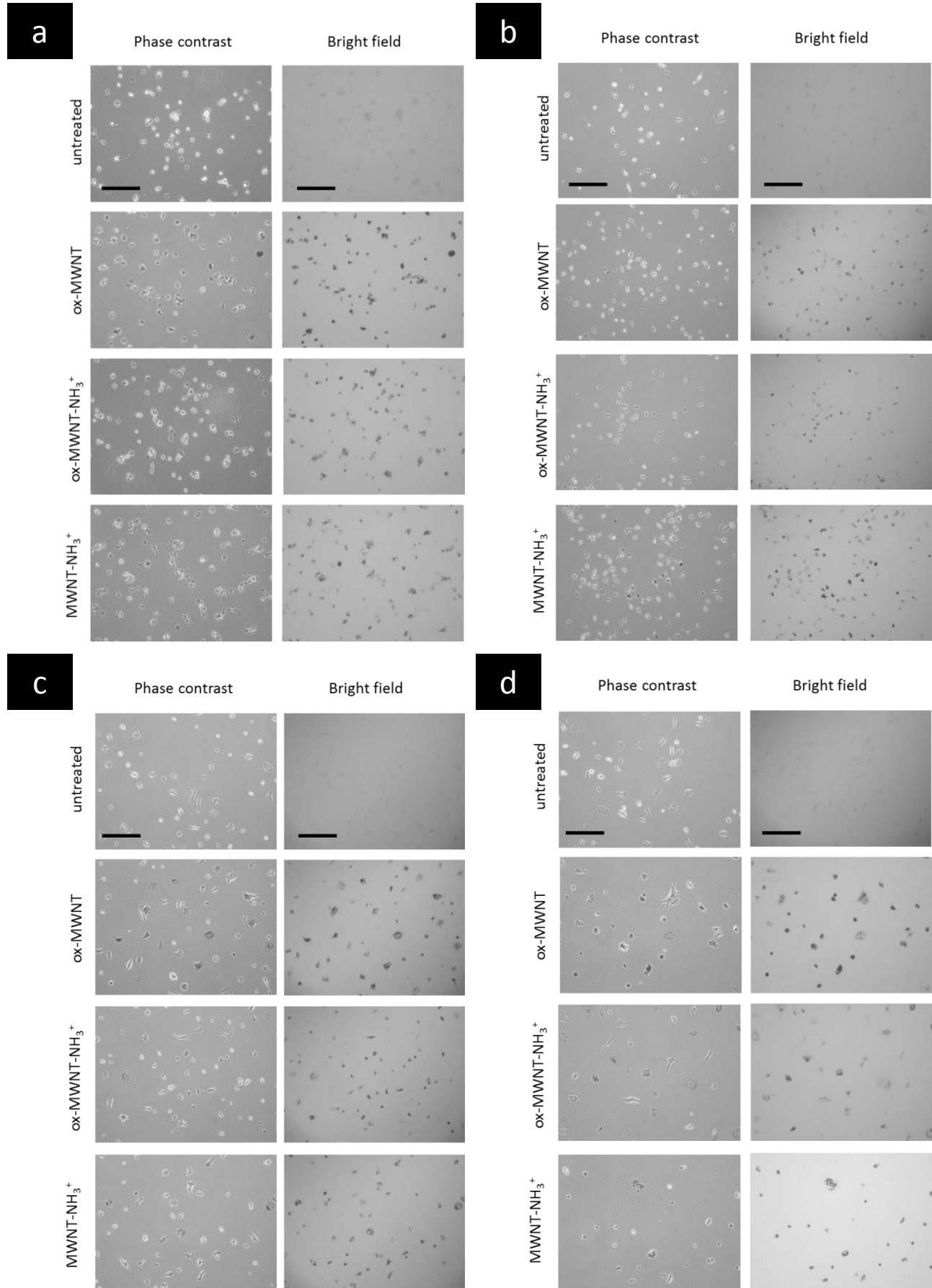


FIGURE S2

