

Supporting Information

Molecularly imprinted polymers on CdS quantum dots for sensitive determination of cefixime after its preconcentration by magnetic graphene oxide

Habibeh Eskandari^a, *Maliheh Amirzehni*^{b,*}, *Hamideh Asadalazadeh*^a, and *parvin Alizadeh Eslami*^b

^{a.} *Department of Chemistry, Kerman Branch, Islamic Azad University, Kerman, Iran.*

^{b.} *Department of Chemistry, Tabriz Branch, Islamic Azad University, Tabriz, Iran. Tel: +989143110806; Fax: +984133333458; Email: Maliheamirzehni@iaut.ac.ir.*

Table S1 Comparison between the developed method and some previously reported methods for cefixime determination

Method	sample	Linear range ($\mu\text{g mL}^{-1}$)	Detection limit (ng mL^{-1})	Ref
Tb sensitized fluorescence	Pharmaceutical samples	2.22-13.6	170	1
Voltammetric	Tablets	0.05-25	4	2
HPLC	Human plasma	0.004-5	1	3
spectrophotometry	Pharmaceutical samples	2.5–35	175	4
Spectrofluorometric	Pharmaceutical samples	60-72400	28×10^3	5
Spectrofluorometric	Pharmaceutical samples	2–40	1.3×10^3	6
Developed work	Pharmaceutical and urine samples	0.001-0.7	0.54	-

1. L. I. Bebawy, K. El Kelani, L. A. Fattah, *J. Pharm. Biomed. Anal.*, 2003, **32**, 1219–1225.
2. R. Jain, V. K. Gupta, N. Jadon, K. Radhapyari, *Anal Biochem.*, 2010, **407**, 79–88.
3. A. Khan, Z. Iqbal, M. I. Khan, K. Javed, L. Ahmad, Y. Shah, *J. Chromatogr. B*, 2011, **879**, 2423–2429.
4. S. N. H. Azmi, , B. Iqbal, N. S. H. Al-Humaimi, I. R. S. Al-Salmani, N. A. S. Al-Ghafri, N. Rahman, *J. Pharm. Anal.*, 2013, **3**, 248–256.
5. B. Nausheen, Al-W. A. Abdullah, W. S. Mohammad, O. Zeid Al, J. Muhammad, and H. Sajjad, *Sens. Lett.*, 2010, **8**, 280-284.
6. J. Shah, M. Rasul Jan, Tasmia, M. Yousaf, *J. Appl. Spectrosc.*, 2016, **83**, 248–253.

Table S2 Interfering effects of different species on the determination of 1 mg L⁻¹ cefixime (in optimum condition)

Coexisting substance	Tolerance limit (interference to analyte ratio)
Na ⁺ , K ⁺ , Cl ⁻	3500
Ca ²⁺ , Al ³⁺ , Oxalate	1500
Zn ²⁺ , Fe ²⁺ , Mn ²⁺ , PO ₄ ³⁻ , HCO ₃ ⁻ ,	500
CH ₃ COO ⁻ , SO ₄ ²⁻ , NO ₃ ⁻	
Cu ²⁺ , Mg ²⁺ , CO ₃ ²⁻ , Urea	250
Fe ³⁺ , Ni ²⁺ , Cr ³⁺ , Glucose, Uric Acid	150
Ascorbic acid, Citrate, Glutathione	100
I ⁻ , Pb ²⁺ , Cd ²⁺	50
Cysteine , Hg ²⁺	25

Table S3 Results of cefixime determination in the real samples by established system

Sample	Add	Found ^a	Recovery % ± RSD	t-statistic ^b
Tablet (200 mg)	0	192.77±1.72	-	-
	50	48.04±1.68	96.08±3.50	1.98
	100	98.72±1.80	98.72±1.83	1.00
Suspension (5 mg)	0	4.94±0.03	-	-
	2.0	2.02±0.01	100.91±0.73	3.40
	5.0	5.01±0.02	100.29±0.40	0.85
Urine	0	ND	-	-
	0.50	0.483±0.008	96.60±1.53	3.01
	1.0	0.976±0.006	97.63±0.58	2.31

