

Electronic Supplementary Information

Controllable synthesis of carbon encapsulated iron phosphide nanoparticles for chemoselective hydrogenation of aromatic nitroarenes to anilines

Yanan Zhu,^{a, b} Shuliang Yang,^a Changyan Cao,^{*a, b} Weiguo Song,^{*a, b} and Li-Jun Wan^a

^aBeijing National Laboratory for Molecular Sciences, Laboratory of Molecular Nanostructures and Nanotechnology, CAS Research/Education Center for Excellence in Molecular Sciences, Institute of Chemistry, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing, 100190, P.R. China.

^bUniversity of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing, 100049, P.R. China.

E-mail: cycas@iccas.ac.cn, wsong@iccas.ac.cn.

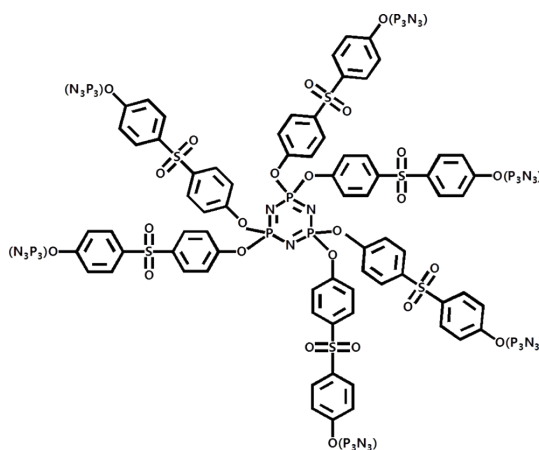


Fig. S1 Molecular structure of PZS

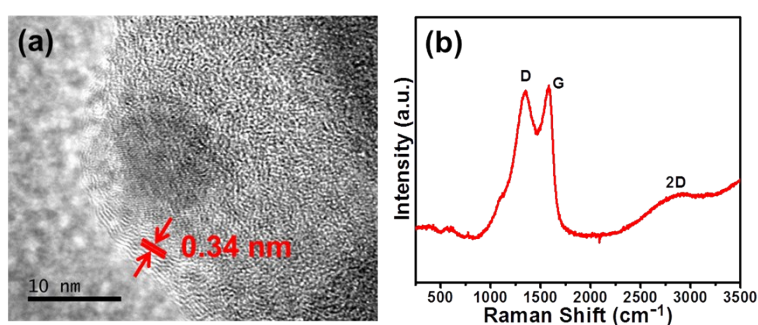


Fig. S2 (a) HRTEM image and (b) Raman spectra of Fe₂P@C

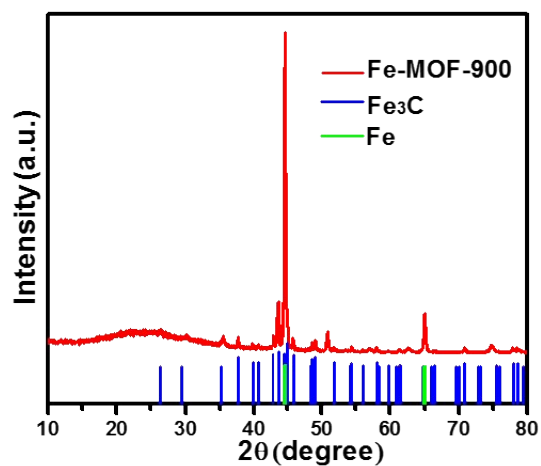


Fig. S3 XRD pattern of Fe-MOF-900.

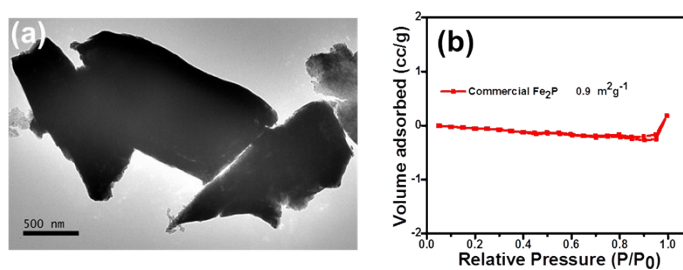


Fig. S4 TEM image and N₂ adsorption-desorption isotherm of commercial Fe₂P.

