Electronic Supplementary Material (ESI) for Organic & Biomolecular Chemistry. This journal is © The Royal Society of Chemistry 2017

# **Supporting Information 1**

## I<sub>2</sub> catalyzed access of spiro[indoline-3,4'-pyridine] appended amine dyad: New ON-OFF chemosensors for Cu<sup>2+</sup> and imaging in living cells

Animesh Mondal<sup>a</sup>, Barnali Naskar<sup>a</sup>, Sanchita Goswami<sup>a</sup>, Chandraday Prodhan<sup>b</sup>, Keya Chaudhuri<sup>b</sup> and Chhanda Mukhopadhyay<sup>a</sup>\*

\*E-mail: cmukhop@yahoo.co.in

...14-19

... 20-22

Figure S1. ESI-MS spectra of compound 5a-5f, 5h-5l and in copper complexes ...03-13

## PhotophysicalCharacterization

Figure S2-12. Absorption spectra of compounds 5a-5f and 5h-5l upon titration with  $Cu^{2+}$ 

Figure S13-17. Fluorescence Quenching Efficiency (FQE) of compounds 5d, 5f, 5h, 5j and 5k

Figure S18-28. Job's plot for determination of stoichiometry of  $Cu^{2+}$ : in solution of complexes 5a-5f and 5h-5l ... 23-28

Figure S29-33. Benesi-Hildebrand plot of fluorescence titration curves of 5d, 5f, 5h, 5j and 5k with  $Cu^{2+}$  ... 29-31

Figure S34-38. The limit of detection (LOD) of compounds 5d, 5f, 5h, 5j and 5k for  $Cu^{2+}$  as a function of  $[Cu^{2+}]$  ... 32-34

Figure S39-43. Fluorescence emission spectra of chemosensor (5d, 5f, 5h, 5j and 5k) in thepresence of  $Cu^{2+}$  ion followed by addition of EDTA... 35-37

Figure S44-48. Emission intensity of compounds 5d, 5f, 5h, 5j and 5k in absence and inpresence of  $Cu^{2+}$  at different pH values in aqueous DMSO solution... 38-40



Figure S1. ESI-MS spectra of compound 5a-5f, 5h-5l and in copper complexes:

### ESI-MS of compound 5b



ESI-MS of compound 5c



ESI-MS of compound 5d



ESI-MS of compound 5e











Supporting Information















ESI-MS of compound **5d+Cu** 



ESI-MS of compound **5e+Cu** 



ESI-MS of compound  $\mathbf{5f+Cu}$ 



ESI-MS of compound **5h+Cu** 



Supporting Information



ESI-MS of compound 5k+Cu



ESI-MS of compound **5l+Cu** 



**Figure S2.** UV-vis spectra of **5a** ( $5 \times 10^{-6}$  M) in DMSO/H<sub>2</sub>O (1:9, v/v) HEPES buffer (pH = 7.4) solution in the presence of various concentrations of Cu<sup>2+</sup> (0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10) ×10<sup>-6</sup> M. **Inset:** visual color change (yellow to colorless) observed with addition of Cu<sup>2+</sup> ion to **5a** solution.



**Figure S3.** UV-vis spectra of **5b** ( $5 \times 10^{-6}$  M) in DMSO/H<sub>2</sub>O (1:9, v/v) HEPES buffer (pH = 7.4) solution in the presence of various concentrations of Cu<sup>2+</sup> (0, 0.5, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10) ×10<sup>-6</sup> M. **Inset:** visual color change (yellow to colorless) observed with addition of Cu<sup>2+</sup> ion to **5b** solution.



**Figure S4.** UV-vis spectra of **5c** ( $5 \times 10^{-6}$  M) in DMSO/H<sub>2</sub>O (1:9, v/v) HEPES buffer (pH = 7.4) solution in the presence of various concentrations of Cu<sup>2+</sup> (0, 0.5, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10) ×10<sup>-6</sup> M. **Inset:** visual color change (yellow to colorless) observed with addition of Cu<sup>2+</sup> ion to **5c** solution.



**Figure S5.** UV-vis spectra of **5d** ( $5 \times 10^{-6}$  M) in DMSO/H<sub>2</sub>O (1:9, v/v) HEPES buffer (pH = 7.4) solution in the presence of various concentrations of Cu<sup>2+</sup> (0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10) ×10<sup>-6</sup> M. **Inset:** visual color change (green to colorless) observed with addition of Cu<sup>2+</sup> ion to **5d** solution.