^a Mean of three determinations ± standard deviation, ^b t-critical=3.18 for n=3 and P=0.05

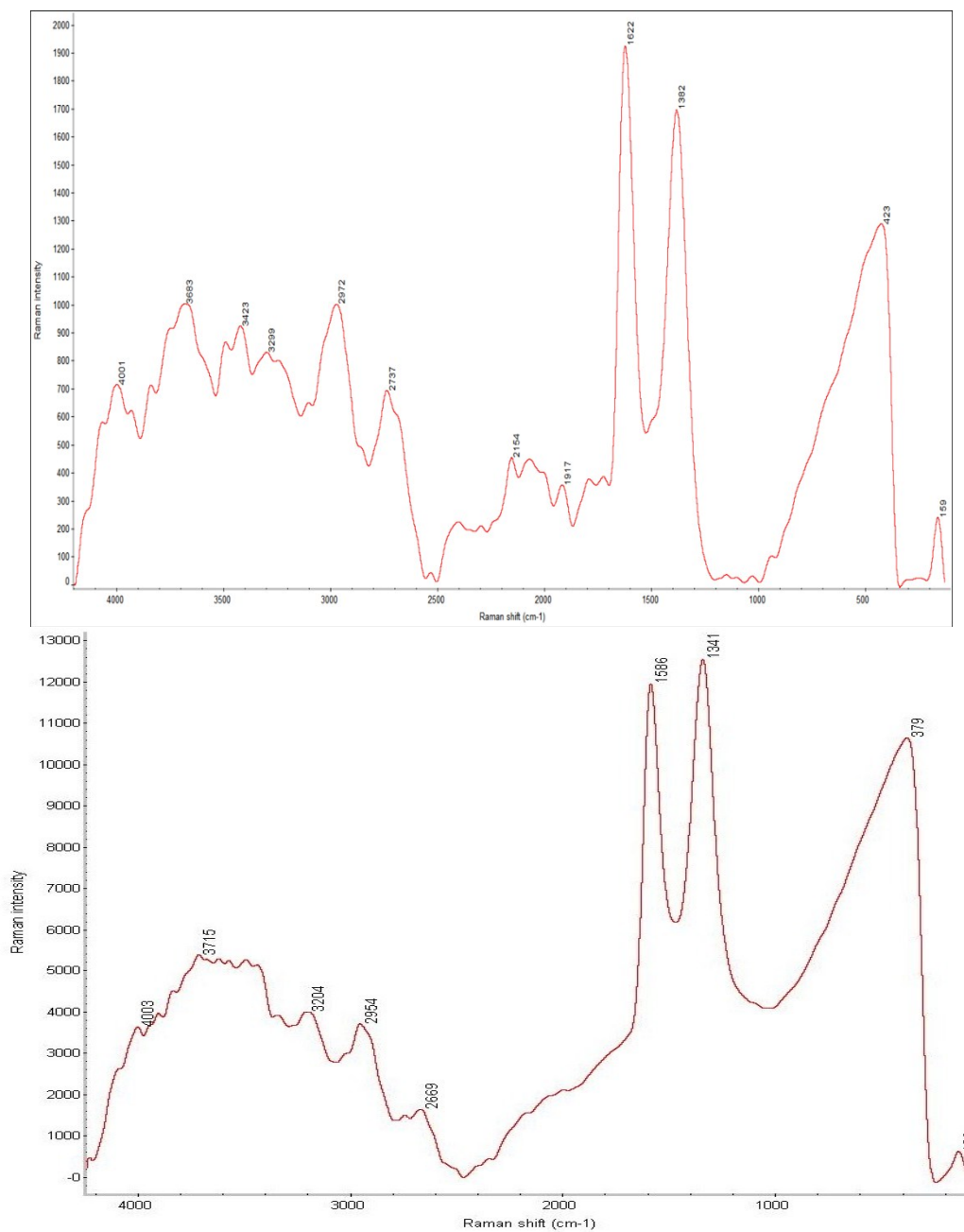


Fig. S1 a) Raman spectra for GO (upper) and magnetic modified GO (under)