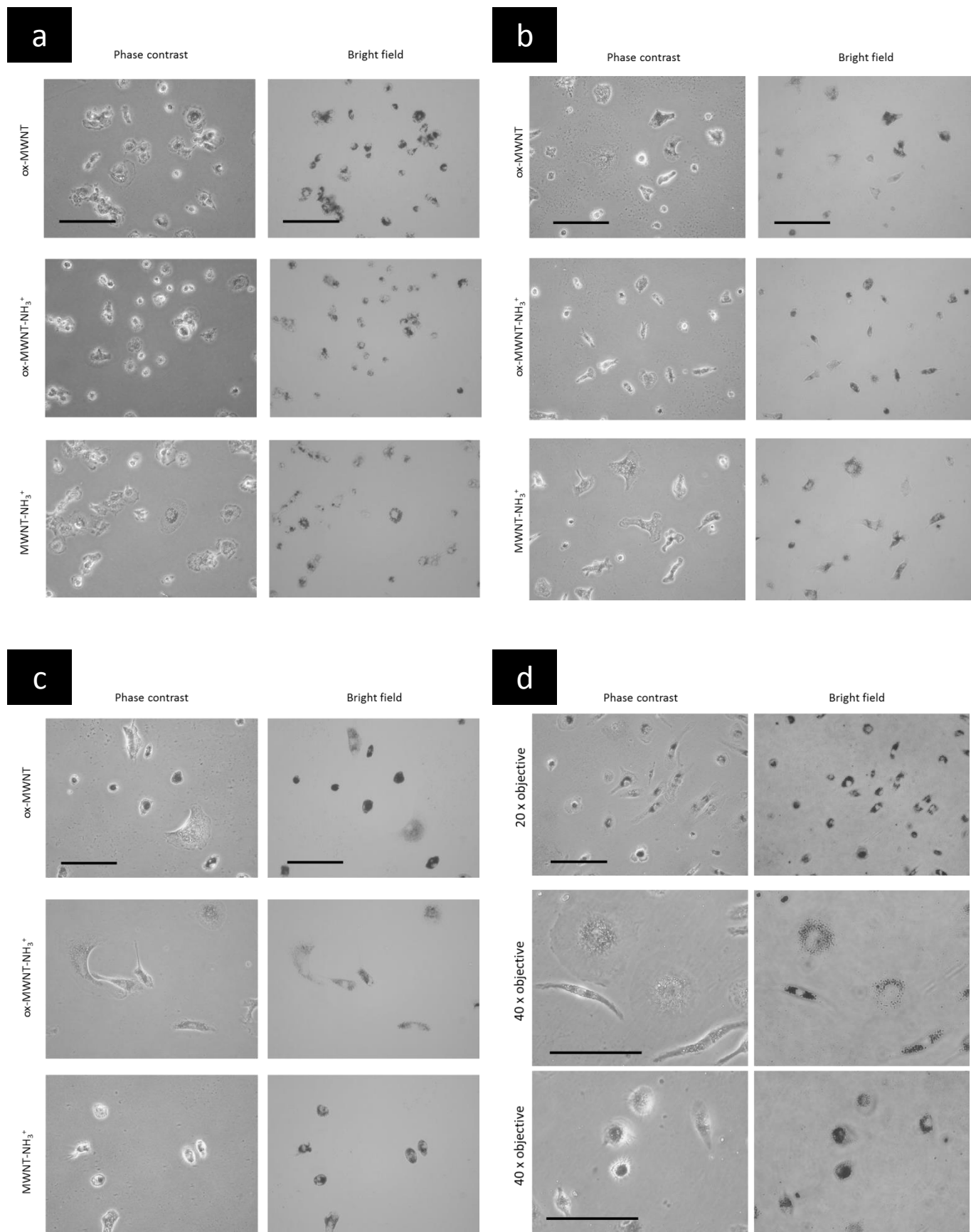


FIGURE S3

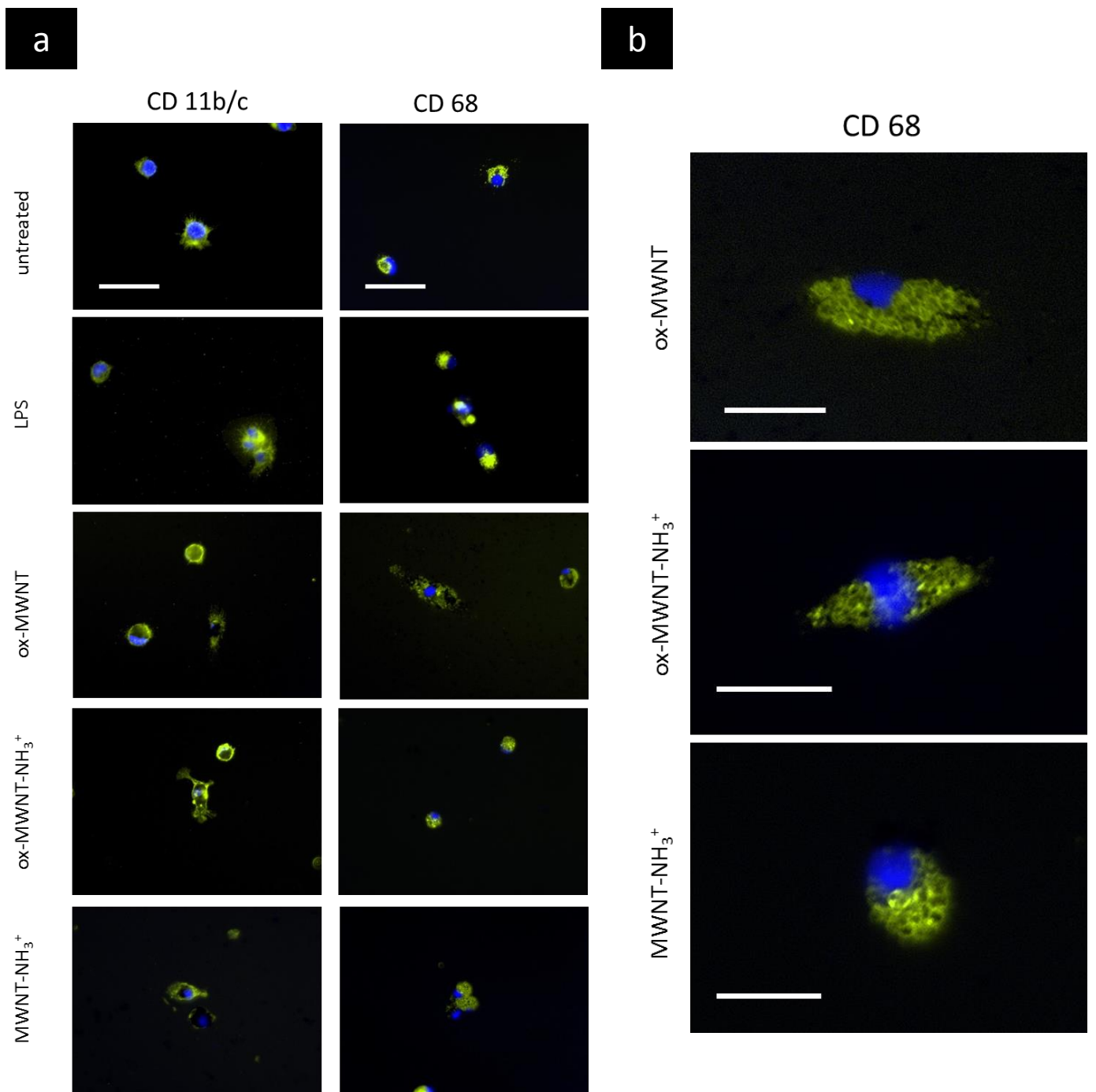
