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Supplementary Information

The Integrated Adjustment of Chlorine Substitution and Two-Dimensional Side Chain of Low-Band-Gap Polymers in Organic Solar Cells

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Materials and Synthesis

All reagents and chemicals were purchased from commercial sources and used as received without further purification. The solvents for chemical syntheses were dried over Na/benzophenone and freshly distilled prior to use. Poly(3,4-ethylenedioxy-thiophene): poly(styrenesulfonate) (PEDOT:PSS) (Clevios PVP AI 4083) was purchased from H.C. Stark and passed through a 0.45 μ m PVDF syringe filter before spin-coating. [6,6]-Phenyl-C71-butyric acid methyl ester (PC71BM) was obtained from Nano-C. Reagents **5-7** were prepared according to the previously published literatures.¹⁻³

4,8-bis(5'-(2-octyldodecyl)-[2,2'-bithiophen]-5-yl)benzo[1,2-b:4,5-*Synthesis* of the b'/dithiophene (3). Under nitrogen atmosphere, n-BuLi (1.2 ml, 2.4M in THF) was added dropwise to a solution of 1 (1.2g, 2.7 mmol) in dry THF at 0 °C. The mixture was then warmed to 50 °C and stirred for 2 h. Subsequently, 4,8-dihydrobenzo[1,2-b:4,5-b']dithiophen-4,8-dione (0.237g, 1.07 mmol) was added to the reaction mixture, which was then stirred for another 1 h at 50 °C. Cooling the mixture down to ambient temperature, SnCl₂·2H₂O (2.3 g, 10 mmol) in 4 mL HCl (10%) was added, and the mixture was stirred for another 4 h. The mixture was subsequently poured into ice water and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (100 mL \times 3). The combined extracts were dried with anhydrous MgSO₄ and evaporated. The crude product was purified by column chromatography (hexane) on silica gel to give pure product as a pale yellow liquid (yield 61%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d): δ (ppm) 7.70 (d, J = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 7.49 (d, J = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 7.39 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 2H), 7.24 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 2H), 7.09 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 2H), 6.70 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 2H), 2.77 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 4H), 1.67 (m, 2H), 1.31 (d, J = 16.1 Hz, 64H), 0.89 (dt, J = 6.9, 3.3 Hz, 12H). ESI-TOF-HRMS (M_w =1079.80): $m/z = 1079.57 [M^+].$

Synthesis of the 4,8-bis(5"-(2-octyldodecyl)-[2,2':5',2"-terthiophen]-5-yl)benzo[1,2-b:4,5-b']dithiophene (4). Under nitrogen atmosphere, n-BuLi (2.12 ml, 2.4 M in THF) was added

dropwise to the solution of **2** (2.4g, 4.5 mmol) in dry THF at 0 °C. The mixture was then warmed to 50 °C and stirred for 2 h. Subsequently, 4,8-dihydrobenzo[1,2-b:4,5-b']-dithiophen-4,8-dione (0.28 g, 1.27 mmol) was added to the reaction mixture, which was then stirred for another 1 h at 50 °C. Cooling the mixture down to ambient temperature, SnCl₂·2H₂O (2.3 g, 10 mol) in 4 mL HCl (10%) was added, and the mixture was stirred for another 4 h. The mixture was subsequently poured into ice water and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (100 mL × 3). The combined extracts were dried with anhydrous MgSO₄ and evaporated. The crude product was purified by column chromatography (hexane) on silica gel to give pure product as a yellow solid (yield: 67%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d): δ (ppm) 7.71 (d, J = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 7.52 (d, J = 5.7, 1.5 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 2H), 7.16 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 2H), 7.05 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 2H), 7.03 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 2H), 6.68 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 2H), 2.74 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 4H), 1.64 (m, 2H), 1.29 (d, J = 15.0 Hz, 64H), 0.92 – 0.84 (m, 12H). ESI-TOF-HRMS (M_w=1244.09): m/z =1243.55 [M⁺].

