# **Supporting Information for**

## A highly sensitive and selective fluorescent probe for N<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub> in air and

## living cells

Jie Cui, Guanqing Gao, Hengzhi Zhao, Yazhou Liu, Hailiang Nie\* and Xiaoling Zhang\*

Key Laboratory of Cluster Science of Ministry of Education, Beijing Key Laboratory of Photoelectronic/Electrophotonic Conversion Materials, Analytical and Testing Center, School of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Beijing Institute of Technology, Beijing 100081, P. R. China E-mail: zhangxl@bit.edu.cn; niehailiangts@163.com Fax: +86-10-88875298; Tel: +86-10-88875298.

### Contents

- 1. Effect of pH values on fluorescence of NAA
- 2. Effect of reaction time on fluorescence of NAA
- 3. Calculation of detection limit
- 4. The photostability of NAA
- 5. The characterization data of ESI-MS and NMR

#### 1. Effect of pH values on fluorescence of NAA



**Figure S1.** In the absence and presence of  $N_2H_4$  (50  $\mu$ M), the fluorescence intensity of probe NAA (5  $\mu$ M) varies with the pH values of PBS solution. The fluorescence intensity was measured at 500 nm, with excitation at 430 nm.



2. The effect of reaction time on fluorescence of NAA

**Figure S2.** Upon addition of N<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub> (50  $\mu$ M), the fluorescence intensity of probe NAA (5  $\mu$ M) was changed with the reaction time in 120 min. All experiments were performed in PBS solution (pH=7.4, PO<sub>4</sub><sup>3</sup>=10 mM, V<sub>DMSO</sub>: V<sub>H2O</sub> =1:4). The fluorescence intensity was measured at 500 nm, with excitation at 430 nm.

#### 3. Calculation of detection limits

The detection limit was calculated based on the fluorescence titration results. In the absence of  $N_2H_4$ , the fluorescence emission of NAA was measured fifteen times and the standard deviation of blank measurements was achieved. To gain the slope, the curve of the fluorescence intensity at 500 nm versus the concentrations of  $N_2H_4$  (0  $\mu$ M to 8  $\mu$ M) was plotted. The detection limit was calculated with the following equation:

#### Detection limit $=3\sigma/k$ ,

where  $\sigma$  is the standard deviation of blank measurements, and k is the slope of the plot of fluorescence intensity ratio versus N<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub> concentration.



#### 4. The photostability of NAA

**Figure S3.** Fluorescence spectra of NAA (5  $\mu$ M) in PBS solution (pH=7.4, PO<sub>4</sub><sup>3-</sup>=10 mM, V<sub>DMSO</sub>:V<sub>H2O</sub>=1:4) placed for 0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10 days, respectively . The fluorescence intensity was measured at 500 nm, with excitation at 430 nm.

#### 5. The characterization data of ESI-MS and NMR



Figure S4. ESI mass spectrum of compound 1



Figure S5. ESI mass spectrum of compound 2



Figure S6. ESI mass spectrum of NAA



Figure S7. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of NAA



Figure S8. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of NAA



Figure S9. ESI mass spectrum of NAA-N<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub> reaction product



Figure S10. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of NAA-N<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub>



Figure S11.  $^{13}$ C NMR spectrum of NAA-N<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub>