Supporting Information

Novel Nanoparticles with Cr³⁺ Substituted Ferrite for Self-regulating Temperature Hyperthermia†

Wei Zhang,^a Xudong Zuo,^a Ying Niu,^a Chengwei Wu,^{*a} Shuping Wang,^b Shui Guan^b and S. Ravi P. Silva^{*c}

$Zn_xCo_{1-x}Cr_{0.6}Fe_{1.4}O_4$	Theoretical molar ratio	Measured molar ratio
	(Zn:Co:Cr:Fe)	(Zn:Co:Cr:Fe)
x=0	0:1:0.6:1.4	0:1:0.55:1.45
x=0.2	0.2:0.8:0.6:1.4	0.275:0.725:0.54:1.46
x=0.4	0.4:0.6:0.6:1.4	0.452:0.548:0.59:1.41
x=0.54	0.54:0.46:0.6:1.4	0.539:0.461:0.54:1.46
<i>x=0.56</i>	0.56:0.44:0.6:1.4	0.547:0.453:0.53:1.47

Table S1 The theoretical and measured element ratios of nanoparticles

^aState Key Laboratory of Structural Analysis for Industrial Equipment, Department of Engineering Mechanics, Dalian University of Technology, Dalian 116024, P. R. China. Email: cwwu@dlut.edu.cn

^bSchool of Chemical Engineering, Dalian University of Technology, Dalian 116024, P. R. China.

^cAdvanced Technology Institute, University of Surrey, Guildford, Surrey GU2 7XH, U.K. Email: s.silva@surrey.ac.uk

[†]Electronic supplementary information available: Table S1-The theoretical and measured element ratios of nanoparticles, Figure S1- Arulmurugan's results and its linear fitted curve.



Fig. S1 Arulmurugan's results and its linear fitted curve (the slope, intercept and R-squared of the curve is -384, 453.6 and 0.99 respectively)