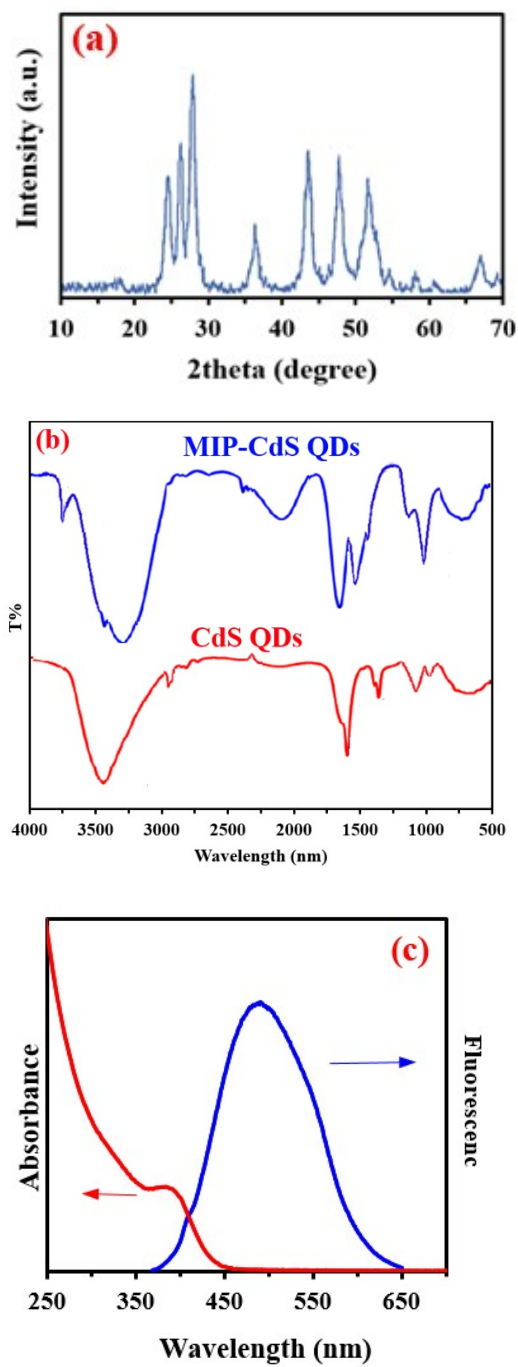
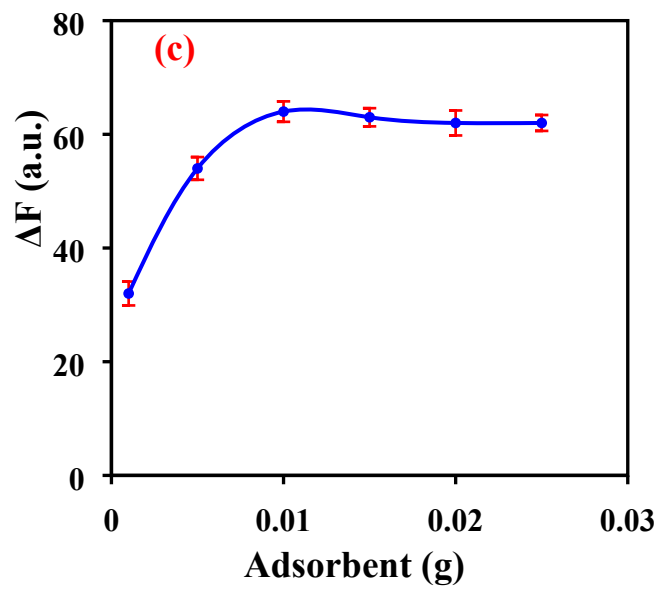
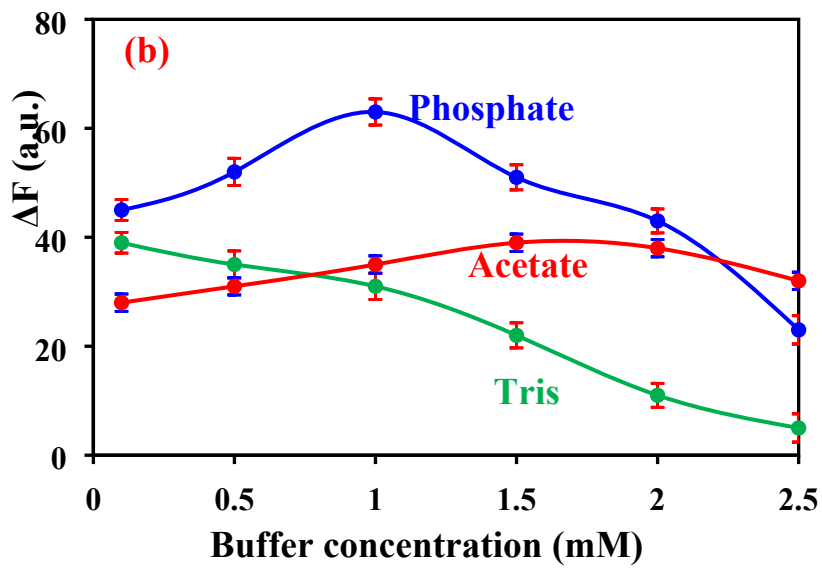
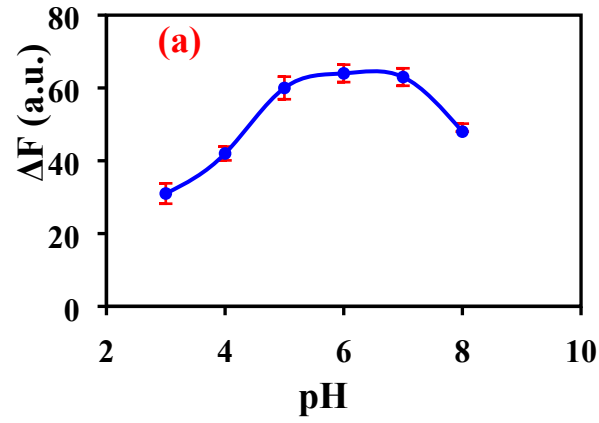


