

## Supplementary Information

### Chemoenzymatic preparation of optically active cyclic 4-hydroxy-acylaziridines

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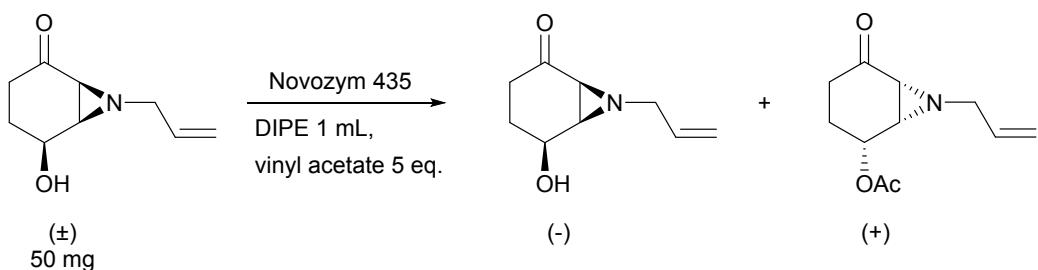
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Table 1 – Enzymic resolution using different reaction conditions.



Novozym 435 (mg)	Time (h)	others	Conversion* (%)
25	4		49.5
25	4	Novozym 435 and substrate were aged for 17 h in DIPE before adding vinyl acetate.	49.7
25	4	Novozym 435 was recycled from other batch.	49.4

\*Conversions were determined using the substrate/product proportion obtained by NMR analysis of the crude product. The allyl methylene signals were used for this purpose.

## General

All chemicals used were of reagent grade. All solvents were dried by established methods.<sup>1</sup> Flash chromatography was performed on Kieselgel 60, particle size 0.032–0.063 mm. Preparative TLC: silica gel Merck 60 GF<sub>254</sub>. Analytical TLC: Aluminium-backed silica gel Merck 60 F<sub>254</sub>. Infrared (IR) spectra were obtained using commercial FT-IR spectrophotometer and are in cm<sup>-1</sup>. Specific rotations were measured using an automatic polarimeter and are reported as follows:  $[\alpha]_D^T$  (c= g/100 mL; solvent). Melting points were determined with a capillary apparatus and are uncorrected. HRMS was recorded on a commercial apparatus (ESI Source). NMR spectra were obtained on a commercial instrument 400 MHz (<sup>1</sup>H NMR), 101 MHz (<sup>13</sup>C NMR) using CDCl<sub>3</sub> as solvent. Chemical shifts are reported in ppm relative to TMS for <sup>1</sup>H NMR and the CDCl<sub>3</sub> signal for <sup>13</sup>C. The peak assignments of all compounds were made with the help of 2D NMR experiments as COSY, HMQC and HMBC. Chiral HPLC analysis was carried out using a Chiralpak® AD-H or IB (250 x 4.6 mm) column in a commercial system.

### 4-[(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy]-2-iodocyclohex-2-en-1-one 12a

This compound was prepared by a previously described procedure<sup>2</sup>.

### 4-[(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy]-2-iodocyclohex-2-en-1-one 12b

This compound was prepared by a previously described procedure<sup>3</sup>.

### 4-[(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy]cyclohept-2-en-1-one

To a stirred solution of 4-hydroxycyclohept-2-en-1-one<sup>4</sup> (1.0 g, 7.9 mmol) in dry DCM (16 mL) under argon was added DIPA (2.8 mL, 2.5 eq.), TBSCl (2.4 g, 2 eq.) and DMAP (cat.) at 0°C. After 16 hours of stirring at room temperature the reaction was quenched with H<sub>2</sub>O (20 mL) and the mixture was extracted with DCM (3x 10 mL). The combined organic phases were dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated to dryness. Purification by flash column chromatography, eluted with Hex:EtOAc (95:5), afforded 1.6 g (84%) of the pure compound as a colourless oil.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR δ: 6.50 (1H, ddd, J<sub>3,2</sub>=12.5, J<sub>3,4</sub>=3.2, J<sub>3,5</sub>=1.0, H-3); 5.91 (1H, ddd, J<sub>2,3</sub>=12.5, J<sub>2,4</sub>=2.0, J<sub>2,7</sub>=0.8, H-2); 4.56-4.51 (1H, m, H-4); 2.65-2.58 (1H, m, H-7); 2.56-2.49 (1H, m, H-7); 2.12-2.04 (1H, m, H-5); 1.89-1.78 (3H, m, H-5, H-6), 0.91 (9H, s, <sup>t</sup>Bu TBS); 0.11 (3H, s, Me TBS); 0.10 (3H, s, Me TBS). <sup>13</sup>C NMR δ: 203.5 (C-1); 150.6 (C-3); 129.4 (C-2); 71.0 (C-4); 43.0 (C-7); 35.4 (C-5); 25.8 (3xMe <sup>t</sup>Bu); 18.3 (C-6); 18.1 (C<sub>q</sub> <sup>t</sup>Bu); -4.6 (Me TBS); -4.7 (Me TBS). FTIR(NEAT): 1674 (C=O st.). HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>25</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Si 241.1618; Found 241.1612.

#### **4-[*(tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy]-2-iodocyclohept-2-en-1-one 12c**

To a stirred solution of 4-[*(tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy]cyclohept-2-en-1-one (1.0 g, 4.2 mmol) in a 1:1 THF:H<sub>2</sub>O mixture (17 mL) was added K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (1.15 g, 2 eq.), I<sub>2</sub> (2.1 g, 2 eq.) and DMAP (100 mg, 20 mol%). After 24 hours of stirring at 60°C the reaction was diluted with Et<sub>2</sub>O (20mL) and washed with a Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> 20%(w/V) (20 mL) and H<sub>2</sub>O (20 mL). The combined organic phases were dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated to dryness, affording 699 mg (46%) of the pure compound as colourless oil.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR δ: 7.48 (1H, d, *J*<sub>3,4</sub>=3.7, H-3); 4.51 (1H, dt, *J*<sub>4,5</sub>=8.5, *J*<sub>4,3</sub>=*J*<sub>4,5</sub>=4.1, H-4); 2.81 (1H, dt, <sup>2</sup>*J*=15.2, *J*<sub>7,6</sub>=5.1, H-7); 2.57 (1H, ddd, <sup>2</sup>*J*=15.0, *J*<sub>7,6</sub>=10.1, *J*<sub>7,6</sub>=4.8, H-7); 2.05-1.95 (1H, m, H-5); 1.87-1.76 (3H, m, H-5, H-6), 0.90 (9H, s, <sup>t</sup>Bu TBS); 0.10 (3H, s, Me TBS); 0.09 (3H, s, Me TBS). <sup>13</sup>C NMR δ: 197.9 (C-1); 159.4 (C-3); 103.3 (C-2); 72.0 (C-4); 39.7 (C-7); 34.0 (C-5); 25.7 (3xMe <sup>t</sup>Bu); 18.09 (C-6); 18.06 (C<sub>q</sub> <sup>t</sup>Bu); -4.79 (Me TBS); -4.83 (Me TBS). FTIR(NEAT): 1682 (C=O st.). HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M-TBS+H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>10</sub>IO<sub>2</sub> 252.9720; Found 252.9714.

#### **General procedure for the preparation of TBS-protected *cis*-hydroxybenzylaziridines**

In a flask under argon a mixture of iodoenone (1.35 mmol), anhydrous Cs<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (480 mg, 1.1 eq.), 1,10-phenanthroline (240 mg, 1.0 eq.), BnNH<sub>2</sub> (220 μL, 1.5 eq.) and dry toluene (10 mL) was stirred at room temperature. After complete reaction (TLC, around 4 hours), the reaction mixture was diluted with DCM (10 mL) and washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (10 mL). The organic layer was dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated to dryness. Purification by chromatography (flash column eluted with Hex:EtOAc 9:1) afforded the pure aziridine.

#### **(±)-(1*S*,5*S*,6*R*)-7-benzyl-5-[*(tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy]-7-azabicyclo[4.1.0]heptan-2-one 13**

Using the general procedure 700 mg (82%) of compound was obtained as colourless oil.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR δ: 7.41 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>*J*=7.6, Ar(*o*)), 7.31 (2H, t, <sup>3</sup>*J*=7.4, Ar(*m*)), 7.25 (2H, t, <sup>3</sup>*J*=8.0 Hz, Ar(*p*)), 4.12 (1H, ddd, *J*<sub>5,4</sub>=10.4, *J*<sub>5,4</sub>=5.2, *J*<sub>5,6</sub>=1.8, H-5), 3.91 (1H, d, <sup>2</sup>*J*=14.0, CH<sub>2</sub> Bn), 3.35 (1H, d, <sup>2</sup>*J*=14.0, CH<sub>2</sub> Bn), 2.45 (1H, ddd, <sup>2</sup>*J*=18.4, *J*<sub>3,4</sub>=5.6, *J*<sub>3,4</sub>=2.0, H-3), 2.32 (1H, br d, *J*<sub>6,1</sub>=6.4, H-6), 2.29-2.21 (1H, m, H-4), 2.19 (1H, d, *J*<sub>1,6</sub>=6.0, H-1), 2.08 (1H, ddd, <sup>2</sup>*J*=18.8, *J*<sub>3,4</sub>=12.4, *J*<sub>3,4</sub>=6.4, H-3), 1.67-1.60 (1H, m, H-4), 0.87 (9H, s, <sup>t</sup>Bu TBS), 0.08 (3H, s, Me TBS), 0.05 (3H, s, Me TBS). <sup>13</sup>C NMR δ: 205.7 (C-2), 138.1 (Ar C<sub>q</sub>), 128.3 (Ar(*m*)), 127.5 (Ar(*o*)), 127.1 (Ar(*p*)), 67.9 (C-5), 62.8 (CH<sub>2</sub> Bn), 48.2 (C-6), 46.9 (C-1), 35.3 (C-3), 25.9 (C-4), 25.7 (3xMe <sup>t</sup>Bu), 18.1 (C<sub>q</sub> <sup>t</sup>Bu), -4.66 (Me TBS), -4.72 (Me TBS). FTIR (neat): 1711 (C=O st.). HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>30</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>Si 332.2040; Found 332.2038.

**(±)-(1*S*,4*S*,5*R*)-6-benzyl-4-[(tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy]-6-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexan-2-one 14**

Using the general procedure 780 mg (83%) of compound was obtained as a colourless oil.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR δ: 7.46 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>J=7.2, Ar(*o*)), 7.32 (2H, t, <sup>3</sup>J=7.3, Ar(*m*)), 7.26 (2H, t, <sup>3</sup>J=7.3 Hz, Ar(*p*)), 4.39 (1H, td, *J*<sub>4,3</sub>=8.0, *J*<sub>4,5</sub>=3.1, H-4), 3.95 (1H, d, <sup>2</sup>J=14.2, CH<sub>2</sub> Bn), 3.26 (1H, d, <sup>2</sup>J=14.2, CH<sub>2</sub> Bn), 2.76 (1H, t, *J*<sub>5,4</sub>=*J*<sub>5,1</sub>=3.7, H-5), 2.49 (1H, dd, <sup>2</sup>J=16.8, *J*<sub>3,4</sub>=8.0, H-3), 2.37 (1H, d, *J*<sub>1,5</sub>=4.2, H-1), 2.22 (1H, ddd, <sup>2</sup>J=16.8, *J*<sub>3,4</sub>=8.0, H-3), 0.90 (9H, s, <sup>t</sup>Bu TBS), 0.07 (3H, s, Me TBS), 0.06 (3H, s, Me TBS). <sup>13</sup>C NMR δ: 205.7 (C-2), 137.9 (Ar C<sub>q</sub>), 128.4 (Ar(*m*)), 127.3 (Ar(*o*)), 127.1 (Ar(*p*)), 68.3 (C-4), 60.8 (CH<sub>2</sub> Bn), 50.3 (C-5), 48.6 (C-1), 41.6 (C-3), 25.8 (3xMe <sup>t</sup>Bu), 18.1 (C<sub>q</sub> <sup>t</sup>Bu), -4.7 (Me TBS), -4.8 (Me TBS). FTIR (neat): 1741 (C=O st.). HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>28</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>Si 318.1884; Found 318.1884.

**(±)-(1*S*,6*S*,7*R*)-8-benzyl-6-[(tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy]-8-azabicyclo[5.1.0]octan-2-one 15**

Using the general procedure 580 mg (68%) of compound was obtained as colourless oil.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR δ: 7.39 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>J=7.4, Ar(*o*)), 7.31 (2H, t, <sup>3</sup>J=7.4, Ar(*m*)), 7.25 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>J=7.2 Hz, Ar(*p*)), 3.85 (1H, dd, *J*<sub>6,5</sub>=10.8, *J*<sub>6,5</sub>=3.2, H-6), 3.63 (1H, d, <sup>2</sup>J=13.8, CH<sub>2</sub> Bn), 3.55 (1H, d, <sup>2</sup>J=13.8, CH<sub>2</sub> Bn), 2.83 (1H, ddd, <sup>2</sup>J=13.8, *J*<sub>3,4</sub>=10.9, *J*<sub>3,4</sub>=3.1, H-3), 2.23-2.04 (4H, m, H-1, H-3, H-5, H-7), 1.85-1.78 (1H, m, H-4), 1.73-1.68 (1H, m, H-5), 1.17 (1H, q, *J*=13.7, H-4), 0.86 (9H, s, <sup>t</sup>Bu TBS), 0.06 (3H, s, Me TBS), 0.05 (3H, s, Me TBS). <sup>13</sup>C NMR δ: 211.7 (C-2), 138.2 (Ar C<sub>q</sub>), 128.3 (Ar(*m*)), 127.8 (Ar(*o*)), 127.1 (Ar(*p*)), 72.6 (C-6), 64.0 (CH<sub>2</sub> Bn), 51.2, 48.2 (C-1, C-7), 41.4 (C-3), 34.3 (C-5), 25.7 (3xMe <sup>t</sup>Bu), 22.9 (C-4); 18.0 (C<sub>q</sub> <sup>t</sup>Bu), -4.7 (Me TBS), -4.8 (Me TBS). FTIR (neat): 1696 (C=O st.). HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>32</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>Si 346.2197; Found 346.2202.

**(±)-(1*R*,5*S*,6*S*)-5-[(Tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy]-7-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]-7-azabicyclo[4.1.0]heptan-2-one 16**

This compound was prepared by a previously described procedure<sup>5</sup>.

**General procedure for the preparation of racemic *cis*-hydroxybenzylaziridines**

To a stirred solution of TBS-protected aziridine (1.26 mmol) in dry THF (5 mL) under argon was added TBAF (2.3 mL, 1 M in THF, 1.8 eq.). After 30 minutes the reaction mixture was diluted with DCM (5 mL) and washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (5 mL). The organic layer was dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated to dryness. Purification by chromatography (flash column eluted with Hex:EtOAc 1:1) afforded the pure aziridine in a yield greater than 95%.

**(±)-(1*S*,5*S*,6*R*)-7-benzyl-5-hydroxy-7-azabicyclo[4.1.0]heptan-2-one 17**

Using the general procedure 430 mg (quant.) of compound was obtained as colourless oil.

**(±)-(1*S*,4*S*,5*R*)-6-benzyl-4-hydroxy-6-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexan-2-one 18**

Using the general procedure 380 mg (98%) of compound was obtained as white solid (m.p. = 90-91°C).

**(±)-(1*S*,6*S*,7*R*)-8-benzyl-6-hydroxy-8-azabicyclo[5.1.0]octan-2-one 20**

Using the general procedure 360 mg (99%) of compound were obtained as colourless oil.

**(±)-(1*R*,5*S*,6*S*)-5-hydroxy-7-(4-methylbenzenesulfonyl)-7-azabicyclo[4.1.0]heptan-2-one 21**

A procedure similar to the general was used, but 10 eq. of Et<sub>3</sub>N·3HF were used instead of 1.8 eq. of TBAF and the reaction took 16 h to complete. 180 mg of compound (quant.) were obtained as a white solid (m.p. = 121-122°C).

**Typical procedure for the enzymic resolution**

A mixture of racemic hydroxyziridine (50 mg), vinyl acetate (5 eq.), novozym 435 (25-75 mg) and diisopropyl ether (1 mL) was agitated (700 r.p.m.) in a closed tube at 24°C. After the resolution was completed the support solid enzyme was removed by decantation and the organic solution was evaporated to dryness. Purification by flash column chromatography, eluted with Hex/EtOAc (1:1), afforded (-)-hydroxyziridine and (+)-acetoxyziridine.

**Resolution of (±)-(1*S*,5*S*,6*R*)-7-benzyl-5-hydroxy-7-azabicyclo[4.1.0]heptan-2-one 17**

The general procedure was used with 25 mg of novozym 435. The resolution was complete after 4 h, affording 24 mg (48%) (-)-(1*S*,5*S*,6*R*)-7-benzyl-5-hydroxy-7-azabicyclo[4.1.0]heptan-2-one (**-17**) (>99% e.e., HPLC) as a white solid and 28 mg (47%) (+)-(1*S*,2*R*,6*R*)-7-benzyl-5-oxo-7-azabicyclo[4.1.0]heptan-2-yl acetate (**+17-acetate**) (97% e.e., HPLC) as an oil.

**(-)-(1*S*,5*S*,6*R*)-7-benzyl-5-hydroxy-7-azabicyclo[4.1.0]heptan-2-one 17**

<sup>1</sup>H NMR δ: 7.37-7.27 (5H, m, Ar), 4.11-4.05 (1H, m, H-5), 3.77 (1H, d, <sup>2</sup>J=13.2, CH<sub>2</sub> Bn), 3.40 (1H, d, <sup>2</sup>J=13.2, CH<sub>2</sub> Bn), 2.57-2.46 (2H, m, H-3, H-6), 2.31 (1H, br t, J=8.6, OH), 2.07-1.94 (2H, m, H-3, H-4), 1.85-1.73 (1H, m, H-4). <sup>13</sup>C NMR δ: 206.0 (C-2), 137.8 (Ar C<sub>q</sub>), 128.7 (Ar(m)), 128.0 (Ar(o)), 127.7 (Ar(p)), 64.8 (C-5), 63.3 (CH<sub>2</sub> Bn), 48.0, 47.7 (C-1, C-6), 34.9 (C-3), 29.2 (C-4). [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> = -81

(c=1.1; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>). M.p. = 78-79°C. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>16</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> 218.1176; Found 218.1171.

