

## **Electronic Supplementary Information**

### **Coordination self-assembly platinum-bisphosphonate polymer-metal complex nanoparticles for cisplatin delivery and effective cancer therapy**

Yanjuan Huang<sup>1</sup>, Yuanfeng He<sup>1</sup>, Ziyuan Huang, Yali Jiang, Weijing Chu, Xiaoqi Sun,  
Liangfeng Huang, Chunshun Zhao\*

School of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Sun Yat-sen University, Guangzhou, 132 Waihuan East  
Road, Guangzhou Higher Education Mega Center, GuangZhou 510006, People's Republic of  
China, 510006.

<sup>1</sup> These authors contributed equally to this work.

#### **\*Corresponding author**

Chunshun Zhao

E-mail address: zhaocs@mail.sysu.edu.cn

Tel: +86 20 39943118

Fax: +86 20 39943118

## Supplementary caption

**Fig. S1.** ESI-MS spectra of  $\text{Pt}(\text{NH}_3)_2(\text{OSO}_3)(\text{OH}_2)$ .

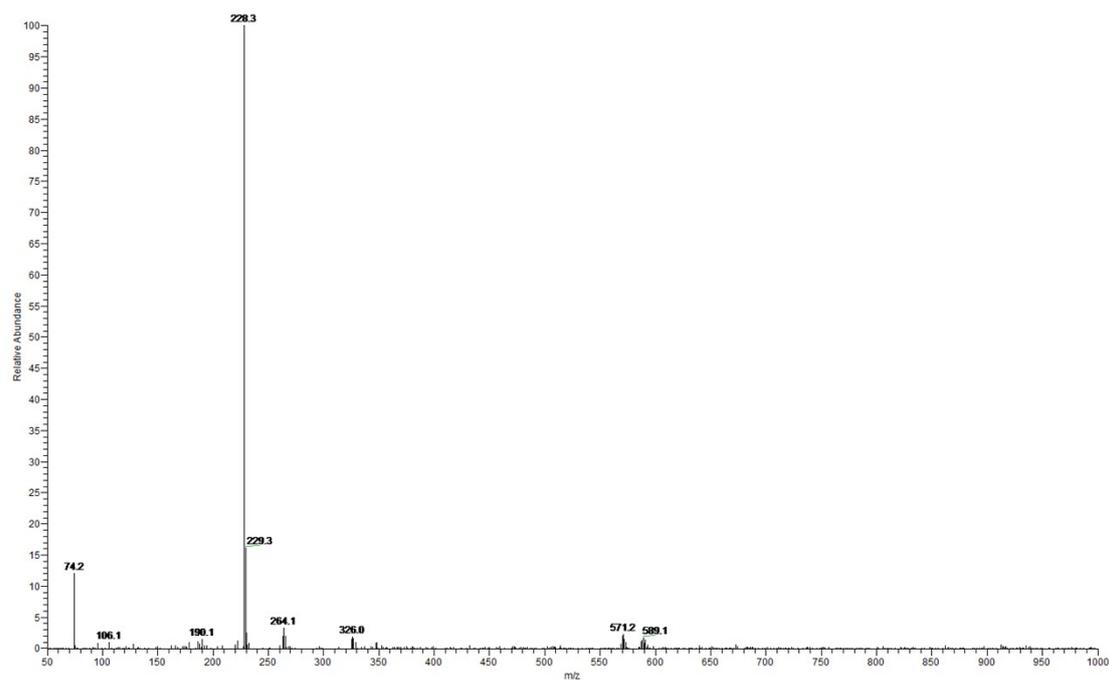
**Fig. S2.** Cell viability determined by MTT. Effect of ALN-PEG<sub>2k</sub>-ALN, ALN-ASA<sub>C8</sub>-PEG<sub>2k</sub>-ASA<sub>C8</sub>-ALN and ASA<sub>C18</sub>-PEG<sub>2k</sub>-ALN on the viability of HeLa cells for 48 h (A), A549 cells for 48 h (B), MCF-7 cells for 48 h (C), HeLa cells for 72 h (D), A549 cells for 72 h (E), MCF-7 cells for 72 h (F). Data were expressed as mean  $\pm$  standard deviation (SD).

**Fig. S3.** Plot of  $I_{336}/I_{333}$  (from pyrene excitation spectra) vs log C for concentration C of (A) ALN-ASA<sub>C8</sub>-PEG<sub>2k</sub>-ASA<sub>C8</sub>-ALN, (B) ALN-PEG<sub>2k</sub>-ASA<sub>C18</sub>. Pyrene was used as molecular probe ( $[\text{Pyrene}] = 6 \times 10^{-7} \text{ M}$ ).

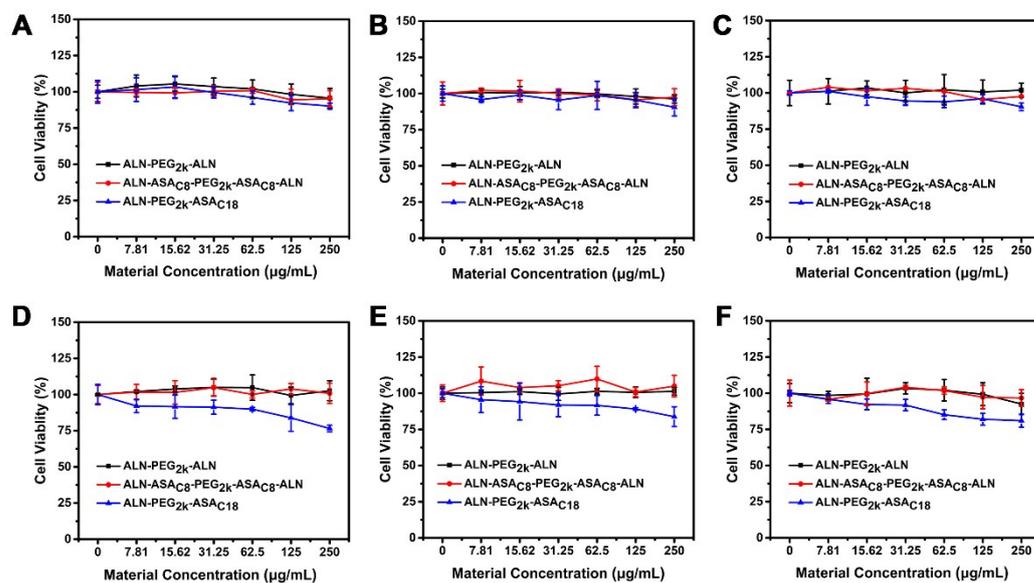
## 1. Materials and Methods

### 1.1 Determination of critical micelle concentration of the polymer carriers

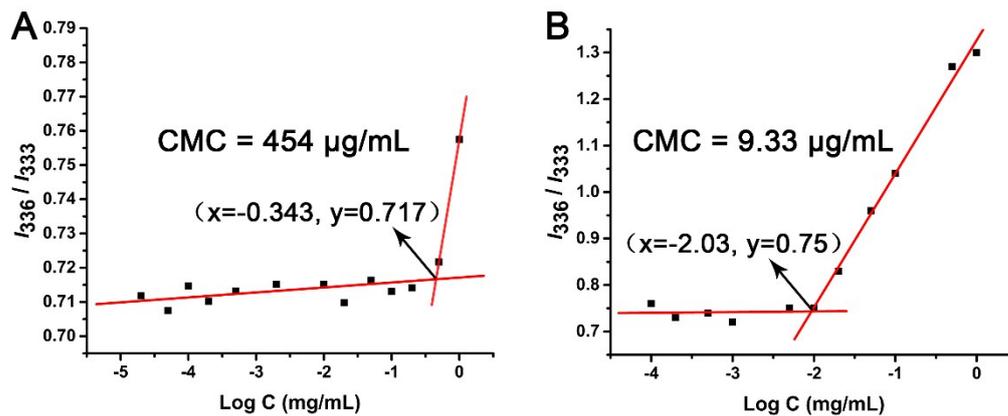
The critical micelle concentration (CMC) of polymer carriers ALN-ASA<sub>C8</sub>-PEG<sub>2k</sub>-ASA<sub>C8</sub>-ALN and ASA<sub>C18</sub>-PEG<sub>2k</sub>-ALN were determined using pyrene as fluorescence probe. An aliquot of 200  $\mu$ L pyrene ( $6 \times 10^{-6}$  mol/L in acetone) was added to 2 ml EP tube and evaporated to dryness. Different concentrations of ALN-ASA<sub>C8</sub>-PEG<sub>2k</sub>-ASA<sub>C8</sub>-ALN and ASA<sub>C18</sub>-PEG<sub>2k</sub>-ALN solutions were added into the EP tube and the concentration of pyrene in each EP tube was maintained at  $6 \times 10^{-7}$  mol/L. All the samples were incubated at 37 °C overnight under stirring. Steady-state fluorescence spectra were measured by PTI QuantaMaster™ 4CW. The emission wavelength was set at 390 nm, and the pyrene excitation at 300-360 nm were recorded. The curve of  $I_{336}/I_{333}$  against the logarithm of ALN-ASA<sub>C8</sub>-PEG<sub>2k</sub>-ASA<sub>C8</sub>-ALN and ASA<sub>C18</sub>-PEG<sub>2k</sub>-ALN was plotted. CMC was indicated by the inflection in the curve.



**Fig. S1.** ESI-MS spectra of  $\text{Pt}(\text{NH}_3)_2(\text{OSO}_3)(\text{OH}_2)$ .



**Fig. S2.** Cell viability determined by MTT assay. Effect of ALN-PEG<sub>2k</sub>-ALN, ALN-ASA<sub>C8</sub>-PEG<sub>2k</sub>-ASA<sub>C8</sub>-ALN and ASA<sub>C18</sub>-PEG<sub>2k</sub>-ALN on the viability of HeLa cells for 48 h (A), A549 cells for 48 h (B), MCF-7 cells for 48 h (C), HeLa cells for 72 h (D), A549 cells for 72 h (E), MCF-7 cells for 72 h (F). Data were expressed as mean ± standard deviation (SD).



**Fig. S3.** Plot of  $I_{336}/I_{333}$  (from pyrene excitation spectra) vs  $\log C$  for concentration  $C$  of (A) ALN-ASA<sub>C8</sub>-PEG<sub>2k</sub>-ASA<sub>C8</sub>-ALN, (B) ALN-PEG<sub>2k</sub>-ASA<sub>C18</sub>. Pyrene was used as molecular probe ( $[\text{Pyrene}] = 6 \times 10^{-7} \text{M}$ ).