Synthesis of the (4,8-bis(5'-(2-octyldodecyl)-[2,2'-bithiophen]-5-yl)benzo[1,2-b:4,5b'/dithiophene-2,6-diyl)bis(trimethylstannane) (D1). Compound 3 (630mg, 0.51mmol) was dissolved in dry THF in a nitrogen purged flask. The solution was cooled to -78 °C before LDA (2.5ml, 1.6 M in THF) was added dropwise. After the reaction was stirred at -78 °C for 90 min, trimethyltin chloride (5.1 ml, 1 M in hexane) was added in one portion. The solution was allowed to warm to room temperature slowly and stirred overnight. After the reaction, the solution was diluted with dichloromethane (200 mL), washed with water (150 mL \times 3), dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, and evaporated. The crude product was purified by recrystallization in 2-propanol to give pure distannylated BDT-Tin as a yellow solid (yield: 89%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d): δ (ppm) 7.71 (s, 1H), 7.39 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 2H), 7.26 (s, 2H), 7.10 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 2H), 6.70 (d, J = 3.0 Hz, 2H), 2.76 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 4H), 1.66 (m, 1H), 1.30 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 64H), 1.02 – 0.80 (m, 12H), 0.41 (s, 18H). ESI-TOF-HRMS $(M_w = 1405.46): m/z = 1406.50 [M^+].$

Synthesis of the (4,8-bis(5"-(2-octyldodecyl)-[2,2':5',2"-terthiophen]-5-yl)benzo[1,2-b:4,5b']dithiophene-2,6-diyl)bis(trimethylstannane) (**D2**). Compound 4 (800 mg, 0.74 mmol) was dissolved in dry THF in a nitrogen purged flask. The solution was cooled to -78 °C before LDA (3 ml, 1.6 M in THF) was added dropwise. After the reaction was stirred at -78 °C for 90 min, trimethyltin chloride (6.3 ml, 1 M in hexane) was added in one portion. The solution was allowed to warm to room temperature slowly and stirred overnight. After the reaction, the solution was diluted with dichloromethane (200mL), washed with water (150 mL × 3), dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, and evaporated. The crude product was purified by recrystallization in 2-propanol to give pure distannylated BDT-Tin as a yellow solid (yield: 85%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Methylene Chloride-d2): δ (ppm) 7.75 (s, 2H), 7.45 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 2H), 7.20 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 2H), 7.08 (d, J = 3.8 Hz, 2H), 7.06 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 2H), 6.72 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 2H), 2.76 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 4H), 1.66 (m, 2H), 1.30 (d, J = 18.6 Hz, 64H), 0.95 – 0.76 (m, 12H), 0.58 – 0.26 (m, 18H). ESI-TOF-HRMS (M_w = 1569.70): m/z = 1570.48 [M⁺].

Synthesis of the BTs. A mixture of BT-Br (1.0 equiv), tributyl(4-dodecylthiophen-2yl)stannane (2.2 equiv), $Pd_2(dba)_3$ (4% equiv) and $P(o-tol)_3$ (16% equiv) was degassed and recharged with N₂ in a flask. After the addition of toluene and DMF (4/1, by volume), the reaction mixture was heated to 145 °C and stirred for 24 h. The solution was diluted with ethyl ether, washed with water three times, dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, and evaporated. The residue was chromatographically purified on silica gel eluting (PE/DCM).

