Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI)

Room temperature multicomponent polymerizations of alkynes, sulfonyl azides, and *N*-protected isatins toward oxindoles-containing

poly(N-acylsulfonamide)s

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Synthesis and Characterization

Model reactions. The general procedure for the synthesis of model compounds **6** or **7** are shown below using the preparation of **6** as an example. Alkyne **4** (46 mg, 0.45 mmol) and sulfonyl azide **5** (88 mg, 0.45 mmol) were added sequentially to a mixture of **3a** (48 mg, 0.30 mmol), LiOH (9 mg, 0.36 mmol), CuI (6 mg, 0.03 mmol), and $(C_2H_5)_4NI$ (8 mg, 0.03 mmol) in a combined solvent of DCM (3 mL) and *t*-BuOH (0.3 mL) under N₂ at 30 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred for 6 h which was then quenched with saturated NH₄Cl (10 mL), extracted with ethyl acetate (10 × 3 mL), and dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel with hexane/acetone (v/v = 3:1) to give compound **6**.

The procedure for the synthesis of model compound **8** is given below. Alkyne **4** (46 mg, 0.45 mmol), sulfonyl azide **5** (88 mg, 0.45 mmol), and H₂O (162 mg, 9 mmol) were added sequentially to a mixture of **3c** (67 mg, 0.30 mmol), Na₂CO₃ (38 mg, 0.36 mmol), Cul (6 mg, 0.03 mmol), and (C₂H₅)₄NI (8 mg, 0.03 mmol) in 3 mL anhydrous DMF under N₂ at 30 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred for 1.5 h which was then quenched with saturated NH₄Cl (10 mL), extracted with ethyl acetate (10 × 3 mL), and dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel with hexane/acetone (v/v = 4:1) as an eluent to afford **8**.

Compound 6: a yellow solid was obtained in 82% yield. IR (KBr thin film), v (cm⁻¹): 3248 (N-H), 3059, 2929, 2865, 1702 (C=O), 1608, 1469, 1429, 1341, 1250, 1153, 856, 751, 699. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆), δ (ppm): 12.58 (s, 1H, N-H), 7.80 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.55 – 7.49 (m, 3H), 7.42 – 7.35 (m, 4H), 7.27 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.74 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.45 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 3.13 (s, 3H, N-CH₃), 2.40 (s, 3H, Ar-CH₃). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆), δ (ppm): 165.77 (NH-C=O), 143.76, 139.81, 137.29, 129.26, 129.15, 129.02, 128.48, 128.08, 127.06, 122.26, 122.02, 121.40, 108.71, 26.09 (N-CH₃), 21.38 (Ar-CH₃). HRMS: *m/z* 455.1044 (M + Na⁺, calcd 455.1041), 477.0869 (M + 2Na⁺ – H⁺, calcd 477.0861).

Compound 7: a yellow solid was obtained in 80% yield. IR (KBr thin film), v (cm⁻¹): 3248 (N-H), 3057, 2923, 2856, 1709 (C=O), 1606, 1496, 1465, 1419, 1369, 1344, 1164, 1087, 853, 749, 701. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆), δ (ppm): 12.63 (s, 1H, N-H), 7.78 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.65 – 7.47 (m, 6H), 7.47 – 7.41 (m, 4H), 7.35 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (t, *J* = 7.9, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (t, *J* = 11.2, 4.2 Hz, 1H), 6.74 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.56 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 2.36 (s, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆), δ (ppm): 164.93 (NH-C=O), 144.53, 134.21, 131.41, 130.52, 130.20, 129.84, 129.78, 128.73, 128.10, 127.19, 123.51, 122.91, 120.44, 109.99, 21.55 (CH₃). HRMS: *m/z* 517.1193 (M + Na⁺, calcd 517.1198), 539.0958 (M + 2Na⁺ – H⁺, calcd 539.1017).