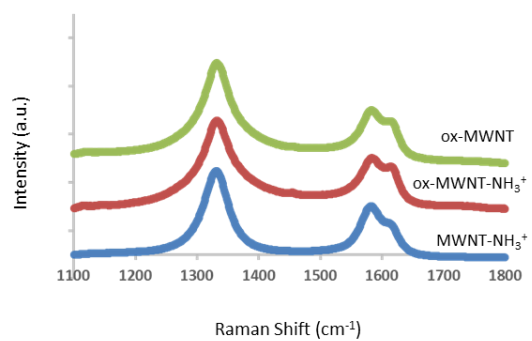
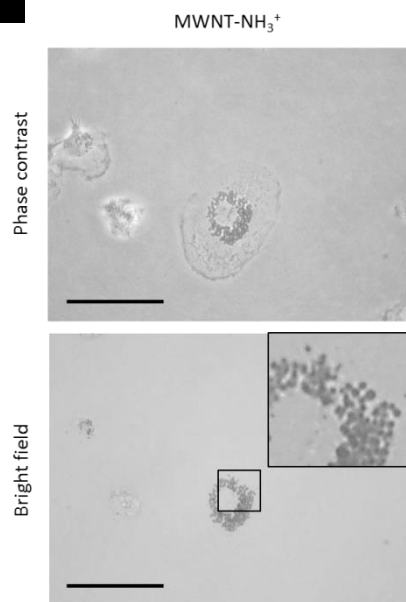
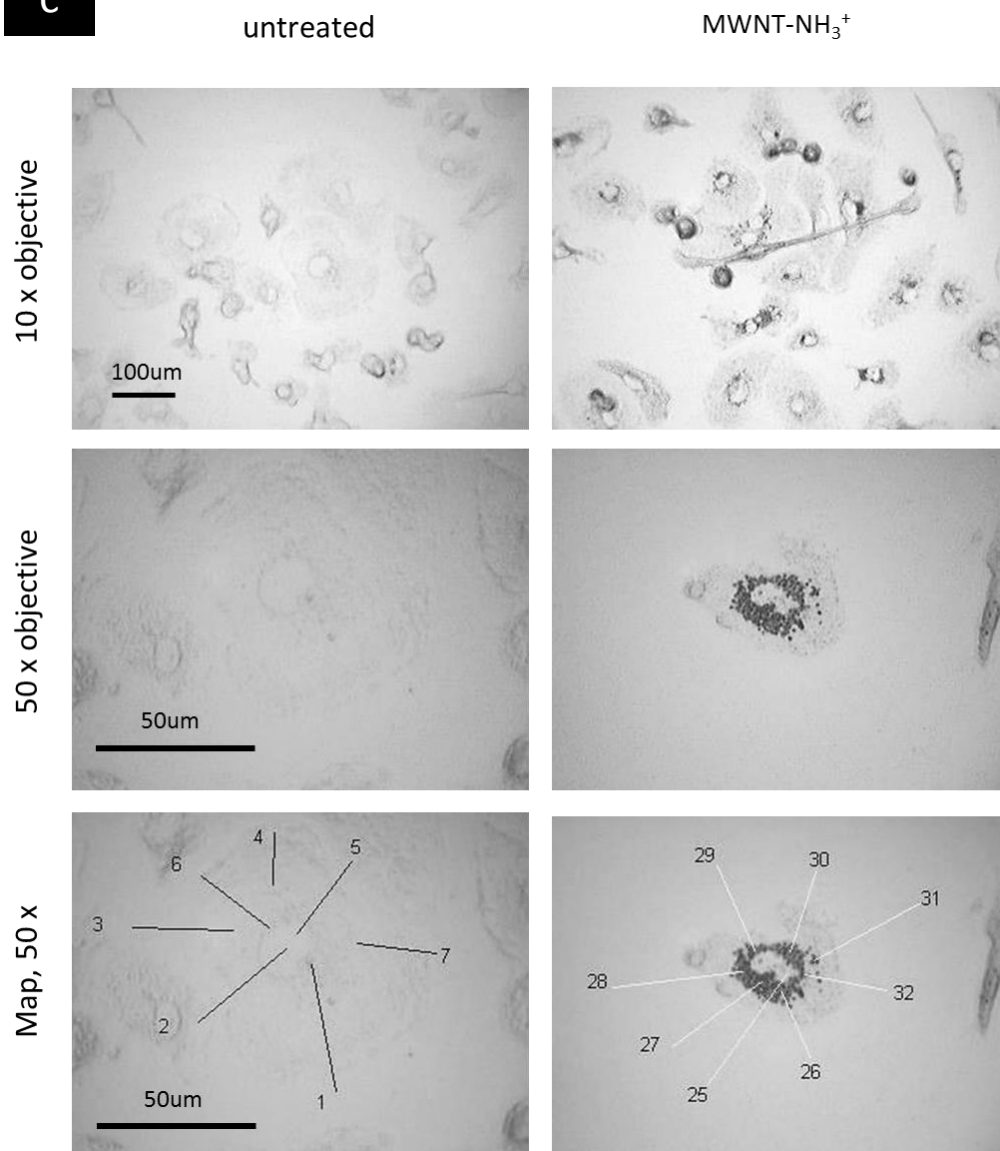