Fig. S2 a) XRD pattern for CdS QDs, b) FTIR for CdS QDs and MIP-CdS QDs and c) adsorption and fluorescence spectra for MIP-CdS QDs



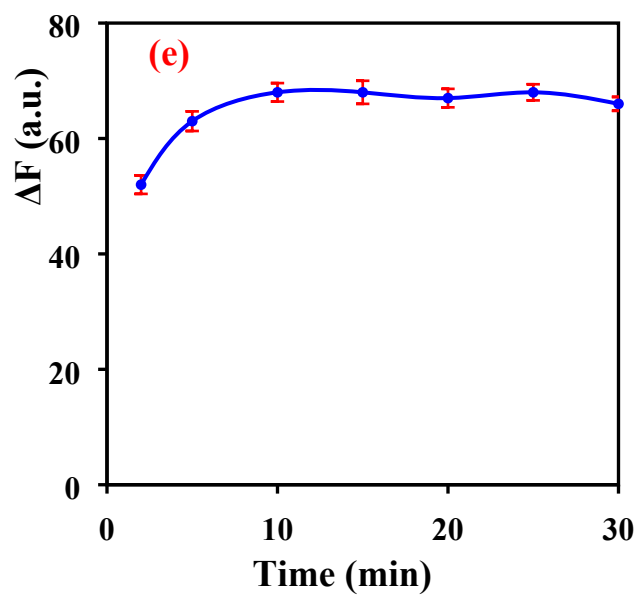
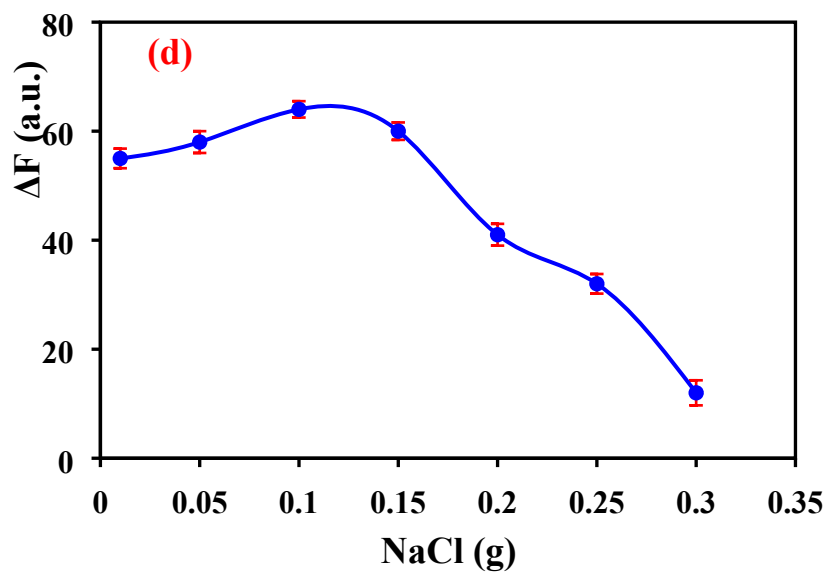


