

## Supplementary Information

### In-situ cathodic activation of V-incorporated $\text{Ni}_x\text{S}_y$ nanowires for enhanced hydrogen evolution

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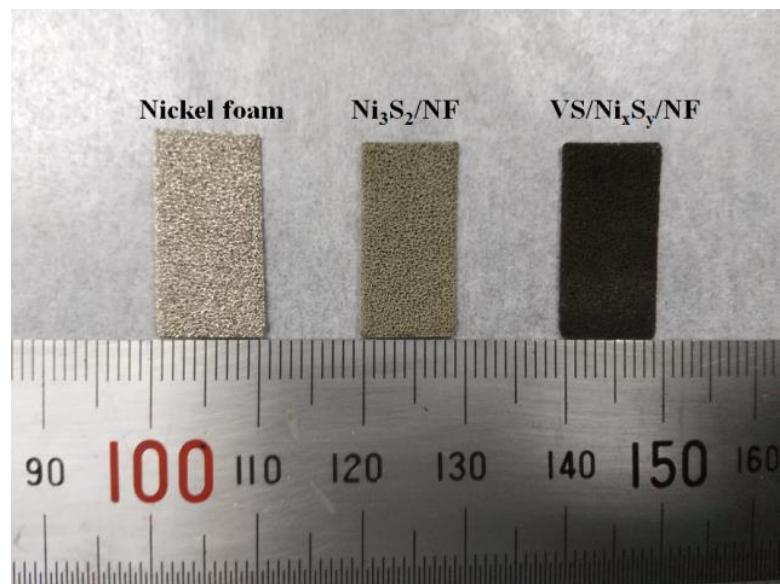
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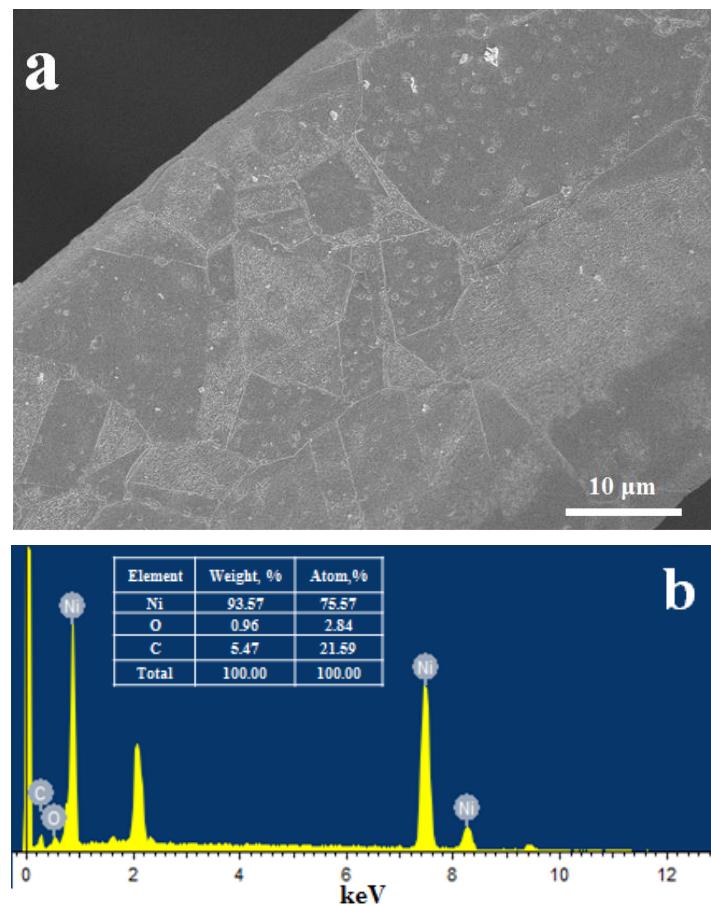
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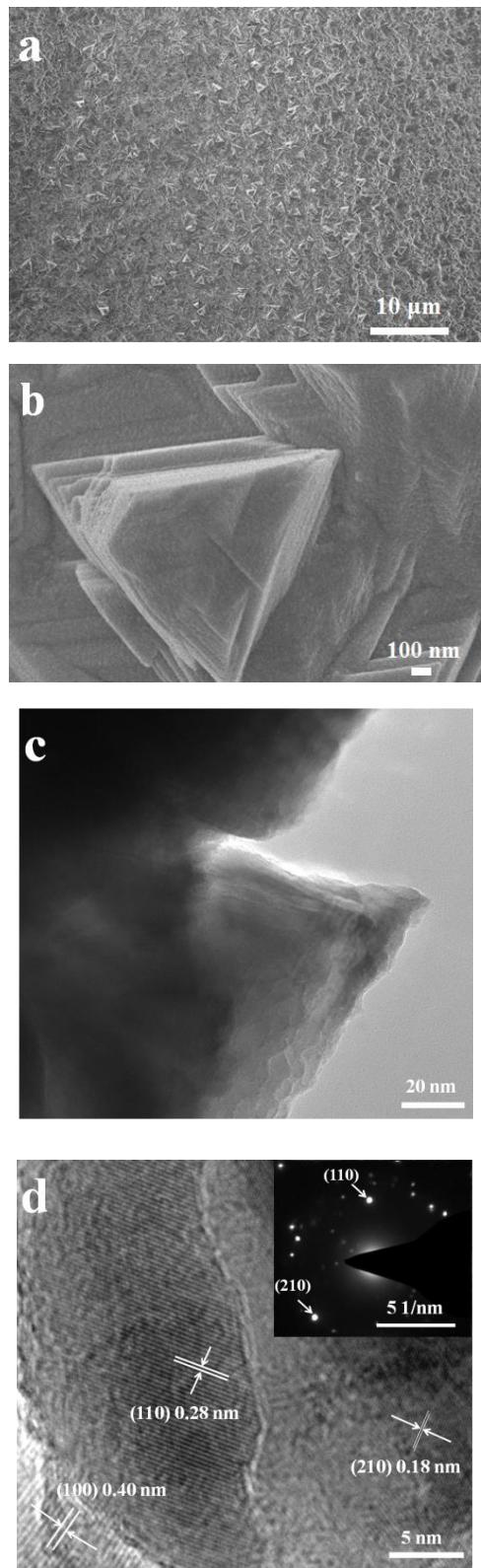
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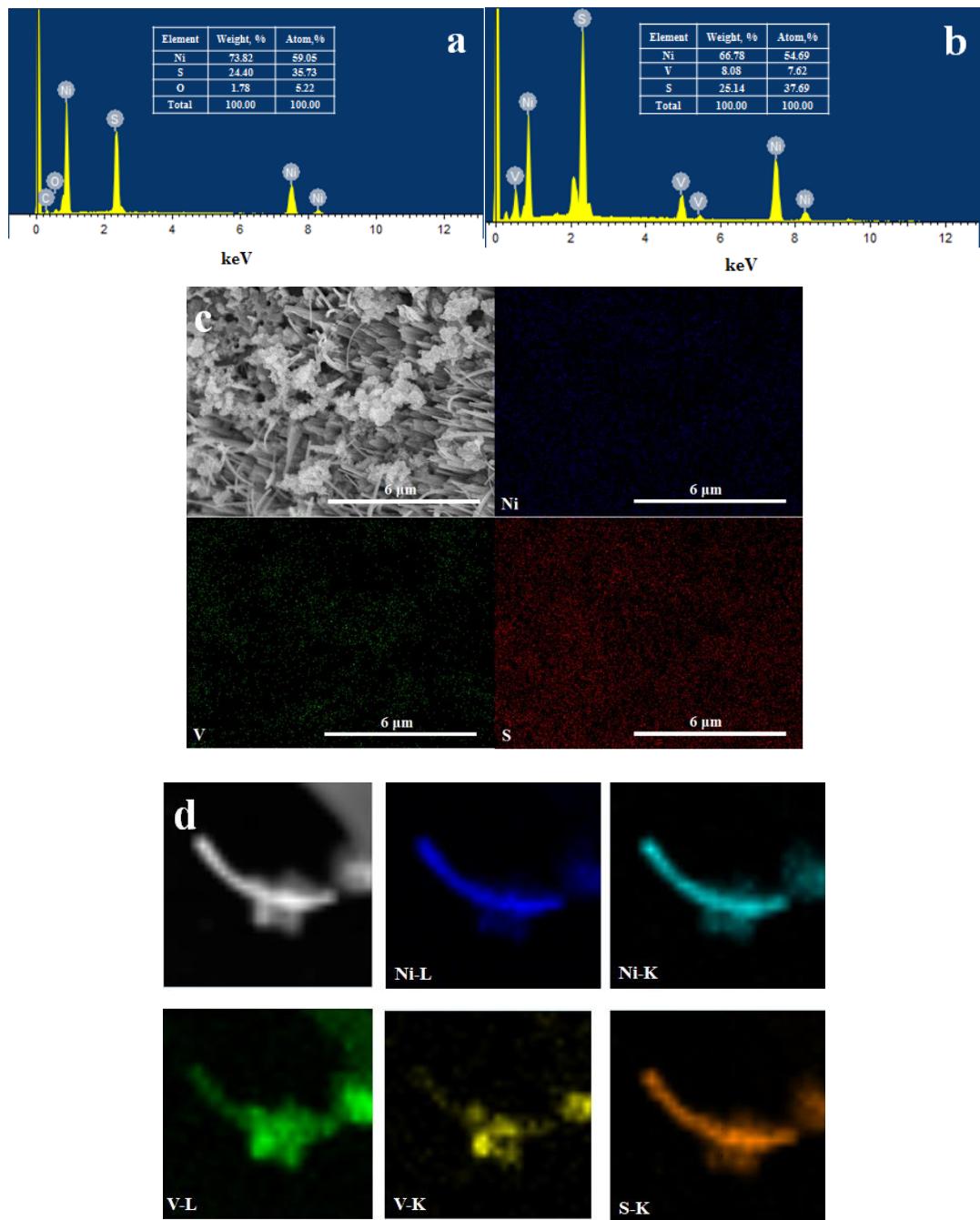
**Figure S1.** Photographs of the as-prepared samples.



**Figure S2.** (a) SEM image of bare nickel foam (NF). (b) X-ray fluorescence elemental analysis (EDX) spectra of NF.



**Figure S3.** (a, b) SEM images of  $\text{Ni}_3\text{S}_2/\text{NF}$ . (c) TEM and (d) high-resolution transmission electron microscopy (HRTEM) of  $\text{Ni}_3\text{S}_2/\text{NF}$  (insertion: selected area electron diffraction (SAED) of  $\text{Ni}_3\text{S}_2/\text{NF}$ ).



**Figure S4.** EDX spectra of (a)  $\text{Ni}_3\text{S}_2/\text{NF}$  and (b) VS/ $\text{Ni}_x\text{S}_y/\text{NF}$ . (c) SEM mapping of VS/ $\text{Ni}_x\text{S}_y/\text{NF}$ . (d) TEM mapping of VS/ $\text{Ni}_x\text{S}_y$  nanowire on VS/ $\text{Ni}_x\text{S}_y/\text{NF}$ .

### **Calculation method of electrochemically active surface area (ECSA)**

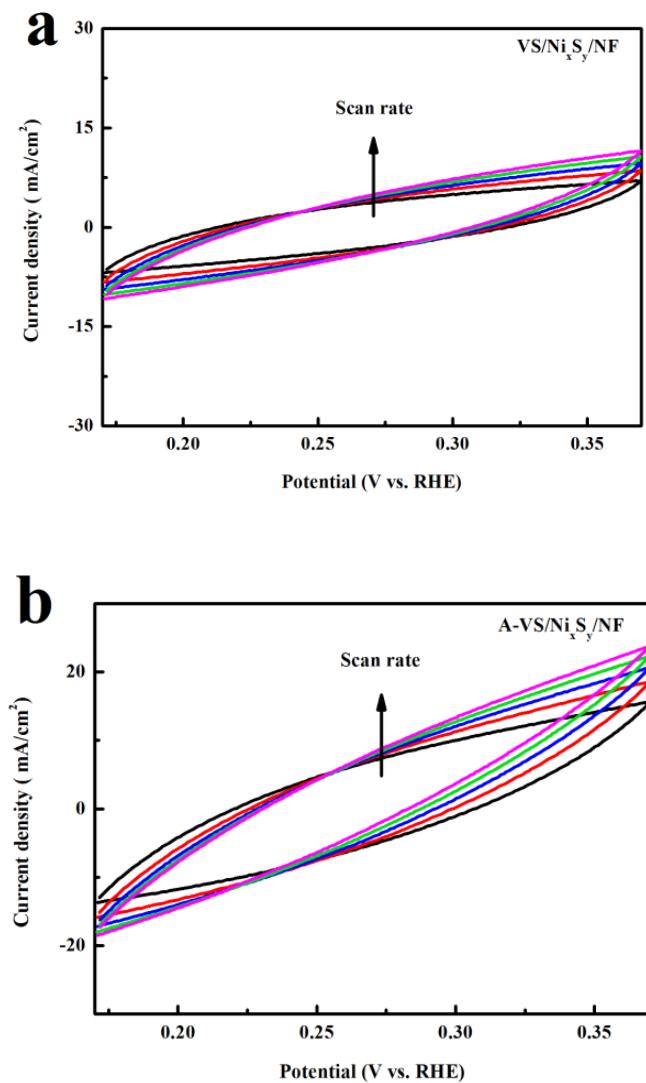
According to previous report,<sup>1</sup> the calculation of ECSA and roughness factor (RF) are based on the following equations:

$$\text{ECSA} = C_{dl}/C_s \quad (1)$$

$$RF = \text{ECSA}/\text{GSA} \quad (2)$$

In eq (1),  $C_{dl}$  is the measured double layer capacitance of samples in 1.0 M KOH (mF) and  $C_s$  is the specific capacitance of the catalyst ( $C_s = 0.04 \text{ mF cm}^{-2}$  in 1.0 M KOH).

In eq (2), RF is roughness factor and GSA is geometric surface area of the samples (2.00 cm<sup>2</sup>).



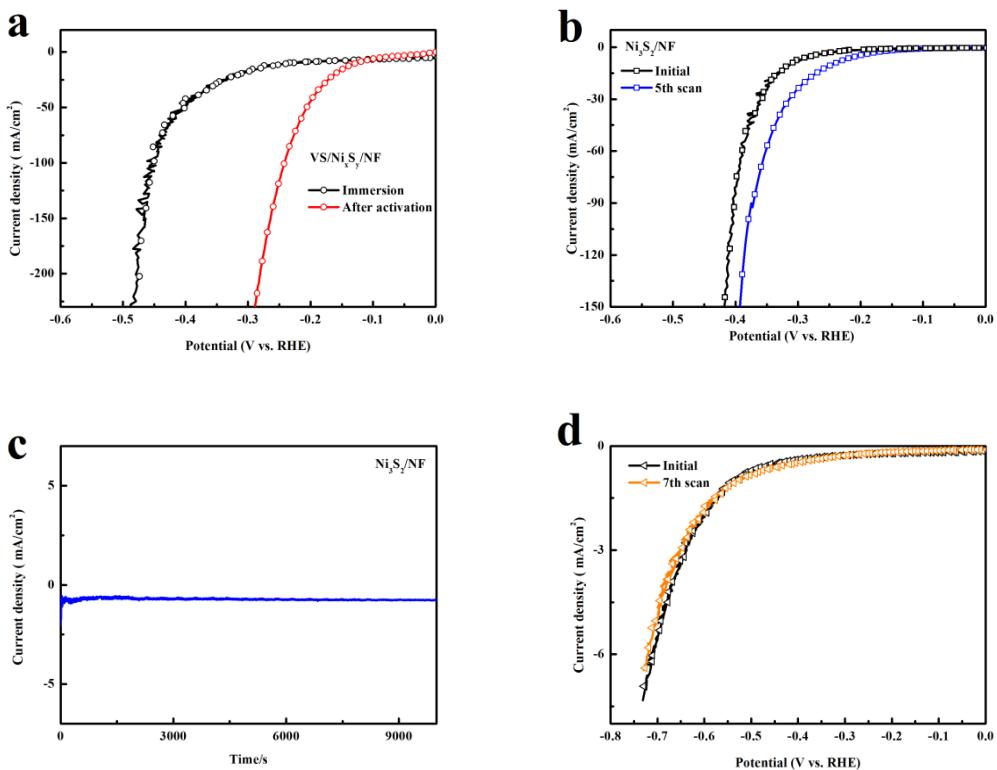
**Figure S5.** Cyclic voltammogram (CV) of double-layer capacitance measurement of (a) VS/ $\text{Ni}_x\text{S}_y/\text{NF}$  and (b) A-VS/ $\text{Ni}_x\text{S}_y/\text{NF}$ .

**Table S1.** The calculated ECSA and RF of all samples.

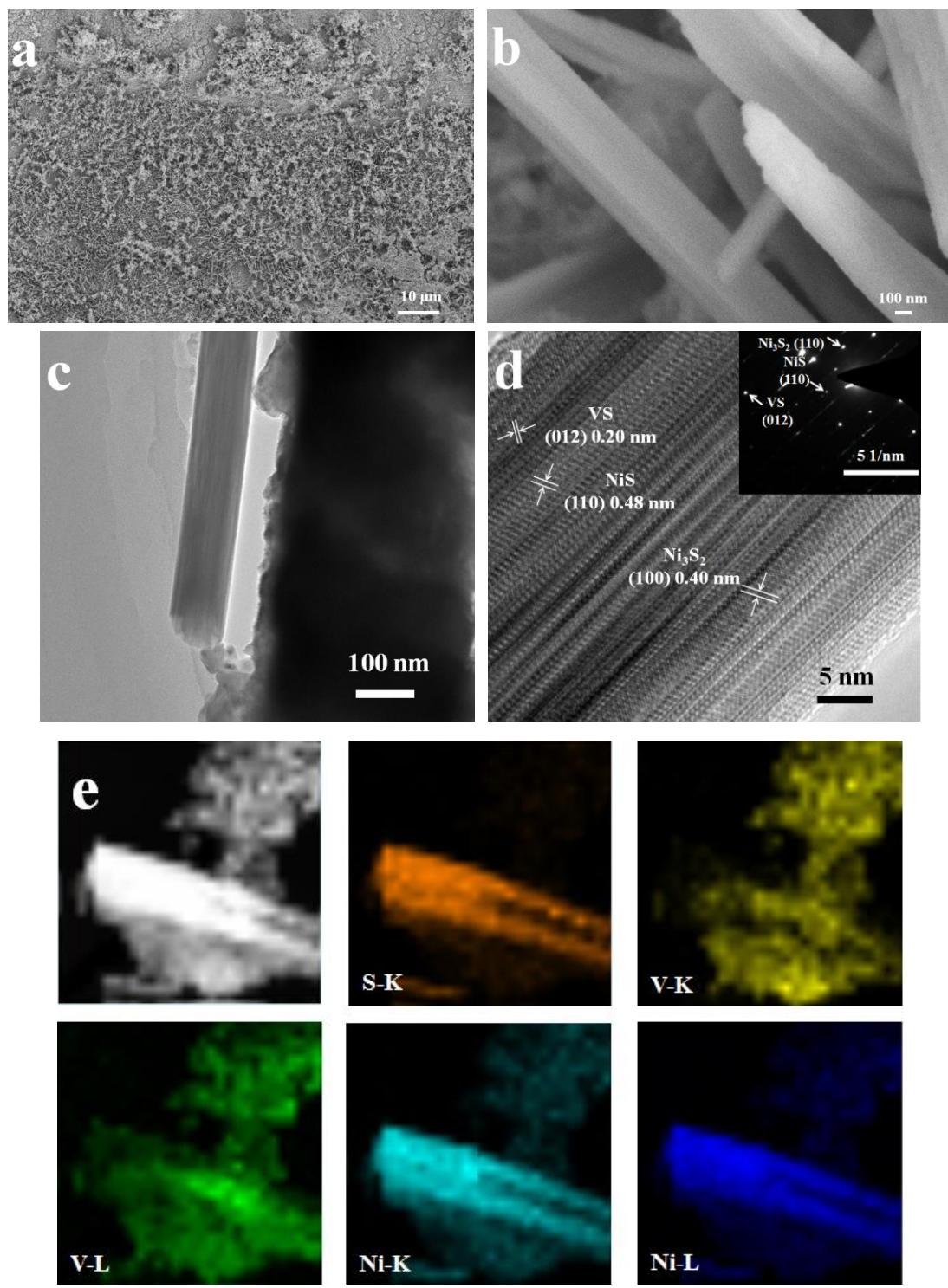
Sample	C <sub>dl</sub> , mF	C <sub>s</sub> , mF cm <sup>-2</sup>	ECSA, ×10 <sup>3</sup> cm <sup>2</sup>	GSA, cm <sup>2</sup>	RF ×10 <sup>3</sup>
VS/Ni <sub>x</sub> S <sub>y</sub> /NF	44.46	0.04	1.11	2.00	0.56
A-VS/Ni <sub>x</sub> S <sub>y</sub> /NF	82.92	0.04	2.07	2.00	1.04

**Table S2.** Elemental values of fitted equivalent circuit of VS/Ni<sub>x</sub>S<sub>y</sub>/NF and A-VS/Ni<sub>x</sub>S<sub>y</sub>/NF.

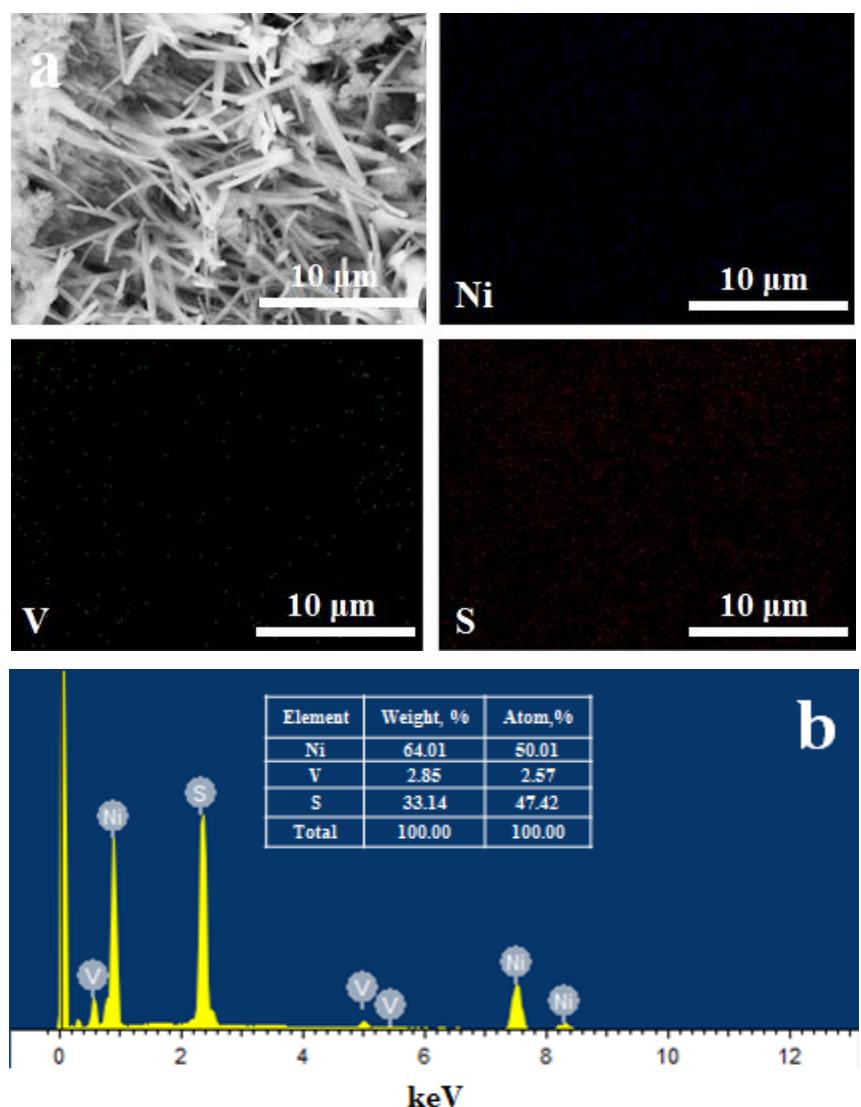
Samples	R <sub>s</sub> /Ω	R <sub>ct</sub> /Ω
VS/Ni <sub>x</sub> S <sub>y</sub> /NF	1.5	952.0
A-VS/Ni <sub>x</sub> S <sub>y</sub> /NF	1.0	13.0



