

Support Information

Design of 3D WO₃/h-BN nanosheets nanocomposites for efficient visible-light-driven photocatalysis

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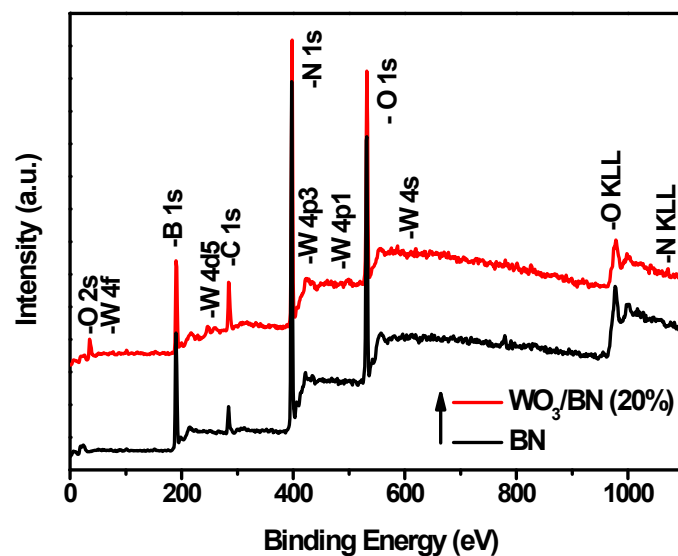


Fig. S1 XPS spectra of the 20% WO₃/BN nanocomposite.

