Supporting Information

The Influence of Branched Alkyl Side Chains in A-D-A Oligothiophenes on the Photovoltaic Performance and Morphology of Solution-processed Bulk-heterojunction Solar Cells

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Figure S1: J-V curves of optimized solar cells using oligomer 2 as donor that were exposed individually to a single post-annealing step during 15 min with temperatures of 120°C and 140°C, respectively

Table S1: Photovoltaic parameters of optimized solar cells using oligomer **2** as donor that were exposed individually to a single post-annealing step f 15 min with temperatures of 120°C and 140°C, respectively.

	J _{sc} [mA/cm ²]	V _{oc} [V]	FF [%]	РСЕ [%]
Without annealing	13.62	0.79	75	8.16
120 °C/15 min	10.58	0.59	64	4.02
140 °C/15 min	8.42	0.57	49	2.33

		μ (cm ² .V ⁻¹ .s ⁻¹)	$V_{t}(V)$
1	w/o SVA	4.5-6.3×10-4	2.2-3.5
	with SVA	0.54-1.8×10 ⁻³	1.1-4
2	w/o SVA	5.7-6.4×10 ⁻⁵	8-8.5
	with SVA	0.42-1.15×10 ⁻⁴	1.8-6

Table S2: Thin film transistor data of spin-coated oligomers 1 and 2 based thin films from chloroform solutions at 8 mg/mL.

(solutions: one night at 60°C and cooling down before spin coating at 2000 rpm for 1min)



Figure S2: Optical microscopy image of interdigital structures used for transistor application (with $L = 20 \mu m$, W = 1 cm, $C = 14.6 \ 10^{-9} \text{ F/cm}^2$).



Figure S3. Profiles along the (100) peak before and after the 30 s SVA treatment of pure oligomer 1 and 2 layers.



Figure S4. Profiles along the (100) peak before and after the 30 s SVA treatment of $1:PC_{71}BM$ and $2:PC_{71}BM$ blend layers.



Figure S5. Calculated PSDs for laterally resolved plasmon-peak maps of blends after different SVA times. Larger signal indicates increased occurrence of specific domain sizes.