

Preparation of $\text{TiO}_2\text{:TiN}$ composite nanowires as support with improved long-term durability in acidic medium for polymer electrolyte fuel cells

P. Dhanasekaran^a, S. Vinod Selvaganesh^a and S. D. Bhat*

^a*CSIR-Central Electrochemical Research Institute (CECRI), CSIR-Madras Complex, Chennai - 600113, Tamil Nadu, India.*

Supporting Information

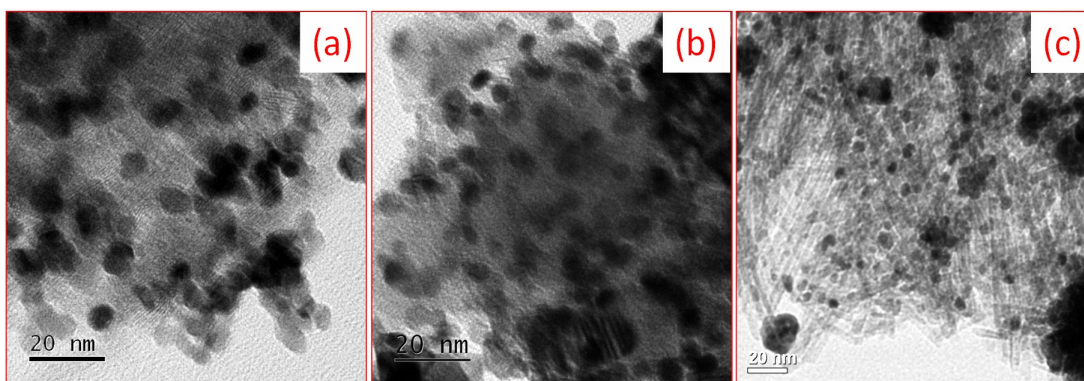


Fig. 1S (a) High magnified TEM image (a) Pt/TiO₂-NW, (b) Pt/TiN and Pt/TiO₂:TiN 2 composite nanowires.

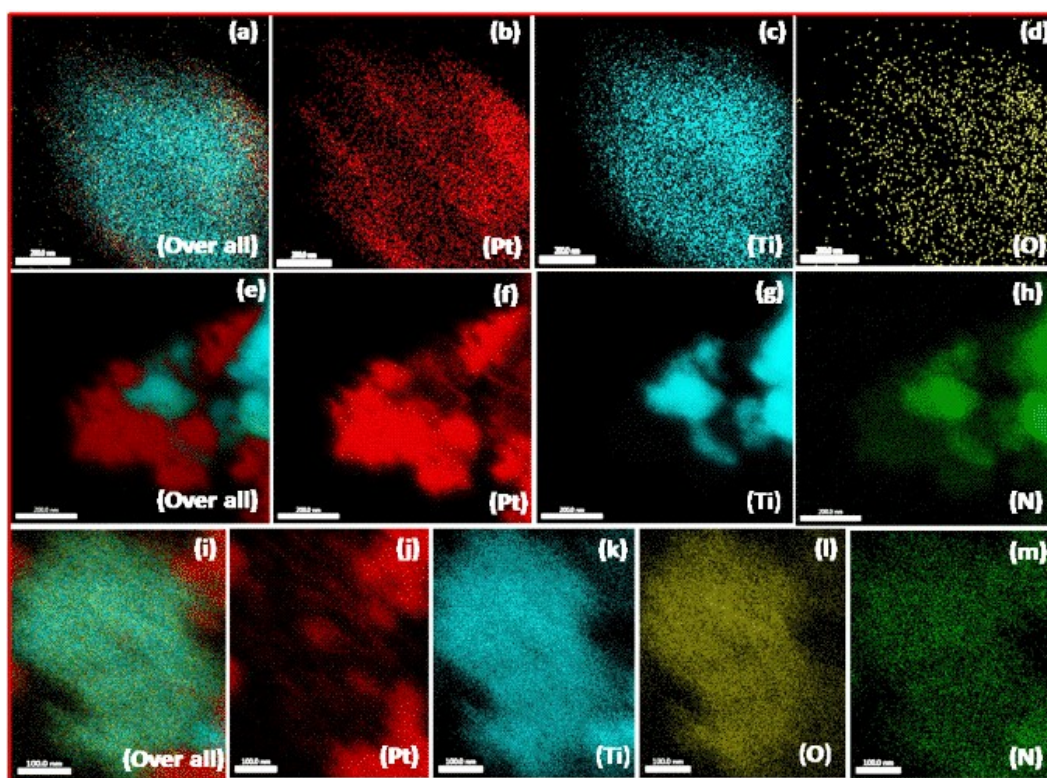


Fig. 2S (a-d) STEM mapping for Pt/TiO₂-NW, (e-h) Pt/TiN and (i-m) Pt/TiO₂:TiN 2 composite nanowires.

