

Supporting Information

Cu-catalyzed aerobic oxidative C-CN bond cleavage of benzyl cyanide for the synthesis of primary amides

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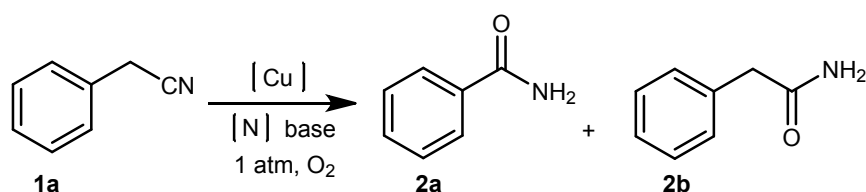
1. General remarks

All non-aqueous reactions and manipulations were performed in air atmosphere. All solvents were dried before use. The reactions were monitored by GC (7820A, Hubei University of Science and Technology) and GC-MS (QP2010, Hunan University). The ^1H NMR and ^{13}C NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker ADVANCE III spectrometer at 400 MHz and 100 MHz, respectively (Hubei University of Science and Technology). Flash column chromatography was performed using silica gel 40-70 μm (200-300 μm). Benzonitriles and substituted-arylacetonitrile were purchased from Energy Chemical, Alfa Aesar, Aladdin or Maya Reagent; were dried before use. The Cu salts and amines were purchased from Energy Chemical, Aladdin.

2. General procedure

5 mol% Cu salts, 0.2 mmol arylacetonitrile, 0.3 mmol N-source, 0.3 mmol base were dissolved in 2 mL CH_3CN under O_2 atmosphere and stirred at 120 $^\circ\text{C}$ in sealed tube (schleck tube which was sealed by a rubber septum). After completion of the reaction, the resulting solution was cooled to room temperature, washed with saturated HCl aqueous solution, and extracted with CHCl_3 three times. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous MgSO_4 , and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel and eluted with EtOAc/petroleum ether (1/2) to afford the desired product.

3. Optimization of reaction conditions^a



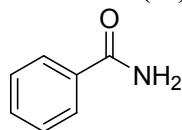
Entry	Cat	[N]	Base	Solvent	2a% ^c	2b% ^b
1	CuCl	$\text{NH}_3 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$	-	CH_3CN	35	20
2	$\text{Cu}(\text{OAc})_2$	$\text{NH}_3 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$	-	CH_3CN	25	30
3	CuO	$\text{NH}_3 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$	-	CH_3CN	40	41
4	CuCl_2	$\text{NH}_3 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$	-	CH_3CN	50	25
5	Cu_2O	$\text{NH}_3 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$	-	CH_3CN	50	31
6	Cu	$\text{NH}_3 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$	-	CH_3CN	43	35
7	Cu_2O	NH_4Cl	$\text{Ba}(\text{OH})_2$	CH_3CN	50	<1
8	Cu_2O	NH_4Cl	KOH	CH_3CN	58	<1
9	Cu_2O	NH_4Cl	$\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2$	CH_3CN	20	<1
10	Cu_2O	NH_4Cl	NaOH	CH_3CN	88	<1
11	CuCl	NH_4Cl	NaOH	CH_3CN	71	<1

12	CuCl ₂	NH ₄ Cl	NaOH	CH ₃ CN	65	<1
13	Cu(OAc) ₂	NH ₄ Cl	NaOH	CH ₃ CN	58	<1
14	CuBr	NH ₄ Cl	NaOH	CH ₃ CN	55	<1
15	CuBr ₂	NH ₄ Cl	NaOH	CH ₃ CN	62	<1
16	Cu	NH ₄ Cl	NaOH	CH ₃ CN	55	<1
17	Cu ₂ O	NH ₄ OAc	NaOH	CH ₃ CN	63	<1
18	Cu ₂ O	(NH ₄) ₂ SO ₄	NaOH	CH ₃ CN	50	<1
19	Cu ₂ O	(NH ₄) ₂ CO ₃	NaOH	CH ₃ CN	71	<1
20	Cu ₂ O	Urea	NaOH	CH ₃ CN	<1	<1
21	Cu ₂ O	NH ₄ Cl	-	CH ₃ CN	--	<1
22	-	NH ₄ Cl	NaOH	CH ₃ CN	--	<1
23	Cu ₂ O	NH ₄ Cl	NaOH	Toluene	20	<1
24	Cu ₂ O	NH ₄ Cl	NaOH	1,4-dioxane	33	<1
25	Cu ₂ O	NH ₄ Cl	NaOH	THF	36	<1
26	Cu ₂ O	NH ₄ Cl	NaOH	DMF	13	<1
27	Cu ₂ O	NH ₄ Cl	NaOH	DMSO	trace	<1
28	Cu ₂ O	NH ₄ Cl	NaOH	DCE	21	<1
29	Cu ₂ O	NH ₄ Cl	NaOH	C ₂ H ₅ OH	trace	<1
30 ^c	Cu ₂ O	NH ₄ Cl	NaOH	CH ₃ CN	trace	trace