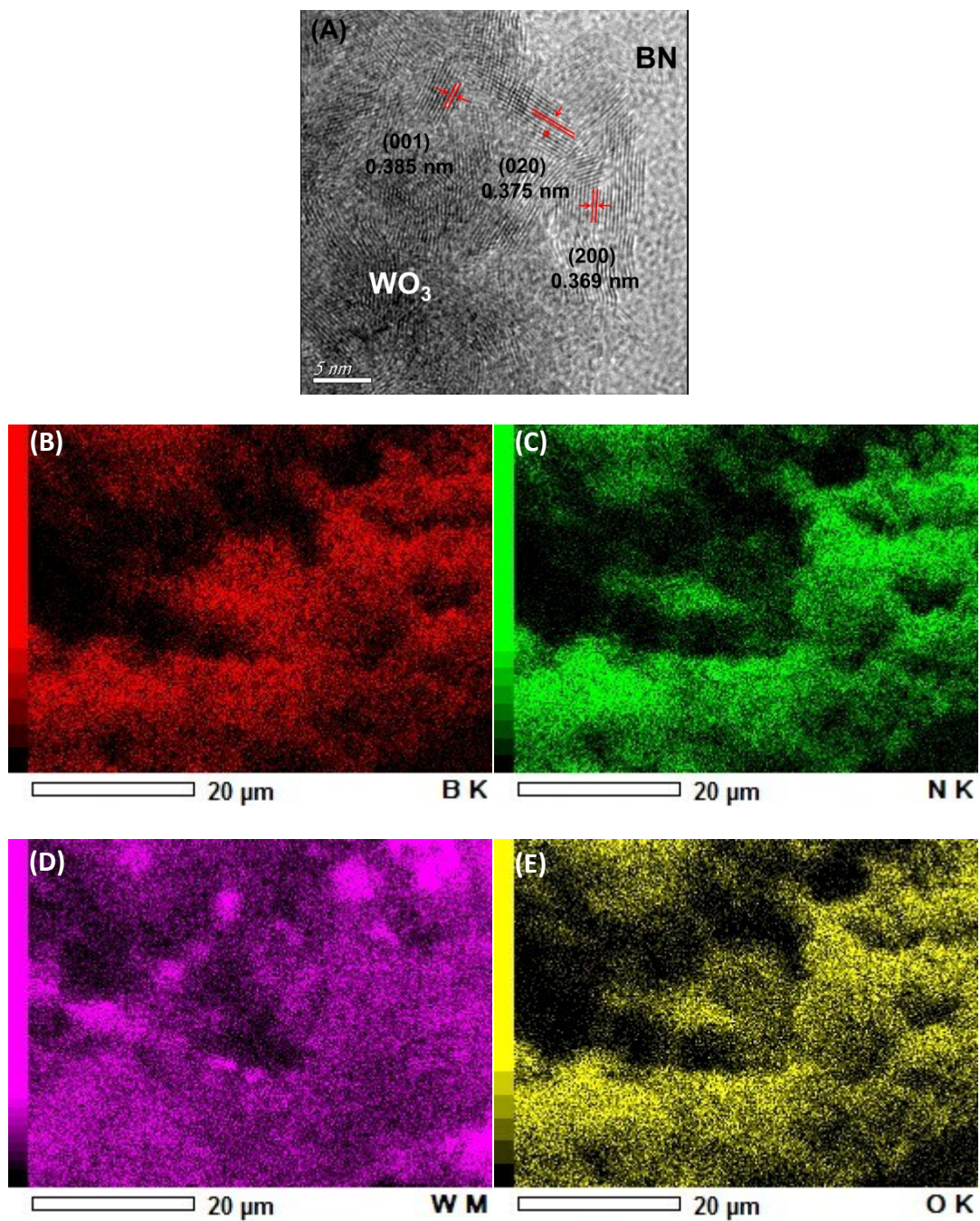
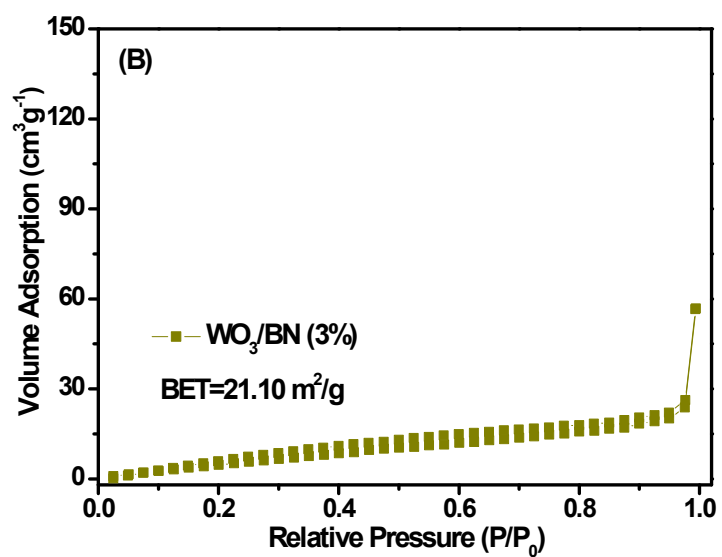
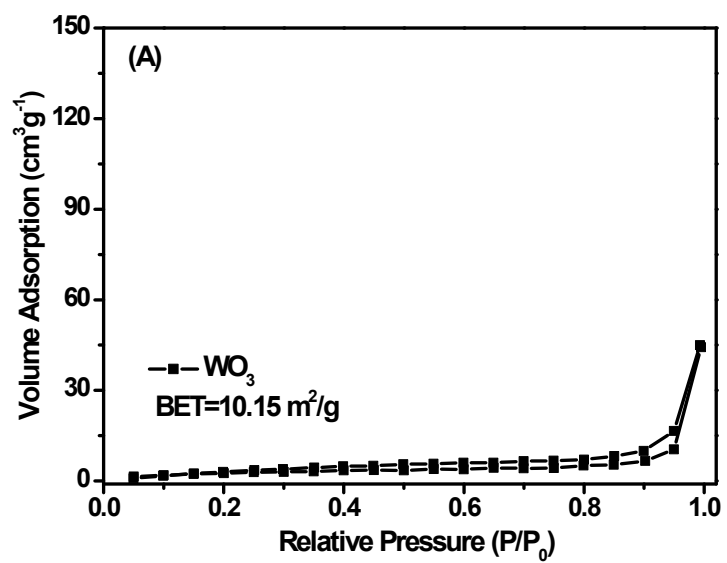
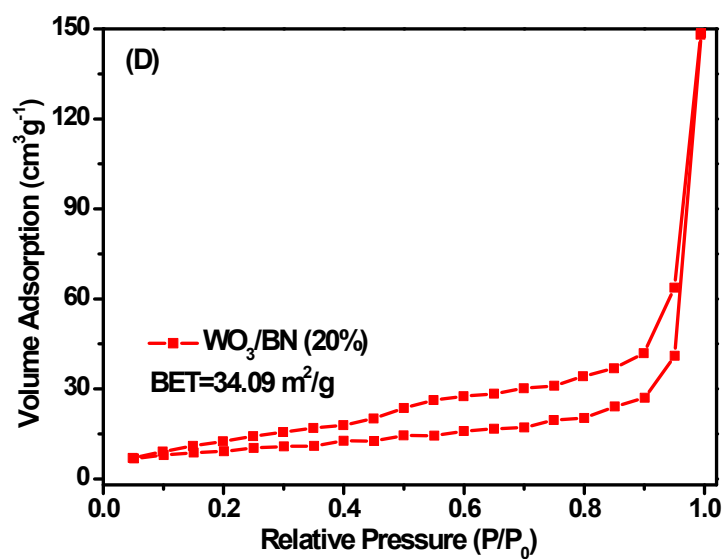
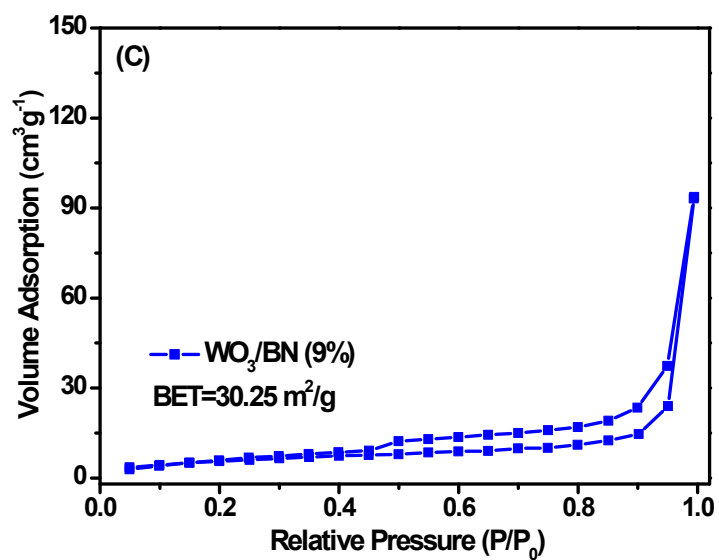


