

Electronic Supplementary Information for

Ethyl acetate fraction of *Cymbopogon citratus* as a potential source of antioxidant compounds

^aAna Carolina Mendes Hacke, ^aJacqueline Aparecida Marques, ^bJosé Carlos Rebuglio Velloso, ^cAline Augusti Boligon, ^dFernanda D'Ávila da Silva, ^dDiego de Souza, ^fJuliana Sartori Bonini, ^dJoão Batista Teixeira Rocha, ^{*a}Romaiana Picada Pereira

^aDepartamento de Química, Universidade Estadual de Ponta Grossa, PR, Brazil.

^bDepartamento de Análises Clínicas e Toxicológicas, Universidade Estadual de Ponta Grossa, PR, Brazil.

^cDepartamento de Farmácia Industrial, Universidade Federal de Santa Maria, RS, Brazil.

^dDepartamento de Bioquímica e Biologia Molecular, Universidade Federal de Santa Maria, RS, Brazil.

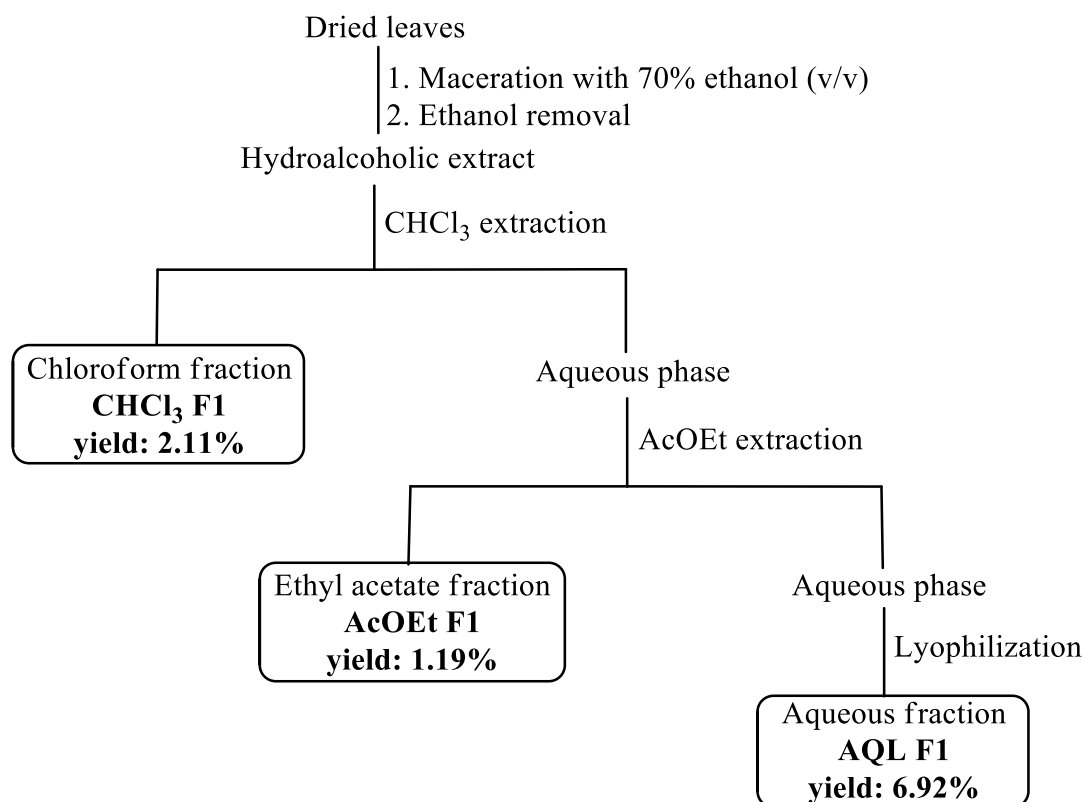
^eDepartamento de Farmácia, Universidade Estadual do Centro Oeste, PR, Brazil.