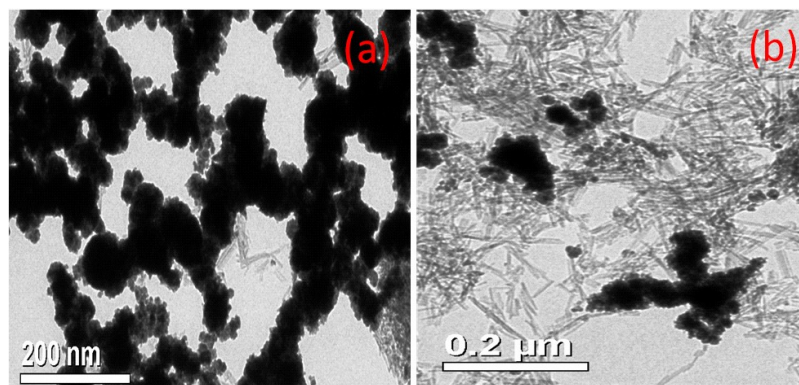


Fig. 3S TEM images for different region of Pt deposited on $\text{TiO}_2\text{:TiN}$ 2P (simple physically mixed sample).

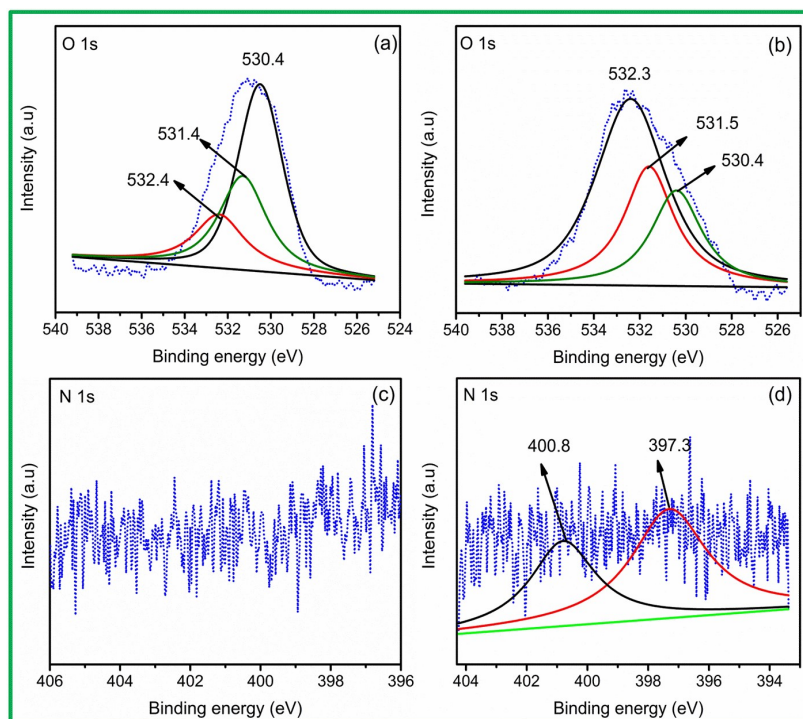


Fig. 4S XPS spectrum of Pt/TiO₂ and Pt/TiO₂:TiN₂ composite nanowires. (a & b) Oxygen 1s state and (c & d) Nitrogen 1s orbital state.