Fig. S2 (A) The HRTEM of the 20% WO₃/BN nanocomposite, and EDS maps of element (B) B, (C) N, (D) W, and (E) O, respectively.





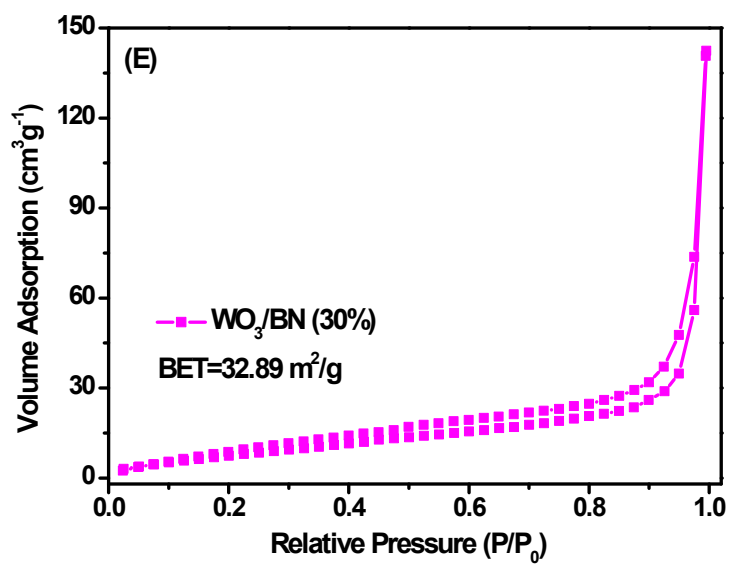


Fig. S3 Nitrogen adsorption-desorption isotherms of (A) WO_3 and WO_3/BN nanocomposites: (B) 3%; (C) 9%; (D) 20% and (E) 30%.