*corresponding author:

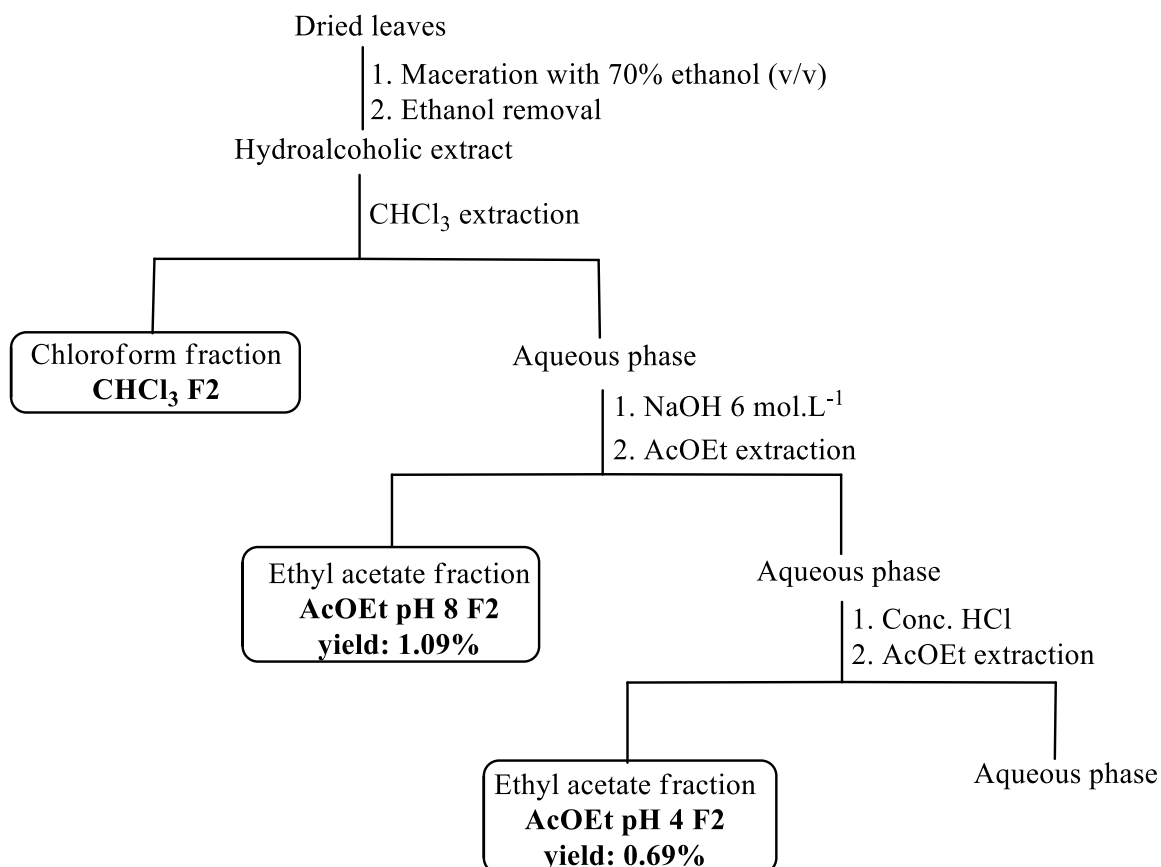
Dr^a. Romaiana Picada Pereira
Universidade Estadual de Ponta Grossa
Departamento de Química
84030-900, Ponta Grossa, PR, Brazil
Tel: 55-42-3220-3062