Synthesis of the 4,7-bis(4-dodecylthiophen-2-yl)-5-fluorobenzo[c][1,2,5]thiadiazole (8). Compound 8 was the yellow solid (yield: 92.5%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d): δ (ppm) 8.09 (s, 1H), 7.98 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.73 (d, J = 13.0 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (d, J = 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (d, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 2.70 (q, J = 8.1 Hz, 4H), 1.70 (p, J = 6.8 Hz, 4H), 1.26 (s, 36H), 0.93 – 0.80 (m, 6H). ESI-TOF-HRMS (Mw = 655.05): m/z = 655.36 [M⁺]. Synthesis of the 5-chloro-4,7-bis(4-dodecylthiophen-2-yl)benzo[c][1,2,5]thiadiazole (9). Compound 9 was the yellow solid (yield: 91.2%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3) δ 7.98 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.92 (s, 1H), 7.61 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (d, J = 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (s, 1H), 2.81 – 2.54 (m, 4H), 1.81 – 1.59 (m, 4H), 1.46 – 1.18 (m, 37H), 0.88 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 6H). ESI-TOF-HRMS (M_w = 671.50): m/z = 671.65 [M⁺].

Synthesis of the 5,6-dichloro-4,7-bis(4-dodecylthiophen-2-yl)benzo[c][1,2,5]thiadiazole (10). Compound 10 was the yellow solid (yield: 81.3%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, Chloroform-d): δ (ppm) 7.49 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 2H), 7.21 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 2H), 2.78 – 2.67 (m, 4H), 1.70 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 4H), 1.44 – 1.15 (m, 36H), 0.88 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 6H). ESI-TOF-HRMS (M_w = 705.95): m/z = 705.29 [M⁺].

Synthesis of the DBT-Br. To a solution of *DBT* (1.0 equiv) in THF was slowly added Nbromosuccinimide (NBS, 10 equiv). After the reaction was carried out in the dark at room temperature for 18 h, the solution was diluted with dichloromethane, washed with water three times, dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, and evaporated. The crude product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel and then further recrystallized from CH_2Cl_2 to give the pure product.

Synthesis of the 4,7-bis(5-bromo-4-dodecylthiophen-2-yl)-5-fluorobenzo[c][1,2,5]thiadiazole (*A1*). Compound **A1** was red powders (yield: 97%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d): δ (ppm) 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.75 (s, 1H), 7.64 (d, J = 13.0 Hz, 1H), 2.64 (q, J = 7.4 Hz, 4H), 1.66 (p, J = 7.5 Hz, 4H), 1.31 (d, J = 41.1 Hz, 36H), 0.90 – 0.84 (m, 5H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl3): δ (ppm) 160.06, 157.53, 152.98, 149.35, 143.23, 142.35, 137.07, 132.19, 131.05, 128.77, 124.92, 116.08, 115.75, 113.07, 110.59, 31.93, 29.79, 29.73, 29.69, 29.67, 29.66, 29.61, 29.60, 29.44, 29.44, 29.36, 29.29, 22.69, 14.11. ESI-TOF-HRMS (M_w = 812.84): m/z = 812.17 [M⁺].

Synthesis of the 4,7-bis(5-bromo-4-dodecylthiophen-2-yl)-5-chlorobenzo[c][1,2,5]thiadiazole

(*A2*). Compound **A2** was red powders (yield: 97%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, Chloroform-d): δ (ppm) 7.85 (s, 1H), δ (ppm) 7.76 (s, 1H), 7.60 (s, 1H), 2.65 (q, J = 8.3 Hz, 4H), 1.64 (d, J = 15.5 Hz, 4H), 1.48 – 1.01 (m, 36H), 0.87 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 6H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl3): δ (ppm) 154.39, 150.56, 143.20, 141.85, 136.76, 134.05, 133.33, 132.27, 128.90, 127.15, 125.52, 123.05, 113.06, 112.84, 31.93, 29.74, 29.69, 29.65, 29.62, 29.60, 29.58, 29.43, 29.36, 29.27, 22.70, 14.14. ESI-TOF-HRMS (M_w = 829.30): m/z = 829.15 [M⁺].