**(+)-(1*S,2R,6R*)-7-benzyl-5-oxo-7-azabicyclo[4.1.0]heptan-2-yl acetate 17-acetate**

<sup>1</sup>H NMR δ: 7.34-7.25 (5H, m, Ar), 5.08 (1H, ddd, J<sub>2,3</sub>=10.1, J<sub>2,3</sub>=5.2, J<sub>2,1</sub>=2.3, H-2), 3.96 (1H, d, <sup>2</sup>J=13.2, CH<sub>2</sub> Bn), 3.21 (1H, d, <sup>2</sup>J=13.4, CH<sub>2</sub> Bn), 2.56 (1H, dm, J<sub>1,6</sub>=6.0, H-1), 2.52 (1H, ddd, <sup>2</sup>J=17.3, J<sub>4,3</sub>=4.3, J<sub>4,3</sub>=3.3, H-4), 2.29 (1H, d, J<sub>6,1</sub>=6.1, H-6), 2.26-2.04 (2H, m, H-3, H-4), 1.88 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub> Ac), 1.82-1.75 (1H, m, H-3). <sup>13</sup>C NMR δ: 206.0 (C-5), 170.7 (C=O Ac), 137.7 (Ar C<sub>q</sub>), 128.3 (Ar(m)), 128.0 (Ar(o)), 127.3 (Ar(p)), 69.0 (C-2), 62.9 (CH<sub>2</sub> Bn), 46.9 (C-6), 43.7 (C-1), 34.8 (C-4), 22.8 (C-3), 20.8 (CH<sub>3</sub> Ac). [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>20°C</sup> = +185 (c=1.0; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>). HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>18</sub>NO<sub>3</sub> 260.1281; Found 260.1279.

**Resolution of (±)-(1*S,4S,5R*)-6-benzyl-4-hydroxy-6-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexan-2-one 18**

The general procedure was used with 25 mg of novozym 435 and the quantity of diisopropyl ether and vinyl acetate used was 2 mL and 10 eq. respectively. The resolution was complete after 16 h, affording 24 mg (48%) (-)-(1*S,4S,5R*)-6-benzyl-4-hydroxy-6-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexan-2-one (**-18**) (99% e.e, HPLC) as a white solid and 30 mg (50%) (+)-(1*S,2R,5R*)-6-benzyl-4-oxo-6-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexan-2-yl acetate (**+**-**22**) (95% e.e., HPLC) as an oil.

**(-)-(1*S,4S,5R*)-6-benzyl-4-hydroxy-6-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexan-2-one 18**

<sup>1</sup>H NMR δ: 7.37-7.27 (5H, m, Ar), 4.33 (1H, td, J<sub>4,3</sub>=8.1, J<sub>4,5</sub>=3.3, H-4), 3.65 (1H, d, <sup>2</sup>J=13.4, CH<sub>2</sub> Bn), 3.47 (1H, d, <sup>2</sup>J=13.4, CH<sub>2</sub> Bn), 2.95 (1H, t, J<sub>5,1</sub>=J<sub>5,4</sub>=3.8, H-5), 2.47 (1H, d, J<sub>1,5</sub>=4.2, H-1), 2.45-2.30(1H, br s, OH), 2.38 (1H, dd, <sup>2</sup>J=17.8, J<sub>3,4</sub>=8.4, H-3), 2.22 (1H, dd, <sup>2</sup>J=17.8, J<sub>3,4</sub>=7.0, H-3). <sup>13</sup>C NMR δ: 206.8 (C-2), 137.6 (Ar C<sub>q</sub>), 128.7 (Ar(m)), 127.9 (Ar(o)), 127.8 (Ar(p)), 67.5 (C-4), 61.3 (CH<sub>2</sub> Bn), 50.1, 49.6 (C-1, C-5), 42.2 (C-3). FTIR (neat): 3260 (OH st), 1731 (C=O st.). [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>20°C</sup> = -36 (c=1.0; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>). M.p. = 115.5-117.5°C (decomp.). HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>14</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> 204.1019; Found 204.1020.

**(+)-(1*S,2R,5R*)-6-benzyl-4-oxo-6-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexan-2-yl acetate 22**

<sup>1</sup>H NMR δ: 7.37-7.26 (5H, m, Ar), 5.15 (1H, td, J<sub>2,3</sub>=8.1, J<sub>2,1</sub>=3.2, H-2), 3.84 (1H, d, <sup>2</sup>J=13.5, CH<sub>2</sub> Bn), 3.31 (1H, d, <sup>2</sup>J=13.6, CH<sub>2</sub> Bn), 3.08 (1H, t, J<sub>1,2</sub>=J<sub>1,5</sub>=3.7, H-1), 2.49 (1H, dd, <sup>2</sup>J=17.5, J<sub>3,2</sub>=7.8, H-3), 2.48 (1H, d, J<sub>5,1</sub>=4.0, H-5), 2.40 (1H, dd, <sup>2</sup>J=17.6, J<sub>3,2</sub>=6.8, H-3), 1.97 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub> Ac). <sup>13</sup>C NMR δ: 205.4 (C-2), 170.8 (C=O Ac), 137.6 (Ar C<sub>q</sub>), 128.5 (Ar(m)), 127.8 (Ar(o)), 127.5 (Ar(p)), 69.4 (C-2),

60.9 (CH<sub>2</sub> Bn), 48.7 (C-5), 46.5 (C-1), 38.2 (C-3), 20.7 (CH<sub>3</sub> Ac). FTIR (neat): 1732 (C=O st.).  $[\alpha]^{20^{\circ}C}_D = +120$  (c=0.7; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>). HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>16</sub>NO<sub>3</sub> 246.1125; Found 246.1123.

### **Resolution of ( $\pm$ )-(1*S*,6*S*,7*R*)-8-benzyl-6-hydroxy-8-azabicyclo[5.1.0]octan-2-one 20**

The general procedure was used with 75 mg of novozym 435. The resolution was complete after 24 h, affording 24 mg (48%) (-)-(1*S*,6*S*,7*R*)-8-benzyl-6-hydroxy-8-azabicyclo[5.1.0]octan-2-one (**-20**) (92% e.e., HPLC) as an oil and 30 mg (50%) (+)-(1*S*,2*R*,7*R*)-8-benzyl-6-oxo-8-azabicyclo[5.1.0]octan-2-yl acetate (**+-20-acetate**) (93% e.e., HPLC) as an oil.

### **(-)-(1*S*,6*S*,7*R*)-8-benzyl-6-hydroxy-8-azabicyclo[5.1.0]octan-2-one 20**

<sup>1</sup>H NMR δ: 7.36-7.26 (5H, m, Ar), 3.83 (1H, dd, J<sub>6,5</sub>=10.7, J<sub>6,5</sub>=2.4, H-6), 3.71 (1H, d, <sup>2</sup>J=13.3, CH<sub>2</sub> Bn), 3.43 (1H, d, <sup>2</sup>J=13.3, CH<sub>2</sub> Bn), 2.80 (1H, ddd, <sup>2</sup>J=13.9, J<sub>3,4</sub>=10.9, J<sub>3,4</sub>=3.0, H-3), 2.33 (1H, br d, J<sub>1,7</sub>=7.3, H-1); 2.29 (1H, br d, J<sub>7,1</sub>=7.6, H-7); 2.24-2.19 (1H, m, H-3), 1.98-1.78 (4H, m, H-4, H-5, OH), 1.24-1.13 (1H, m, H-4). <sup>13</sup>C NMR δ: 210.8 (C-2), 138.3 (Ar C<sub>q</sub>), 128.6 (Ar(m)), 128.0 (Ar(o)), 127.6 (Ar(p)), 71.6 (C-6), 64.1 (CH<sub>2</sub> Bn), 49.6, 49.2 (C-1, C-7), 41.5 (C-3), 34.2 (C-5), 22.3 (C-4). FTIR (neat): 3420 (O-H st.); 1687 (C=O st.).  $[\alpha]^{20^{\circ}C}_D = -110$  (c=0.8; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>). HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>18</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> 232.1332; Found 232.1330.

### **(+)-(1*S*,2*R*,7*R*)-8-benzyl-6-oxo-8-azabicyclo[5.1.0]octan-2-yl acetate 20-acetate**

<sup>1</sup>H NMR δ: 7.34-7.26 (5H, m, Ar), 4.96 (1H, dd, J<sub>2,3</sub>=11.4, J<sub>2,3</sub>=3.2, H-2), 3.71 (1H, d, <sup>2</sup>J=13.4, CH<sub>2</sub> Bn), 3.44 (1H, d, <sup>2</sup>J=13.4, CH<sub>2</sub> Bn), 2.81 (1H, ddd, J<sub>5,4</sub>=13.8, <sup>2</sup>J=11.2, J<sub>5,4</sub>=2.9, H-5), 2.32 (1H, d, J<sub>7,1</sub>=7.4, H-7); 2.27 (1H, d, J<sub>1,7</sub>=7.7, H-1); 2.24 (1H, dd, <sup>2</sup>J=11.1, J<sub>5,4</sub>=5.4, H-5), 2.07 (1H, q, <sup>2</sup>J=J<sub>3,2</sub>=J<sub>3,4</sub>=11.9, H-3), 1.94 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub> Ac), 1.89-1.76 (2H, m, H-3, H-4), 1.22 (1H, q, <sup>2</sup>J=J<sub>4,3</sub>=J<sub>4,5</sub>=13.8, H-4). <sup>13</sup>C NMR δ: 210.3 (C-6), 170.3 (C=O Ac), 137.8 (Ar C<sub>q</sub>), 128.4 (Ar(m)), 128.0 (Ar(o)), 127.4 (Ar(p)), 73.8 (C-2), 63.9 (CH<sub>2</sub> Bn), 48.6 (C-7), 46.7 (C-1), 41.3 (C-5), 30.2 (C-3), 21.9 (C-4), 21.1 (CH<sub>3</sub> Ac). FTIR (neat): 1730, 1693 (C=O st.).  $[\alpha]^{20^{\circ}C}_D = +167$  (c=0.6; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>). HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>20</sub>NO<sub>3</sub> 274.1438; Found 274.1436.

**Resolution of ( $\pm$ )-(1*R*,5*S*,6*S*)-5-hydroxy-7-(4-methylbenzenesulfonyl)-7-azabicyclo[4.1.0]heptan-2-one 21**

The general procedure was used with 50 mg of novozym 435 and the quantity of diisopropyl ether and vinyl acetate used was 2 mL and 10 eq., respectively. The resolution took 24 h to be complete, affording 23 mg (46%) (+)-  
**(1*R*,5*S*,6*S*)-5-hydroxy-7-(4-methylbenzenesulfonyl)-7-azabicyclo[4.1.0]heptan-2-one (+)-21**  
(91% e.e., HPLC) as a white solid and 28 mg (49%) (-)-  
**(1*R*,2*R*,6*S*)-7-(4-methylbenzenesulfonyl)-5-oxo-7-azabicyclo[4.1.0]heptan-2-yl acetate (-)-21-acetate** (96% e.e., HPLC) as an oil.

#### **(+)-(1*R*,5*S*,6*S*)-5-hydroxy-7-(4-methylbenzenesulfonyl)-7-azabicyclo[4.1.0]heptan-2-one 21**

<sup>1</sup>H NMR δ: 7.81 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>J=8.2, Ar(*o*)), 7.36 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>J=8.0, Ar(*m*)), 4.46 (1H, q, *J*<sub>5,4</sub>=*J*<sub>5,6</sub>=2.9, H-5), 3.44 (1H, dm, *J*<sub>6,1</sub>=6.4, H-6), 3.19 (1H, d, *J*<sub>1,6</sub>=6.4, H-1), 2.46 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub> Ts), 2.41 (1H, ddd, <sup>2</sup>J=18.3, *J*<sub>3,4</sub>=12.1, *J*<sub>3,4</sub>=6.3, H-3), 2.26 (1H, ddd, <sup>2</sup>J=18.3, *J*<sub>3,4</sub>=5.4, *J*<sub>3,4</sub>=3.5, H-3), 2.13-2.04 (1H, m, H-4), 1.85 (1H, br s, OH), 1.82-1.75 (1H, m, H-4). <sup>13</sup>C NMR δ: 201.0 (C-2), 145.5 (Ar C-SO<sub>2</sub> Ts), 133.6 (Ar(*p*)), 130.1 (Ar(*m*)), 128.1 (Ar(*o*)), 62.8 (C-5), 43.6 (C-1), 43.4 (C-6), 31.8 (C-3), 25.2 (C-4), 21.7 (CH<sub>3</sub> Ts).  
FTIR (neat): 1701 (C=O st.). [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>20°C</sup> = +13 (c=1.0; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>). M.p. = 114-116°C. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>16</sub>NO<sub>4</sub>S 282.0795; Found 282.0796.

#### **(-)-(1*R*,2*R*,6*S*)-7-(4-methylbenzenesulfonyl)-5-oxo-7-azabicyclo[4.1.0]heptan-2-yl acetate 21-acetate**

<sup>1</sup>H NMR δ: 7.82 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>J=8.2, Ar(*o*)), 7.37 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>J=8.2, Ar(*m*)), 5.34 (1H, q, *J*<sub>2,3</sub>=*J*<sub>2,1</sub>=3.0, H-2), 3.49 (1H, dm, *J*<sub>1,6</sub>=6.3, H-1), 3.25 (1H, d, *J*<sub>6,1</sub>=6.3, H-6), 2.46 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub> Ts), 2.34-2.30 (2H, m, H-4), 2.17-2.04 (1H, m, H-3), 2.10 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub> Ac), 1.89-1.82 (1H, m, H-3). <sup>13</sup>C NMR δ: 199.7 (C-5), 170.0 (C=O Ac), 145.6 (Ar C-SO<sub>2</sub> Ts), 133.7 (Ar(*p*)), 130.1 (Ar(*m*)), 128.1 (Ar(*o*)), 65.3 (C-2), 43.0 (C-6), 41.1 (C-1), 32.1 (C-4), 22.4 (C-3), 21.7 (CH<sub>3</sub> Ts), 20.9 (CH<sub>3</sub> Ac). FTIR (neat): 1743, 1722 (C=O st.). [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>20°C</sup> = -11 (c=0.8; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>). HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>18</sub>NO<sub>5</sub>S 324.0900; Found 324.0897.

#### **General procedure for the hydrolysis of acetoxyaziridines**

To a stirred solution of acetoxyaziridine (aprox. 30 mg, 0.12 mmol) in methanol (1 mL) was added K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (1.6 mg, 10 mol%). After 1 hour NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (2 mg) was added. The salts were then filtered and the solution evaporated to dryness affording the hydroxyaziridine in quantitative yield.

#### **(+)-(1*R*,4*S*,5*S*)-6-benzyl-4-methoxy-6-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexan-2-one 19**

A procedure similar to the general was used, but 2 eq. of  $K_2CO_3$  were used instead of 10 mol%. 44 mg of compound was obtained as colourless oil in quantitative yield.

$^1H$  NMR  $\delta$ : 7.37-7.26 (5H, m, Ar), 4.07 (1H,  $J_{4,5}$ =5.6, d, H-4), 3.65 (1H, d,  $^2J$ =13.6,  $CH_2$  Bn), 3.49 (1H, d,  $^2J$ =13.8,  $CH_2$  Bn), 3.35 (3H, s, OMe), 2.89 (1H, d,  $J_{5,1}$ =3.9, H-5), 2.41 (1H, dd,  $^2J$ =18.2,  $J_{3,4}$ =5.6, H-3), 2.36 (1H, d,  $J_{1,5}$ =3.9, H-1), 2.03 (1H, d,  $^2J$ =18.2, H-3).  $^{13}C$  NMR  $\delta$ : 209.4 (C-2), 137.7 (Ar C<sub>q</sub>), 128.6 (Ar(m)), 127.7 (Ar(o)), 127.5 (Ar(p)), 77.4 (C-4), 61.3 ( $CH_2$  Bn), 56.5 (OMe), 48.9 (C-5), 46.0 (C-1), 40.3 (C-3). FTIR (neat): 1744 (C=O st.).  $[\alpha]_D^{20^\circ C} = +35$  (c=0.6;  $CH_2Cl_2$ ). HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for  $C_{13}H_{16}NO_2$  218.1176; Found 218.1176.

**(±)-1,3-diethyl 2-[(1*R*,2*R*,5*R*)-6-benzyl-4-oxo-6-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexan-2-yl]propanedioate 24**

To a stirred solution of (±)-**22** (40 mg, 0.16 mmol) and diethyl malonate (50  $\mu$ L, 2eq.) in dry THF (1 mL) was added NaH (8 mg, 2 eq.) at 0°C. After 1 hour of stirring at room the reaction mixture was quenched with a saturated aqueous solution of ammonium chloride and extracted with DCM (3x5 mL). The combined organic layers were dried with  $MgSO_4$  and evaporated to dryness. Purification by chromatography (preparative TLC eluted with Hex:EtOAc 2:1) afforded 40 mg (71%) of pure compound as colourless oil.

$^1H$  NMR  $\delta$ : 7.38-7.25 (5H, m, Ar), 4.26-4.13 (4H, m, 2 $xCH_2$  Et), 3.63 (1H, d,  $^2J$ =13.7,  $CH_2$  Bn), 3.48 (1H, d,  $^2J$ =13.7,  $CH_2$  Bn), 3.44 (1H, d,  $J_{2,2'}$ =6.9, H-2), 3.11 (1H, ddd,  $J_{2',3'}=8.3$ ,  $J_{2',2}=7.2$ ,  $J=1.1$ , H-2'), 2.77 (1H, d,  $J_{1',5'}=3.9$ , H-1'), 2.62 (1H, dd,  $^2J$ =18.5,  $J_{3',2'}=8.7$ , H-3'), 2.31 (1H, d,  $J_{5',1'}=3.9$ , H-5'), 1.96 (1H, d,  $^2J$ =18.5, H-3'), 1.25 (6H, t,  $^3J$ =7.1, 2 $xCH_3$  Et).  $^{13}C$  NMR  $\delta$ : 209.5 (C-4'), 167.84, 167.81 (C-1, C-3), 137.8 (Ar C<sub>q</sub>), 128.5 (Ar(m)), 127.7 (Ar(o)), 127.4 (Ar(p)), 61.9, 61.8 (2 $xCH_2$  Et), 61.4 ( $CH_2$  Bn), 54.2 (C-2), 48.3 (C-1'), 47.0 (C-5'), 38.0 (C-3'), 35.9 (C-2'), 14.0 (2 $xCH_3$  Et). FTIR (neat): 1743, 1728 (C=O st.). HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for  $C_{19}H_{24}NO_5$  346.1649; Found 346.1649.

