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Supporting Information

Photoluminescent and magnetic analysis of a family of lanthanide(III) complexes based on diclofenac

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1. Elemental Analyses and Crystallographic Tables.

Complex	Yield (%)	Formula	%C calc./found	%H calc./found	%N calc./found
1	68.47	$C_{86}H_{72}Cl_{12}Pr_{2}N_{6}O_{16}$	46.62/46.73	2.99/3.05	3.92/3.85
2	60.47	$C_{86}\:H_{72}\:CI_{12}\:Nd_{2}\:N_{6}\:O_{16}$	46.61/46.75	2.98/3.03	3.94/3.88
3	67.90	$C_{86}H_{72}CI_{12}Sm_{2}N_{6}O_{16}$	47.38/47.56	2.95/3.34	3.95/3.87
4	68.33	$C_{86}\:H_{72}\:CI_{12}\:Eu_{2}\:N_{6}\:O_{16}$	47.37/47.49	3.06/3.34	3.88/3.86
5	67.89	$C_{86}H_{72}Cl_{12}Tb_{2}N_{6}O_{16}$	47.15/47.19	3.17/3.32	3.89/3.84
6	65.30	$C_{86}H_{72}CI_{12}Dy_2N_6O_{16}$	46.98/47.04	3.14/3.30	3.90/3.83
7	67.58	${\sf C}_{86}{\sf H}_{72}{\sf CI}_{12}{\sf Ho}_2{\sf N}_6{\sf O}_{16}$	46.87/46.93	2.98/3.30	3.87/3.82
8	63.56	$C_{86}H_{72}Cl_{12}Er_{2}N_{6}O_{16}$	46.75/46.83	3.10/3.29	3.86/3.81
9	61.86	${\sf C}_{86}{\sf H}_{72}{\sf CI}_{12}{\sf Tm}_2{\sf N}_6{\sf O}_{16}$	46.58/46.76	3.24/3.29	3.83/3.80
10	68.89	$C_{86}\:H_{72}\:CI_{12}\:Yb_2\:N_6\:O_{16}$	46.42/46.59	3.08/3.27	3.85/3.79

Table S.1. Yields and elemental analyses for complexes 1-10.

Bond distances (Å)	1	6
Ln101A	2.501	2.414
Ln102A	2.504	2.430
Ln101B	2.521	2.450
Ln1O2B	2.593	2.491
Ln101C	2.528	2.442
Ln102C	2.421	2.329
Ln1O2C'	2.619	2.548
Ln101M	2.487	2.375
Ln101W	2.475	2.361
Ln1Ln1'	4.513	4.059
Bond angles (°)		
01A Ln102A	52.11	53.67
O1B Ln1O2B	51.15	52.84
01C Ln102C	50.46	51.87
02C Ln102C'	69.09	67.39
Ln102CLn1'	110.91	112.61
01WLn101M	83.88	82.63

Table S2.- Bond lengths (Å) and angles (°) for compounds 1 and 6.

Table S3.Structural parameters of hydrogen bonds (Å, °) in compound 1.^a

$D-H\cdots A^b$	D–H	H···A	D…A	D–H…A
O1w–H1wa…O1B(i)	0.88	1.91	2.741(2)	155.8
O1w–H1wb…O1A(i)	0.88	1.94	2.758(2)	153.1

^aSymmetry codes: (i) –x, –y, –z. ^bD: donor. A: acceptor.

Table S4.Structural parameters of hydrogen bonds (Å, °) in compound 6.^a

$D-H\cdots A^b$	D–H	Н…А	D…A	D−H…A
O1w–H1wa…O1A(i)	0.85	2.02	2.830(5)	159.7
O1w–H1wb…O1B(i)	0.85	1.99	2.743(4)	145.7

^aSymmetry codes: (i) –x, –y, –z. ^bD: donor. A: acceptor.

2. Additional Figures.



Figure S1.- View of the 3D packing of chains in complex 1 along the crystallographic *bc* plane.

3. Experimental XRPD.





Figure S2.- Pattern-matching analyses and experimental PXRD for complexes 1-10.



Figure S3.- Theoretical XRPD spectra of complex 1. Complexes 1-10 were compared with this theoretical spectrum.