Synthesis of the 4,7-bis(5-bromo-4-dodecylthiophen-2-yl)-5,6-dichlorobenzo[c][1,2,5]thiadiazole (A3). Compound A3 was the bright orange (78%: yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d): δ (ppm) 7.47 (s, 2H), 2.91 – 2.52 (m, 4H), 1.81 – 1.56 (m, 4H), 1.47 – 1.10 (m, 36H), 0.87 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 6H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d): δ (ppm) 152.22, 141.96, 134.03, 132.77, 125.44, 113.18, 31.95, 30.15-28.87 (m), 22.72, 14.15. ESI-TOF-ESI-TOF-HRMS (M_w = 863.74): m/z = 865.11 [M+H⁺].

Synthesis of *PBBF1-T2*. D1 (100 mg, 0.0711 mmol), A1 (57.8 mg, 0.0711 mmol), and Pd₂(dba)₃ (2.60 mg, 0.00284 mmol), P(o-tol)₃ (3.46 mg, 0.0114 mmol) was added into 5mL of anhydrous chlorobenzene under an atmosphere of N₂. The solution was refluxed for 18 h at the temperature of 145 °C. Then the mixture was cooled down and precipitated into 100 mL of methanol. The precipitate was filtered into a Soxhlet extractor; CH₃OH, hexane, CH₂Cl₂ and CHCl₃ were used as solvents to remove the residual oligomers and catalyst. Finally, the polymer as extracted by CB. Then the solution was concentrated and poured into 100 mL of CH₃OH. The polymer was collected as a dark green solid (100 mg). Yield 84%. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane-d): δ (ppm) 8.11-6.55 (br, ArH), 3.01-2.54 (CH₂), 1.76-1.6 (CH, CH₂), 1.67-1.03 (CH₂), 1.03-0.57 (CH₃). Elemental analysis calcd (%) for C₁₀₄H₁₄₇FN₂S₉: C, 72.08; H, 8.55; N, 1.62; S, 16.65. Found: C, 72.10; H, 8.56; N, 1.61; S, 16.60.

Synthesis of **PBBC11-T2**. **PBBC11-T2** (150 mg) was prepared using the same procedure as **PBBF1-T2**. Yield 88%. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane-d): δ (ppm) 8.21 – 7.59 (m, 5H), 7.43 (s, 2H), 7.23 (s, 2H), 7.07 (s, 2H), 6.66 (s, 2H), 2.81 (d, J = 70.2 Hz, 8H), 1.68 (d, J = 36.0 Hz, 6H), 1.26 (d, J = 22.0 Hz, 100H), 0.83 (s, 18H). Elemental analysis calcd (%) for C₁₀₄H₁₄₇ClN₂S₉: C, 71.41; H, 8.47; N, 1.60; S, 16.50. Found: C, 71.38; H, 8.45; N, 1.58; S, 16.50.

Synthesis of **PBBF1-T3**. **PBBF1-T3** (150 mg) was prepared using the same procedure as **PBBF1-T2**. Yield 83%. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane-d): δ (ppm) 7.86-6.27 (br, ArH), 2.91-2.56 (CH₂), 1.82-1.65 (CH, CH₂), 1.56-1.00 (CH₂), 1.00-0.40 (CH₃). Elemental analysis calcd (%) for C₁₁₂H₁₅₁FN₂S₁₁: C, 70.91; H, 8.02; N, 1.48; S, 18.59. Found: C, 70.89; H, 8.02; N, 1.47; S, 18.62.

Synthesis of **PBBC11-T3**. **PBBC11-T3** (90 mg) was prepared using the same procedure as **PBBF1-T2**. Yield 73%. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane-d): δ (ppm) 8.01-6.27 (br, ArH), 2.99-2.28 (CH₂), 1.84-1.56 (CH, CH₂), 1.56-1.04 (CH₂), 1.04-0.56 (CH₃). Elemental analysis calcd (%) for C₁₁₂H₁₅₁ClN₂S₁₁: C, 70.30; H, 7.95; N, 1.46; S, 18.43. Found: C, 70.31; H, 7.93; N, 1.44; S, 18.45.