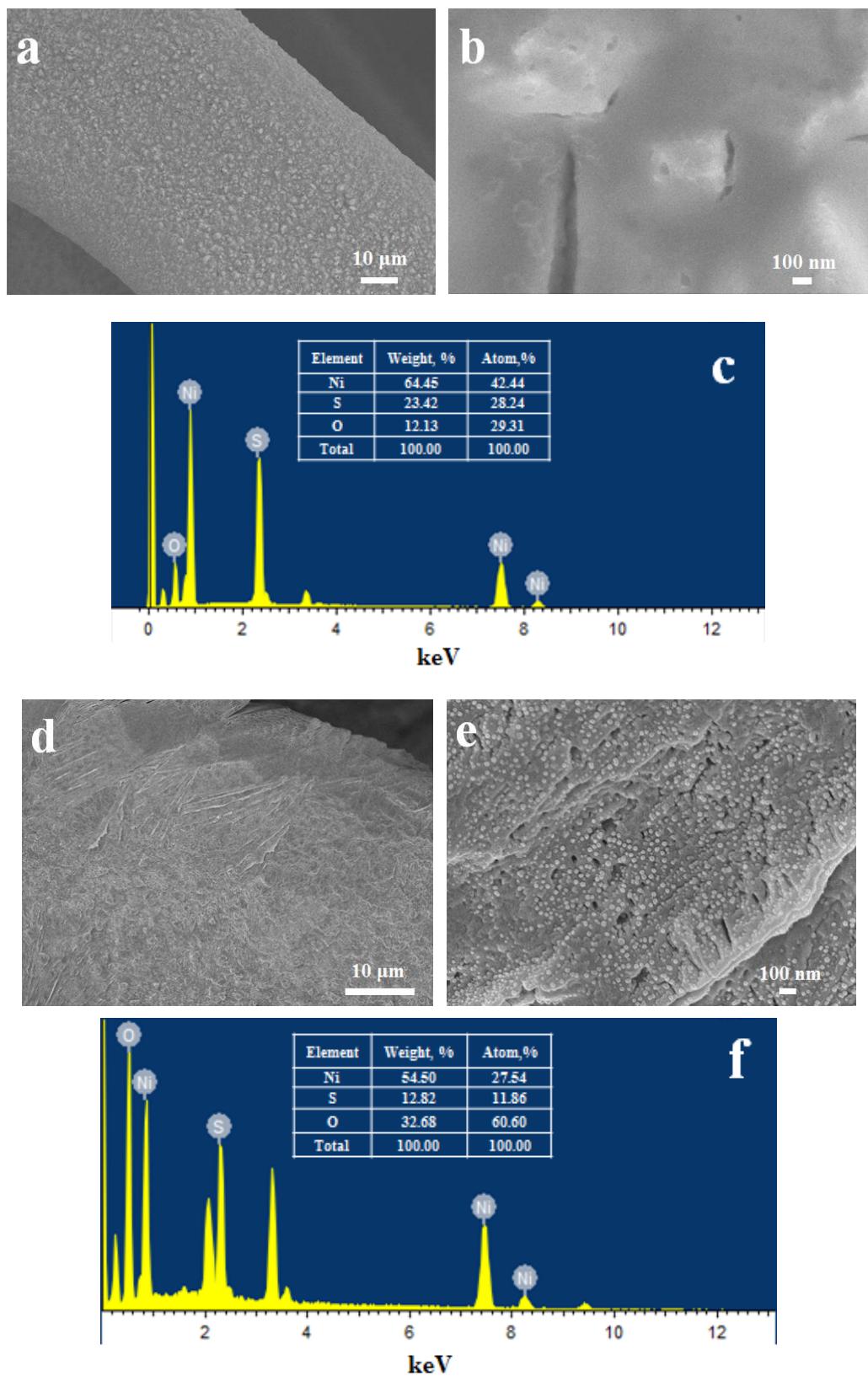
**Figure S6.** (a) In-situ cathodic activation (ISCA) of (a) I-VS/Ni<sub>x</sub>S<sub>y</sub>/NF and (b) Ni<sub>3</sub>S<sub>2</sub>/NF. (c) Chronoamperometry of Ni<sub>3</sub>S<sub>2</sub>/NF for 10<sup>4</sup> s. (d) ISCA of VS powder.



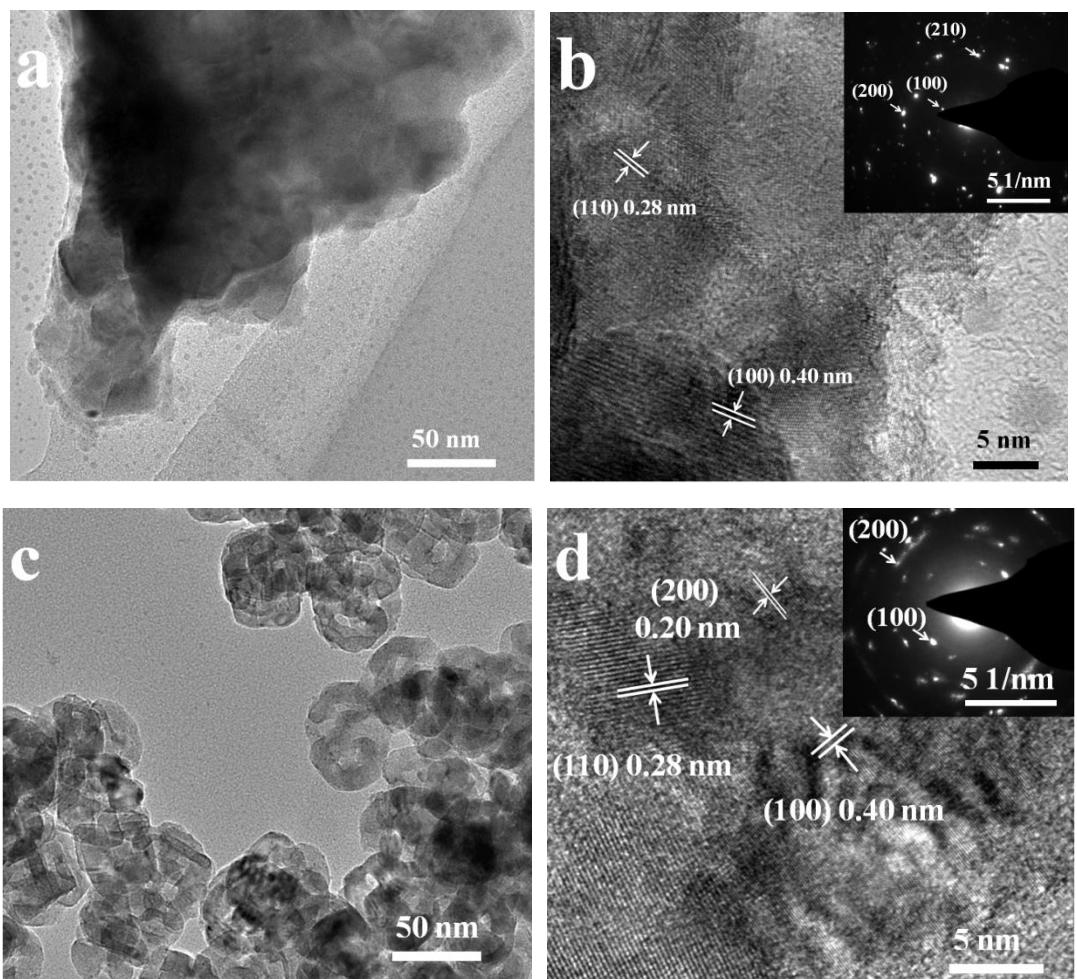
**Figure S7.** (a, b) SEM images of I-VS/ $\text{Ni}_x\text{S}_y$ /NF. (c) TEM and (d) HRTEM of I-VS/ $\text{Ni}_x\text{S}_y$ /NF (insertion: SAED of I-VS/ $\text{Ni}_x\text{S}_y$ /NF). (e) TEM mapping of VS/ $\text{Ni}_x\text{S}_y$  nanowire on I-VS/ $\text{Ni}_x\text{S}_y$ /NF.