4. Continuous Shape Measurements.

EP-9	1 D9h	Enneagon
OPY-9	2 C8v	Octagonal pyramid
HBPY-9	3 D7h	Heptagonal bipyramid
JTC-9	4 C3v	Johnson triangular cupola J3
JCCU-9	5 C4v	Capped cube J8
CCU-9	6 C4v	Spherical-relaxed capped cube
JCSAPR-9	7 C4v	Capped square antiprism J10
CSAPR-9	8 C4v	Spherical capped square antiprism
JTCTPR-9	9 D3h	Tricapped trigonal prism J51
TCTPR-9	10 D3h	Spherical tricapped trigonal prism
JTDIC-9	11 C3v	Tridiminished icosahedron J63
HH-9	12 C2v	Hula-hoop
MFF-9	13 Cs	Muffin

 Table S5.- Continuous Shape Measurements for the LnO9 coordination environment.

Complex	JCSAPR-9	CSAPR-9	TCTPR-9	MFF-9
1	3.786	2.639	2.842	2.519
6	3.594	2.497	2.653	2.228

5. Magnetic Properties.



Figure S4.- Theoretical orientation of the magnetic moments (green line) for Dy^{III} ions in complex **6**. The upper figure shows the asymmetrical unit.

6. Luminescence Properties.



Figure S5.- Excitation spectra monitored at 619 nm for 4 (top) and 546 nm for 5 (down) compounds recorded at 10 K.



Figure S6.- Thermal evolution of the emission spectrum of compound 4 excited at 325 nm.



Figure S7.- Emission spectra at 10 K for **3** (top) and **6** (down). The inset shows magnified image of the weakest emission band corresponding to the: ${}^{4}F_{9/2} \rightarrow {}^{6}H_{11/2}$ transition.



Figure S8.- Excitation spectra at 10 K for **3** (top) and **6** (down) focusing at 562 and 480 nm, respectively.



Figure S9.- Luminescence decay lifetime fits of **4** (Eu) monitored at ${}^{5}D_{0} \rightarrow {}^{7}F_{2}$ transition.



Figure S10.- Luminescence decay lifetime fits of **5** (Tb) monitored at ${}^{5}D_{4} \rightarrow {}^{7}F_{5}$ transition.

7. TD-DFT calculations.

Calcd. λ (nm)	Exp. λ (nm)	Significant contributions	Osc. strength (a.u.)
213	220	HOMO – 6 \rightarrow LUMO (32%) HOMO – 3 \rightarrow LUMO + 4 (51%) HOMO – 4 \rightarrow LUMO + 3 (8%)	0.1681
221	220	HOMO – 6 → LUMO (23%) HOMO – 5 → LUMO + 1 (47%) HOMO – 3 → LUMO + 4 (22%)	0.0538
310	330	HOMO – 3 → LUMO + 1 (91%) HOMO – 2 → LUMO + 4 (4%)	0.1303
321	330	HOMO – 2 → LUMO + 3 (82%) HOMO – 3 → LUMO + 1 (4%) HOMO – 2 → LUMO + 4 (3%)	0.0407

Table S6. Calculated main excitation energies (nm) and singlet electronic transitions andassociated oscillator strengths of diclofenac molecule in gas phase.

Table S7. Calculated main emission energies (nm) and singlet electronic transitions and associated oscillator strengths of diclofenac molecule in gas phase.

Calcd. λ (nm)	Exp. λ (nm)	Significant contributions	Osc. strength (a.u.)
370	386	HOMO – 3 ← LUMO + 1 (96%)	0.0844
365	386	HOMO – 3 ← LUMO + 1 (96%)	0.0681
486	462	HOMO – 2 ← LUMO + 1 (94%) HOMO ← LUMO + 2 (5%)	0.0099







Figure S12.- Highly Occupied Molecular Orbitals of diclofenac molecule involved in the singlet emission transitions.





LUMO + 3



Figure S13.- Lowest Unoccupied Molecular Orbitals of diclofenac molecule involved in the singlet excitation transitions.



Figure S14.- Lowest Unoccupied Molecular Orbitals of diclofenac molecule involved in the singlet emission transitions.