Synthesis of PBBCl2-T3. **PBBCl2-T3** (100 mg) was prepared using the same procedure as **PBBF1-T2**. Yield 81%.¹H NMR (500 MHz, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane-d): δ (ppm) 7.75 (s, 2H), 7.66 (s, 2H), 7.44 (s, 2H), 7.27 (s, 2H), 7.11 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 2H), 6.96 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 4H), 6.61 (s, 2H), 2.89 (s, 4H), 2.66 (s, 4H), 1.71 (s, 4H), 1.58 (s, 2H), 1.20 (t, J = 18.5 Hz, 100H), 0.81 (s, 18H). Elemental analysis calcd (%) for C₁₁₂H₁₅₀Cl₂N₂S₁₁: C, 69.05; H, 7.76; N, 1.44; S, 18.11. Found: C, 69.12; H, 7.74; N, 1.42; S, 18.09.

Table S1.	GPC number-averaged	molecular w	veight (Mn),	weight-average	d molecular	weight ((Mw)	and

	PBBF1-T2	PBBCl1-T2	PBBF1-T3	PBBC1-T3	PBBC12-T3
Mn (kDa)	30.9	29.2	47.0	26.3	20.1
Mw (kDa)	78.4	67.2	100.8	51.3	37.9
PDI	2.54	2.30	2.14	1.95	1.82

PDI of PBBF1-T2, PBBCl1-T2, PBBF1-T3, PBBCl1-T3 and PBBCl2-T3 polymers.



Figure S1. The Normalized UV–vis absorption spectra of PBBF1-T2, PBBC11-T2, PBBF1-T3, PBBC11-T3 and PBBC12-T3 film blending with PC₇₁BM.



Figure S2. The Optimized geometry and molecular frontier orbitals of PBBF1-T2, PBBC11-T2,

PBBF1-T3, PBBCl1-T3 and PBBCl2-T3 obtained using DFT calculation.

Polymer	$V_{OC}(\mathbf{V})$	J_{SC} (mA cm ⁻²)	FF (%)	PCE (%)
PBBF1-T2	0.84	8.49	40.20	2.86
PBBC11-T2	0.88	7.89	45.36	3.15
PBBF1-T3	0.76	9.85	58.03	4.33
PBBCl1-T3	0.77	10.12	60.25	4.68
PBBCl2-T3	0.88	7.91	48.62	3.39

Table S2. The performance parameters of the PSCs devices without DIO as an additive under $100 \text{ mW cm}^{-2} \text{ AM } 1.5 \text{ G}$ irradiation.



Figure S3. *J-V* curves of the PSCs devices without DIO as an additive under 100 mW cm^{-2} AM 1.5 G irradiation.



Figure S4. The *J-V* curves of hole-only **PBBF1-T2**, **PBBC11-T2**, **PBBF1-T3**, **PBBC11-T3** and **PBBC12-T3:**PC₇₁BM blend films in dark.

Table S3. Hole mobilities extracted from J-V curves of hole-only PBBF1-T2, PBBF1-T2, PBBF1-T3,

PBBCl1-T3 and **PBBCl2-T3**:PC₇₁BM blend films from SCLC model.

Polymers	$\mu \ (cm^2 V^{-1} s^{-1})$
PBBF1-T2	1.8×10 ⁻⁶
PBBCI1-T2	2.7×10 ⁻⁶
PBBF1-T3	8.3×10 ⁻⁵
PBBCI1-T3	2.5×10 ⁻⁴
PBBCl2-T3	3.6×10 ⁻⁵





Figure S6. ¹HNMR spectrum of D1

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1.5

2.0

69

8

3.0

2.5

12. 22

0.5

0.0

1.0





Figure S8. ¹HNMR spectrum of D2













Figure S12. ¹HNMR spectrum of A2











igure S16. ¹HNMR spectrum of PBBCl1-T2



Figure S17. ¹HNMR spectrum of PBBF1-T3



Figure S18. ¹HNMR spectrum of PBBCl1-T3



Figure S19. ¹HNMR spectrum of PBBCl2-T3

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