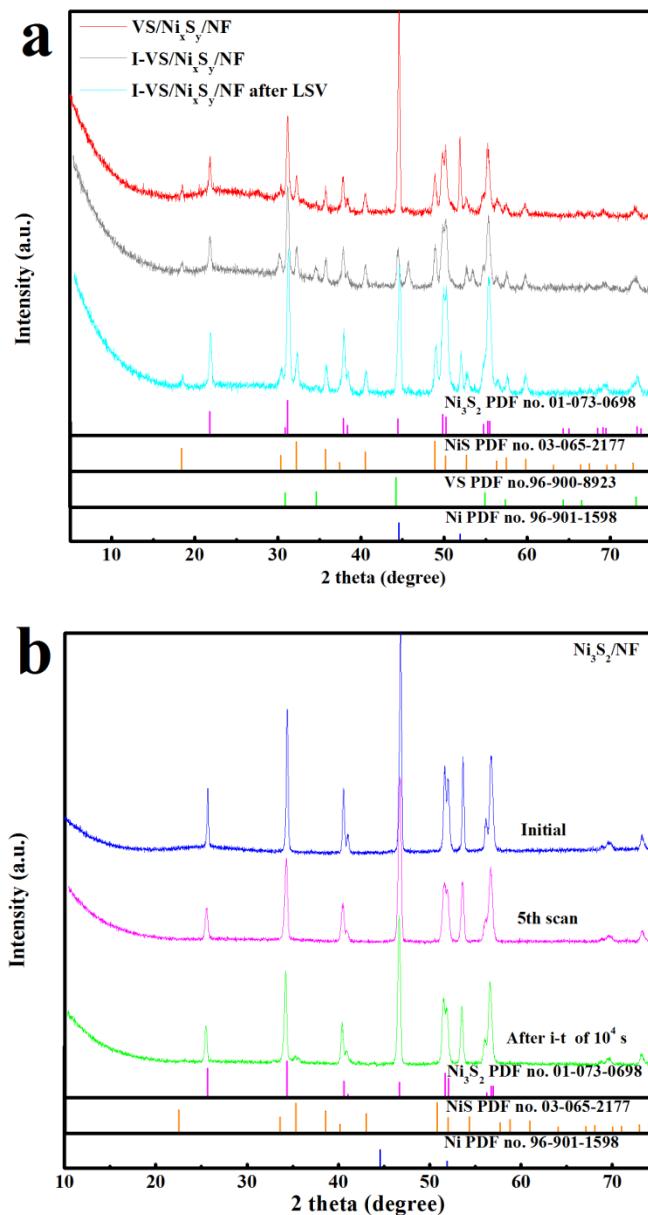
**Figure S8.** (a) SEM mapping and (b) EDX spectrum of I-VS/Ni<sub>x</sub>S<sub>y</sub>/NF.



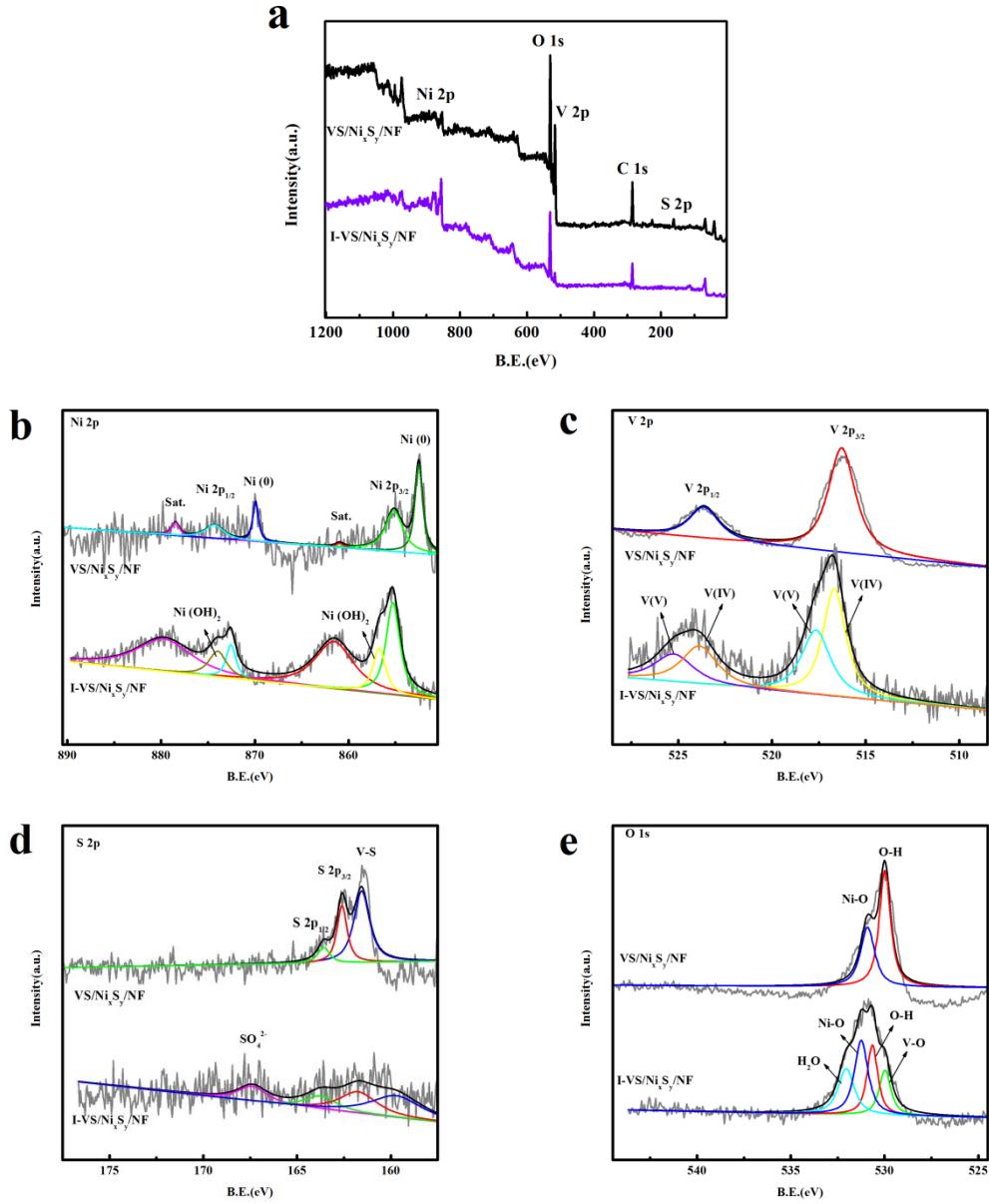
**Figure S9.** (a, b) SEM images and (c) EDX spectrum of  $\text{Ni}_3\text{S}_2/\text{NF}$  after ISCA. (d, e) SEM images and (f) EDX spectrum of  $\text{Ni}_3\text{S}_2/\text{NF}$  after chronoamperometry for  $10^4$  s.



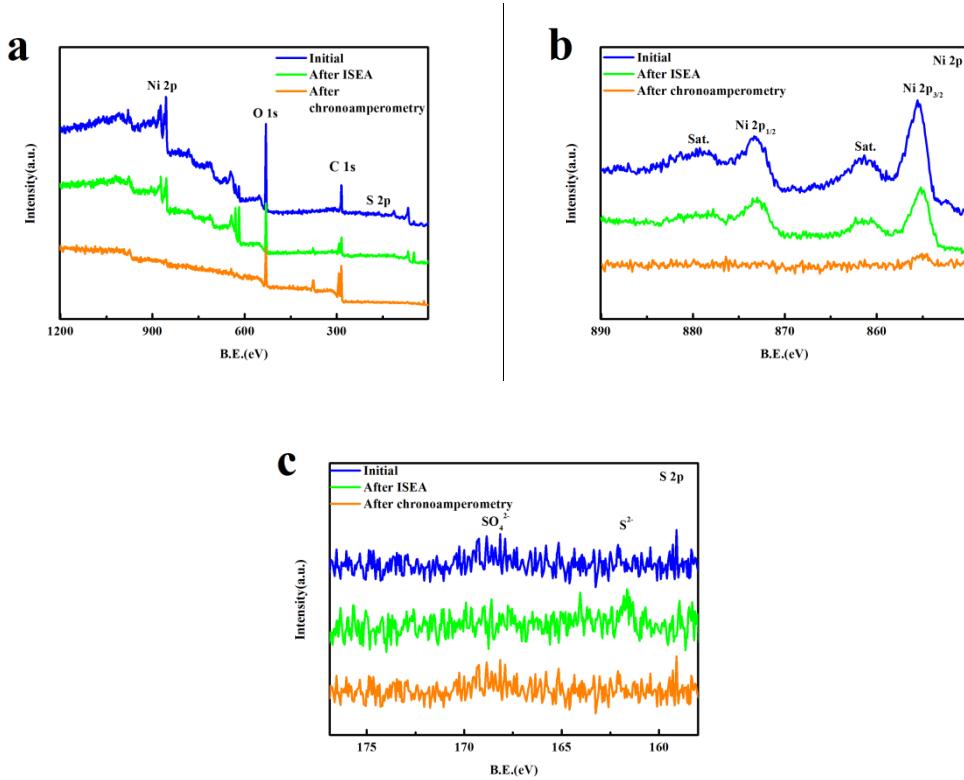
**Figure S10.** (a) TEM and (b) HRTEM of  $\text{Ni}_3\text{S}_2/\text{NF}$  after ISCA (insertion: SAED of  $\text{Ni}_3\text{S}_2/\text{NF}$  after LSV). (c) TEM and (d) HRTEM of  $\text{Ni}_3\text{S}_2/\text{NF}$  after chronoamperometry for  $10^4$  s at an overpotential of 130 mV (insertion: the corresponding SAED).