Compound 8: a white solid was obtained in 65% yield. IR (KBr thin film), v (cm⁻¹): 3431 (-OH), 3247 (N-H), 3062, 2922, 2869, 1722 (C=O), 1697 (C=O), 1613, 1501, 1465, 1432, 1332, 1171, 1087, 899, 758, 699, 661. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆), δ (ppm): 12.31 (1H, N-H), 7.73 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.69 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.59 – 7.31 (m, 6H), 7.26 – 7.00 (m, 5H), 6.88 – 6.67 (m, 3H), 6.60 – 6.47 (m, 1H), 6.30 – 6.04 (m, 1H), 4.45 (s, 0.4H, -CH-), 4.35 (s, 0.6H, -CH-), 2.41 (s, 1.2H, CH₃), 2.39 (s, 1.8H, CH₃). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆), δ (ppm): 176.80 (NH-C=O), 175.44 (NH-C=O), 144.54, 143.97, 143.76, 141.48, 134.54, 134.16, 130.64, 130.11, 129.97, 129.90, 128.54, 128.18, 127.94, 127.88, 127.02, 126.72, 125.78, 122.74, 122.27, 109.09, 108.64, 78.08 (-C-), 75.39 (-C-), 58.72 (-CH-), 58.04 (-CH-), 21.64 (CH₃), 21.55 (CH₃). HRMS: *m/z* 535.1307 (M + Na⁺, calcd 535.1304). P1: a yellow powder was obtained in 98% yield. $M_w = 19\ 300\ g/mol$, $M_w/M_n = 1.78$. IR (KBr), $v\ (cm^{-1})$: 3231 (N-H), 3062, 2950, 2926, 2859, 1709 (C=O), 1608, 1487, 1466, 1340, 1245, 1160, 875, 746, 695. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆), δ (ppm): 12.65 (N-H), 8.02, 7.55, 7.44, 7.26, 6.99, 6.64, 6.58, 3.13 (CH₃), 1.95 (CH₂), 1.01 (CH₂), 0.62 (CH₂, CH₃). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆), δ (ppm): 165.50 (NH-C=O), 160.02, 151.74, 144.96, 142.30, 141.78, 134.82, 133.60, 131.40, 131.07, 128.74, 127.31, 126.15, 124.66, 123.35, 122.95, 121.86, 120.49, 119.38, 119.09, 109.60, 55.75 (-C-), 26.43 (CH₂), 26.28 (CH₃), 22.92 (CH₂), 14.25 (CH₃).

P1': a yellow powder was obtained in 98% yield. $M_w = 19\ 600\ g/mol, M_w/M_n = 1.79$. IR (KBr), $v\ (cm^{-1})$: 3064, 2929, 2862, 1707 (C=O), 1606, 1580, 1488, 1466, 1377, 1342, 1245, 1158, 1089, 873, 697. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆), δ (ppm): 7.94, 7.84, 7.63, 7.48, 7.42, 7.16, 6.94, 6.56, 6.49, 3.16 (CH₃), 1.91 (CH₂), 1.00 (CH₂), 0.59 (CH₂, CH₃). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆), δ (ppm): 165.25 (NH-C=O), 159.87, 151.74, 144.03, 142.51, 141.75, 134.69, 133.64, 132.24, 131.01, 128.71, 127.29, 125.76, 124.61, 123.40, 123.08, 121.82, 120.54, 119.35, 117.68, 110.19, 55.78 (-C-), 26.44 (CH₂), 26.30 (CH₃), 22.93 (CH₂), 14.26 (CH₃).