e-mail: romaiana@yahoo.com.br

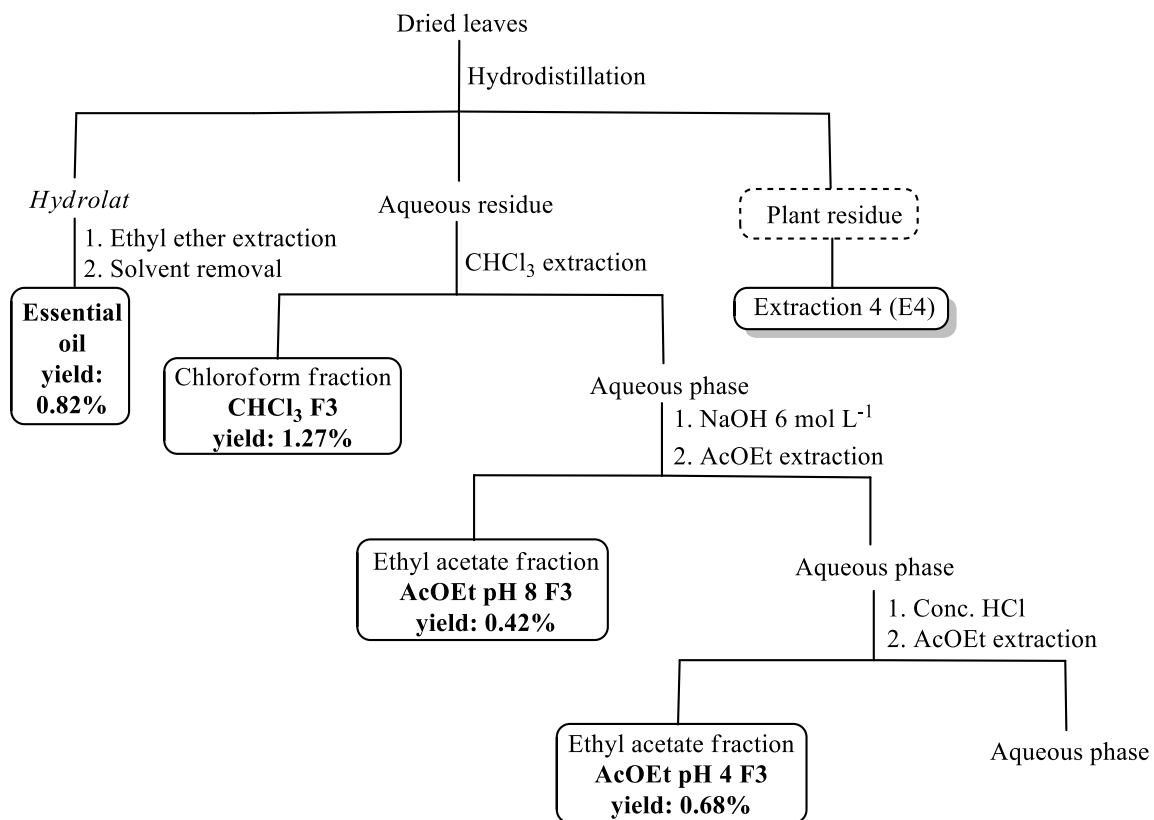
Extraction 1 (E1): Flowchart 1



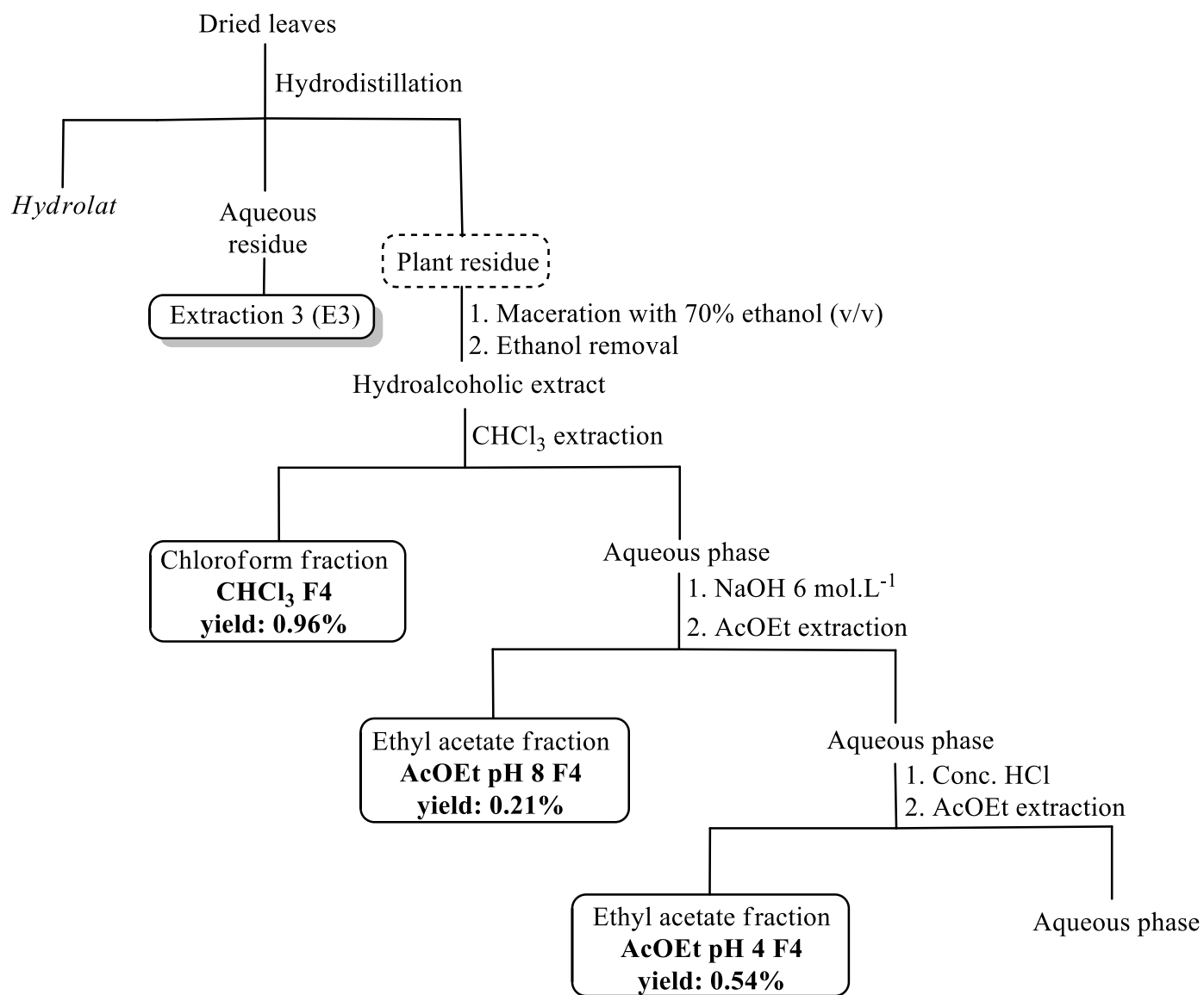
Extraction 2 (E2): Flowchart 2



Extraction 3 (E3): Flowchart 3



Extraction 4 (E4): Flowchart 4



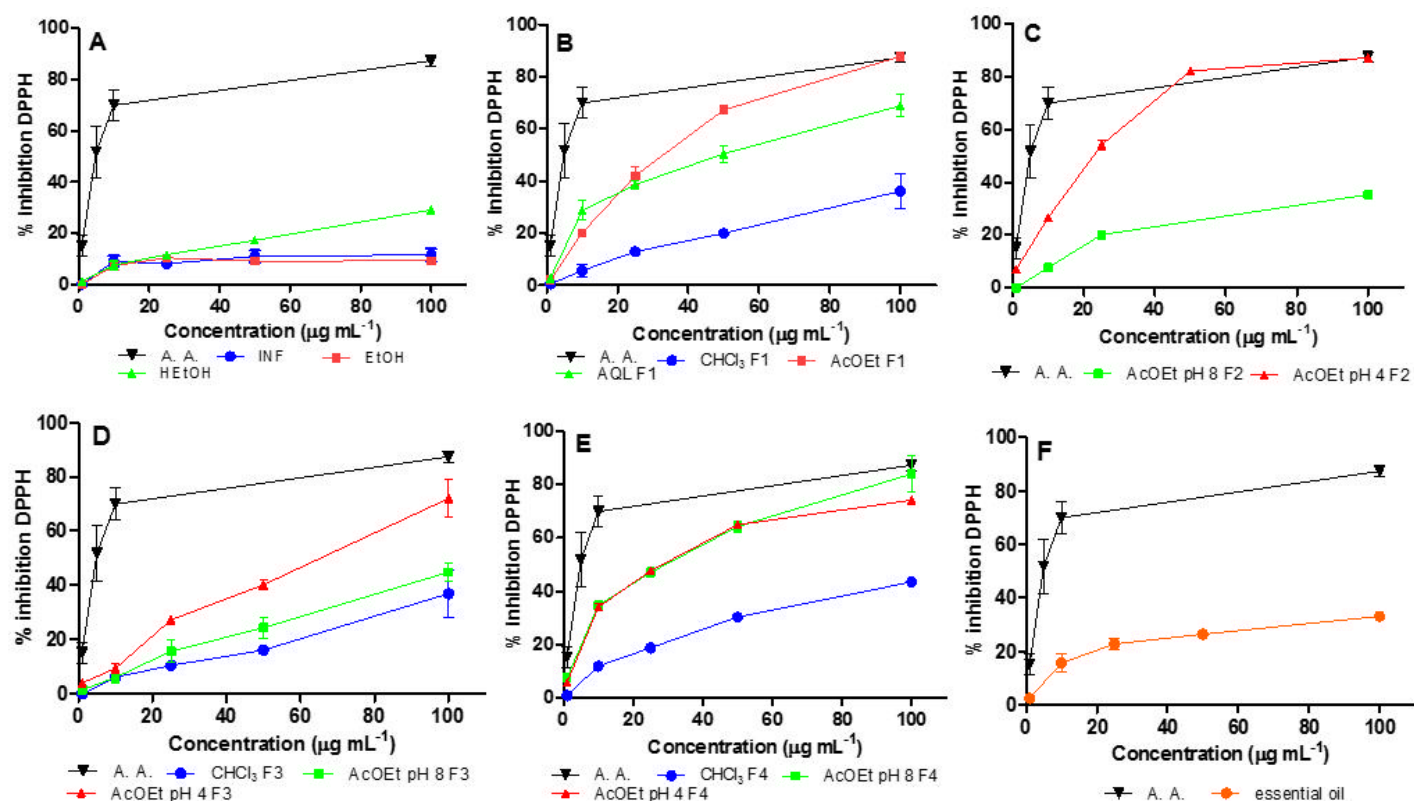


Figure S1. DPPH• radical scavenging activity of INF, EtOH, HEtOH (A), CHCl₃ F1, AcOEt F1, AQL F1 (B), AcOEt pH 8 F2, AcOEt pH 4 F2 (C), CHCl₃ F3, AcOEt pH 8 F3, AcOEt pH 4 F3 (D), CHCl₃ F4, AcOEt pH 8 F4, AcOEt pH 4 F4 (E) extracts and essential oil (F) of *C. citratus* extracts. Data show mean $\pm$ SD values average from 3 independent experiments performed in triplicate.

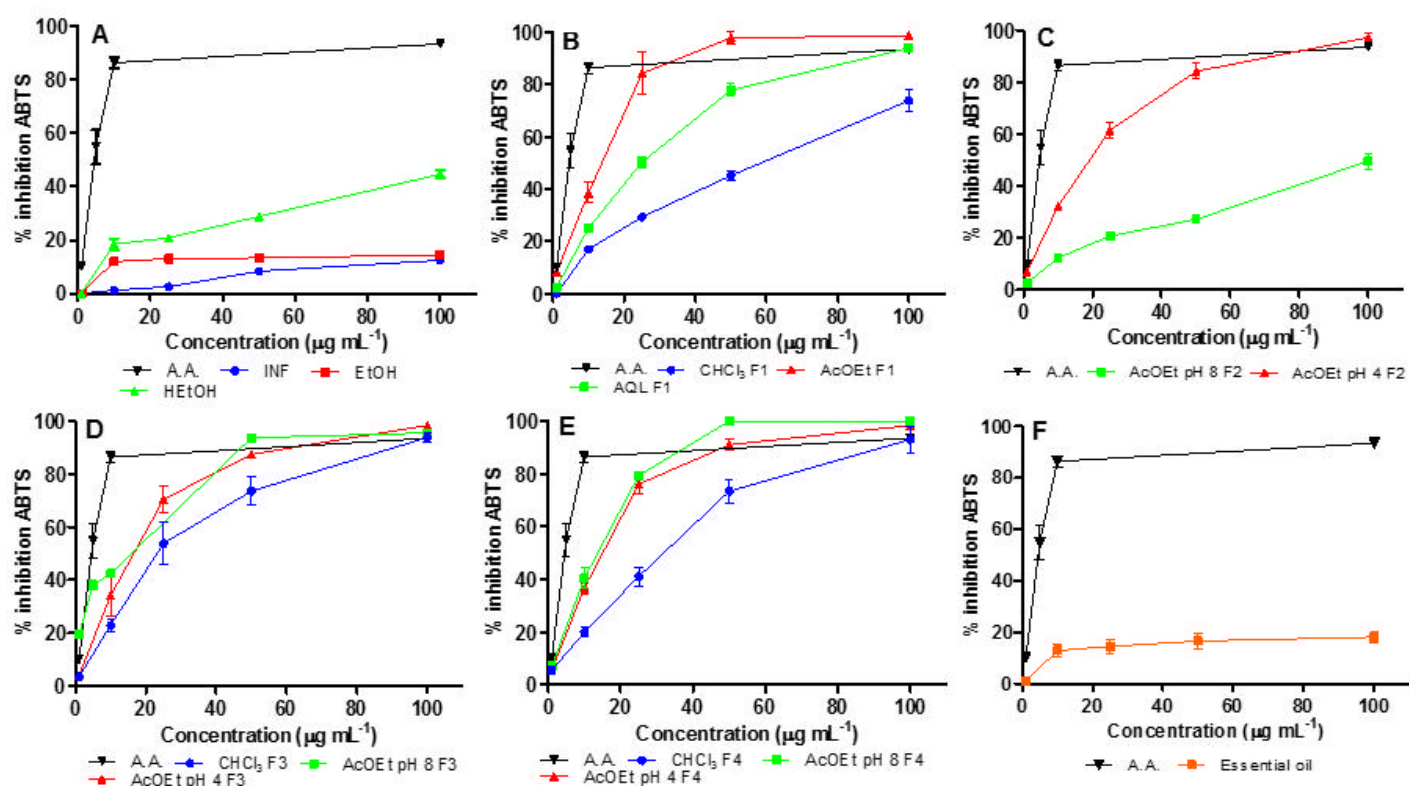


Figure S2. ABTS•⁺ radical scavenging activity of INF, EtOH, HEtOH (A), CHCl₃ F1, AcOEt F1, AQL F1 (B), AcOEt pH 8 F2, AcOEt pH 4 F2 (C), CHCl₃ F3, AcOEt pH 8 F3, AcOEt pH 4 F3 (D), CHCl₃ F4, AcOEt pH 8 F4, AcOEt pH 4 F4 (E) extracts and essential oil (F) of *C. citratus* extracts. Data show mean $\pm$ SD values average from 3 independent experiments performed in triplicate.