**(±)-(1*R*,4*S*,5*R*)-6-benzyl-4-(prop-2-en-1-yl)-6-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexan-2-one 25**

To a stirred solution of (±)-**22** (60 mg, 0.25 mmol) in dry THF (0.5 mL) was added DBU (55  $\mu$ L, 1.5eq.) at -20°C. After 30 min of stirring at this temperature, this solution was added to a mixture of allyl magnesium bromide (1M in  $Et_2O$ , 2.8 eq., 690  $\mu$ L), CuI (3.2 eq., 150 mg), LiBr (70 mg) and dry THF (1 mL) at -78°C. After 30 minutes of stirring at this temperature, reaction mixture was quenched with a saturated aqueous solution of  $NH_4Cl$  and extracted with DCM (3x5 mL). The combined organic layers were dried with  $MgSO_4$  and evaporated to dryness. Purification by chromatography (preparative TLC eluted with Hex:EtOAc 8:2) afforded 30 mg (54%) of pure compound as colourless oil.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR δ: 7.40 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>J=7.3, Ar(o)), 7.32 (2H, t, <sup>3</sup>J=7.5, Ar(m)), 7.25 (1H, d, <sup>3</sup>J=7.2, Ar(p)), 5.88 (1H, ddt,  $J_{2',3'}=18.1$ ,  $J_{2',3'}=9.3$ ,  $J_{2',1'}=6.9$ , H-2'), 5.10-5.04 (2H, m, H-3'); 3.59 (1H, d, <sup>2</sup>J=13.8, CH<sub>2</sub> Bn), 3.47 (1H, d, <sup>2</sup>J=13.8, CH<sub>2</sub> Bn), 2.62 (1H, d,  $J_{1,5}=4.0$ , H-1), 2.58-2.48 (2H, m, H-3, H-4), 2.24 (1H, d,  $J_{5,1}=4.0$ , H-5), 2.16 (1H, dt, <sup>2</sup>J=13.7,  $J_{1',2'}=J_{1',4}=6.8$ , H-1'), 2.05 (1H, dt, <sup>2</sup>J=14.4,  $J_{1',2'}=J_{1',4}=7.1$ , H-1'), 1.74 (1H, d, <sup>2</sup>J=16.8, H-5). <sup>13</sup>C NMR δ: 211.5 (C-2), 138.3 (Ar C<sub>q</sub>), 134.9 (C-2'), 128.5 (Ar(m)), 127.6 (Ar(o)), 127.3 (Ar(p)), 117.6 (C-3'), 61.5 (CH<sub>2</sub> Bn), 50.8 (C-1), 46.6 (C-5), 39.3 (C-3), 37.6 (C-1'), 35.7 (C-4). FTIR (neat): 1741 (C=O st.). HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>18</sub>NO 228.1383; Found 228.1383.

#### (±)-(1*R*,4*S*,5*R*)-6-benzyl-4-(benzylamino)-6-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexan-2-one 26

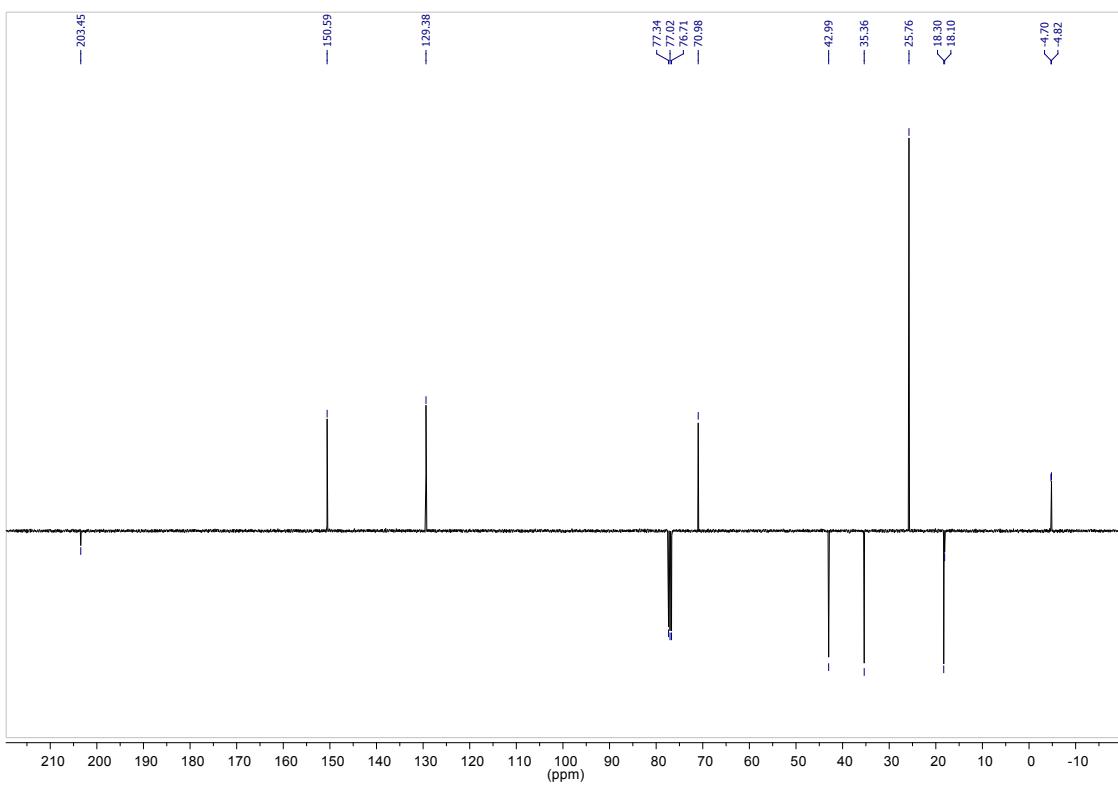
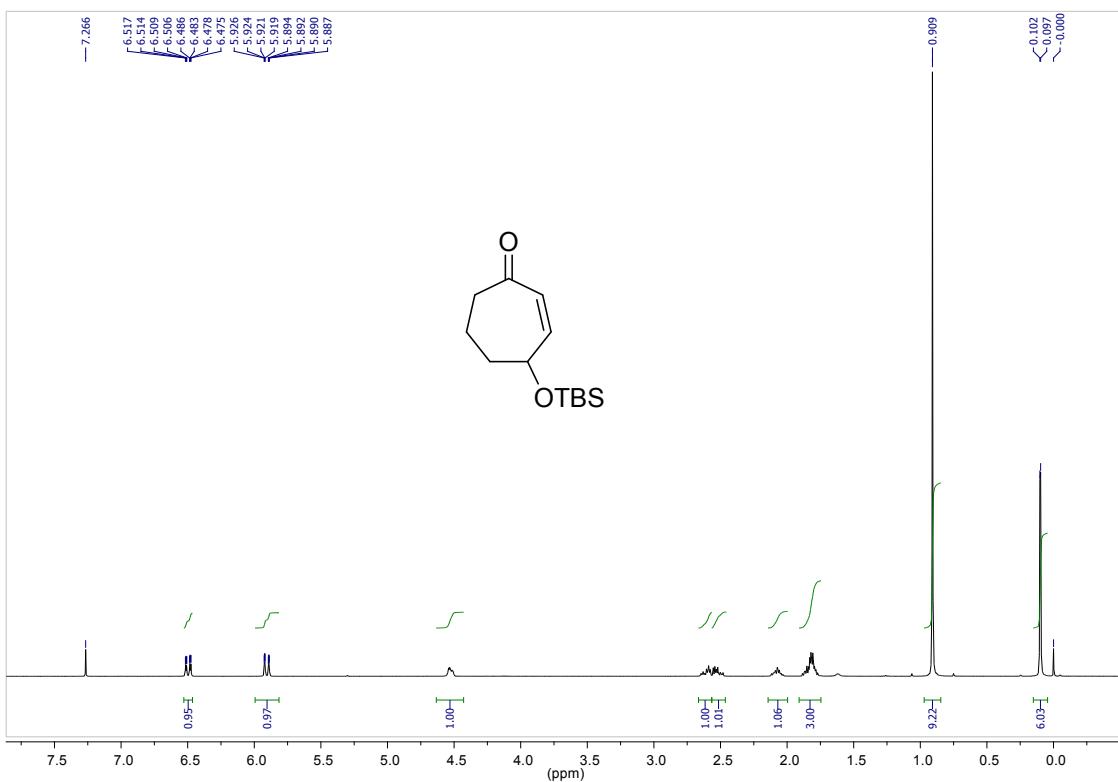
To a stirred solution of (±)-**22** (60 mg, 0.25 mmol) and BnNH<sub>2</sub> (55 μL, 2 eq.) in dry *tert*-butanol (1 mL) was added K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (70 mg, 2 eq.) at room temeperature. After 1.5 hours of stirring at this temperature, reaction mixture was quenched with H<sub>2</sub>O and extracted with EtOAc (3x5 mL). The combined organic layers were dried with Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated to dryness. Purification by preparative TLC eluted with EtOAc afforded 47 mg (52%) of pure compound as a fluorescent greenish yellow oil.

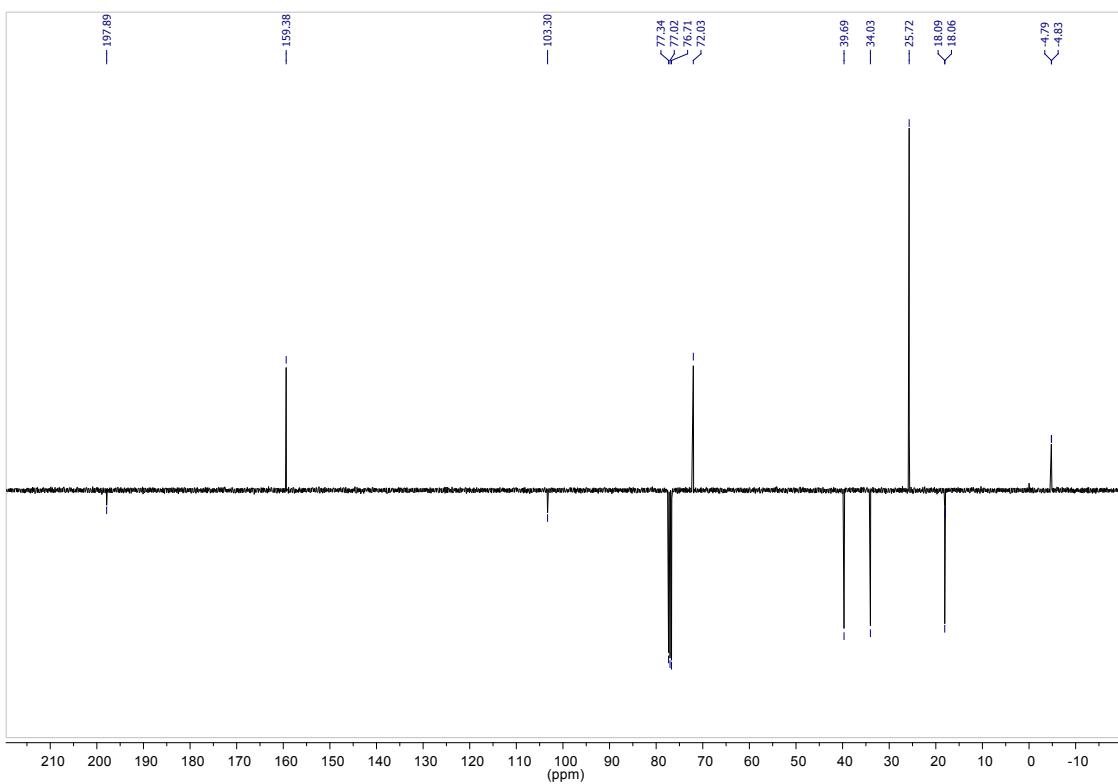
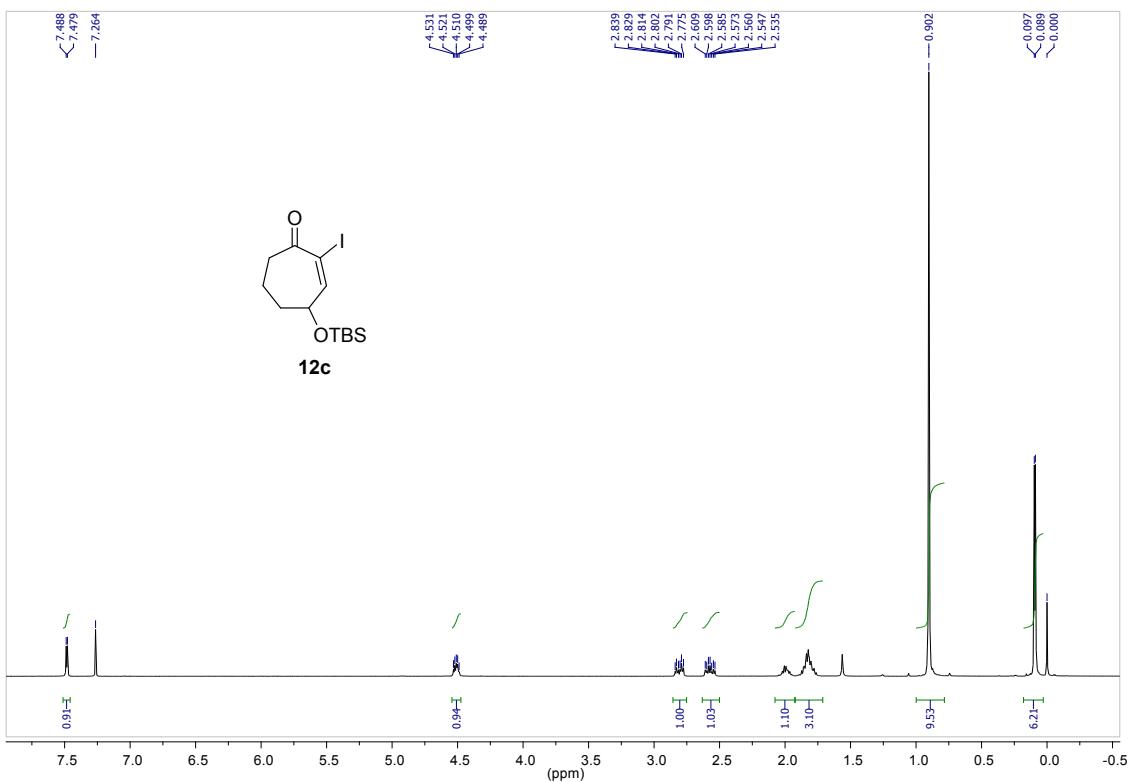
<sup>1</sup>H NMR δ: 7.36-7.24 (10H, m, Ar), 3.83 (1H, d, <sup>2</sup>J=13.1, CH<sub>2</sub> Bn amine), 3.79 (1H, d, <sup>2</sup>J=13.0, CH<sub>2</sub> Bn amine), 3.62 (1H, d, <sup>2</sup>J=13.8, CH<sub>2</sub> Bn aziridine), 3.59 (1H, d,  $J_{4,3}=6.6$ , H-4), 3.46 (1H, d, <sup>2</sup>J=13.7, CH<sub>2</sub> Bn aziridine), 2.76 (1H, d,  $J_{5,1}=4.0$ , H-5), 2.59 (1H, dd, <sup>2</sup>J=18.0,  $J_{3,4}=6.5$ , H-3), 2.32 (1H, d,  $J_{1,5}=3.9$ , H-1), 1.89 (1H, d, <sup>2</sup>J=18.0, H-3), 1.50 (1H, S, NH). <sup>13</sup>C NMR δ: 210.5 (C-2), 139.6, 137.9 (2xAr C<sub>q</sub>), 128.59, 128.55, 128.2, 127.7, 127.4, 127.3 (6xAr), 61.4 (CH<sub>2</sub> Bn aziridine), 55.1 (C-4), 51.4 (CH<sub>2</sub> Bn amine), 50.6 (C-5), 46.2 (C-1), 41.4 (C-3). FTIR (neat): 1739 (C=O st.). HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>21</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O 293.1648; Found 293.1646.