P**2**: a yellow powder was obtained in 98% yield. $M_w = 27\ 600\ \text{g/mol}, M_w/M_n = 1.53$. IR (KBr), *v* (cm⁻¹): 3231 (N-H), 3076, 2956, 2929, 2856, 1709 (C=O), 1606, 1580, 1486, 1466, 1351, 1247, 1160, 1089, 873, 751, 697. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆), *δ* (ppm): 12.69 (N-H), 8.09, 8.03, 7.60, 7.45, 7.40, 7.28, 6.96, 6.64, 5.84 (CH), 5.20 (CH₂), 4.32 (CH₂), 1.97 (CH₂), 1.02 (CH₂), 0.63 (CH₂, CH₃). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆), *δ* (ppm): 165.27 (NH-C=O), 160.09, 151.75, 144.04, 143.61, 141.84, 133.53, 132.26, 131.06, 130.24, 128.75, 128.29, 127.30, 125.88, 124.68, 123.41, 123.08, 121.89, 120.60, 119.36, 117.69, 116.37, 110.19, 55.79 (-C-), 41.81 (CH₂), 26.44 (CH₂), 22.94 (CH₂), 14.27 (CH₃).

P**3**: a yellow powder was obtained in 97% yield. M_w = 30 600 g/mol, M_w/M_n = 1.95. IR (KBr), *ν* (cm⁻¹): 3234 (N-H), 3062, 2955, 2928, 2861, 1714 (C=O), 1606, 1580, 1464, 1371, 1244, 1161, 1087, 873, 751, 698. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆), *δ* (ppm): 12.69 (N-H), 8.14, 8.00, 7.93, 7.68, 7.55, 7.42, 7.24, 7.13, 6.77, 6.72, 2.02 (CH₂), 1.04 (CH₂), 0.65 (CH₂, CH₃). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆), *δ* (ppm): 165.04 (NH-C=O), 159.35, 151.71, 144.41, 141.86, 134.32, 130.68, 130.13, 128.57, 127.12, 124.68, 123.24, 119.00, 109.91, 55.82 (-C-), 26.48 (CH₂), 22.99 (CH₂), 14.30 (CH₃).

P4: a yellow powder was obtained in 94% yield. $M_w = 17\ 200\ \text{g/mol}, M_w/M_n = 1.83$. IR (KBr), *v* (cm⁻¹): 3234 (N-H), 3059, 2932, 2879, 1706 (C=O), 1606, 1580, 1488, 1469, 1375, 1341, 1247, 1157, 1090, 873, 750, 698. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆), *δ* (ppm): 12.64 (N-H), 7.99, 7.89, 7.68, 7.41, 7.25, 7.18, 7.06, 6.81, 6.62, 6.37, 3.07 (CH₃). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆), *δ* (ppm): 165.44 (NH-C=O), 160.10, 144.85, 143.07, 141.18, 132.01, 131.20, 128.63, 128.52, 127.93, 127.42, 124.69, 123.12, 122.04, 119.24, 109.18, 26.14 (CH₃).

P**5**: a yellow powder was obtained in 97% yield. $M_w = 21\ 100\ \text{g/mol}, M_w/M_n = 2.17$. IR (KBr), *v* (cm⁻¹): 3228 (N-H), 3059, 2935, 2865, 1704 (C=O), 1606, 1585, 1488, 1375, 1338, 1250, 1158, 1090, 873, 752, 697. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆), *δ* (ppm): 12.62 (N-H), 8.02, 7.89, 7.87, 7.69, 7.52, 7.43, 7.40, 7.27, 7.21, 7.07, 6.98, 6.89, 6.86, 3.10 (CH₃). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆), *δ* (ppm): 165.66 (NH-C=O), 159.99, 148.62, 146.40, 144.69, 134.30, 131.05, 130.60, 130.07, 128.68, 126.57, 125.66, 124.67, 123.51, 123.12, 122.23, 120.54, 119.14, 109.39, 26.22 (CH₃).