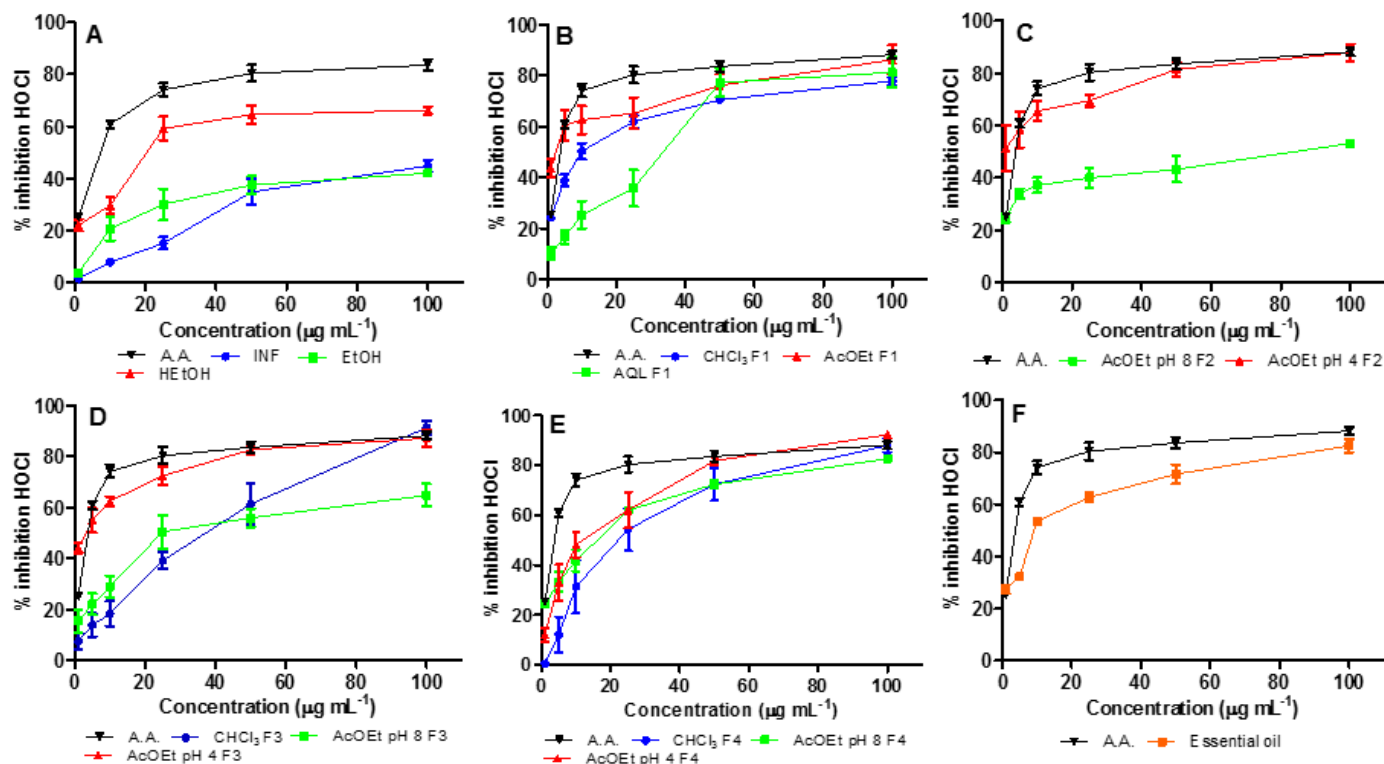


Figure S3. HOCl scavenging activity of INF, EtOH, HEtOH (A), CHCl₃ F1, AcOEt F1, AQL F1 (B), AcOEt pH 8 F2, AcOEt pH 4 F2 (C), CHCl₃ F3, AcOEt pH 8 F3, AcOEt pH 4 F3 (D), CHCl₃ F4, AcOEt pH 8 F4, AcOEt pH 4 F4 (E) extracts and essential oil (F) of *C. citratus* extracts. Data show mean $\pm$ SD values average from 3 independent experiments performed in duplicate.