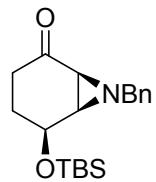
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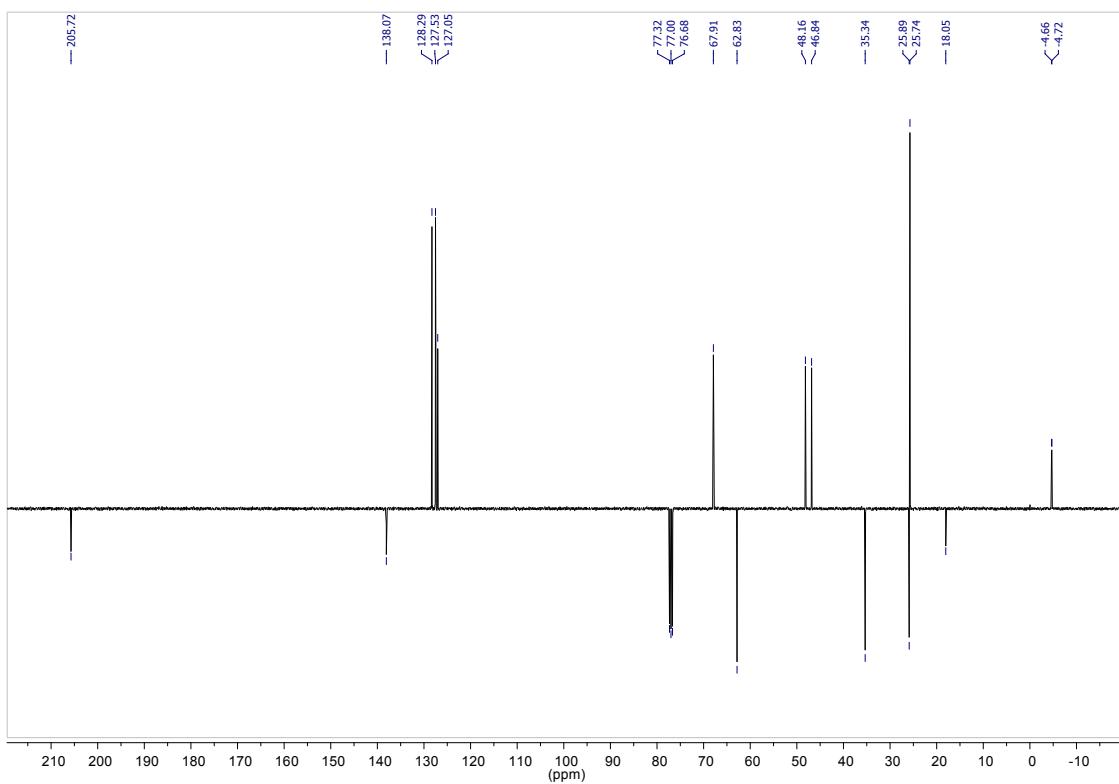
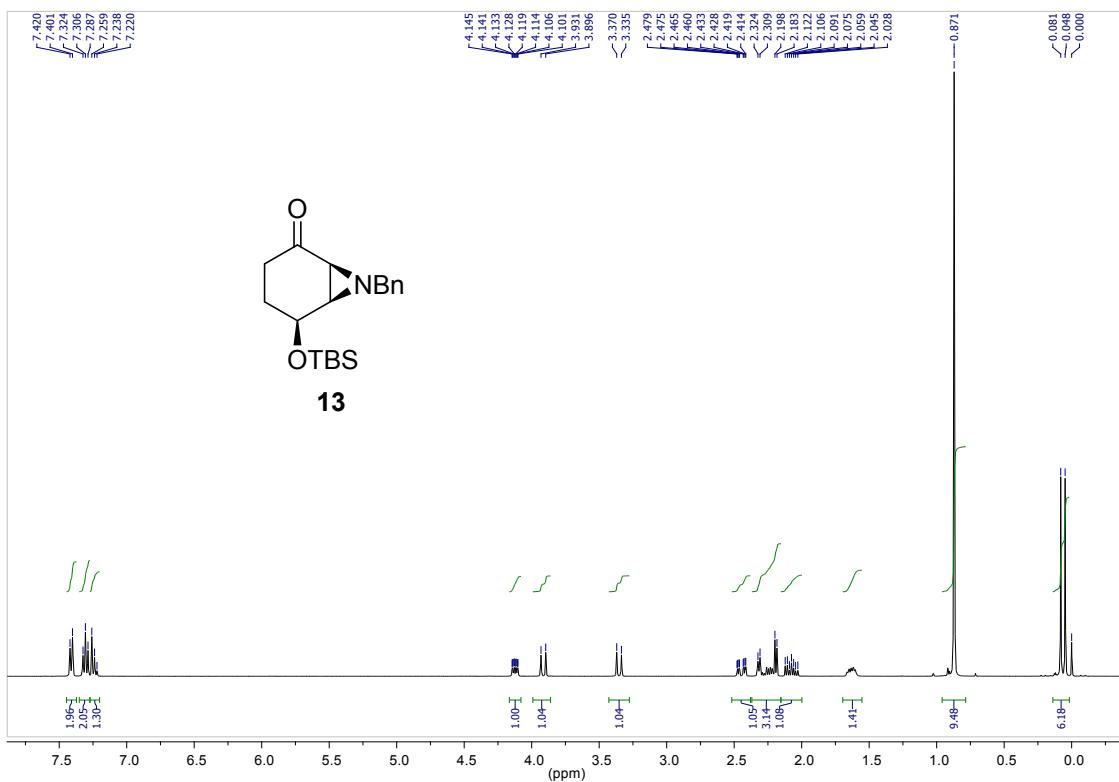


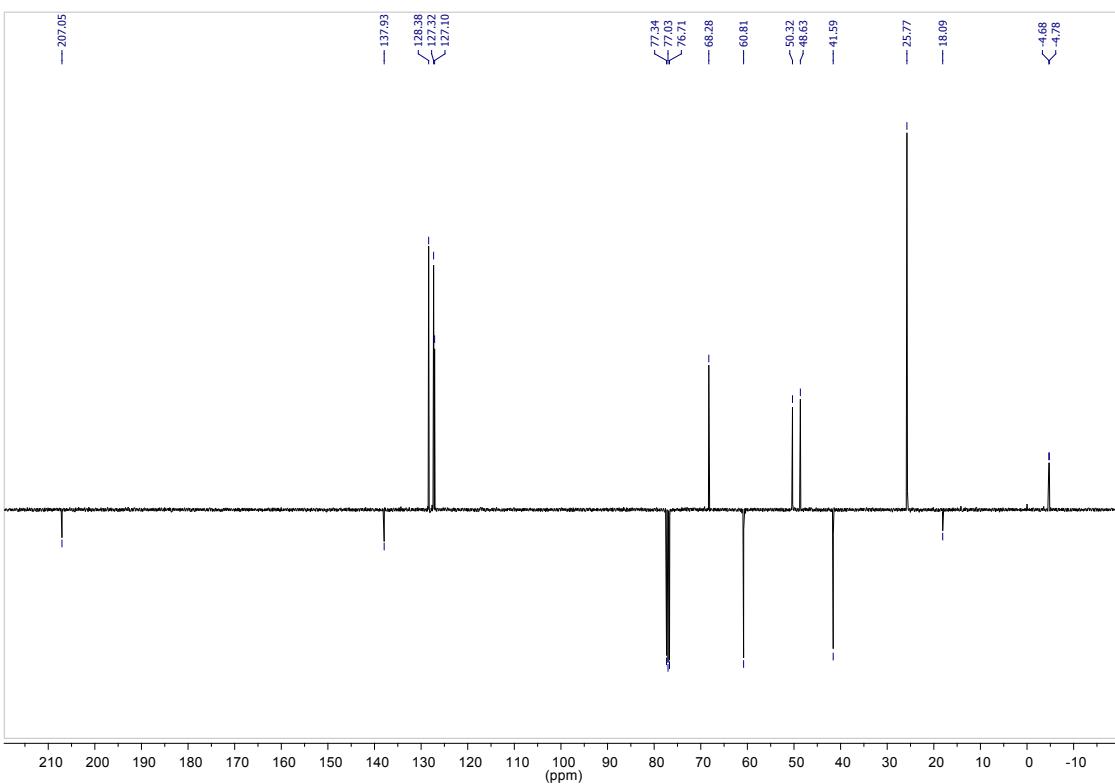
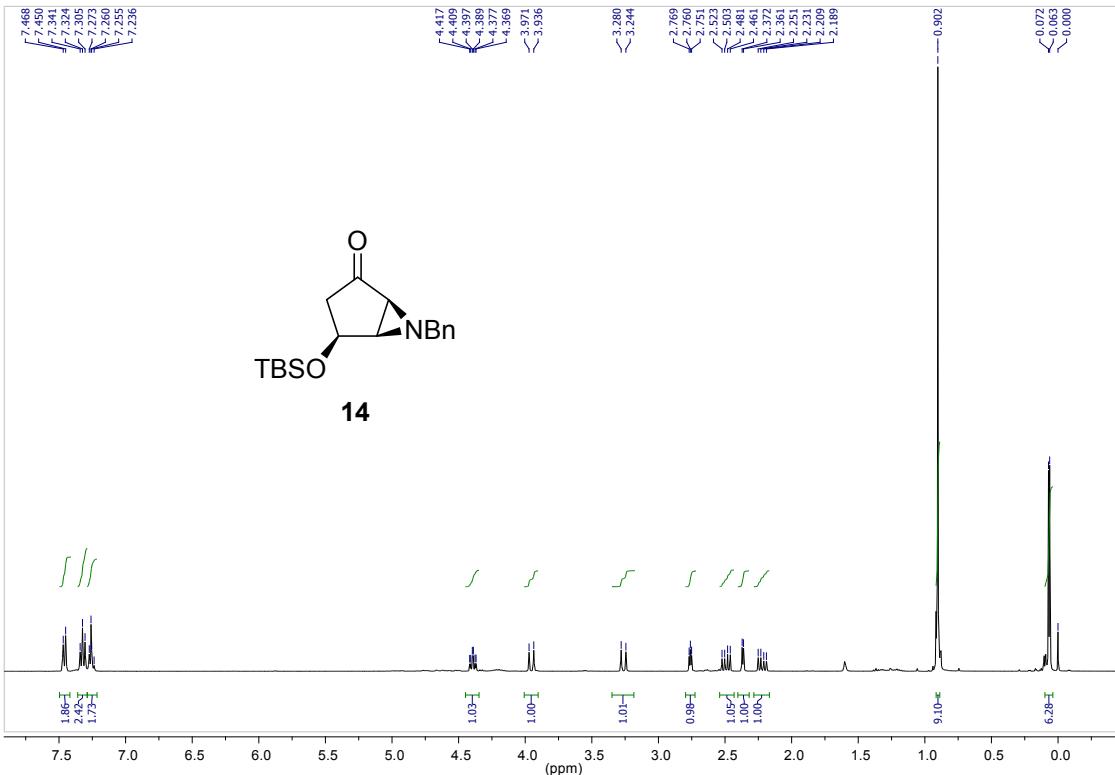


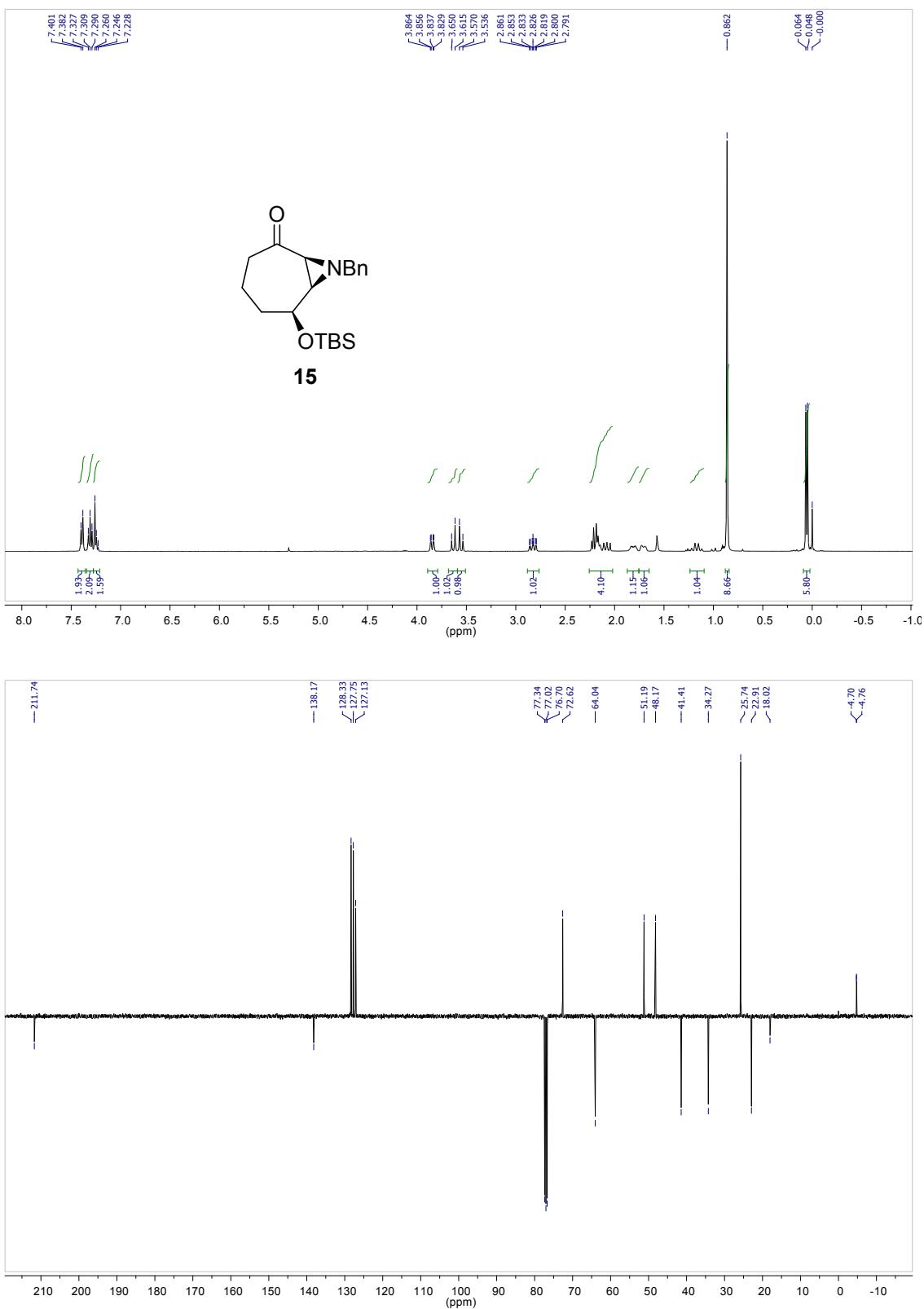


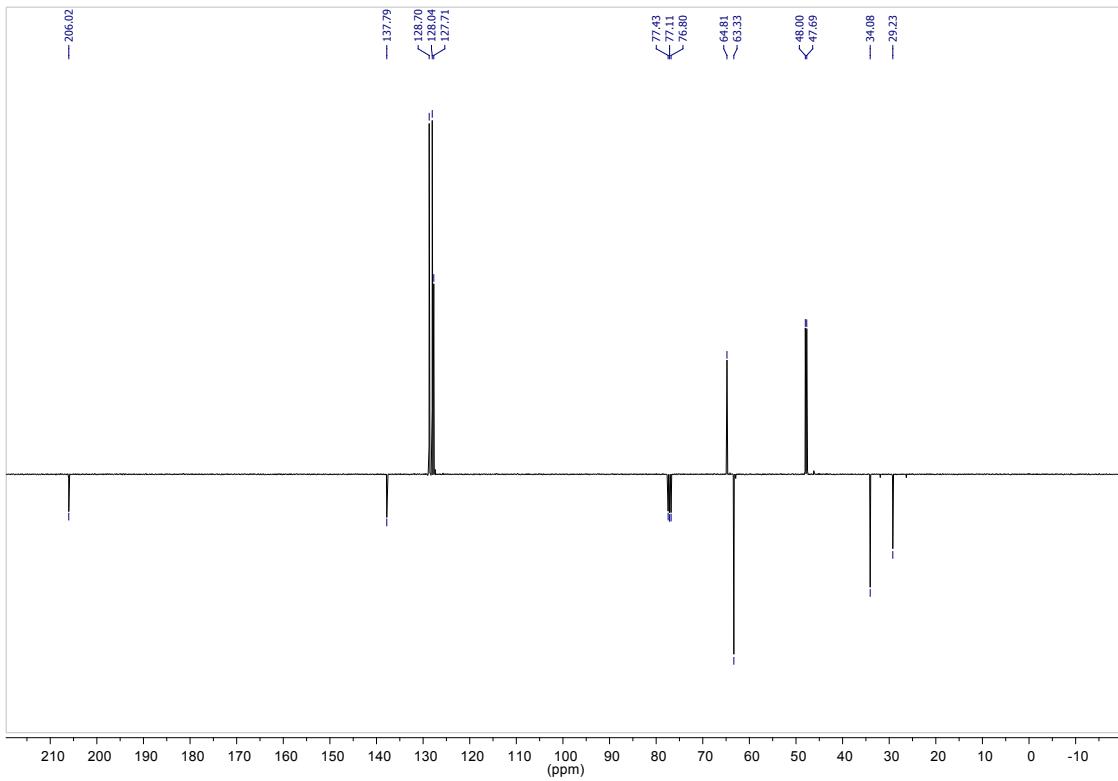
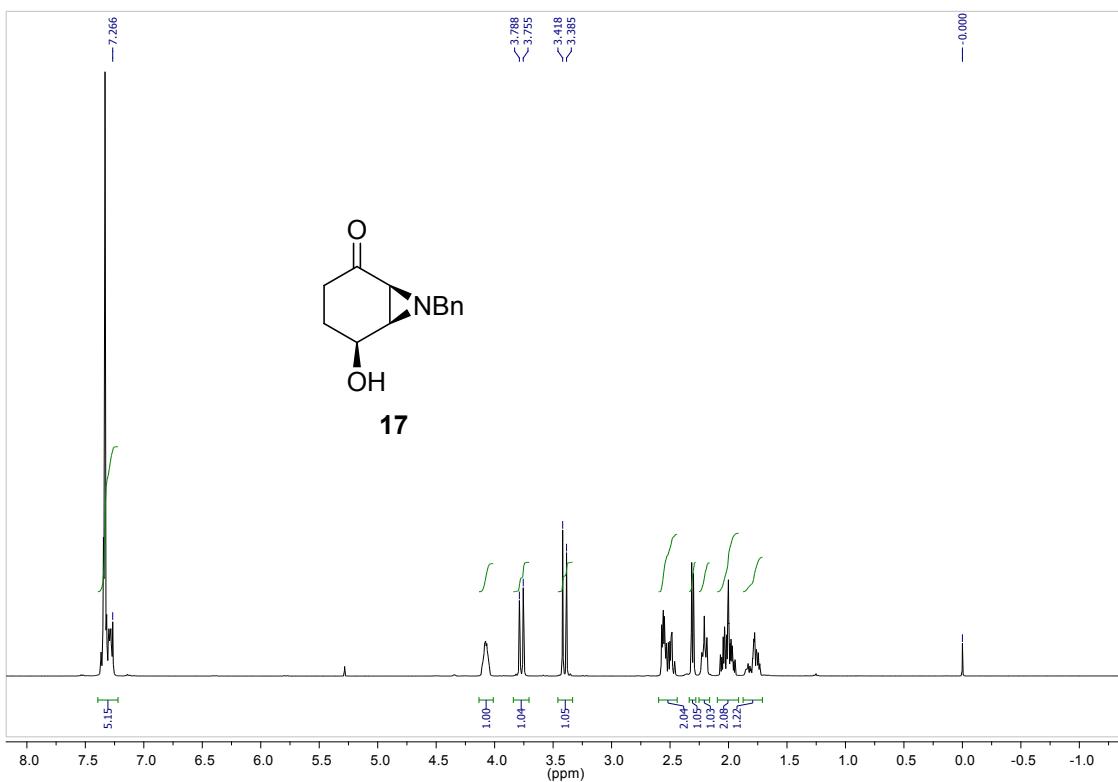