Fig. S3 Optimization curves for extraction step

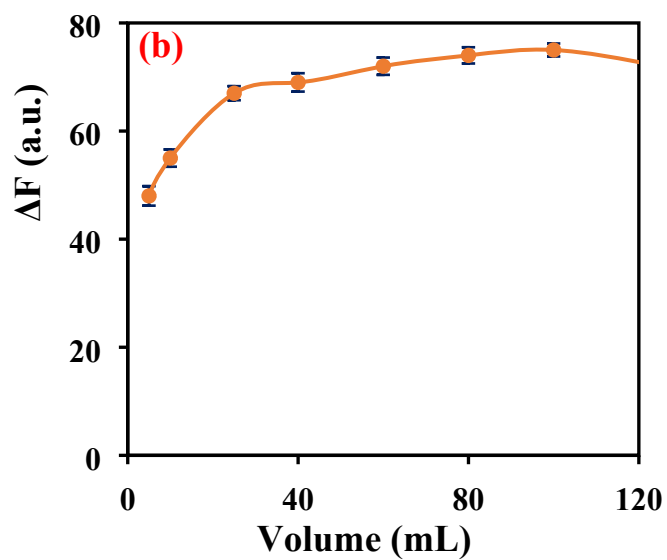
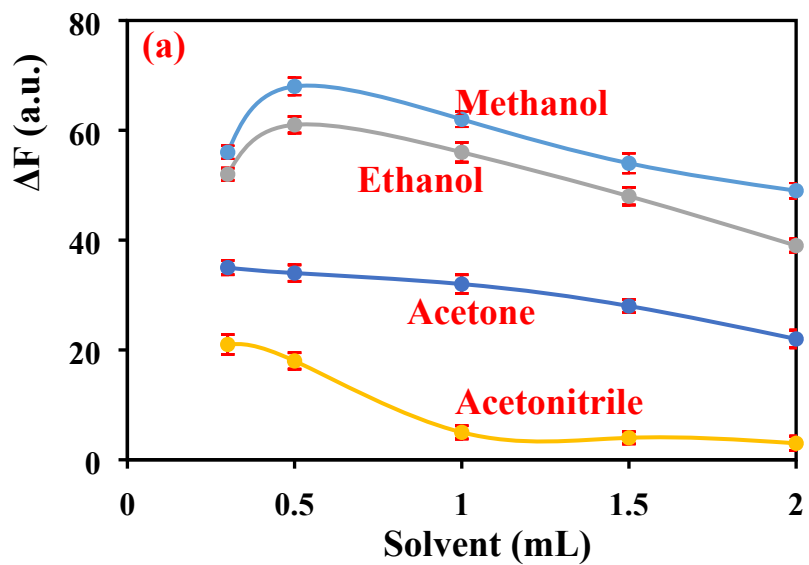