FIGURE S4

a**b****c****FIGURE S5**

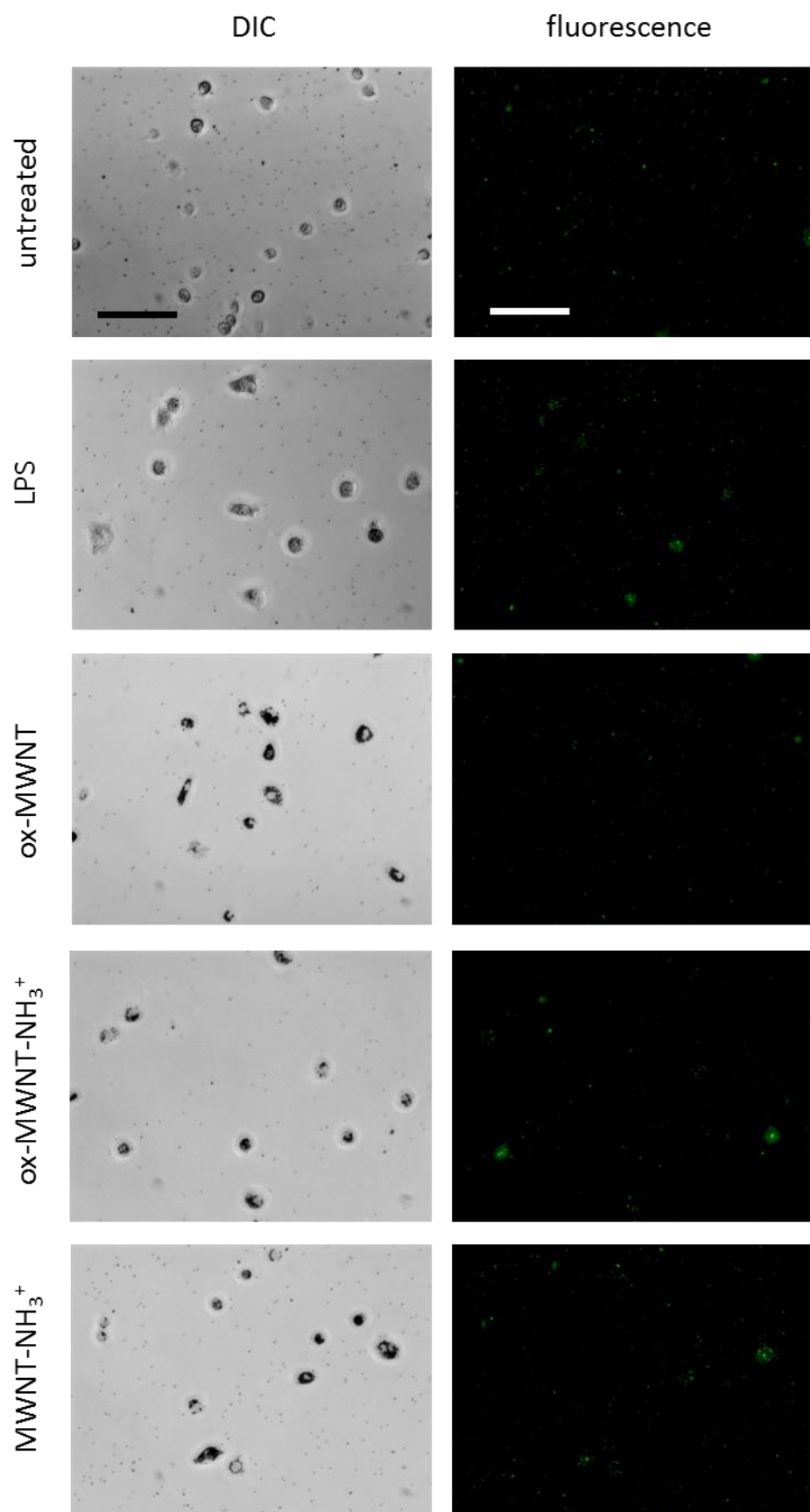