**Figure S6.** UV-vis spectra of **5e** ( $5 \times 10^{-6}$  M) in DMSO/H<sub>2</sub>O (1:9, v/v) HEPES buffer (pH = 7.4) solution in the presence of various concentrations of Cu<sup>2+</sup> (0, 0.5, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10) ×10<sup>-6</sup> M. **Inset:** visual color change (yellow to colorless) observed with addition of Cu<sup>2+</sup> ion to **5e** solution.



**Figure S7.** UV-vis spectra of **5f** ( $5 \times 10^{-6}$  M) in DMSO/H<sub>2</sub>O (1:9, v/v) HEPES buffer (pH = 7.4) solution in the presence of various concentrations of Cu<sup>2+</sup> (0, 0.5, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10) ×10<sup>-6</sup> M. **Inset:** visual color change (yellow to colorless) observed with addition of Cu<sup>2+</sup> ion to **5f** solution.



**Figure S8.** UV-vis spectra of **5h** ( $5 \times 10^{-6}$  M) in DMSO/H<sub>2</sub>O (1:9, v/v) HEPES buffer (pH = 7.4) solution in the presence of various concentrations of Cu<sup>2+</sup> (0, 0.5, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10) ×10<sup>-6</sup> M. **Inset:** visual color change (yellow to colorless) observed with addition of Cu<sup>2+</sup> ion to **5h** solution.



**Figure S9.** UV-vis spectra of **5i**  $(5 \times 10^{-6} \text{ M})$  in DMSO/H<sub>2</sub>O (1:9, v/v) HEPES buffer (pH = 7.4) solution in the presence of various concentrations of Cu<sup>2+</sup> (0, 0.5, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10) ×10<sup>-6</sup> M. **Inset:** visual color change (yellow to colorless) observed with addition of Cu<sup>2+</sup> ion to **5i** solution.



**Figure S10.** UV-vis spectra of **5j** ( $5 \times 10^{-6}$  M) in DMSO/H<sub>2</sub>O (1:9, v/v) HEPES buffer (pH = 7.4) solution solution in the presence of various concentrations of Cu<sup>2+</sup> (0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10) ×10<sup>-6</sup> M. **Inset:** visual color change (yellow to colorless) observed with addition of Cu<sup>2+</sup> ion to **5j** solution.



**Figure S11.** UV-vis spectra of **5**k ( $5 \times 10^{-6}$  M) in DMSO/H<sub>2</sub>O (1:9, v/v) HEPES buffer (pH = 7.4) solution in the presence of various concentrations of Cu<sup>2+</sup> (0, 0.5, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10) ×10<sup>-6</sup> M. **Inset:** visual color change (yellow to colorless) observed with addition of Cu<sup>2+</sup> ion to **5**k solution.



**Figure S12.** UV-vis spectra of **51** ( $5 \times 10^{-6}$  M) in DMSO/H<sub>2</sub>O (1:9, v/v) HEPES buffer (pH = 7.4) solution in the presence of various concentrations of Cu<sup>2+</sup> (0, 0.5, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10) ×10<sup>-6</sup> M. **Inset:** visual color change (yellow to colorless) observed with addition of Cu<sup>2+</sup> ion to **51** solution.



**Figure S13.** Fluorescence Quenching Efficiency (FQE),  $[{(F_0 - F)/F_0} \times 100]$  of **5d** (5 × 10<sup>-6</sup> M) in the presence of 4 equiv. of different cations except 2 equiv. of Cu<sup>2+</sup> in solution [the green bar portion]. Fluorescence Quenching Efficiency (FQE) of a mixture of **5d** (5 × 10<sup>-6</sup> M) with other metal ions (20 × 10<sup>-6</sup> M) followed by the addition of Cu<sup>2+</sup> (10 × 10<sup>-6</sup> M) to the DMSO/H<sub>2</sub>O (1:9, v/v) HEPES buffer (pH = 7.4) solution [the red bar portion] ( $\lambda_{ex} = 375.7$  nm,  $\lambda_{em} = 493.5$  nm).