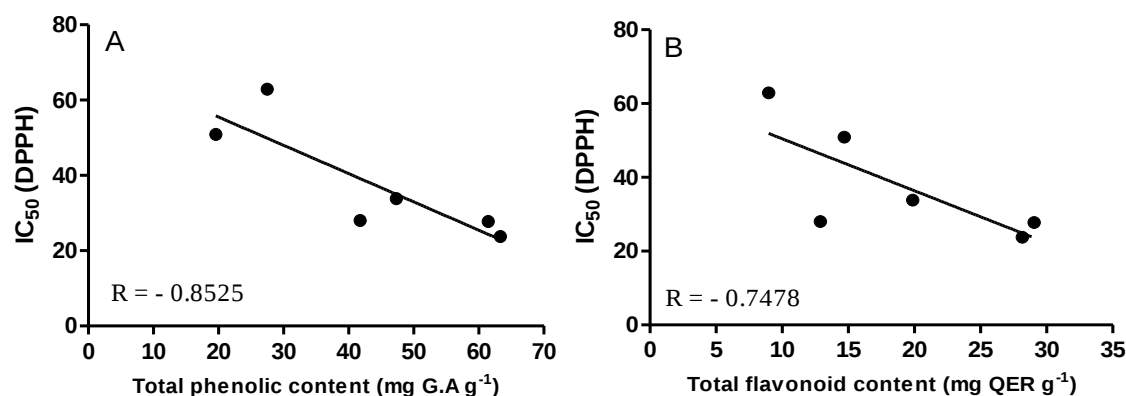


Figure S4. Correlation between inhibitory concentration in 50% of DPPH and A) total phenolic content and B) total flavonoid content.

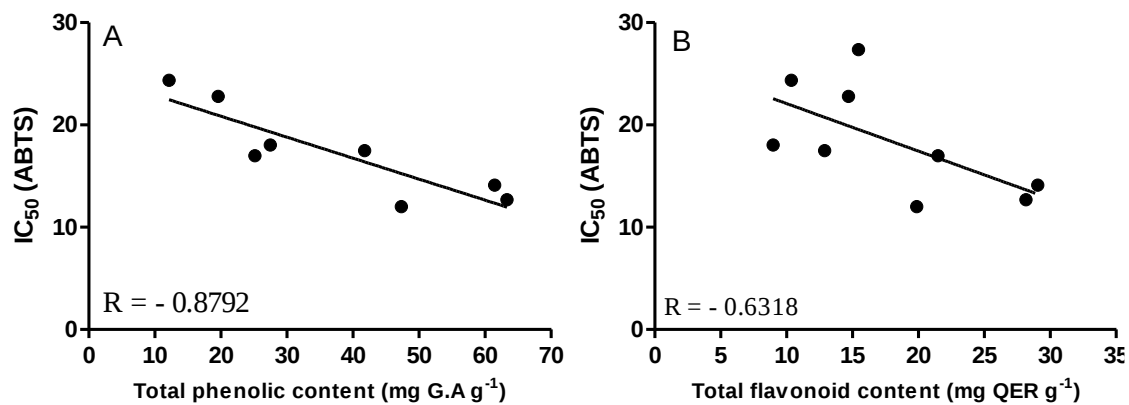


Figure S5. Correlation between inhibitory concentration in 50% of ABTS and A) total phenolic content and B) total flavonoid content.

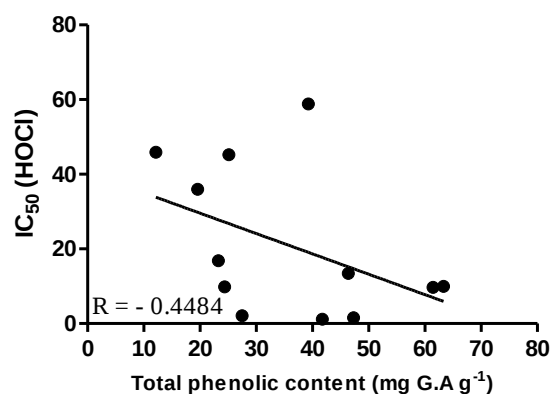


Figure S6. Correlation between inhibitory concentration in 50% of HOCl and total phenolic content.