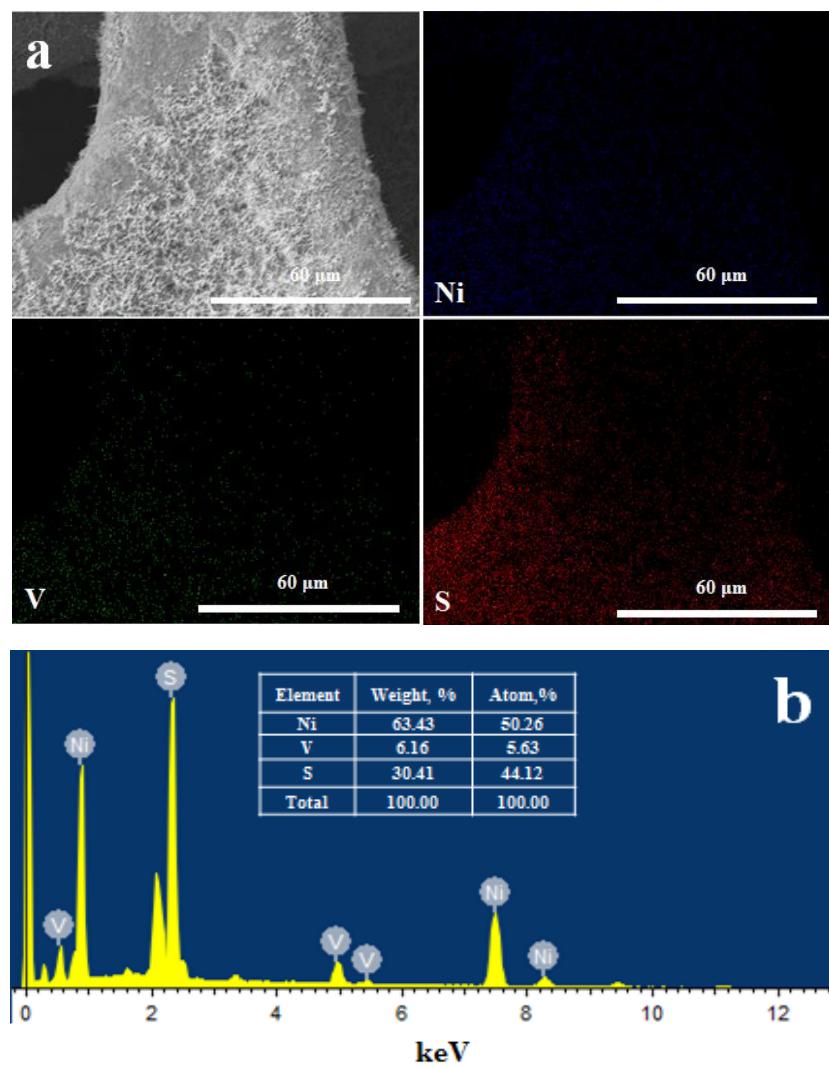
**Figure S11.** XRD patterns. (a) VS/ $\text{Ni}_x\text{S}_y$ /NF, I-VS/ $\text{Ni}_x\text{S}_y$ /NF and I-VS/ $\text{Ni}_x\text{S}_y$ /NF after ISCA. (b)  $\text{Ni}_3\text{S}_2/\text{NF}$ ,  $\text{Ni}_3\text{S}_2/\text{NF}$  after LSV and  $\text{Ni}_3\text{S}_2/\text{NF}$  after chronoamperometry for  $10^4$  s at an overpotential of 130 mV.



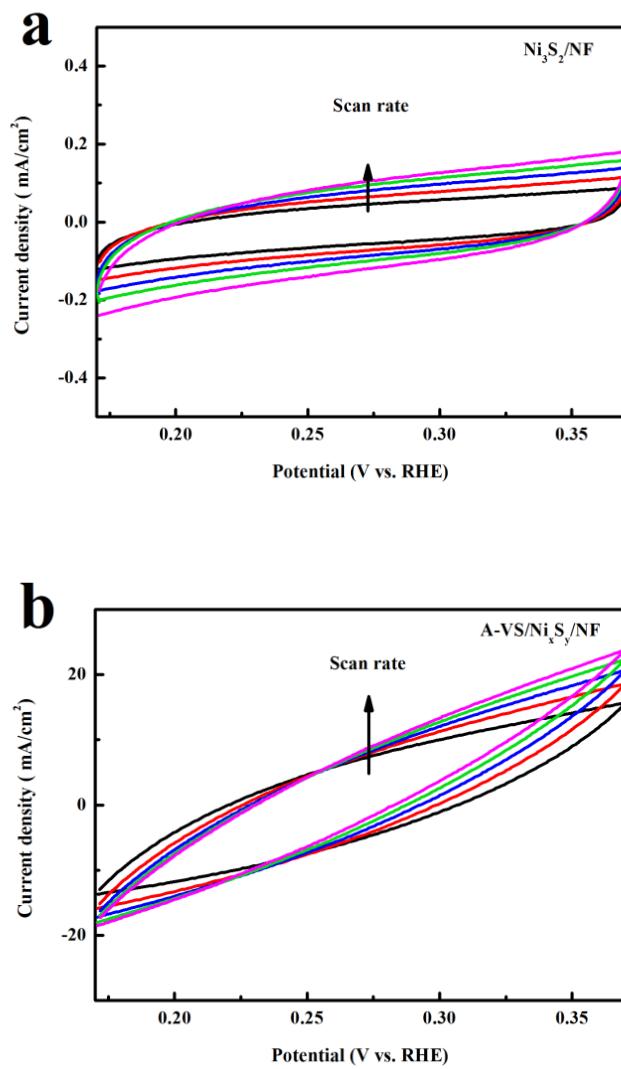
**Figure S12.** XPS spectra of I-VS/ $\text{Ni}_x\text{S}_y$ /NF. (a) Survey. (b) Ni 2p. (c) V 2p. (d) S 2p. (e) O 1s.



**Figure S13.** XPS spectra of  $\text{Ni}_3\text{S}_2/\text{NF}$ ,  $\text{Ni}_3\text{S}_2/\text{NF}$  after ISCA and  $\text{Ni}_3\text{S}_2/\text{NF}$  after chronoamperometry for  $10^4$  s at an overpotential of 130 mV. (a) Survey. (b) Ni 2p. (c) S 2p.



**Figure S14.** (a) SEM mapping and (b) EDX of A-VS/Ni<sub>x</sub>S<sub>y</sub>/NF.



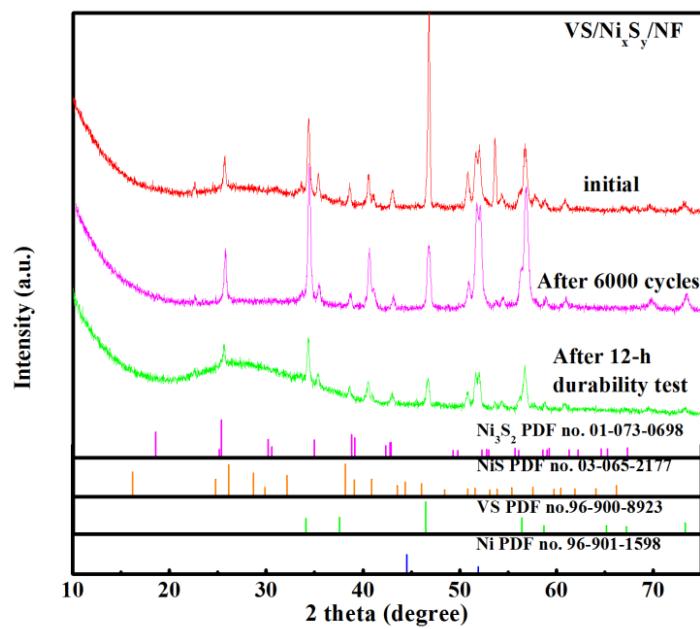
**Figure S15.** CVs of double-layer capacitance measurement of (a) Ni<sub>3</sub>S<sub>2</sub>/NF and (b) A-VS/Ni<sub>x</sub>S<sub>y</sub>/NF.

**Table S3.** Elemental values of fitted equivalent circuit of NF, Ni<sub>3</sub>S<sub>2</sub>/NF and A-VS/Ni<sub>x</sub>S<sub>y</sub>/NF.