**Figure S14.** Fluorescence Quenching Efficiency (FQE),  $[{(F_0 - F)/F_0} \times 100]$  of **5f** (5 × 10<sup>-6</sup> M) in the presence of 4 equiv. of different cations except 2 equiv. of Cu<sup>2+</sup> in solution [the green bar portion]. Fluorescence Quenching Efficiency (FQE) of a mixture of **5f** (5 × 10<sup>-6</sup> M) with other metal ions (20 × 10<sup>-6</sup> M) followed by the addition of Cu<sup>2+</sup> (10 × 10<sup>-6</sup> M) to the DMSO/H<sub>2</sub>O (1:9, v/v) HEPES buffer (pH = 7.4) solution [the pink bar portion] ( $\lambda_{ex} = 310.9$  nm,  $\lambda_{em} = 491.7$  nm).



**Figure S15.** Fluorescence Quenching Efficiency (FQE),  $[\{(F_0 - F)/F_0\} \times 100]$  of **5h** (5 × 10<sup>-6</sup> M) in the presence of 4 equiv. of different cations except 2 equiv. of Cu<sup>2+</sup> in solution [the green bar portion]. Fluorescence Quenching Efficiency (FQE) of a mixture of **5h** (5 × 10<sup>-6</sup> M) with other metal ions (20 × 10<sup>-6</sup> M) followed by the addition of Cu<sup>2+</sup> (10 × 10<sup>-6</sup> M) to the DMSO/H<sub>2</sub>O (1:9, v/v) HEPES buffer (pH = 7.4) solution [the red bar portion] ( $\lambda_{ex} = 308.5$  nm,  $\lambda_{em} = 498.7$  nm).



**Figure S16.** Fluorescence Quenching Efficiency (FQE),  $[{(F_0 - F)/F_0} \times 100]$  of **5j** (5 × 10<sup>-6</sup> M) in the presence of 4 equiv. of different cations except 2 equiv. of Cu<sup>2+</sup> in solution [the green bar portion]. Fluorescence Quenching Efficiency (FQE) of a mixture of **5j** (5 × 10<sup>-6</sup> M) with other metal ions (20 × 10<sup>-6</sup> M) followed by the addition of Cu<sup>2+</sup> (10 × 10<sup>-6</sup> M) to the DMSO/H<sub>2</sub>O (1:9, v/v) HEPES buffer (pH = 7.4) solution [the pink bar portion] ( $\lambda_{ex} = 302.4$  nm,  $\lambda_{em} = 497.8$  nm).



**Figure S17.** Fluorescence Quenching Efficiency (FQE),  $[{(F_0 - F)/F_0} \times 100]$  of **5k** (5 × 10<sup>-6</sup> M) in the presence of 4 equiv. of different cations except 2 equiv. of Cu<sup>2+</sup> in solution [the cyan bar portion]. Fluorescence Quenching Efficiency (FQE) of a mixture of **5k** (5 × 10<sup>-6</sup> M) with other metal ions (20 × 10<sup>-6</sup> M) followed by the addition of Cu<sup>2+</sup> (10 × 10<sup>-6</sup> M) to the DMSO/H<sub>2</sub>O (1:9, v/v) HEPES buffer (pH = 7.4) solution [the red bar portion] ( $\lambda_{ex} = 312.5$  nm,  $\lambda_{em} = 503.5$  nm).



Figure S18. Job's plot for determination of stoichiometry of  $Cu^{2+}$ : 5a complex in solution.



**Figure S19.** Job's plot for determination of stoichiometry of  $Cu^{2+}$ : **5b** complex in solution.



**Figure S20.** Job's plot for determination of stoichiometry of  $Cu^{2+}$ : **5c** complex in solution.



Figure S21. Job's plot for determination of stoichiometry of  $Cu^{2+}$ : 5d complex in solution.



**Figure S22.** Job's plot for determination of stoichiometry of  $Cu^{2+}$ : **5e** complex in solution.



**Figure S23.** Job's plot for determination of stoichiometry of  $Cu^{2+}$ : **5f** complex in solution.



**Figure S24.** Job's plot for determination of stoichiometry of  $Cu^{2+}$ : **5h** complex in solution.



**Figure S25.** Job's plot for determination of stoichiometry of  $Cu^{2+}$ : **5i** complex in solution.



**Figure S26.** Job's plot for determination of stoichiometry of  $Cu^{2+}$ : **5j** complex in solution.



**Figure S27.** Job's plot for determination of stoichiometry of  $Cu^{2+}$ : **5k** complex in solution.



**Figure S28.** Job's plot for determination of stoichiometry of  $Cu^{2+}$ : **51** complex in solution.



**Figure S29.** Benesi-Hildebrand plot  $1 / (F_0 - F)$  vs.  $1/[Cu^{2+}]$  for complexation between **5d** and Cu<sup>2+</sup> derived from emission titration curve.



