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Supplementary data

Molecular mechanism of tobramycin with human serum albumin for probing the binding interactions: Multi-spectroscopic and computational approaches

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T (K)	Slope	Intercept	R ²	KQ (M ⁻¹)	Kq (M ⁻¹ S ⁻¹)
288	0.0545±0.0078	0.590±0.3514	0.95	5.45×10 ⁴ M ⁻¹	8.54×10 ¹² M ⁻¹ S ⁻¹
298	0.0525±0.0008	0.290±0.3653	0.98	5.25×10 ⁴ M ⁻¹	8.22×10 ¹² M ⁻¹ S ⁻¹
308	0.0501±0.0081	0.0094±0.3653	0.90	5.01×10 ⁴ M ⁻¹	7.85×10 ¹² M ⁻¹ S ⁻¹

Table S1: Different parameters calculation from the fluorescence data at various temperatures.

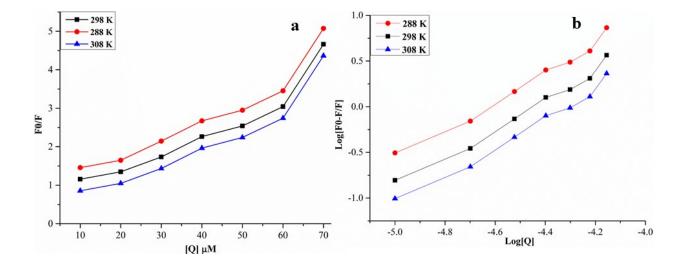


Figure S1: (a) The plot represents modified Stern Volmer equation for calculation of fluorescence intensity at different temperature (288K, 298K and 308K). Double logarithmic plot for calculation of binding constant and other parameters (b).

T (K)	R ²	K ₈ (M ⁻¹)	n	ΔG (Kcal/mol)
288	0.97	1.56×10 ⁶ M ⁻¹	1.02	-6.83
298	0.98	2.06×10 ⁶ M ⁻¹	1	-7.24
308	0.95	1.45×10 ⁶ M ⁻¹	0.6	-7.27

Table S2. The calculation of binding constant and thermodynamic parameters.

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Table S4: Site markers	competitive e	exneriment to	or finding	the snecitic	hinding site
Table S3: Site markers	competitive c	Aperment is	or mang	the specific	omanig site.

Site Markers	KS (M ⁻¹)	n	R ²
HSA-TOB-WAR	1.2× 10 ⁶	0.7	0.99
HSA-TOB-IBU	2.0×10^{6}	1	0.98
HSA-TOB-HMN	2.7× 10 ⁶	0.9	0.99

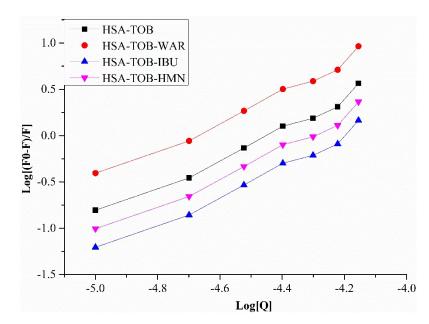


Figure S2: Double logarithmic plot for competitive site probe experiment at 298K. The Ibuprofen, Warfarin and Hemin are represented by the codes IBU WAR and HMN respectively. Three types of markers were used to locate the specific binding site for TOB on HSA.