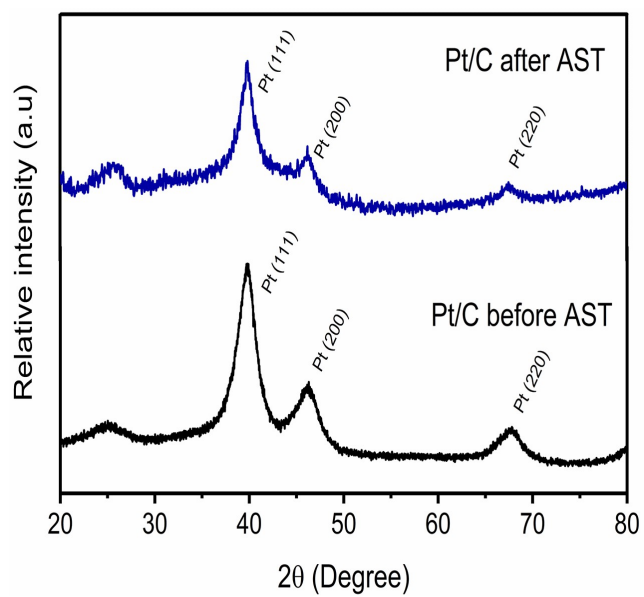


Fig. 5S XRD pattern for Pt/C electrocatalyst before and after AST.

The Pt crystallite size for Pt/C is observed to be 3.5 nm before AST and after AST it increased to 9 nm which is calculated from Pt (111) plane using Scherrer formula.

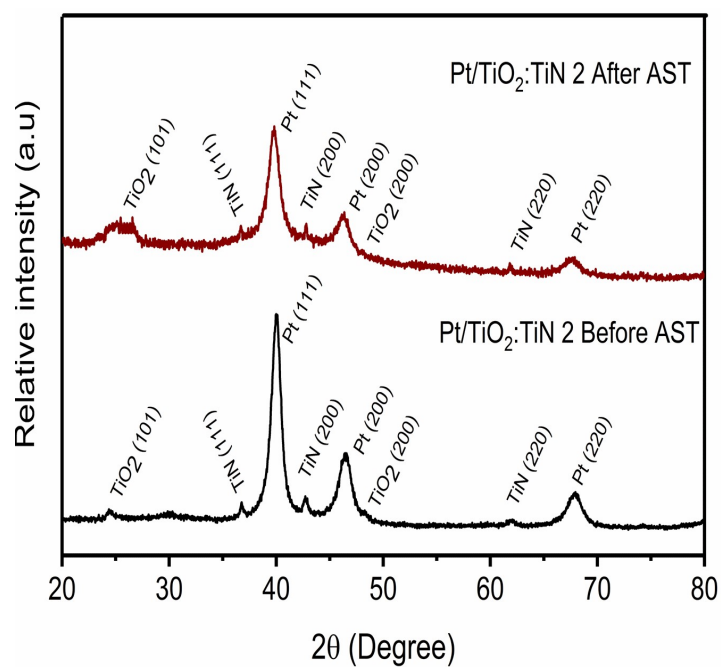


Fig. 6S XRD pattern for Pt/TiO₂:TiN 2 composite nanowires before and after AST.

Before AST for Pt/TiO₂:TiN 2 composite nanowires, the Pt crystallite size is observed to be 5 nm and after AST, the particle size increased to 7 nm.

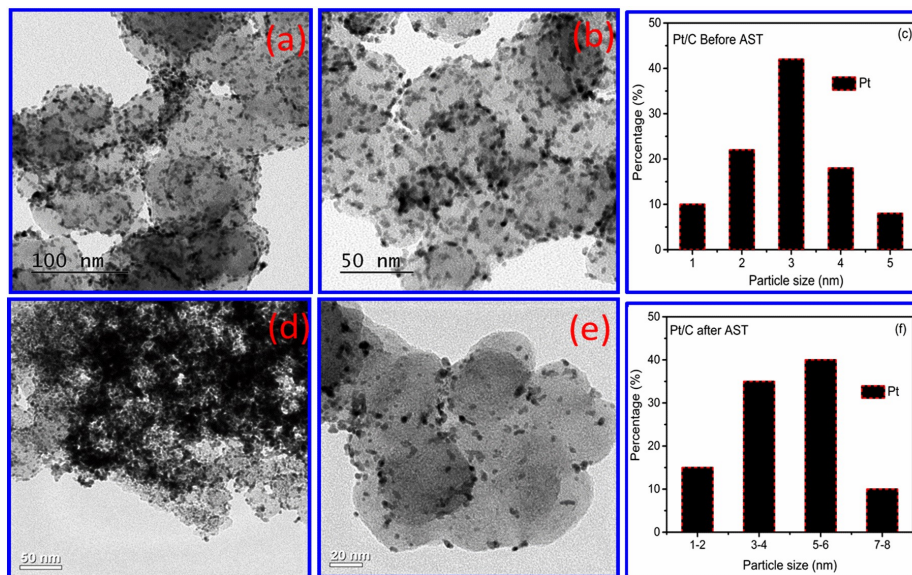


Fig. 7S TEM micrographs and Pt particle size histogram for Pt/C: (a-c) before and (d-f) after AST.

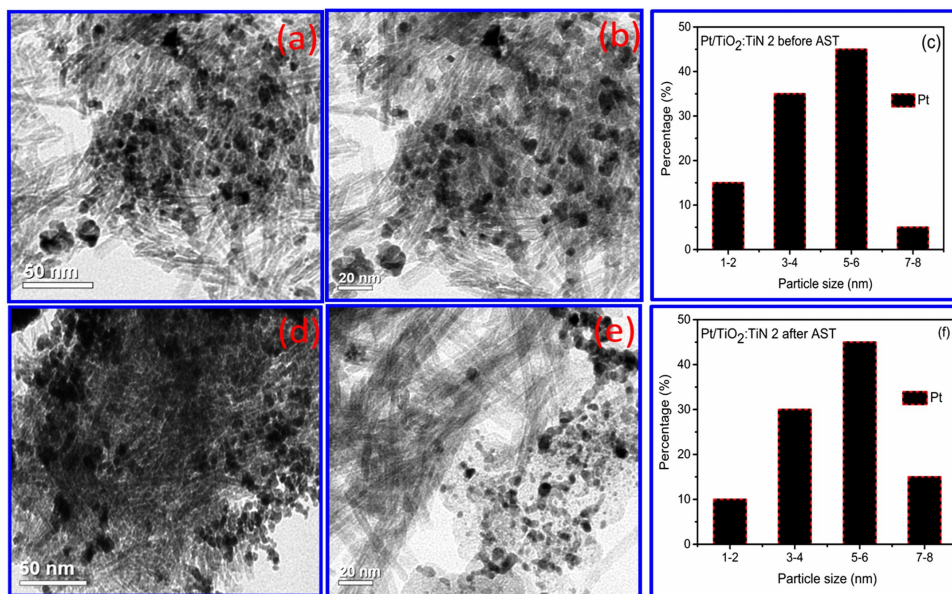


Fig. 8S TEM image and Pt particle size histogram for Pt/TiO₂:TiN 2 composite electrocatalyst (a-c) before and (d-f) after AST.

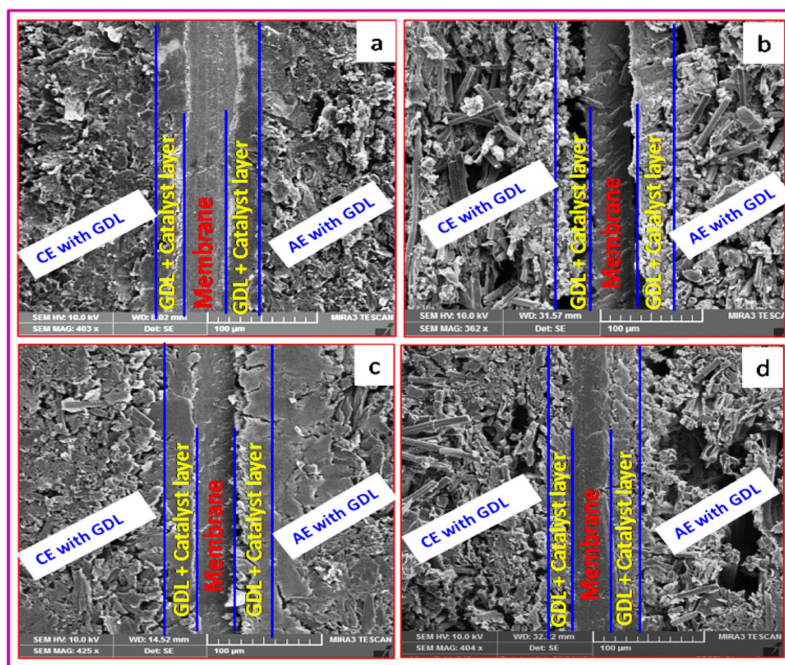


Fig. 9S FE-SEM cross section image: (a & b) before and after AST for Pt/C and (c & d) before and after AST for Pt/TiO₂:TiN 2 composite nanowires (AE & CE for anode and cathode electrodes).