Fig. S4 Optimization curves for extraction step

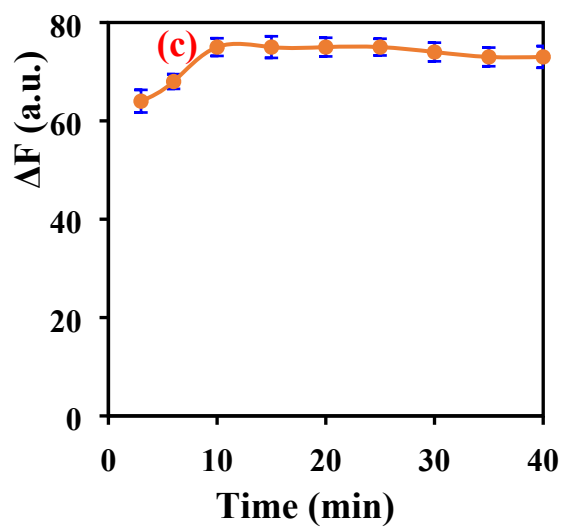
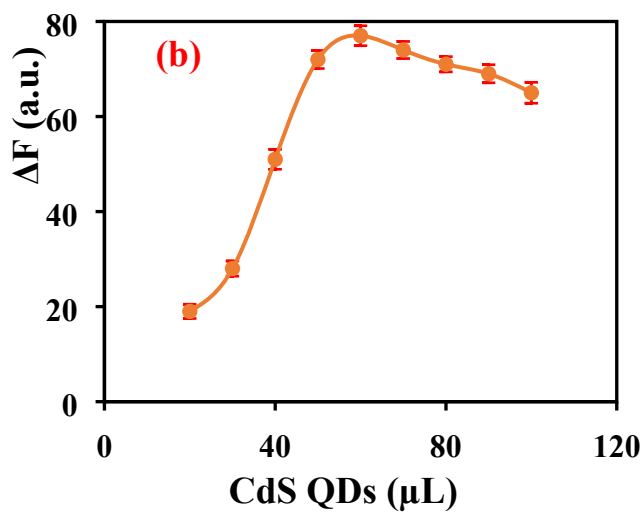
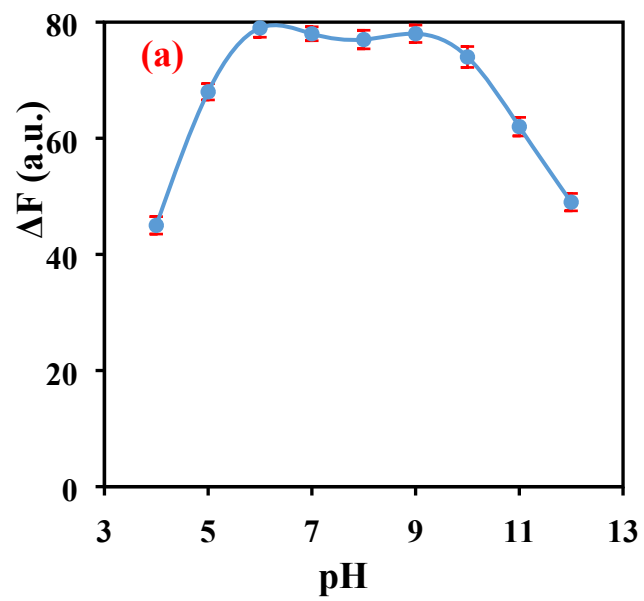


Fig. S5 Optimization curves for fluorescence detection step

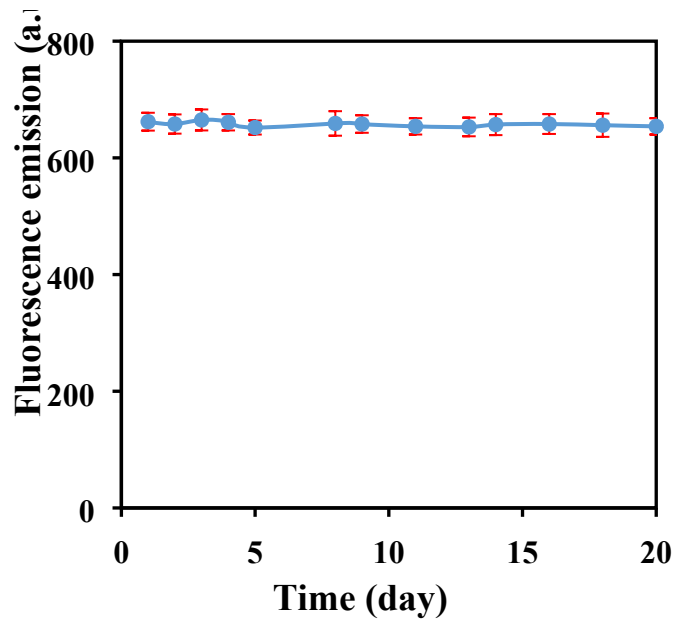


Fig. S6 Fluorescence emission of MIP-CdS QDs in successive control during different days