P**6**: a yellow powder was obtained in 92% yield. M_w = 15 300 g/mol, M_w/M_n = 1.74. IR (KBr), *v* (cm⁻¹): 3223 (N-H), 3060, 2932, 2862, 1710 (C=O), 1657 (C=O), 1606, 1580, 1488, 1469, 1375, 1341, 1247, 1157, 1090, 858, 749, 695. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO*d*₆), *δ* (ppm): 12.85 (N-H), 8.01, 7.91, 7.81, 7.68, 7.46, 7.29, 7.15, 7.09, 7.01, 6.78, 6.53, 3.12 (CH₃). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆), *δ* (ppm): 195.20 (C=O), 165.42 (NH-C=O), 159.40, 144.76, 137.70, 132.42, 131.03, 130.40, 128.52, 128.26, 126.46, 124.64, 123.03, 122.23, 118.98, 117.87, 109.38, 26.27 (CH₃).

P7 (Table S7, entry 2): a yellow powder was obtained in 90% yield. M_w = 18 400 g/mol, M_w/M_n = 1.43. IR (KBr), *v* (cm⁻¹): 3435 (-OH), 3244 (N-H), 3063, 2928, 2858, 1714 (C=O), 1605, 1580, 1488, 1464, 1371, 1244, 1160, 1087, 873, 751, 697. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆), *δ* (ppm): 12.69 (N-H), 12.44 (N-H), 8.00, 7.67, 7.54, 7.40, 7.23, 7.11, 6.76, 6.30, 4.56 (CH), 2.02 – 1.31 (CH₂), 1.03 (CH₂), 0.82 – 0.35 (CH₂, CH₃). ¹³C

NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆), δ (ppm): 176.93 (C=O), 175.71 (C=O), 169.46 (C=O), 166.44(C=O), 164.97 (C=O), 159.87, 151.88, 150.15, 144.67, 143.96, 143.16, 141.95, 139.86, 134.14, 131.12, 130.17, 128.71, 127.04, 123.33, 120.65, 119.26, 110.08, 108.59, 78.39 (-C-), 75.28 (-C-), 57.65 (CH), 55.88 (-C-), 55.04 (CH), 26.32 (CH₂), 22.96 (CH₂), 14.29 (CH₃).

Reversible transformation between P1' and P1. 50 mg of P1' was dissolved in 2 mL of THF. 50 μ L of concentrated hydrochloric acid was added under stirring for 20 min until the turbid solution became clear gradually. After the solution was added into 100 mL diethyl ether dropwise, precipitates were formed which were collected by filtration, which was washed by 20 mL of methanol. P1 was then obtained after the sample was dried under vacuum to a constant weight.

50 mg of P1 was dissolved in 2 mL of methanol. 15 mg LiOH was added under stirring for 20 min until the solution became clear. Then the solution was added dropwise into 100 mL diethyl ether. The precipitates were collected by filtration, which was washed by 20 mL of water and 40 mL of THF. P1' was then obtained after the sample was dried under vacuum to constant weight.

entry	solvent	yield (%)	<i>M</i> _w (g/mol) ^b	$M_{\rm w}/M_{\rm n}{}^b$
1	DCM	85	6600	1.39
2	DCM/t-BuOH ^c	95	11300	1.74
3	DCM/MeOH ^c	83	8700	1.34
4	THF/t-BuOH ^c	74	3700	1.10
5	DMF/ <i>t</i> -BuOH ^c	23	2500	1.05
6	DMSO/ <i>t</i> -BuOH ^c	46	3600	1.09

Table S1 Solvent effect on the MCP of 1a, 2, and 3a^a

^{*a*}Carried out at 30 °C under nitrogen for 6 h in the presence of Cul. [**1a**] = [**2**] = 0.10 M, [**3a**] = 0.25 M, [Cul] = 0.02 M, [LiOH] = 0.30 M. ^{*b*}Determined by GPC in DMF on the basis of a PMMA calibration. ^{*c*}v/v = 10/1.