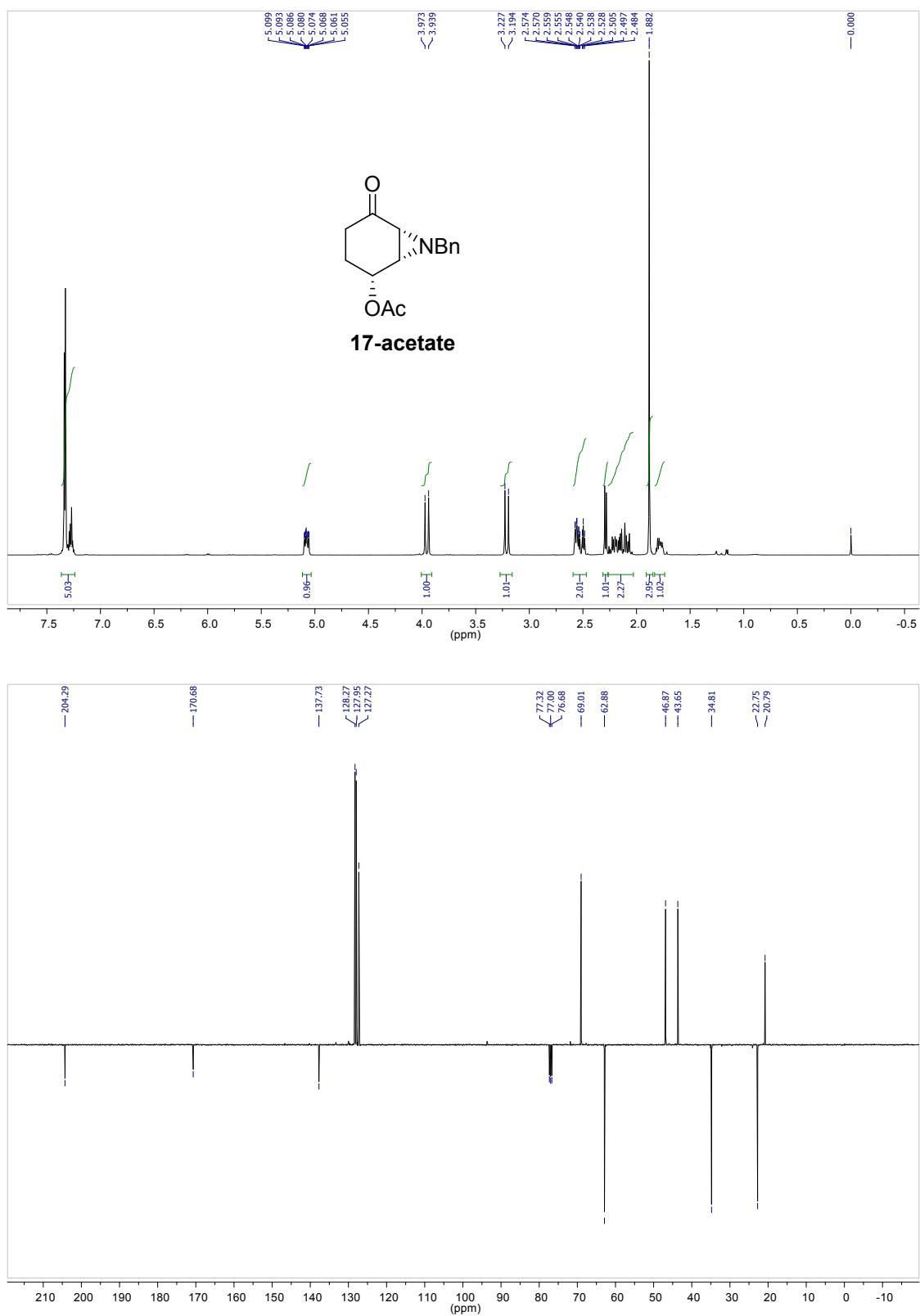
13

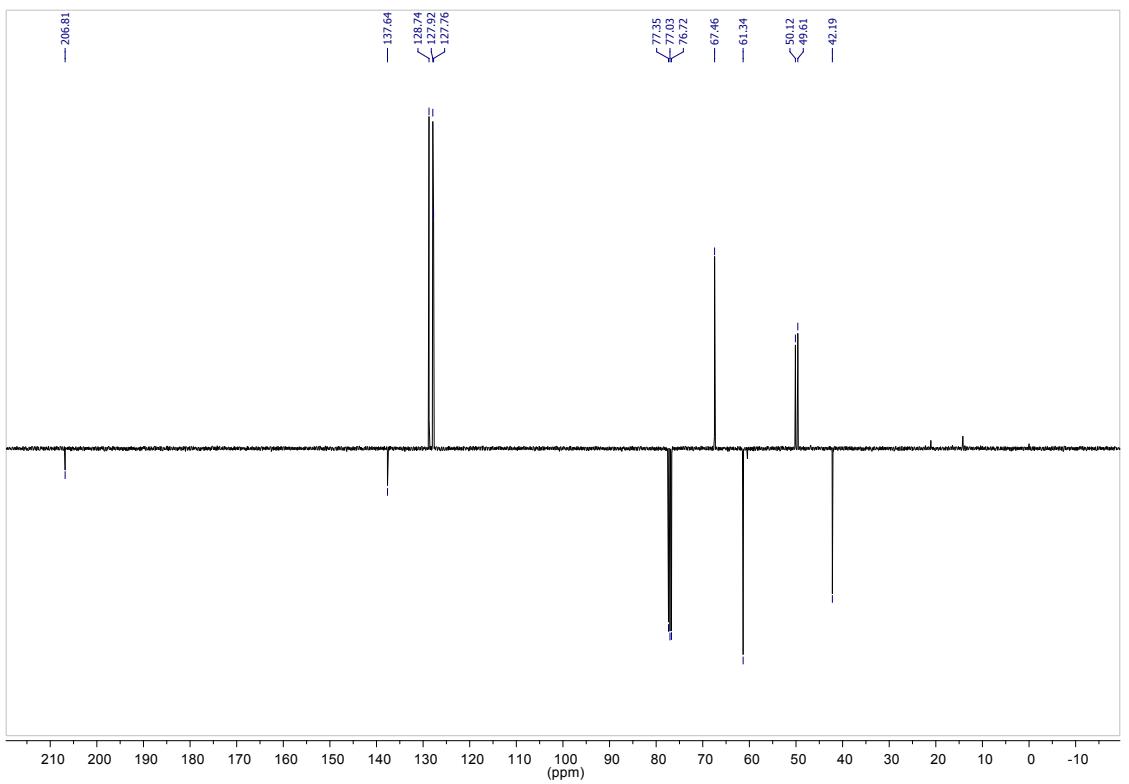
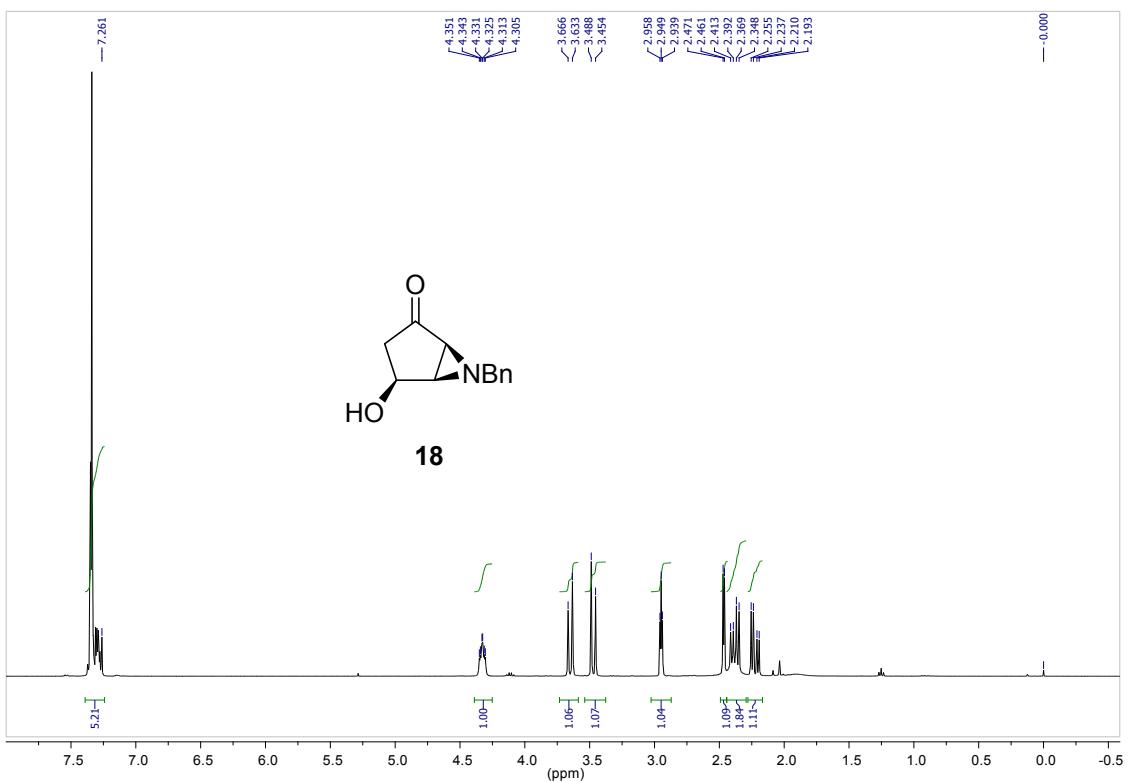


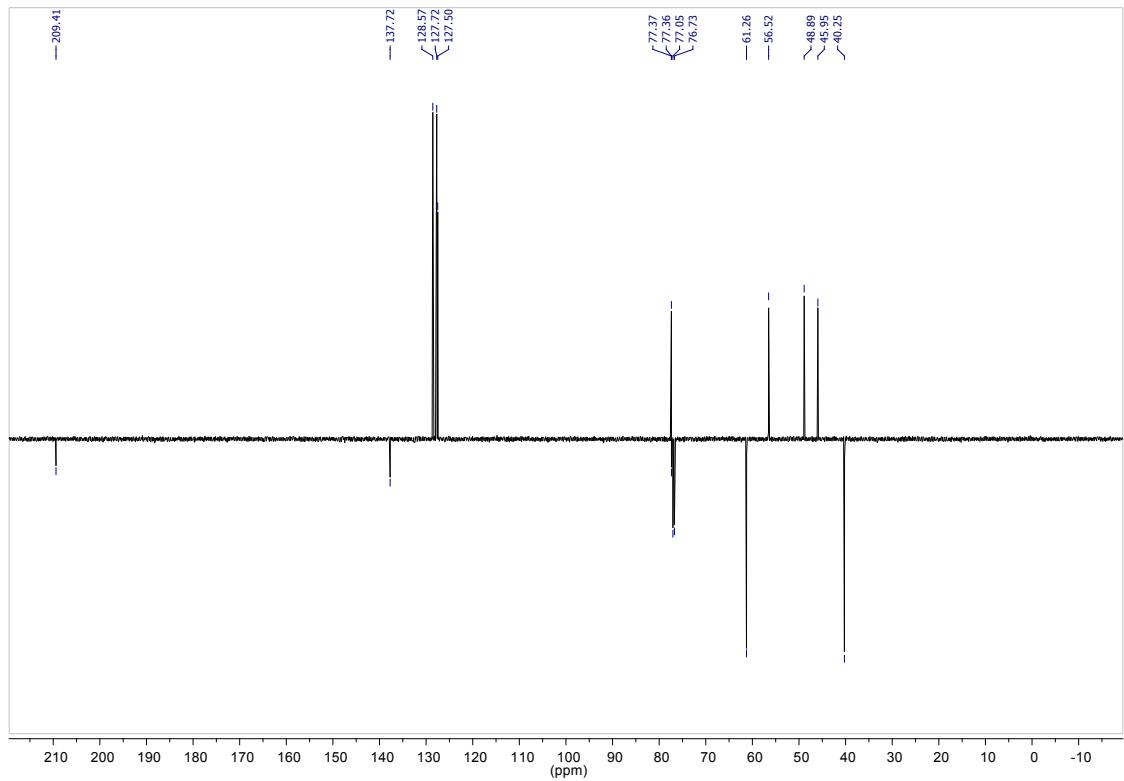
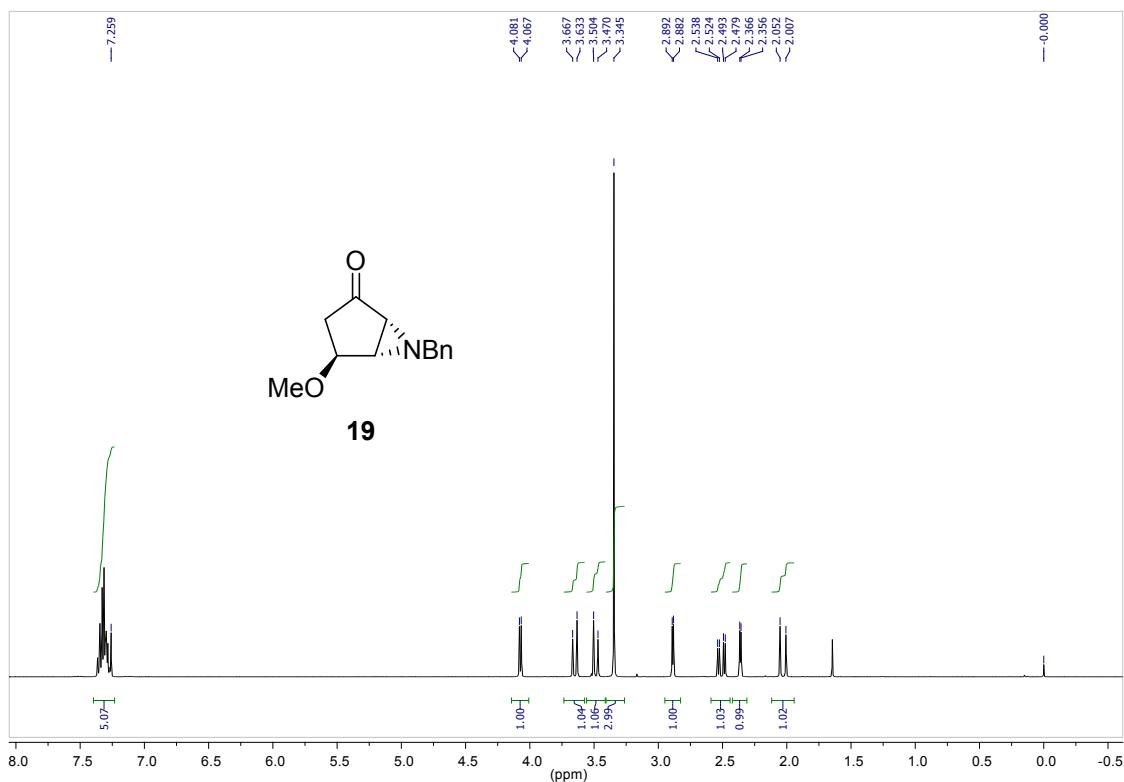


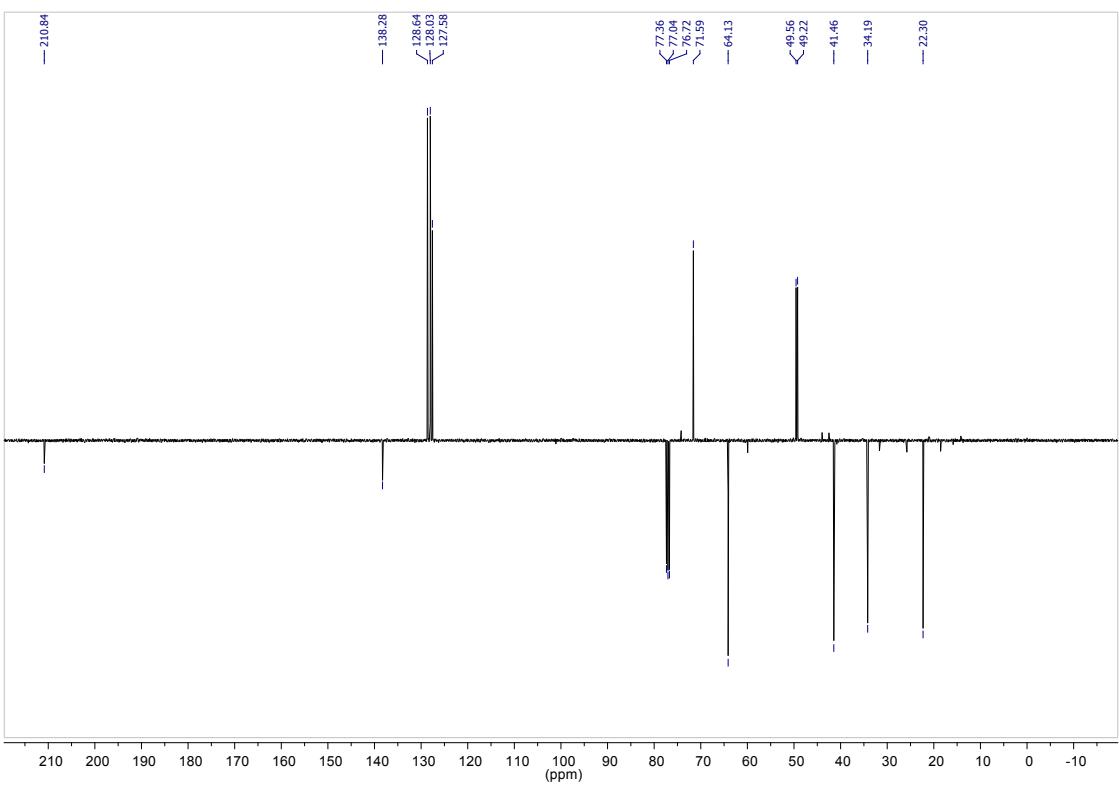
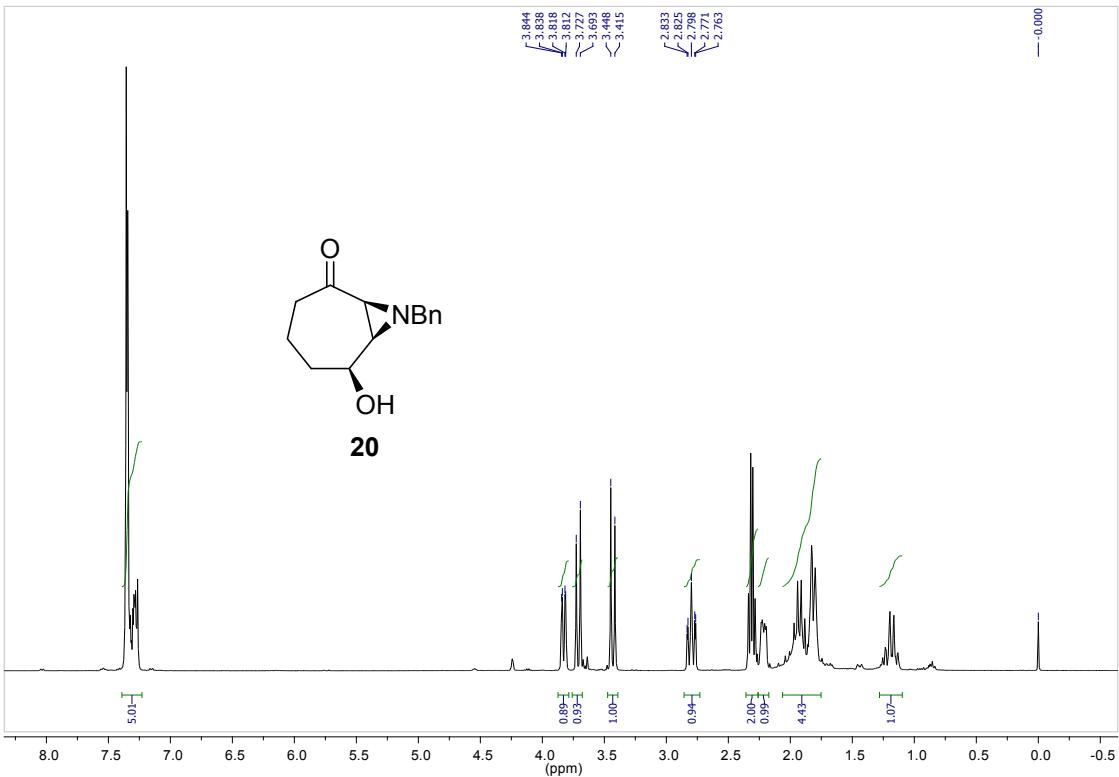


