Supporting Information

Chiral Interpenetrating Polymer Network Constructed by Helical Substituted Polyacetylenes and Used for Glucose Adsorption

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Swelling ratio of polyHIPE in THF

To analyze the swelling ratio of the obtained polyHIPEs, a polyHIPE of known weight (m₀) was placed in a dialysis bag and immersed in THF at 0 °C. When the adsorption reached equilibrium, the wet polyHIPE was taken out and drained for 1 min until no residual droplet was left on the surface. The weight was marked as m_{eq} . The swelling ratio was calculated by the following equation, swelling ratio = $(m_{eq}-m_0)/m_0$. The dried polyHIPE was subjected to the above process for 5 times.

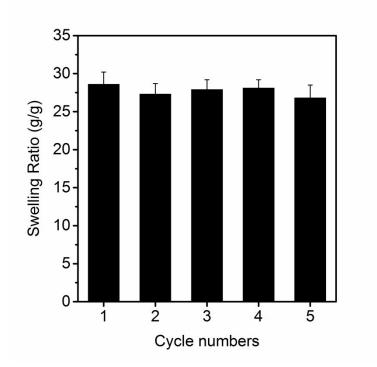


Figure S1. Swelling ratio of the polyHIPE in THF at 0 °C for five times.

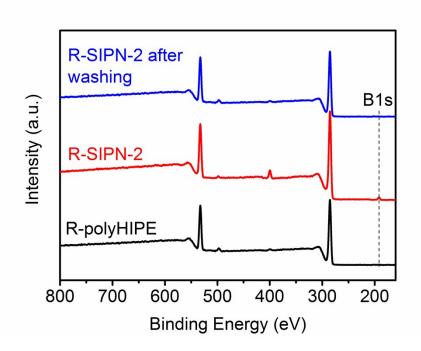


Figure S2. XPS spectra of R-polyHIPE, R-SIPN-2, and R-SIPN-2 after washing.

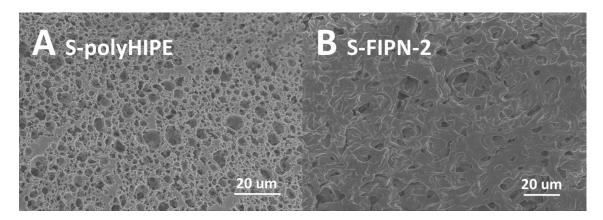


Figure S3. SEM images of (A) S-polyHIPE, and (B) S-FIPN-2.

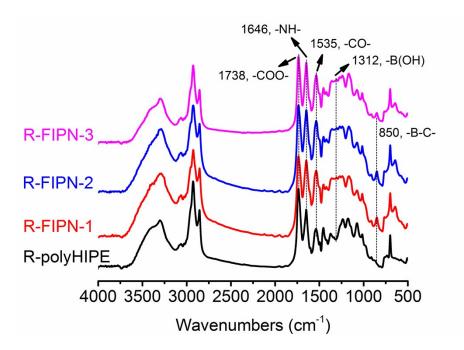


Figure S4. FT-IR spectra of R-polyHIPE, R-FIPN-1, R-FIPN-2, and R-FIPN-3 (in KBr Tablet).

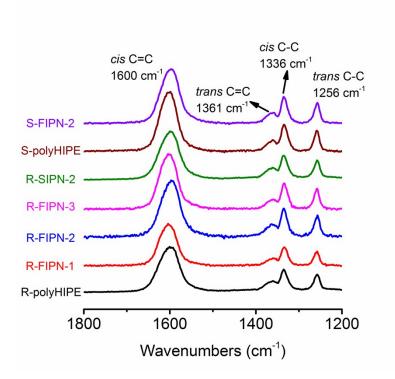


Figure S5. Raman spectra of polyHIPEs and IPNs (with an excitation wavelength of 785 nm).

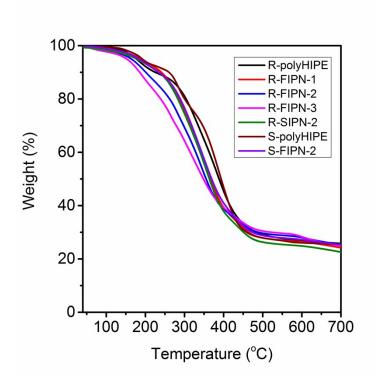


Figure S6. TGA curves of polyHIPEs and IPNs. Heating at 10 °C/min in nitrogen atmosphere.