FIGURE S6

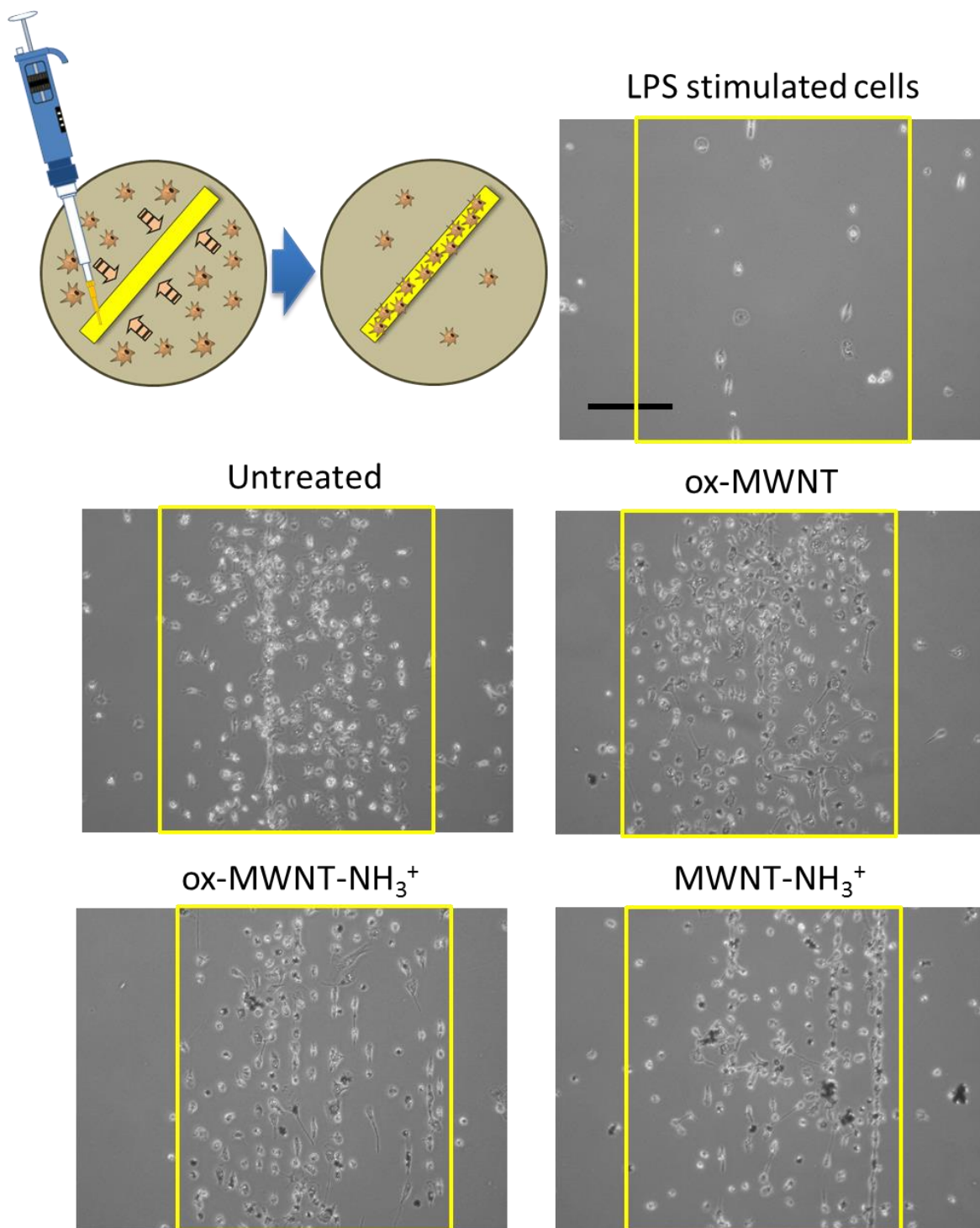


FIGURE S7