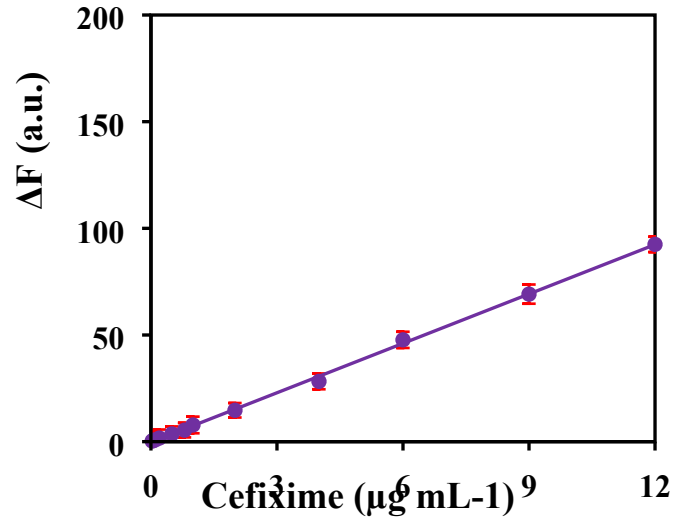


Fig. S7 Calibration graph for the determination of cefixime by MIP-CdS QDs system without any preconcentration procedure

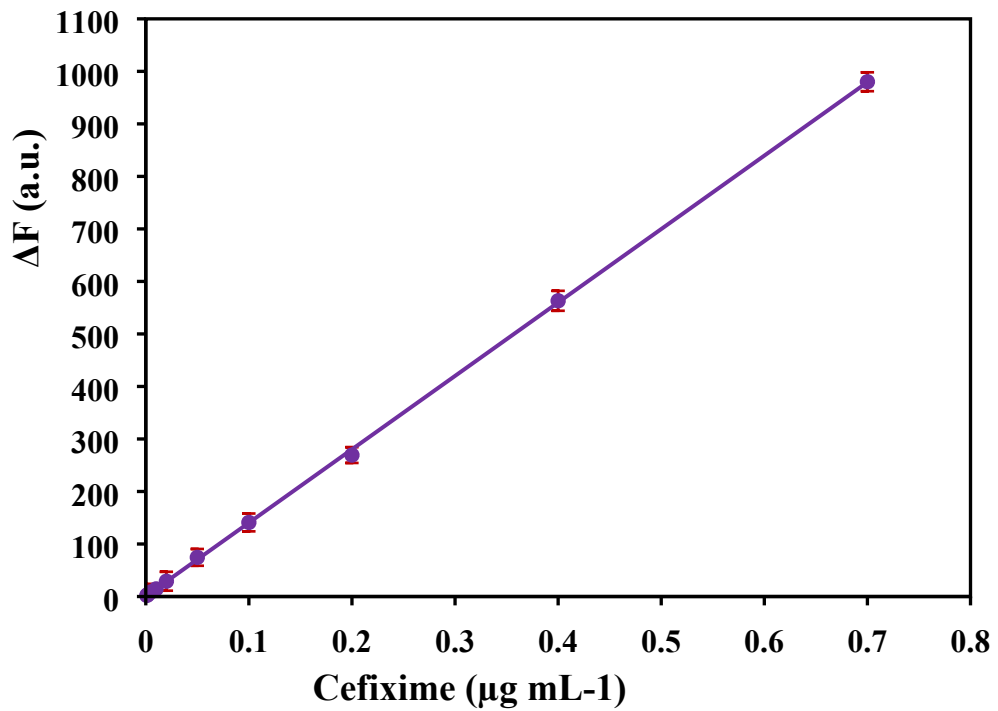


Fig. S8 Calibration graph for the determination of cefixime by MIP-CdS QDs system after its preconcentration by $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4@\text{SiO}_2\text{-GO}$.