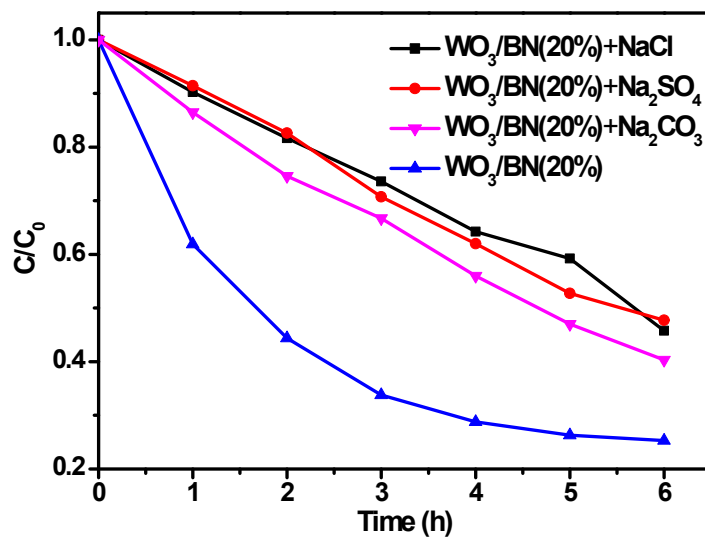


Fig. S4 The photocatalytic degradation performance of RhB in the presence of Cl⁻, SO₄²⁻, CO₃²⁻, respectively

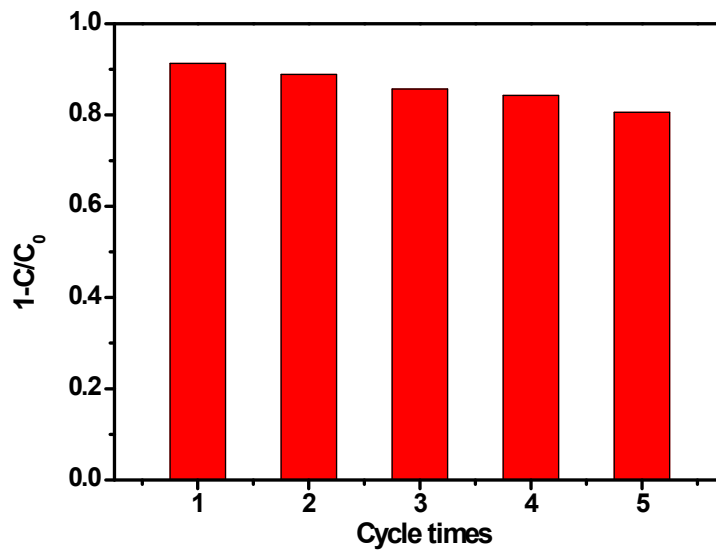
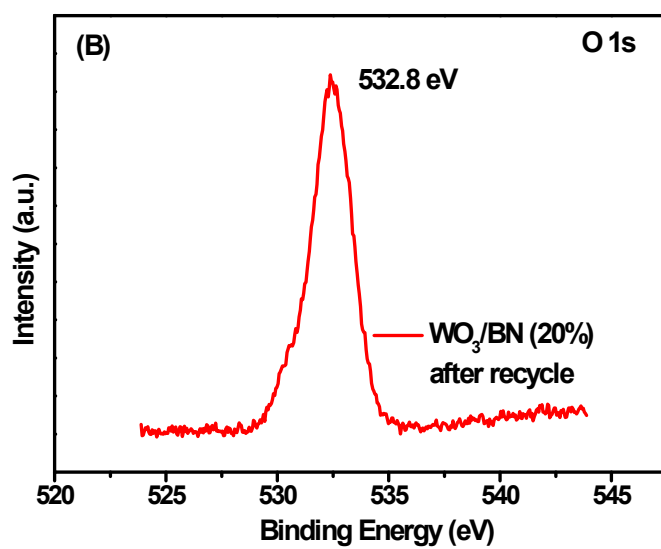
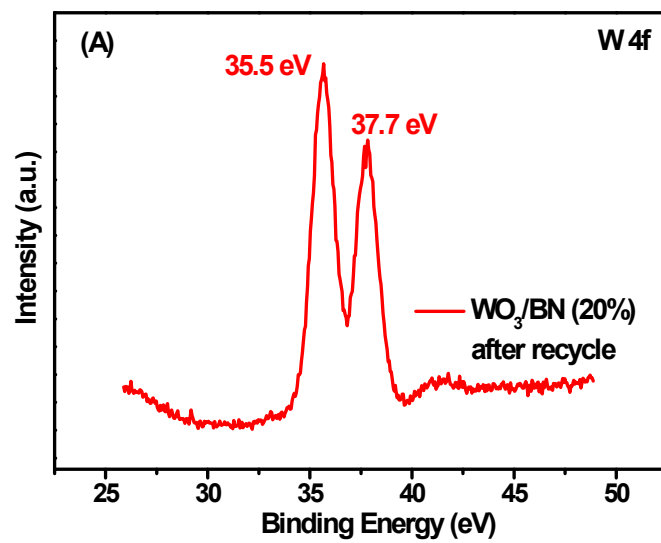