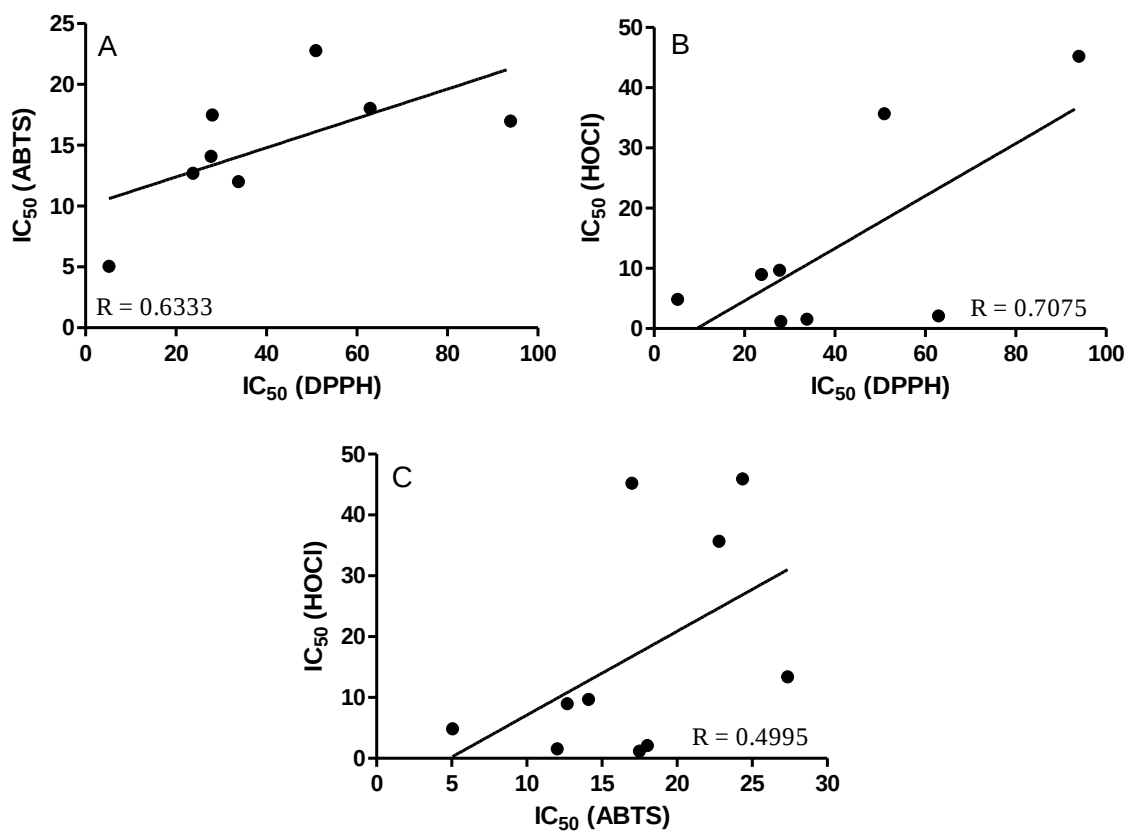


Figure S7. Correlation between inhibitory concentration in 50% of A) DPPH• and ABTS^{•+}, B) DPPH• and HOCl and C) ABTS^{•+} and HOCl assays.

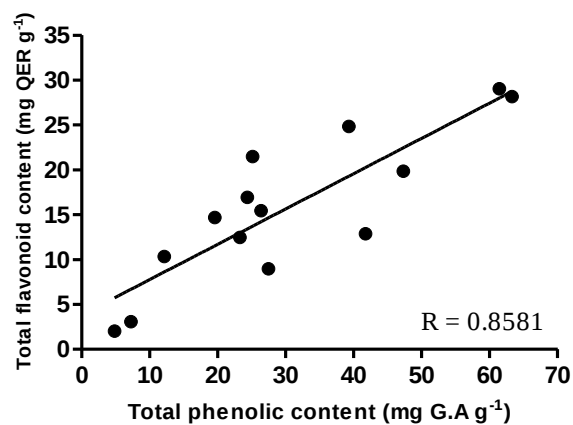


Figure S8. Correlation between total phenolic and flavonoid content.

Table S1. Pearson's correlation of the total phenolics, flavonoid content and different *in vitro* antioxidant assays.

	T.P	T.F	DPPH	ABTS	HOCl
T.P	1				
T.F	0.8581	1			
DPPH	-0.8525	-0.7478	1		
ABTS	-0.8792	-0.6318	0.6333	1	
HOCl	-0.4484	-	0.7075	0.4996	1

T.P = Total phenolic content.

T.F = Total flavonoid content.