Table S2 Base effect on the MCP of **1a**, **2**, and **3a**^a

entry	base	yield (%)	<i>M</i> _w (g/mol) ^b	$M_{\rm w}/M_{\rm n}{}^b$
1	LiOH	95	11300	1.74
2	Cs_2CO_3	73	6100	1.49
3	K ₂ CO ₃	58	4500	1.12

^{*a*}Carried out at 30 °C under nitrogen for 6 h in the presence of Cul in DCM/*t*-BuOH (v/v = 10/1). [**1a**] = [**2**] = 0.10 M, [**3a**] = 0.25 M, [Cul] = 0.02 M, [base] = 0.30 M. ^{*b*}Determined by GPC in DMF on the basis of a PMMA calibration.

Table S3 Effect of the concentration of Cul on the MCP of 1a, 2, and 3a^a

 entry	[Cul] (M)	yield (%)	M_w (g/mol) ^b	$M_{\rm w}/M_{\rm n}{}^b$	
 1	0.01	89	10300	1.58	
2	0.02	95	11300	1.74	
3	0.03	84	10100	1.49	

^{*a*}Carried out at 30 ^oC under nitrogen for 6 h in the presence of CuI in DCM/*t*-BuOH (v/v = 10/1). [**1a**] = [**2**] = 0.10 M, [**3a**] = 0.25 M, [LiOH] = 0.30 M. ^{*b*}Determined by GPC in DMF on the basis of a PMMA calibration.

Table S4 Temperature effect on the MCP of 1a, 2, and 3a^a

entry	T (°C)	yield (%)	<i>M</i> _w (g/mol) ^b	$M_{\rm w}/M_{\rm n}{}^b$
1	25	87	11900	1.55
2	30	95	11300	1.74
3	35	70	6500	1.39

^{*a*}Carried out under nitrogen for 6 h in the presence of CuI in DCM/*t*-BuOH (v/v = 10/1). [**1a**] = [**2**] = 0.10 M, [**3a**] = 0.25 M, [CuI] = 0.02 M, [LiOH] = 0.30 M. ^{*b*}Determined by GPC in DMF on the basis of a PMMA calibration.

Table S5 Monomer concentration effect on the MCP of 1a, 2, and 3a^a

entry	[1a] (M)	yield (%)	<i>M</i> _w (g/mol) ^b	$M_{\rm w}/M_{\rm n}{}^b$
1	0.05	85	12800	1.69
2	0.10	95	11300	1.74
3	0.20	94	9900	1.46
4	0.30	94	8100	1.38
5	0.40	81	7800	1.37

^{*a*}Carried out at 30 ^oC under nitrogen for 6 h in the presence of Cul in DCM/*t*-BuOH (v/v = 10/1). [**1a**] = [**2**], [**3a**] = 2.5[**1a**], [Cul] = 0.2 [**1a**], [LiOH] = 3 [**1a**]. ^{*b*}Determined by GPC in DMF on the basis of a PMMA calibration.

Table S6 Effect of time on the MCP of 1a, 2, and 3a^a

entry	<i>t</i> (h)	yield (%)	M_w (g/mol) ^b	$M_{\rm w}/M_{\rm n}{}^b$
1	3	93	10100	1.32
2	6	95	11300	1.74
3	12	96	12300	1.67
4	24	98	19300	1.78

^{*a*}Carried out at 30 ^oC under nitrogen in the presence of CuI in DCM/*t*-BuOH (v/v = 10/1). [**1a**] = [**2**] = 0.10 M, [**3a**] = 0.25 M, [CuI] = 0.02 M, [LiOH] = 0.30 M. ^{*b*}Determined by GPC in DMF on the basis of a PMMA calibration.