^aReaction conditions: 2-phenylacetonitrile **1a** (0.2 mmol), cat (5 mol%), N source (0.3 mmol), base (0.4 mmol), CH₃CN (2 ml), in 25 mL schlenk tube, 120 °C, O₂ (1 atm), 30 h. ^bYields were determined by GC using *n*-hexadecane as an internal standard. ^cAir was used as oxidant.

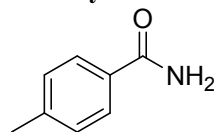
4. ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR data of products

benzamide (**2a**)¹



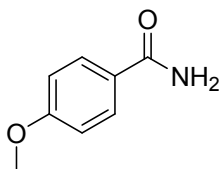
Following the general procedure (EtOAc/petroleum ether 1:2), **2a** was obtained as a white solid, isolated yield: 82%. ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*, 400 MHz): δ 8.04 (s, 1H), 7.88 (d, 1H, *J* = 7.6 Hz), 7.50 (d, 2H, *J* = 7.0 Hz), 7.43 (d, 2H, *J* = 7.6 Hz), 7.40 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (DMSO-*d*, 100 MHz): δ 168.7, 134.5, 131.8, 128.7, 127.9; GC-MS: *m/z*=121.

4-methylbenzamide (**2b**)¹



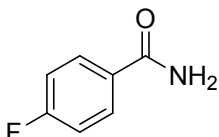
Following the general procedure (EtOAc/petroleum ether 1:2), **2b** was obtained as a white solid, isolated yield: 81%. ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*, 400 MHz): δ 7.73 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.0 Hz), 7.26 (d, 2H, *J* = 8.0 Hz), 6.19 (s, 2H), 2.42 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (DMSO-*d*, 100 MHz): δ 169.7, 142.6, 129.3, 129.1, 127.4, 21.5; GC-MS: *m/z*=135.

4-methoxybenzamide (**2c**)¹



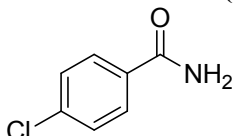
Following the general procedure (EtOAc/petroleum ether 1:2), **2c** was obtained as a white solid, isolated yield: 79%. ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*, 400 MHz): δ 7.78 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.4 Hz), 6.93 (d, 2H, *J* = 8.4 Hz), 5.94 (br, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (DMSO-*d*, 100 MHz): δ 168.9, 162.6, 129.3, 125.6, 113.8, 55.4; GC-MS: *m/z*=151.

4-fluorobenzamide (**2e**)¹



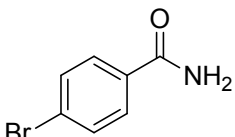
Following the general procedure (EtOAc/petroleum ether 1:2), **2e** was obtained as a white solid, isolated yield: 81%. ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*, 400 MHz): δ 8.02 (s, 1H), 7.93-7.97 (m, 2H), 7.42 (s, 1H), 7.26 (t, 2H, *J* = 8.4 Hz); ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, DMSO-*d*): δ -109.51 (s, F); ¹³C NMR (DMSO-*d*, 100 MHz): δ 167.4, 164.4 (d, *J* = 146.9 Hz), 131.1 (d, *J* = 2.9 Hz), 130.4 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz), 115.5 (d, *J* = 21.6 Hz); GC-MS: *m/z*=139.