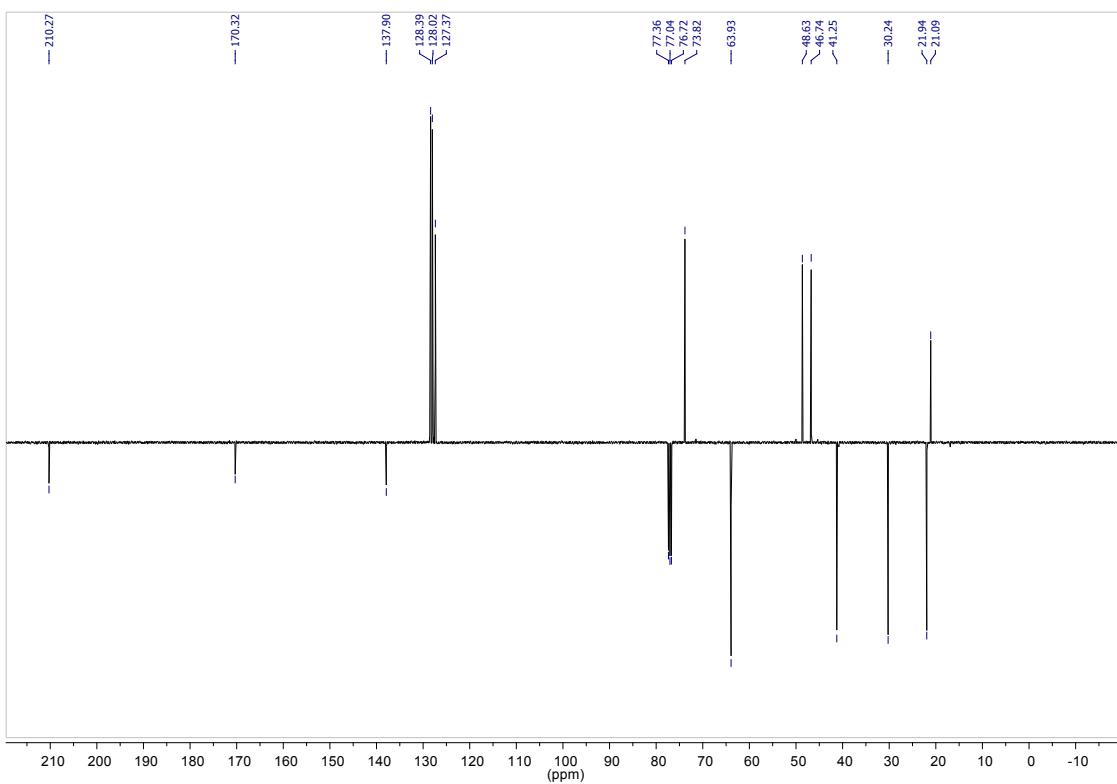
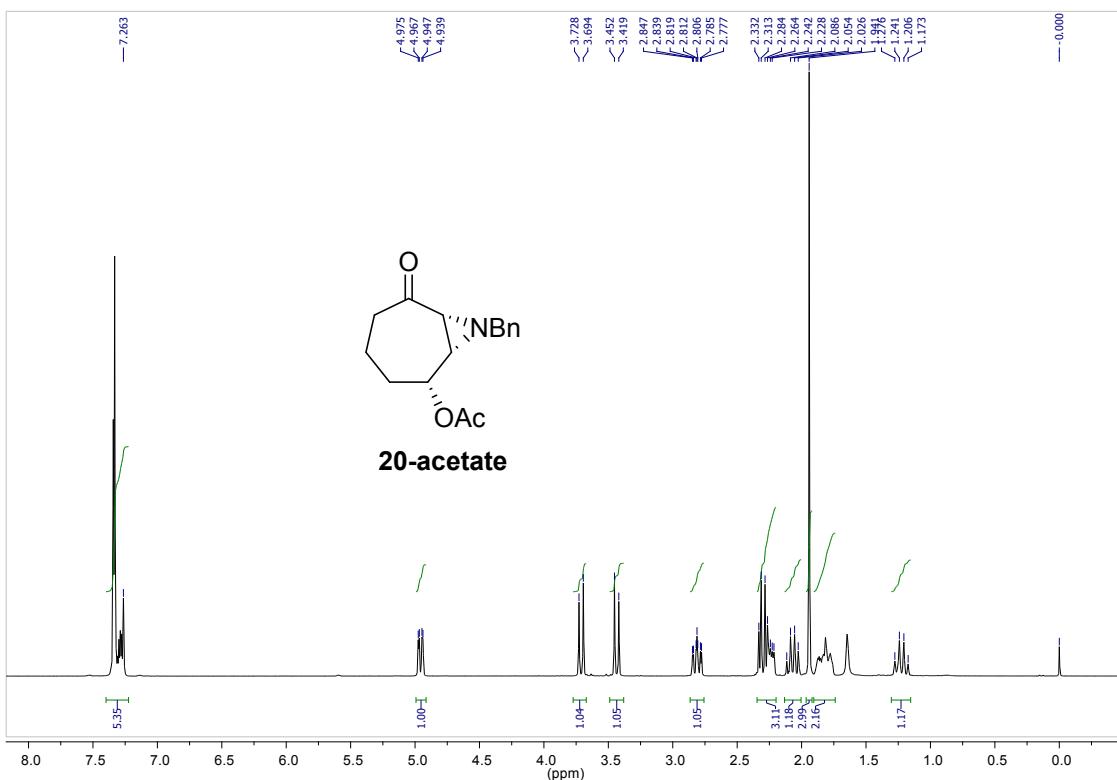


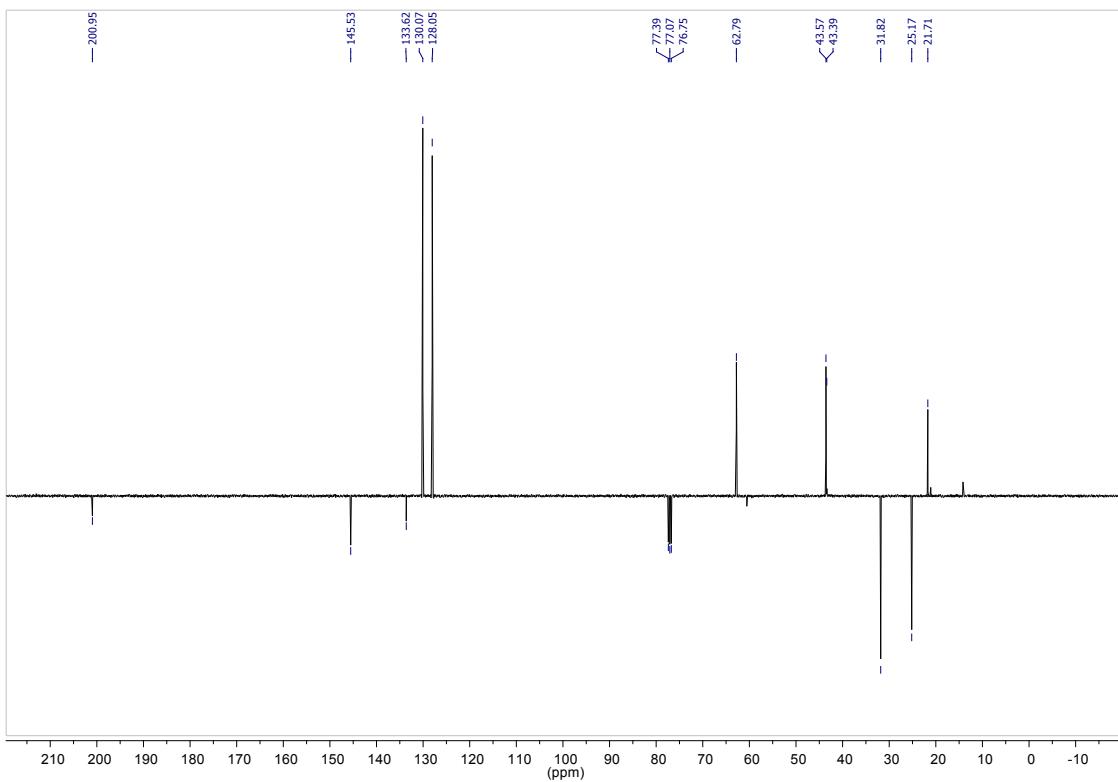
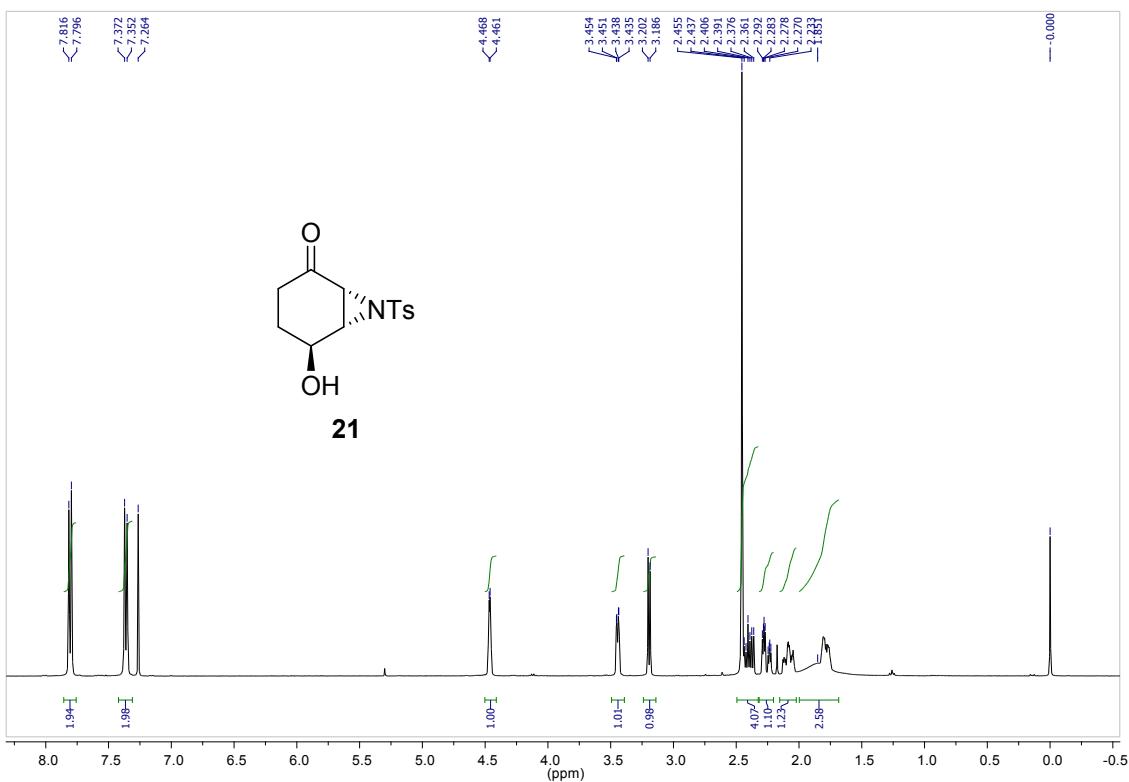