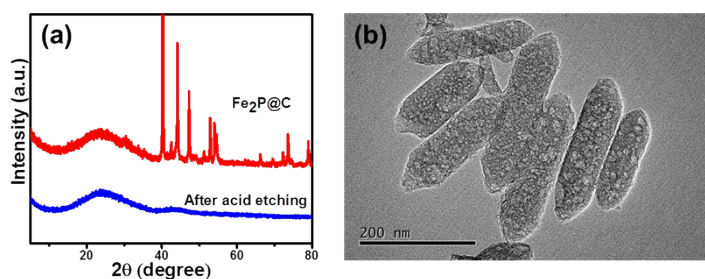


Fig. S5 XRD pattern (a) and TEM image (b) of Fe₂P@C after etching with aqua regia for two days.

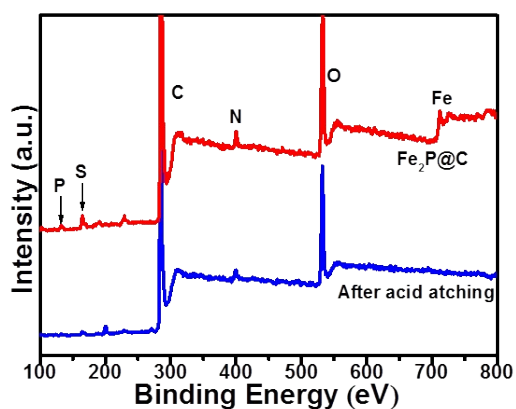


Fig. S6 XPS full spectrum of Fe₂P@C and after etching with aqua regia for two days.

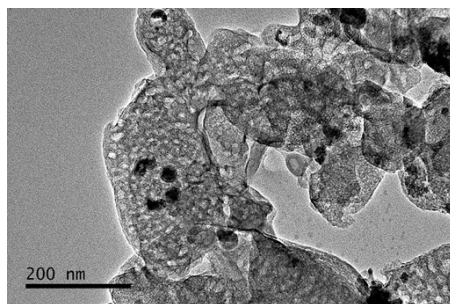


Fig. S7 TEM image of Fe₂P@C after reused for five times

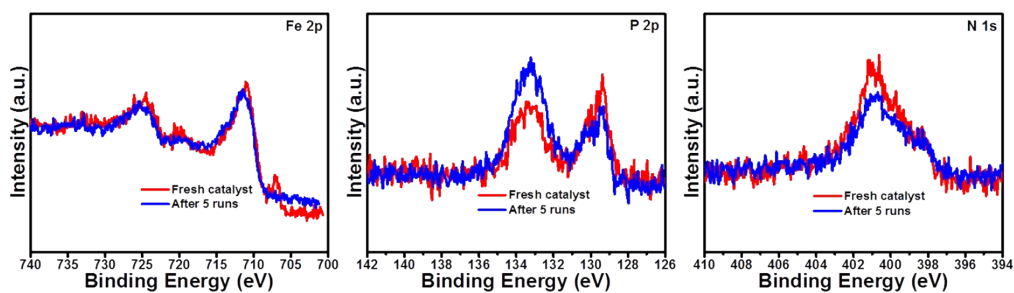


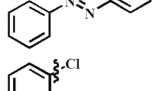






Fig. S8 XPS spectra of (a) Fe 2p, (b) P 2p and (c) N 1s of fresh catalyst (red lines) and after 5 runs (blue lines).

Table S1. The bond energy of the substituent groups

Bond energy (KJ/mol)		Bond energy (KJ/mol)	
	391.5 ± 8		420.9 ± 4.2
	309.4 ± 3.5		416.7 ± 5.9
	399.6 ± 6.3		463.6 ± 4.2
	463.6 ± 4.2	C=O	728
C=C	611		