**Figure S30.** Benesi-Hildebrand plot  $1 / (F_0 - F)$  vs.  $1/[Cu^{2+}]$  for complexation between **5f** and Cu<sup>2+</sup> derived from emission titration curve.



**Figure S31.** Benesi-Hildebrand plot  $1 / (F_0 - F)$  vs.  $1/[Cu^{2+}]$  for complexation between **5h** and Cu<sup>2+</sup> derived from emission titration curve.



**Figure S32.** Benesi-Hildebrand plot  $1 / (F_0 - F)$  vs.  $1/[Cu^{2+}]$  for complexation between **5j** and Cu<sup>2+</sup> derived from emission titration curve.



**Figure S33.** Benesi-Hildebrand plot  $1 / (F_0 - F)$  vs.  $1/[Cu^{2+}]$  for complexation between **5k** and Cu<sup>2+</sup> derived from emission titration curve.

#### Detection limit calculation in emission spectroscopy:

The limit of detection (LOD) of compounds (5d, 5f, 5h, 5j, 5k) with  $Cu^{2+}$  was measured on the basis of fluorescence titration measurement. The detection limit was calculated using the following equation:

$$DL = K \times \frac{\sigma}{S}$$

where K = 2 or 3 (we take 3 in this case), ' $\sigma$ ' is the standard deviation of the blank solution and 'S' is the slope between the ratio of emission intensity *versus* [Cu<sup>2+</sup>].



**Figure S34.** The limit of detection (LOD) of **5d** for  $Cu^{2+}$  as a function of  $[Cu^{2+}]$ .



**Figure S35.** The limit of detection (LOD) of **5f** for  $Cu^{2+}$  as a function of  $[Cu^{2+}]$ .



**Figure S36.** The limit of detection (LOD) of **5h** for  $Cu^{2+}$  as a function of  $[Cu^{2+}]$ .



**Figure S37.** The limit of detection (LOD) of **5j** for  $Cu^{2+}$  as a function of  $[Cu^{2+}]$ .



**Figure S38.** The limit of detection (LOD) of **5**k for  $Cu^{2+}$  as a function of  $[Cu^{2+}]$ .



**Figure S39.** Fluorescence emission spectra of chemosensor (5d) in the presence of  $Cu^{2+}$  ion followed by addition of EDTA.



**Figure S40.** Fluorescence emission spectra of chemosensor (**5f**) in the presence of  $Cu^{2+}$  ion followed by addition of EDTA.



**Figure S41.** Fluorescence emission spectra of chemosensor (**5h**) in the presence of  $Cu^{2+}$  ion followed by addition of EDTA.



Figure S42. Fluorescence emission spectra of chemosensor (5j) in the presence of  $Cu^{2+}$  ion followed by addition of EDTA.



**Figure S43.** Fluorescence emission spectra of chemosensor (**5k**) in the presence of  $Cu^{2+}$  ion followed by addition of EDTA.



**Figure S44.** Emission intensity of **5d** ( $5 \times 10^{-6}$  M) in absence and in presence of Cu<sup>2+</sup> as a function of pH values in aqueous DMSO solution at 493.5 nm.



**Figure S45.** Emission intensity of **5f** ( $5 \times 10^{-6}$  M) in absence and in presence of Cu<sup>2+</sup> as a function of pH values in aqueous DMSO solution at 491.7 nm.



**Figure S46.** Emission intensity of **5h**  $(5 \times 10^{-6} \text{ M})$  in absence and in presence of Cu<sup>2+</sup> as a function of pH values in aqueous DMSO solution at 498.7 nm.



**Figure S47.** Emission intensity of **5**j ( $5 \times 10^{-6}$  M) in absence and in presence of Cu<sup>2+</sup> as a function of pH values in aqueous DMSO solution at 497.8 nm.



**Figure S48.** Emission intensity of **5**k ( $5 \times 10^{-6}$  M) in absence and in presence of Cu<sup>2+</sup> as a function of pH values in aqueous DMSO solution at 503.5 nm.