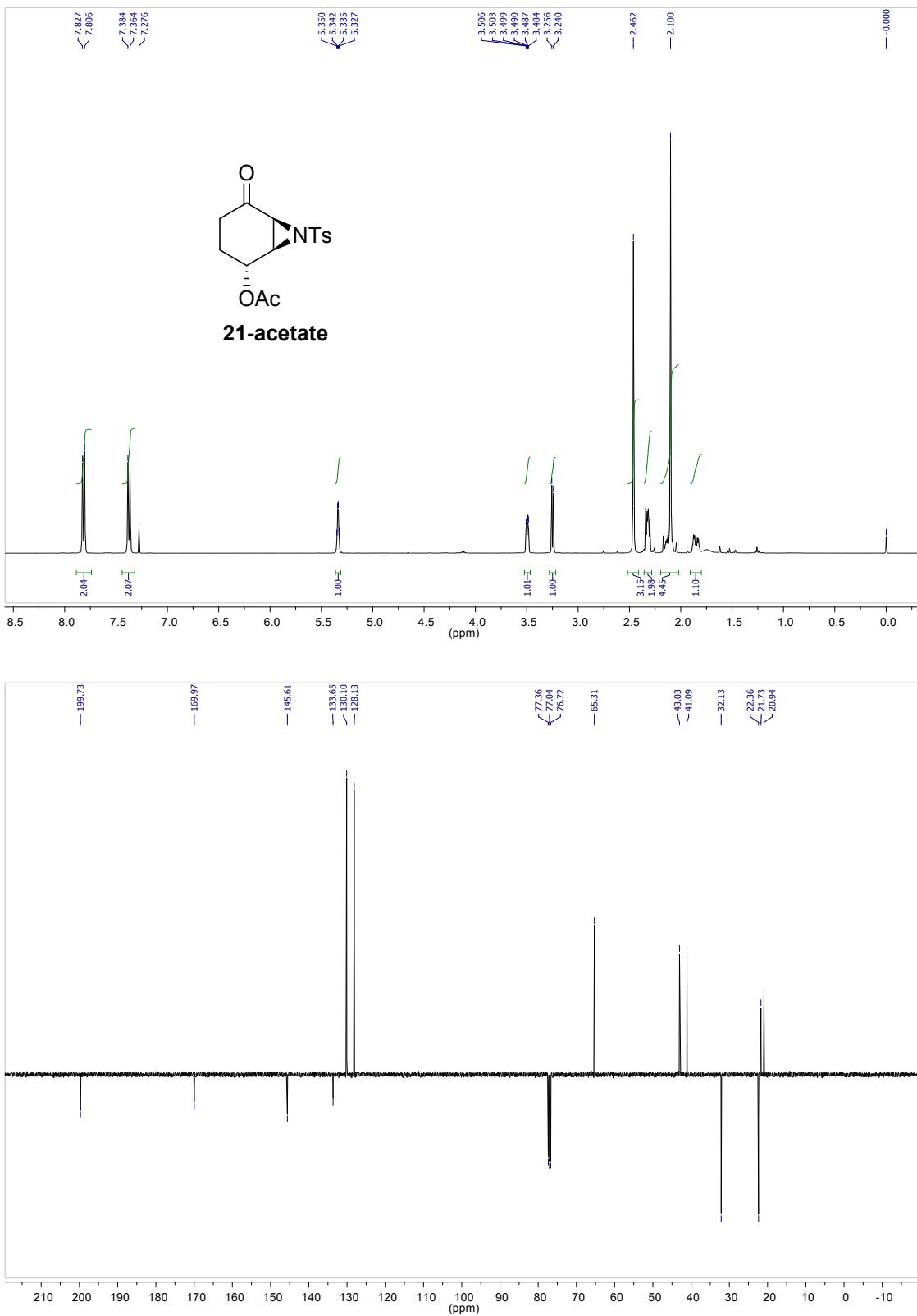


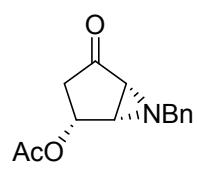




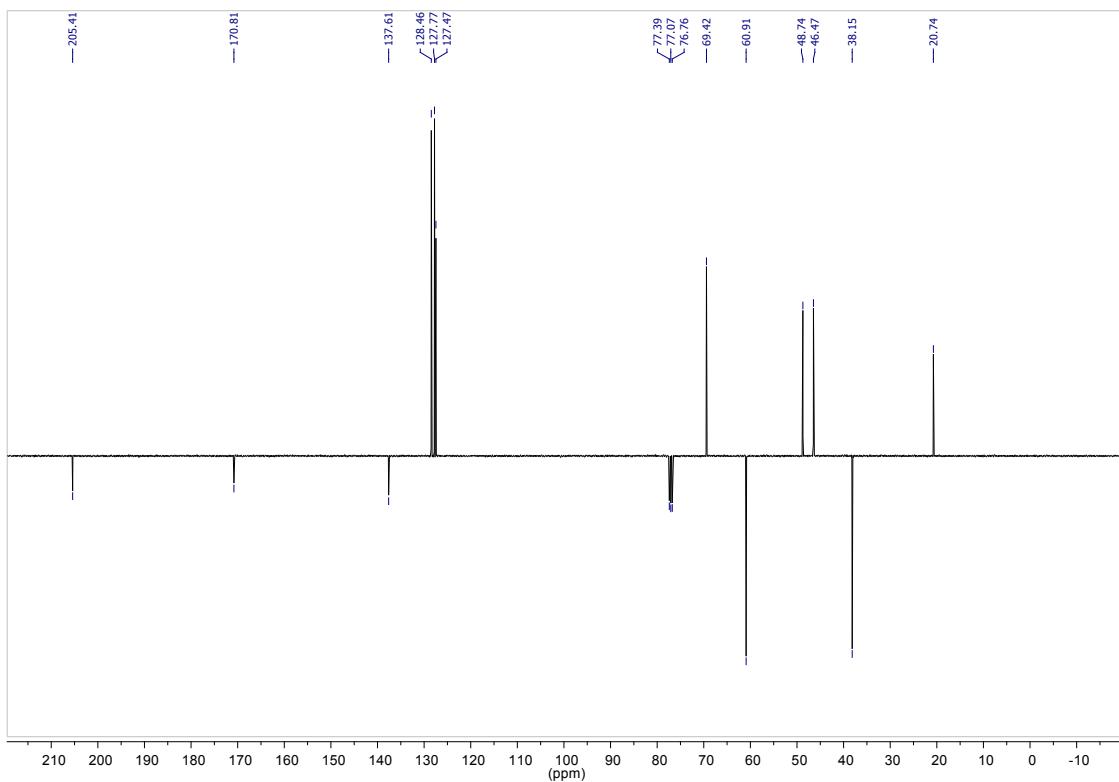
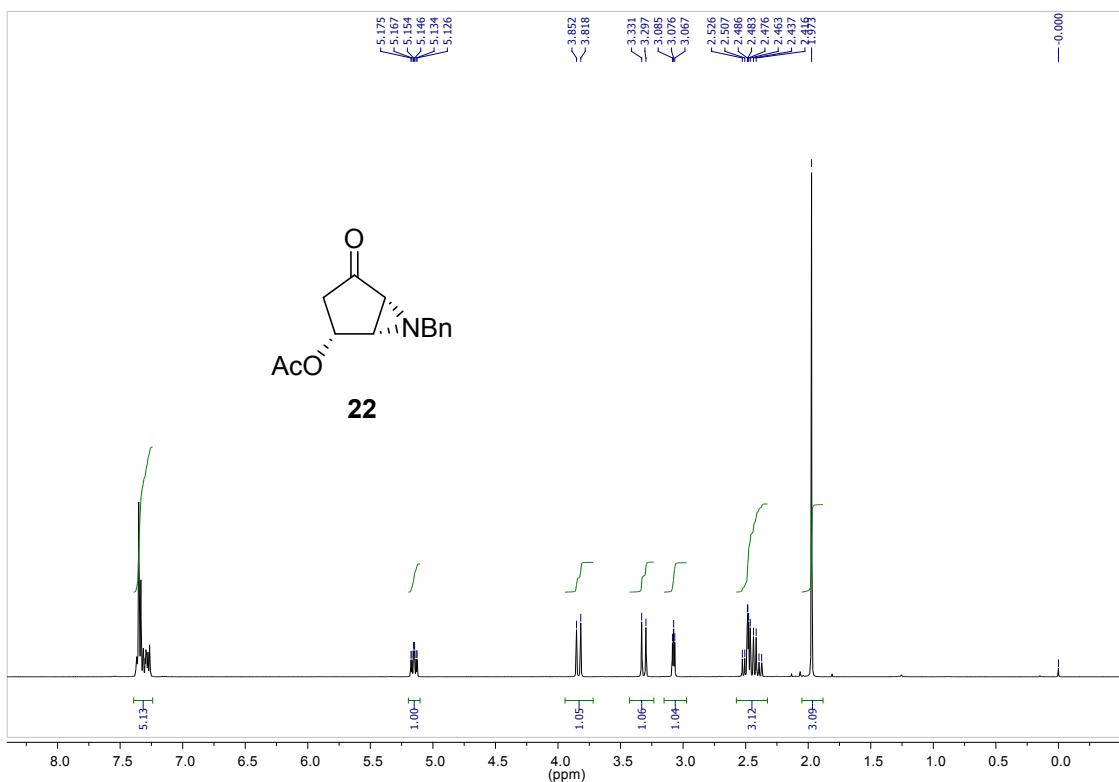