Table S7 Effect of the amount of H_2O on the MCP of **1a**, **2**, **3c**, and H_2O^a

entry	H ₂ O (eq)	yield (%)	M _w (g∕mol) ^b	$M_{\rm w}/M_{\rm n}{}^b$	[11]/[1] ^c
1	30	73	14600	1.40	32/68
2	60	90	18400	1.43	38/62
3	120	95	16300	1.52	16/84
4	180	93	17000	1.51	11/89

^{*a*}Carried out at 30 ^oC under nitrogen for 12 h in the presence of CuI in DMF. [**1a**] = [**2**] = 0.10 M, [**3c**] = 0.25 M, [CuI] = 0.02 M, [Na₂CO₃] = 0.30 M, [Et₄NI] = 0.02 M. ^{*b*}Determined by GPC in DMF on the basis of a PMMA calibration. ^{*c*}The proportion of 3-hydroxyindole moiety (II) and 3-alkenyloxindoles moiety (I) in random copolymers.

entry	<i>t</i> (h)	yield (%)	<i>M</i> _w (g/mol) ^b	$M_{ m w}/M_{ m n}{}^b$	[11]/[1] ^c
1	1	38	4200	1.14	
2	5	82	16200	1.42	39/61
3	12	90	18400	1.43	38/62
4	24	95	19800	1.46	33/67

Table S8 Effect of time on the MCP of **1a**, **2**, **3c**, and H_2O^a

^{*a*}Carried out at 30 °C under nitrogen in the presence of CuI in DMF. [**1a**] = [**2**] = 0.10 M, [**3c**] = 0.25 M, [H₂O] = 60[**1a**], [CuI] = 0.02 M, [Na₂CO₃] = 0.30 M, [Et₄NI] = 0.02 M. ^{*b*}Determined by GPC in DMF on the basis of a PMMA calibration. ^CThe proportion of 3hydroxyindole moiety (II) and 3-alkenyloxindoles moiety (I) in random copolymers.

Table S9 Monomer concentration effect on the MCP of 1a, 2, 3c, and water^a

entry	[1a] (M)	yield (%)	M _w (g∕mol) ^b	$M_{ m w}/M_{ m n}{}^b$	[11]/[1] ^c
1	0.05	83	17100	1.44	47/53
2	0.10	90	18400	1.43	38/62
3	0.20	95	17700	1.53	24/76

^{*a*}Carried out at 30 ^oC under nitrogen for 12 h in the presence of CuI in DMF. [**1a**] = [**2**], [**3c**] = 2.5[**1a**], [H₂O] = 60[**1a**], [CuI] = 0.2 [**1a**], [Na₂CO₃] = 3 [**1a**], [Et₄NI] = 0.2 [**1a**]. ^{*b*}Determined by GPC in DMF on the basis of a PMMA calibration. The proportion of 3hydroxyindole moiety (II) and 3-alkenyloxindoles moiety (I) in random copolymers.



Scheme S1 Synthesis of model compounds 6-8.



Fig. S1 HR-MS spectrum of compound 6.



Fig. S2 HR-MS spectrum of compound 7.



Fig. S3 HR-MS spectrum of compound 8.



Fig. S4 IR spectra of (A) P2, (B) P3, (C) P4, (D) P5, and (E) P6.



Fig. S5 IR spectra of (A) 7, (B) 8, and (C) P7.



Fig. S6 ¹H NMR spectra of (A) P**2**, (B) P**3**, (C) P**4**, (D) P**5**, and (E) P**6** in DMSO- d_6 . The solvent peaks are marked with asterisks.



Fig. S7 ¹³C NMR spectra of (A) P**2**, (B) P**3**, (C) P**4**, (D) P**5**, and (E) P**6** in DMSO- d_6 . The solvent peaks are marked with asterisks.



Fig. S8 ¹³C NMR spectra of (A) **7**, (B) **8**, and (C) P**7** in DMSO- d_6 . The solvent peaks are marked with asterisks.



Fig. S9 PL spectra of P**5** in various solvents. Concentration: 10 μ M. Excitation wavelength: 410 nm. Inset: fluorescent photographs of P**5** in different solvents taken under the illumination of a UV lamp (365 nm).