4-chlorobenzamid (**2f**)¹



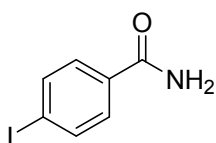
Following the general procedure (EtOAc/petroleum ether 1:2), **2f** was obtained as a white solid, isolated yield: 78%. ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*, 400 MHz): δ 8.05 (s, 1H), 7.82 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.4 Hz), 7.65 (d, 2H, *J* = 8.4 Hz), 7.46 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (DMSO-*d*, 100 MHz): δ 167.5, 133.9, 131.7, 130.1, 125.5; GC-MS: *m/z*=155.

4-bromobenzamide (**2g**)¹



Following the general procedure (EtOAc/petroleum ether 1:2), **2g** was obtained as a white solid, isolated yield: 83%. ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*, 400 MHz): δ 8.04 (s, 1H), 7.81 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.0 Hz), 7.65 (d, 2H, *J* = 8.0 Hz), 7.45 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (DMSO-*d*, 100 MHz): δ 167.4, 133.9, 131.7, 130.1, 125.5; GC-MS: *m/z*=198.

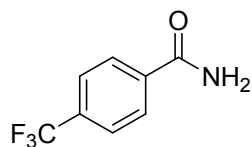
4-iodobenzamide (**2h**)²



Following the general procedure (EtOAc/petroleum ether 1:2), **2h** was obtained as a white solid, isolated yield: 69%. ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*, 400 MHz): δ 8.02 (s, 1H), 7.83

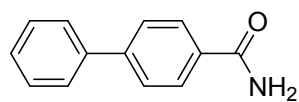
(d, 1H, $J = 8.4$ Hz), 7.65 (d, 2H, $J = 8.4$ Hz), 7.42 (s, 1H); ^{13}C NMR (DMSO- d , 100 MHz): δ 167.7, 137.6, 134.2, 129.9, 99.3; GC-MS: $m/z=246$.

4-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide (**2i**)¹



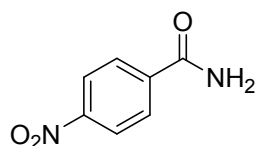
Following the general procedure (EtOAc/petroleum ether 1:2), **2i** was obtained as a white solid, isolated yield: 78%. ^1H NMR (DMSO- d , 400 MHz): δ 8.20 (s, 1H), 8.06 (d, 1H, $J = 8.4$ Hz), 7.82 (d, 2H, $J = 8.0$ Hz), 7.63 (s, 1H); ^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, DMSO- d): δ -61.38 (s, 3F); ^{13}C NMR (DMSO- d , 100 MHz): δ 167.2, 138.5, 131.6 (d, $J = 31.8$ Hz), 128.8, 125.6 (q, $J = 3.7$ Hz), 123.1; GC-MS: $m/z=189$.

[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-carboxamide (**2j**)¹



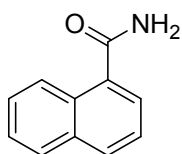
Following the general procedure (EtOAc/petroleum ether 1:2), **2j** was obtained as a white solid, isolated yield: 73%. ^1H NMR (DMSO- d , 400 MHz): δ 8.04 (s, 1H), 7.96 (d, 1H, $J = 8.0$ Hz), 7.73 (t, 2H, $J = 9.2$ Hz), 7.48 (t, 1H, $J = 7.2$ Hz), 7.41 (d, 1H, $J = 7.2$ Hz), 7.38 (s, 1H); ^{13}C NMR (DMSO- d , 100 MHz): δ 168.1, 143.2, 139.7, 133.5, 129.5, 128.8, 128.6, 128.5, 127.3, 126.9, 125.8; GC-MS: $m/z=197$.

4-nitrobenzamide (**2k**)¹



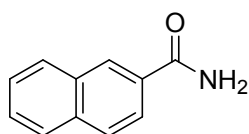
Following the general procedure (EtOAc/petroleum ether 1:2), **2k** was obtained as a white solid, isolated yield: 92%. ^1H NMR (DMSO- d , 400 MHz): δ 8.27 (t, 3H, $J = 8.4$ Hz), 8.06 (d, 2H, $J = 8.4$ Hz), 7.71 (s, 1H); ^{13}C NMR (DMSO- d , 100 MHz): δ 166.9, 149.5, 140.4, 129.4, 123.9; GC-MS: $m/z=166$.