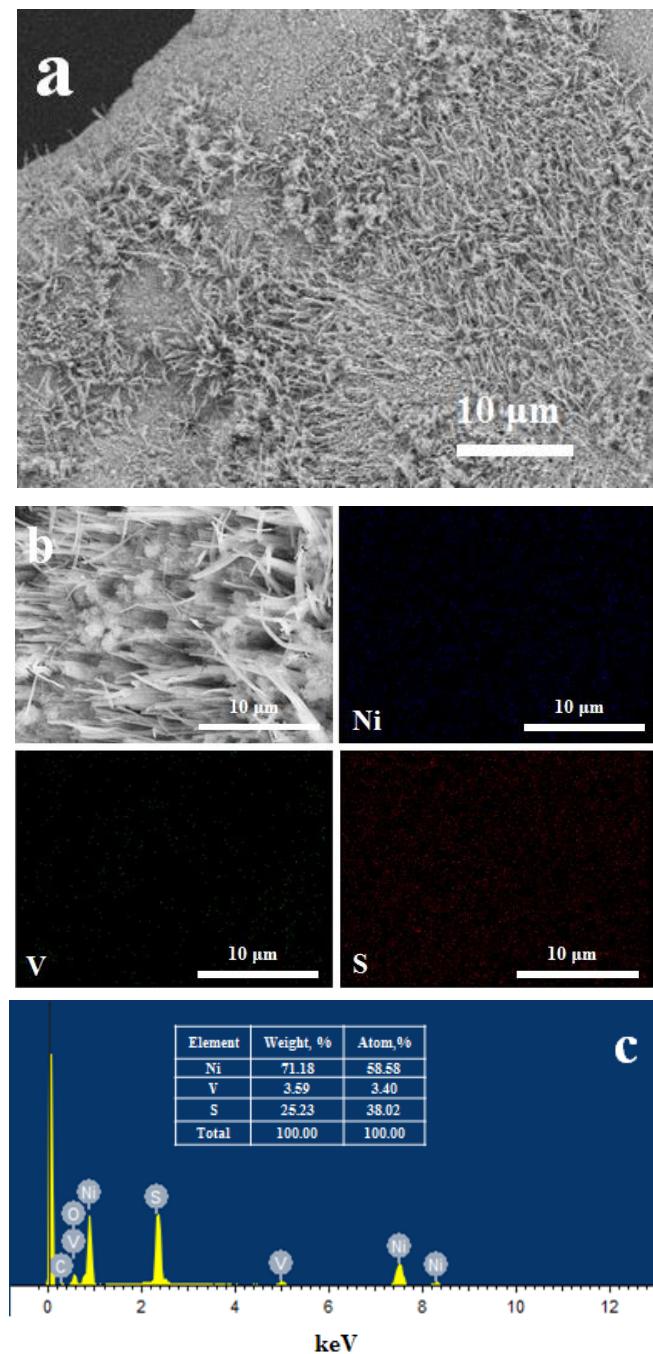
Samples	R <sub>s</sub> /Ω	R <sub>ct</sub> /Ω
NF	1.5	69
Ni <sub>3</sub> S <sub>2</sub> /NF	1.3	31.3
A-VS/Ni <sub>x</sub> S <sub>y</sub> /NF	1.0	13.0

**Table S4.** The calculated ECSA and RF of all samples.

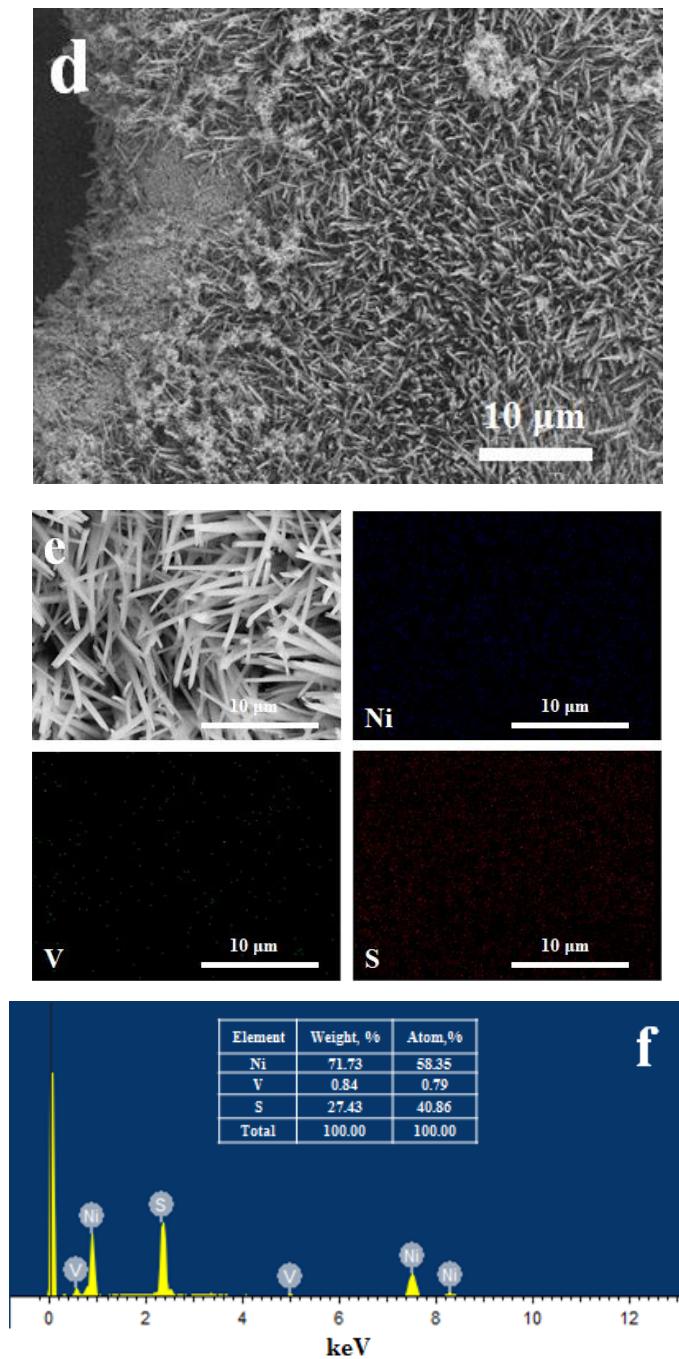
Sample	C <sub>dl</sub> , mF	C <sub>s</sub> , mF cm <sup>-2</sup>	ECSA, ×10 <sup>3</sup> cm <sup>2</sup>	GSA, cm <sup>2</sup>	RF ×10 <sup>3</sup>
Ni <sub>3</sub> S <sub>2</sub> /NF	3.04	0.04	0.08	2.00	0.04
A-VS/Ni <sub>x</sub> S <sub>y</sub> /NF	82.92	0.04	2.07	2.00	1.04



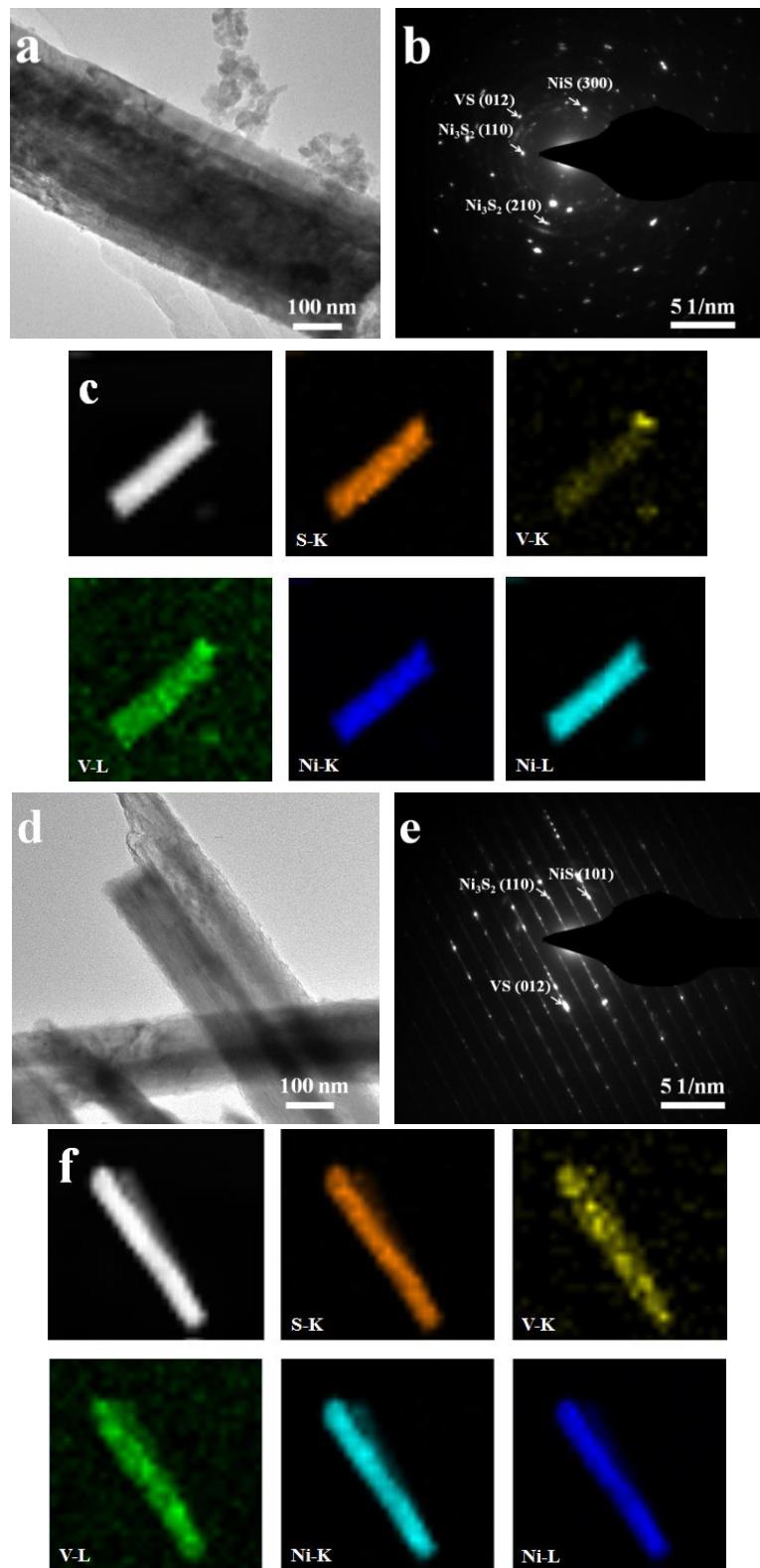
**Figure S16.** XRD patterns of initial VS/Ni<sub>x</sub>S<sub>y</sub>/NF before and after stability test.



