## Synthetic and Immunological Studies on Trimeric MUC1 Immunodominant Motif Antigens-based Anti-cancer Vaccine Candidates

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## Peptides used for ELISA plate coating

1) NH<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CO-His-Gly-Val-Thr-Ser-Ala-Pro-Asp-Thr-Arg-Pro-Ala-Pro-Gly-Ser-Thr-Ala-Pro-Pro-Ala-OH (**12**)



The compound was characterized in our previous report.<sup>1</sup>

2) NH<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CO-His-Gly-Val-Thr-Ser-Ala-Pro-Asp-Thr(α-D-GalNAc)-Arg-Pro-Ala-Pro-Gly-Ser-Thr-Ala-Pro-Pro-Ala-OH (**13**)

Figure S1-10. Analytical data of (glyco)peptides and their conjugates with BSA



The compound was characterized in our previous report.<sup>1</sup>



## 1) NH<sub>2</sub>-PEG<sub>4</sub>-PDTRPAPPDTRPAPPDTRPAP (8)



**Figure S1.** Analytical HPLC of **8**:  $R_t$ (retention time) = 10.1 min (10-25% of acetonitrile and 0.05% trifluoroacetic acid over 15 min on a C-18 column,  $\lambda$ =220 nm)

**Figure S2.** MALDI-MS of **8**:*m*/*z*for C<sub>105</sub>H<sub>169</sub>N<sub>31</sub>O<sub>35</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>calcd 2425.24, found [M+H]<sup>+</sup>2425.25.



Figure S3. HR-ESI-MS of  $8:C_{105}H_{169}N_{31}O_{35}$  [M+2H]<sup>2+</sup>calcd 1213.1277, found 1213.1277;[M+3H]<sup>3+</sup>calcd809.0877, found 809.0895.





**Figure S5.** Analytical HPLC of **9**:  $R_t$ (retention time) = 12.3 min (10-100% of acetonitrile and 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid over 30 min on a C-18 column,  $\lambda$ =220 nm)



**Figure S6.** ESI-MS of **9**: m/z for C<sub>129</sub>H<sub>208</sub>N<sub>34</sub>O<sub>50</sub> [M+3H]<sup>3+</sup>calcd 1012.50, found1012.28, [M+4H]<sup>4+</sup>calcd 759.62, found 759.43.



Figure S7. MALDI-MS of 9: m/z for  $C_{129}H_{208}N_{34}O_{50}$  [M+Na]<sup>+</sup>calcd 3057.47, found3057.58.



 BSA-NH<sub>2</sub>-PEG<sub>4</sub>-PDTRPAPPDTRPAPPDTRPAP (10) The peptide 8 (10.3 mg, 4.24 μmol) was dissolved in the solution of EtOH/H<sub>2</sub>O

(1 mL, 1:1), then 3, 4-Diethoxy-3-cyclobutene-1, 2-dione (0.63  $\mu$ L, 4.24  $\mu$ mol) was added slowly. (Note: 0.63  $\mu$ L 3, 4-Diethoxy-3-cyclobutene-1, 2-dione was very

difficult to get exactly, we usually diluted 6.3  $\mu$ L 3, 4-Diethoxy-3-cyclobutene-1, 2dione to 63  $\mu$ L with EtOH/H<sub>2</sub>O (1:1), and drain 6.3  $\mu$ L of the diluent) Then sat. aq. NaHCO<sub>3</sub> was added until pH value of 8 was reached. After stirring for 2 h at room temperature, the reaction mixture was neutralized by adding HOAc. Followed by lyophilisation. The product was then dissolved in 0.07M Na<sub>2</sub>B<sub>4</sub>O<sub>7</sub>/0.035 M NaHCO<sub>3</sub> buffer solution (1 mL), and BSA (11.2 mg, 0.17  $\mu$ mol) was added. The mixture was stirred for 3 days at room temperature. The peptide-BSA conjugate was ultra-filtered with ultrafiltration (MWCO, 30 kDa) and washed with ultrapure water three times. The residue was redissolved in deionized water followed by lyophilization to obtain whilte solid (12.1mg).

BSA conjugated vaccine. The antigen loading level of **8** was determined by MALDI-TOF mass spectrometry and indicated on average three molecules of peptide per molecule of BSA.

![](_page_8_Figure_2.jpeg)

Figure S9. MALDI-TOF mass spectrometry of 10

## BSA-NH<sub>2</sub>-PEG<sub>4</sub>-PDT(α-D-GalNAc)RPAPPDT(α-D-GalNAc)RPAPPDT(α-D-GalNAc)RPAPPDT(α-D-GalNAc)RPAP (11)

The peptide **9** (5.6 mg, 1.84 µmol) was dissolved in the solution of EtOH/H<sub>2</sub>O (0.6 mL, 1:1), then 3, 4-Diethoxy-3-cyclobutene-1, 2-dione (0.27 µL, 1.84 µmol) was added slowly. (Note: the 3, 4-Diethoxy-3-cyclobutene-1, 2-dione was diluted 10 times as above) Then sat. aq. NaHCO<sub>3</sub> was added until pH value of 8 was reached. After stirring for 2 h at room temperature, the reaction mixture was neutralized by adding HOAc. Followed by lyophilisation. The product was then dissolved in 0.07M Na<sub>2</sub>B<sub>4</sub>O<sub>7</sub>/0.035 M NaHCO<sub>3</sub> buffer solution (0.6 mL), and BSA (4.7 mg, 0.073 µmol) was added. The mixture was stirred for 3 days at room temperature. The peptide-BSA conjugate was ultra-filtered with ultrafiltration (MWCO, 30 kDa) and washed with ultrapure water three times. The residue was redissolved in deionized water followed by lyophilization to obtain whilte solid (5.2 mg).

BSA conjugated vaccine. The antigen loading level of **9** was determined by MALDI-TOF mass spectrometry and indicated on average two molecules of glycopeptide per molecule of BSA.

![](_page_10_Figure_0.jpeg)

Figure S10. MALDI-TOF mass spectrometry of 11

Y. Liu, Y. Wang, F. Yu, Z. Zhang, Z. Yang, W. Zhang, P. G. Wang and W. Zhao, *Chem. Commun.*, 2017, 53, 9486-9489.