1-naphthamide (**2l**)¹



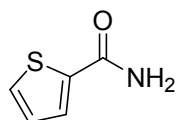
Following the general procedure (EtOAc/petroleum ether 1:2), **2l** was obtained as a white solid, isolated yield: 57%. ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz): δ 8.49 (s, 1H), 8.14 (s, 1H), 7.97-8.02 (m, 4H), 7.58-7.62 (m, 2H), 7.47 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 100 MHz): δ 168.8, 134.7, 132.6, 131.9, 129.3, 128.3, 128.2, 128.1, 128.0, 127.1, 124.9; GC-MS: m/z=171.

2-naphthamide(2m)¹



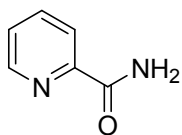
Following the general procedure (EtOAc/petroleum ether 1:2), **2m** was obtained as a white solid, isolated yield: 71%. ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz): δ 8.46 (d, 1H, *J* = 14.4 Hz), 8.20 (s, 1H), 7.95 (d, 4H, *J* = 14.0 Hz), 7.7 (t, 2H, *J* = 3.2 Hz), 7.49 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 100 MHz): δ 168.4, 134.6, 132.6, 131.9, 129.3, 128.32, 128.29, 128.1, 128.0, 127.2, 124.8; GC-MS: m/z=171.

thiophene-2-carboxamide (2n)¹



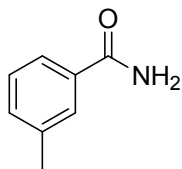
Following the general procedure (EtOAc/petroleum ether 1:2), **2n** was obtained as a white solid, isolated yield: 63%. ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz): δ 7.97 (s, 1H), 7.74 (t, 2H, *J* = 4.2 Hz), 7.38 (s, 1H), 7.13 (t, 1H, *J* = 4.4 Hz); ¹³C NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 100 MHz): δ 163.4, 140.8, 131.5, 129.1, 128.4; GC-MS: m/z=127.

Picolinamide (2o)¹



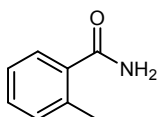
Following the general procedure (EtOAc/petroleum ether 1:2), **2o** was obtained as a white solid, isolated yield: 72%. ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz): δ 8.62 (d, 1H, *J* = 4.4 Hz), 8.13 (s, 1H), 8.04 (d, 1H, *J* = 7.6 Hz), 7.94 (t, 1H, *J* = 7.6 Hz), 7.66 (s, 1H), 7.58 (t, 1H, *J* = 6.0 Hz); ¹³C NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 100 MHz): δ 166.5, 150.7, 148.9, 138.1, 126.9, 122.4; GC-MS: m/z=122.

3-methylbenzamide (2p)¹



Following the general procedure (EtOAc/petroleum ether 1:2), **2p** was obtained as a white solid, isolated yield: 71%. ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz): δ 7.65 (s, 1H), 7.59 (t, 1H, *J* = 8.4 Hz), 7.29-7.33 (m, 2H), 6.42 (s, 2H); ¹³C NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 100 MHz): δ 170.1, 138.5, 133.4, 132.7, 128.5, 128.1, 124.3, 21.3; GC-MS: *m/z*=135.

2-methylbenzamide (**2q**)³



Following the general procedure (EtOAc/petroleum ether 1:2), **2q** was obtained as a white solid, isolated yield: 35%. ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz): δ 7.74 (s, 1H), 7.29-7.35 (m, 3H), 7.20 (t, 2H, *J* = 8.8 Hz); ¹³C NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 100 MHz): δ 172.0, 137.1, 135.6, 131.0, 129.8, 127.4, 126.0, 20.0; GC-MS: *m/z*=135.

5. References

1. S. U. Dighe and S. Batra, *Adv. Synth. Catal.*, 2016, **358**, 500-505.
2. S. Shimokawa, Y. Kawagoe, K. Moriyama and H. Togo, *Org. Lett.*, 2016, **18**, 784-787.
3. Y. Wang, K. Yamaguchi and N. Mizuno, *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.*, 2012, **51**, 7250-7253.

6. Copies of ^1H , ^{13}C NMR and ^{19}F NMR spectra