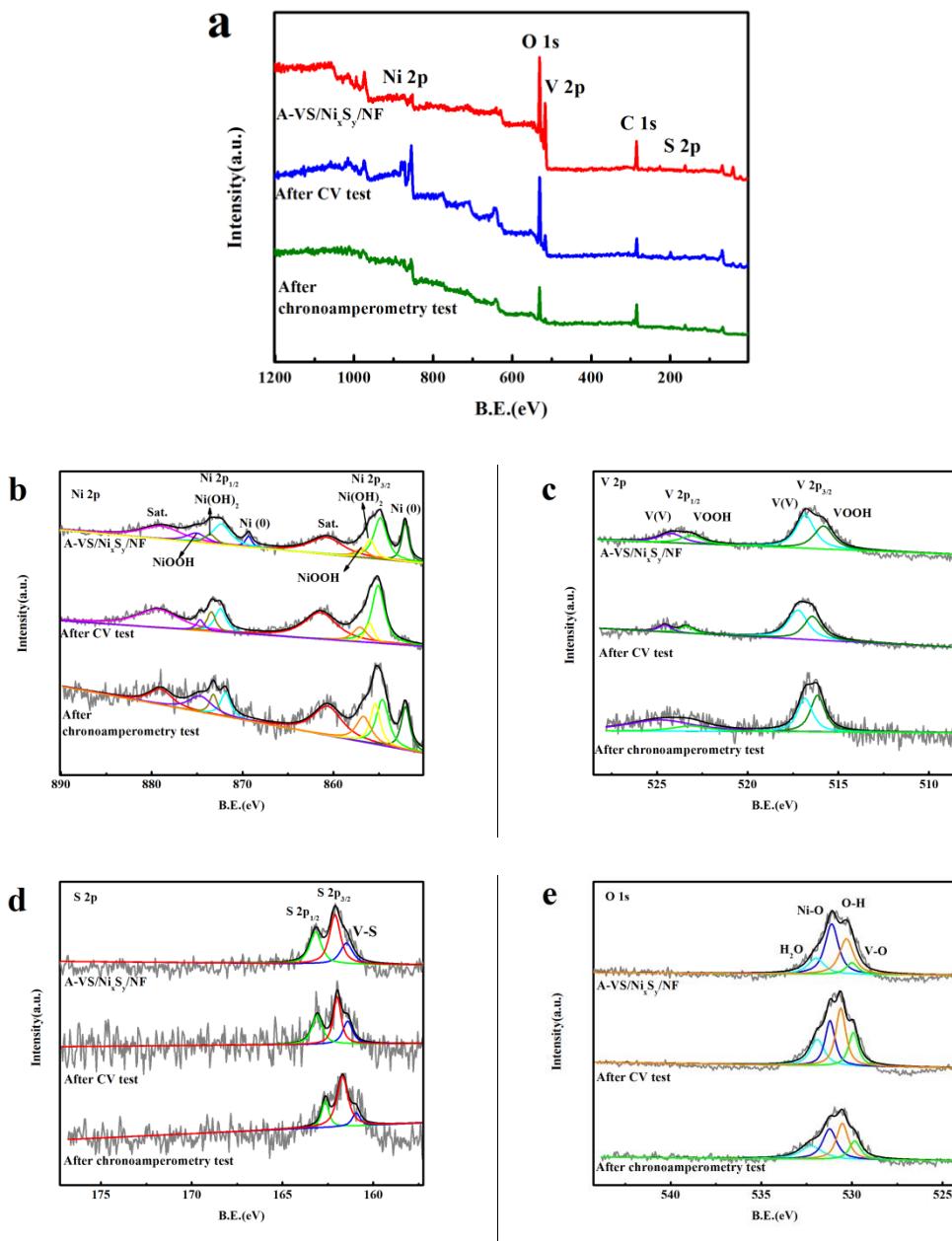
**Figure S17.** (a) SEM image, (b) SEM mapping and (c) EDX of A-VS/Ni<sub>x</sub>S<sub>y</sub>/NF after stability test of CV.



**Figure S17.** (d) SEM image, (e) SEM mapping and (f) EDX of A-VS/ $\text{Ni}_x\text{S}_y$ /NF after stability test of chronoamperometry for 12 h at an overpotential of 130 mV.



**Figure S18.** (a) TEM, (b) HRTEM and (c) TEM mapping of A-VS/Ni<sub>x</sub>S<sub>y</sub>/NF after stability test of CV. (c) TEM , (d) HRTEM and (e) TEM mapping of A-VS/Ni<sub>x</sub>S<sub>y</sub>/NF after stability test of chronoamperometry for 12 h at an overpotential of 130 mV.



**Figure S19.** XPS spectra of A-VS/Ni<sub>x</sub>S<sub>y</sub>/NF after stability test. (a) Survey. (b) Ni 2p. (c) V 2p. (d) S 2p. (e) O 1s.

**Table S5.** Comparison of alkaline HER activities of nickel sulfide-based materials.

Sample	Electrolyte	Current density j mA cm <sup>-2</sup>	Overpotential η at corresponding j (mV)	Tafel slope (mV dec <sup>-1</sup> )	Ref.
Ni-Mn <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	1.0 M KOH	10	91	110	<sup>2</sup>
NiS <sub>2</sub> -MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.0 M KOH	400	400	70	<sup>3</sup>
MoS <sub>2</sub> /Ni <sub>3</sub> S <sub>2</sub>	1.0 M KOH	10	110	83	<sup>4</sup>
MoO <sub>x</sub> /Ni <sub>3</sub> S <sub>2</sub> /NF	1.0 M KOH	ca.500	<500	90	<sup>5</sup>
High-index faceted Ni <sub>3</sub> S <sub>2</sub>	1.0 M KOH	10	223	—	<sup>6</sup>
Mo-doped Ni <sub>3</sub> S <sub>2</sub>	1.0 M KOH	100	278	72.9	<sup>7</sup>
NiCo <sub>2</sub> S <sub>4</sub> /carbon cloth	1.0 M KOH	100	305	141	<sup>8</sup>
NiCo <sub>2</sub> S <sub>4</sub> /Ni foam	1.0 M KOH	10	65	84.5	<sup>9</sup>
NiFeS/NF	1.0 M KOH	10	180	53	<sup>10</sup>
rGO/(Ni <sub>x</sub> Mn <sub>y</sub> Co <sub>z</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> S <sub>4</sub>	1.0 M KOH	10	151	52	<sup>11</sup>
Co <sub>9</sub> S <sub>8</sub> -Ni <sub>x</sub> S <sub>y</sub> /Ni foam	1.0 M KOH	10	163	88	<sup>12</sup>
VS/Ni <sub>x</sub> S <sub>y</sub> /Ni foam	1.0 M KOH	10	125	113	This work

## References

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