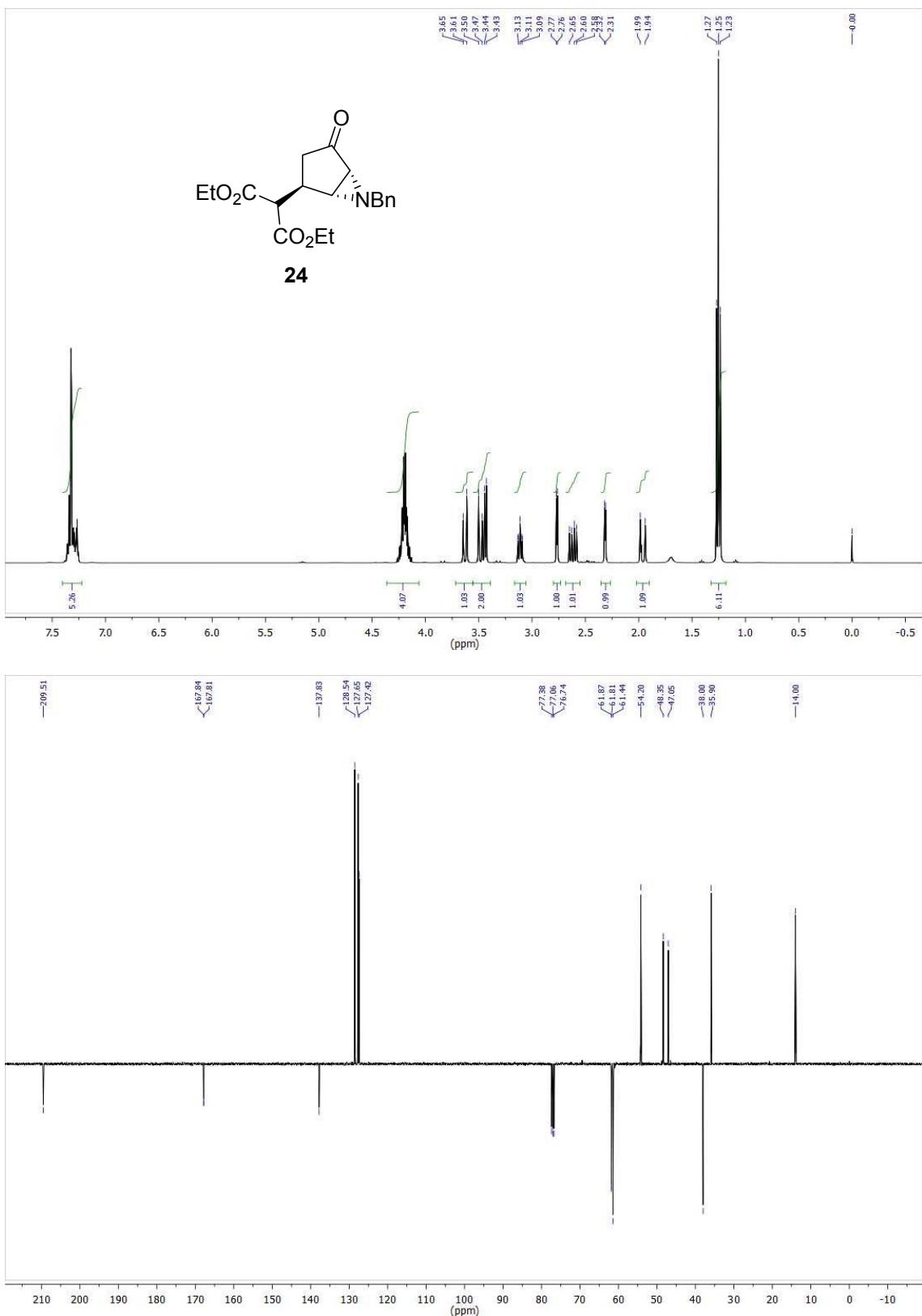


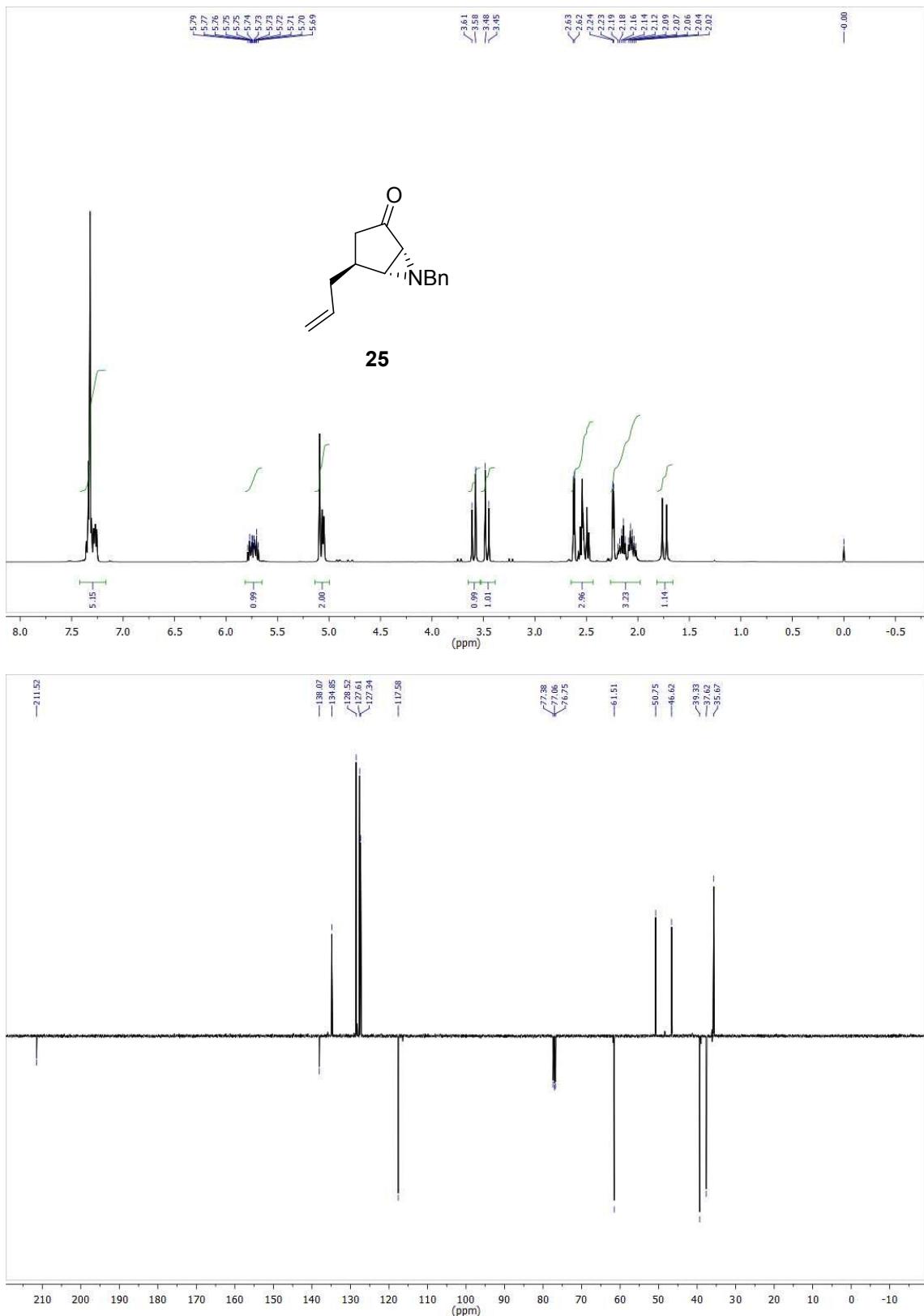


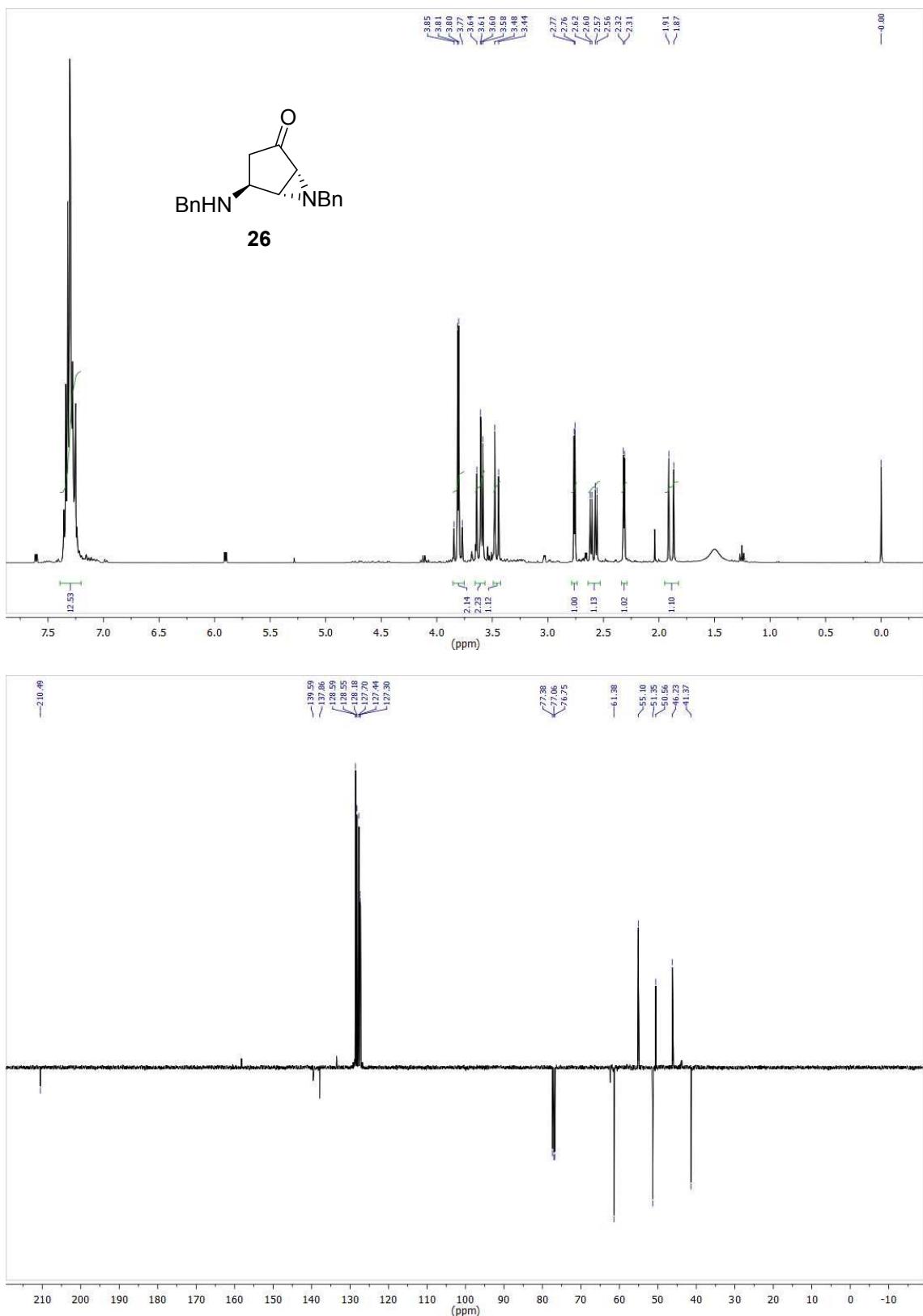


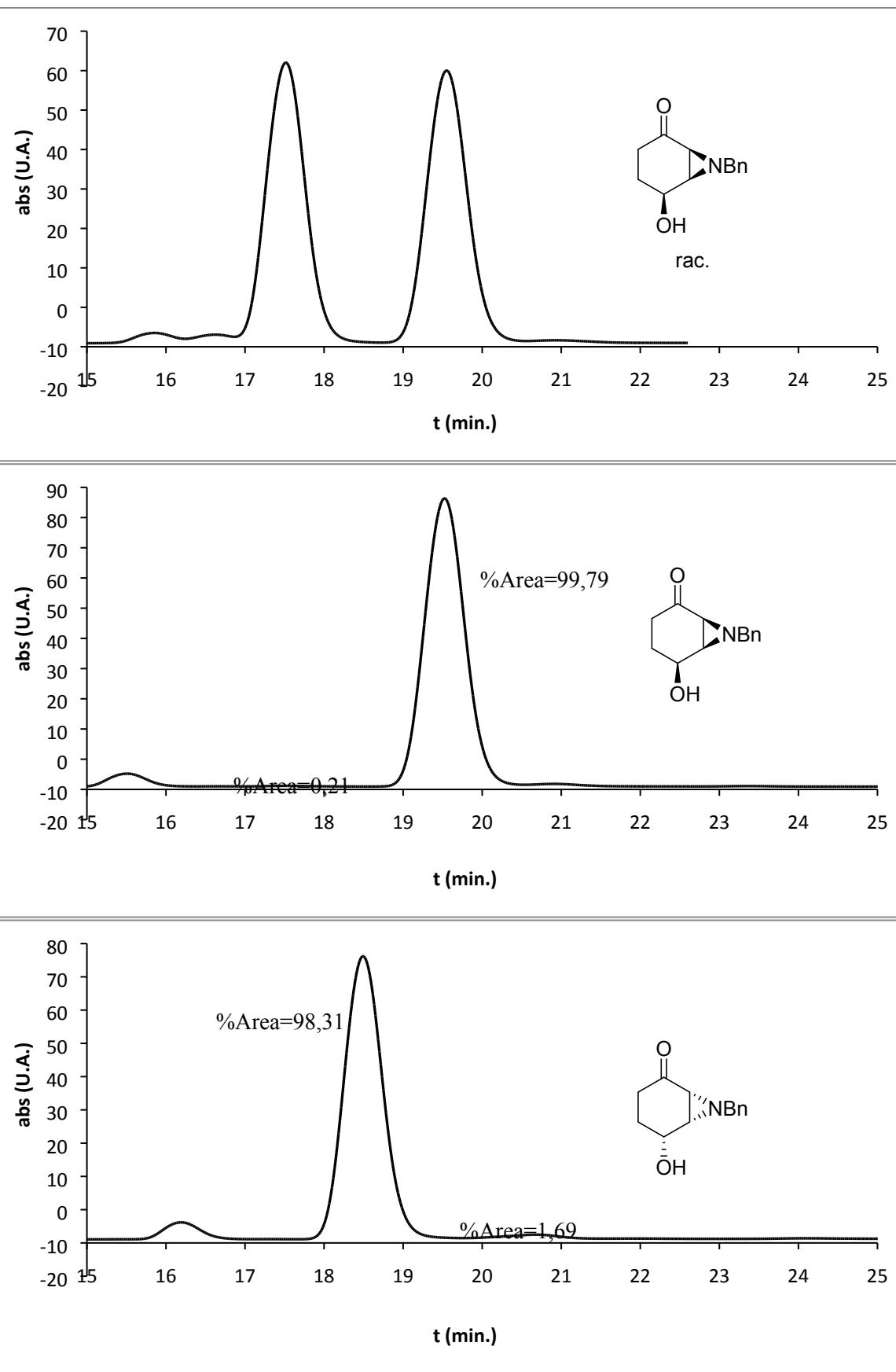
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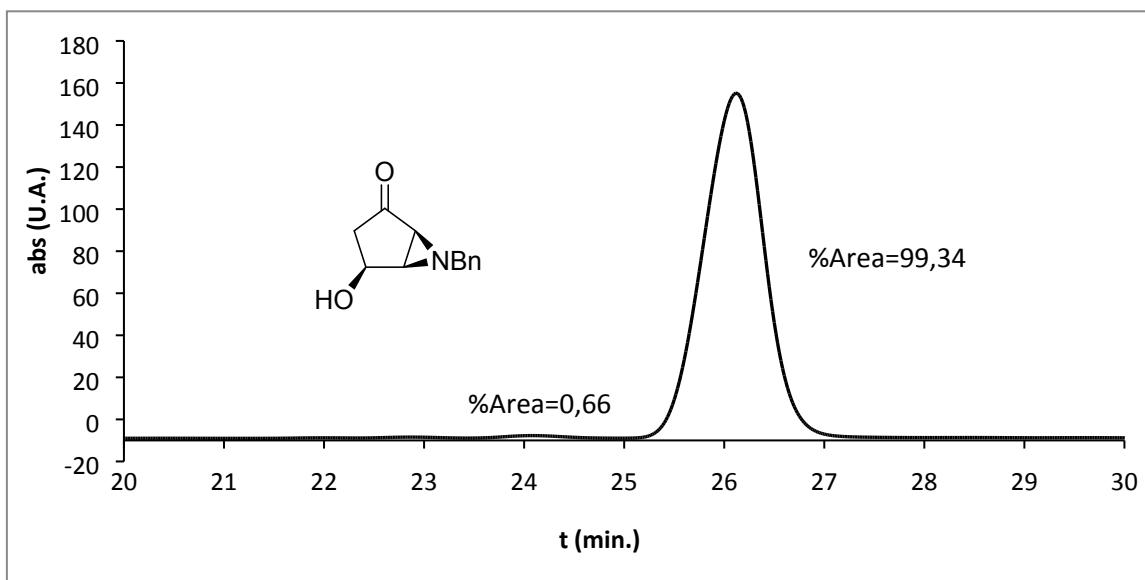
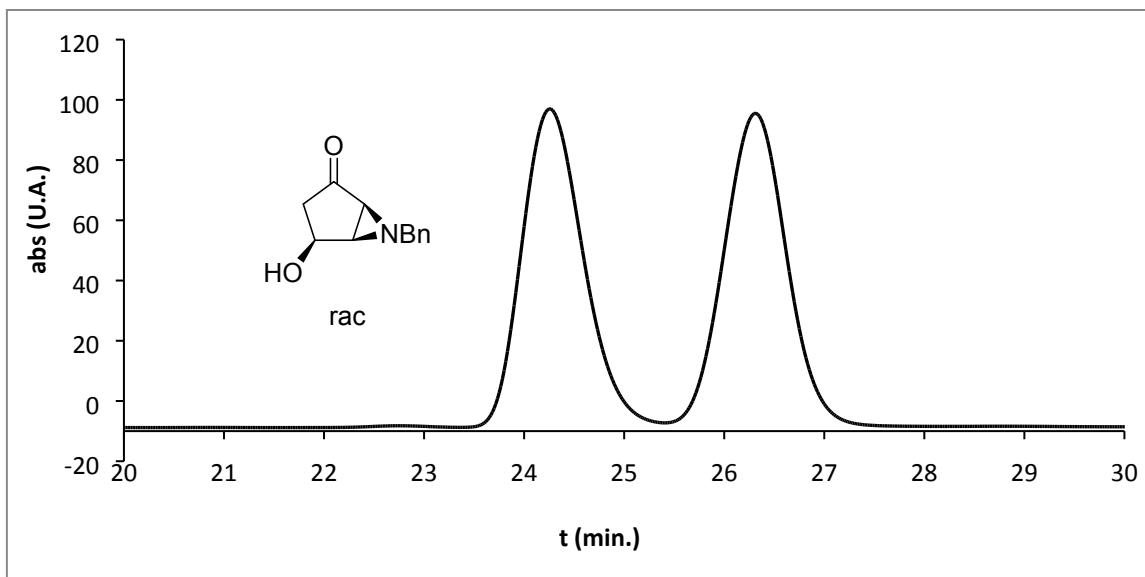




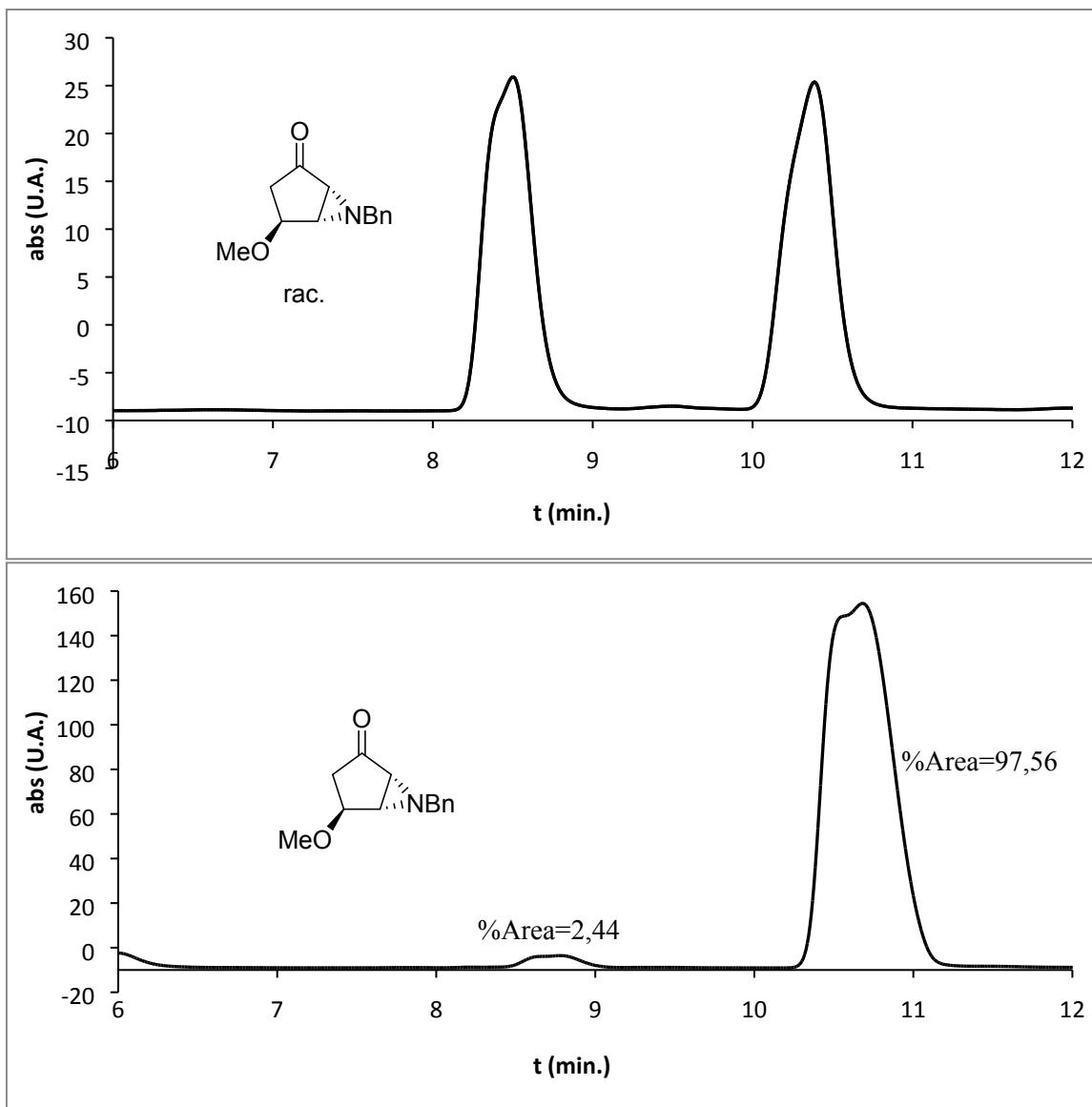




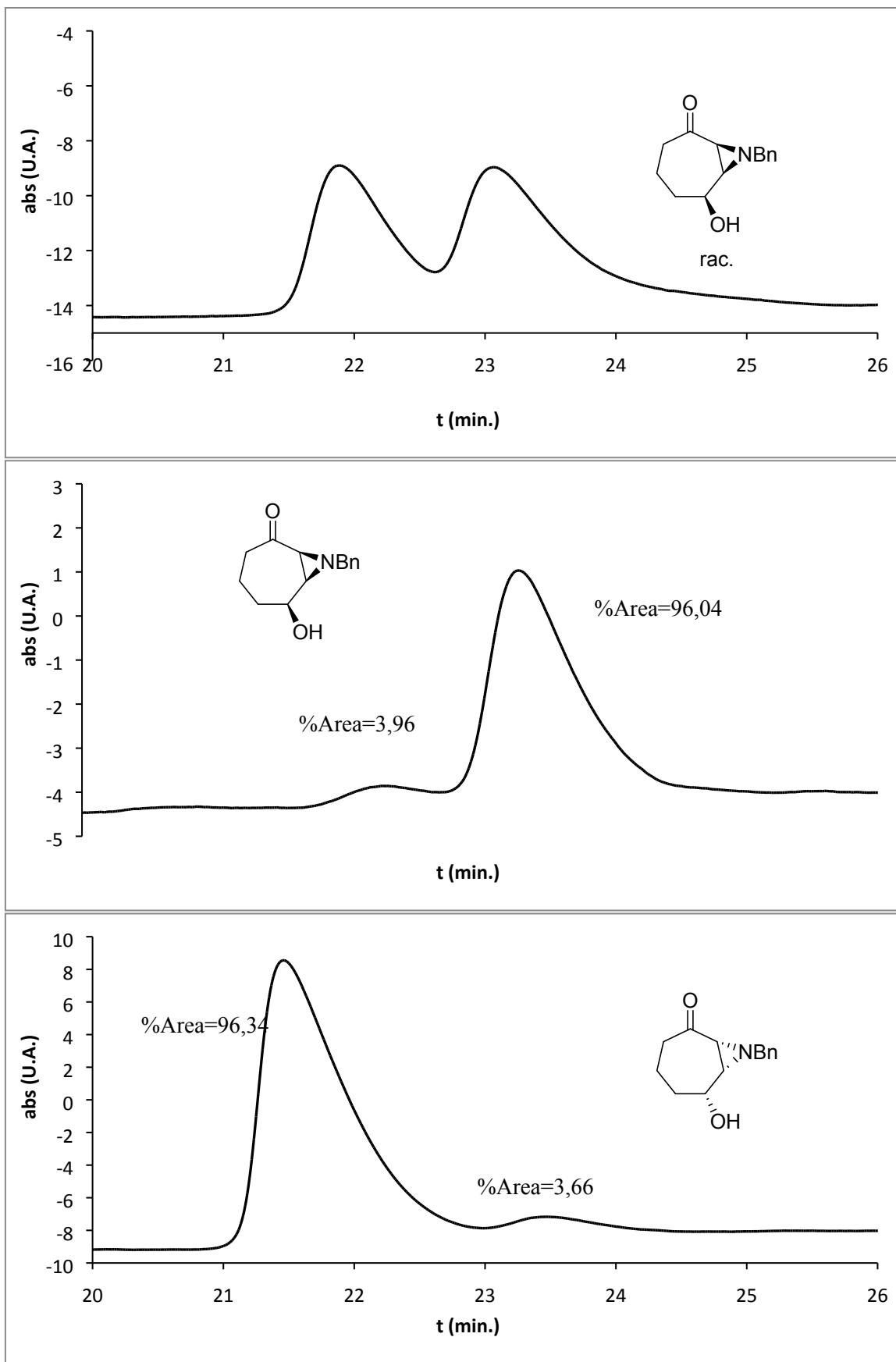
Elution conditions: AD-H; 95:5 hexane:isopropanol; 1.0ml.min<sup>-1</sup>; 237nm.



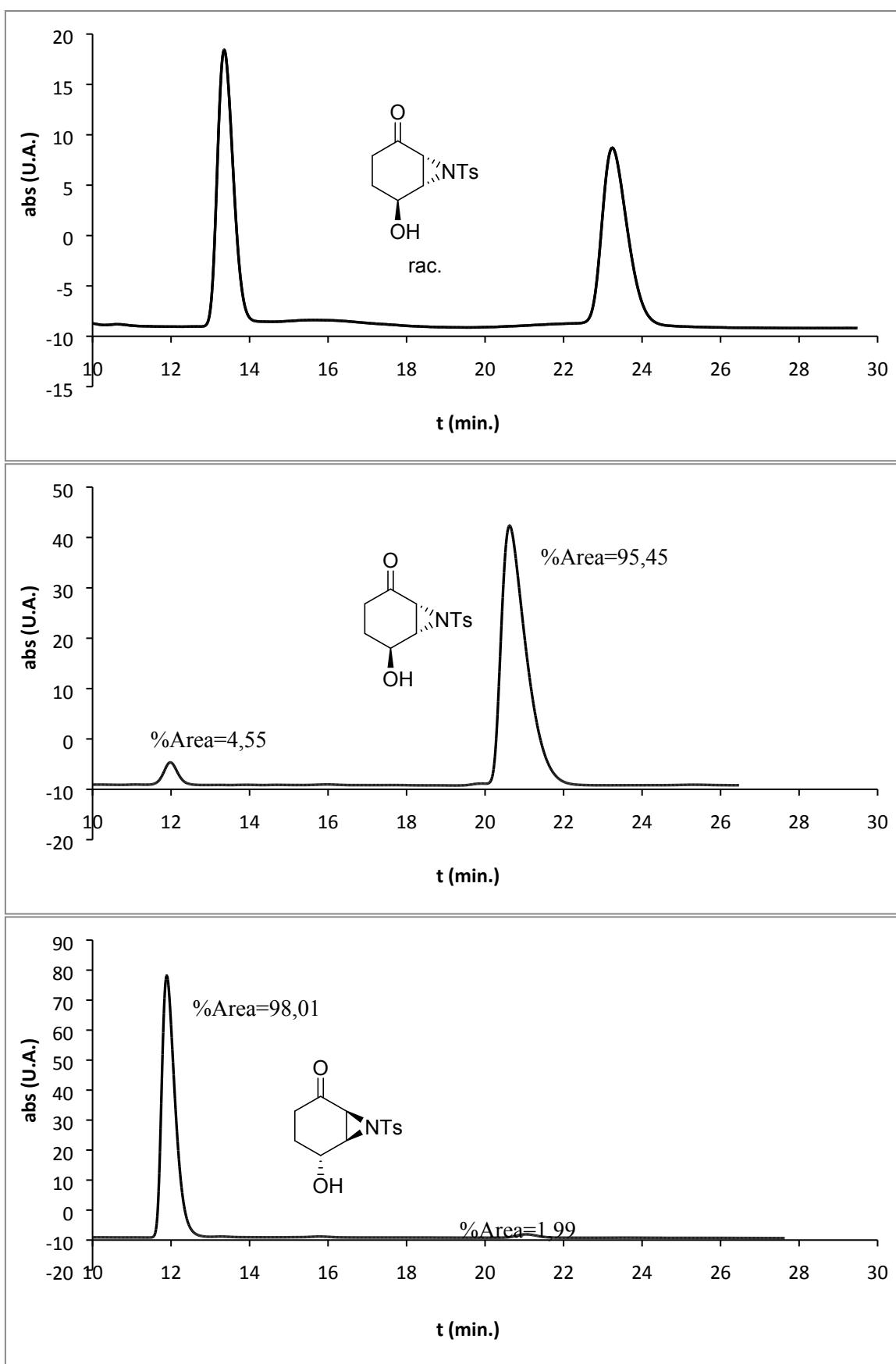
Elution conditions: AD-H; 95:5 hexane:isopropanol; 1.0ml.min<sup>-1</sup>; 237nm.



Elution conditions: AD-H; 95:5 hexane:isopropanol; 1.0ml.min<sup>-1</sup>; 237nm.



Elution conditions: IB; 98:2 hexane:isopropanol (0.1% Diethylamine); 2.0ml.min<sup>-1</sup>; 237nm.



Elution conditions: AD-H; 80:20 hexane:isopropanol; 1.0ml.min<sup>-1</sup>; 254nm.