Fig. S5 Cycling runs of 20% WO₃/BN nanocomposite for the degradation of RhB.



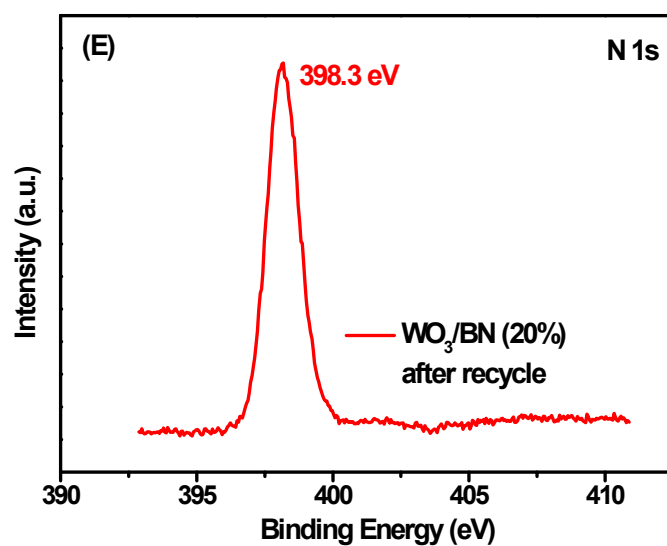
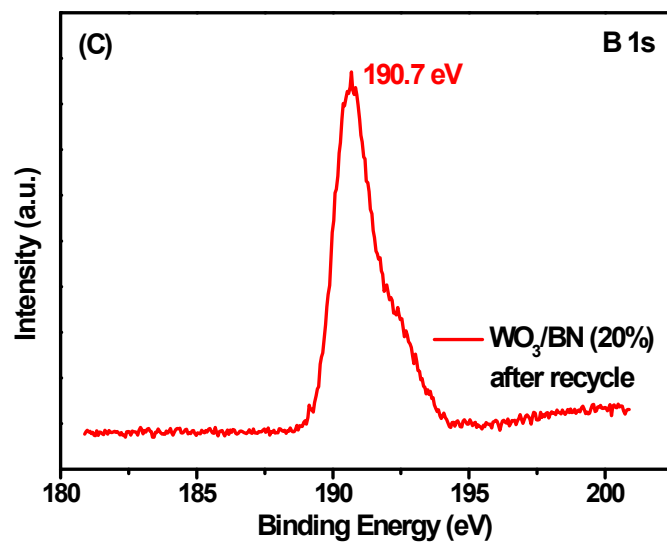


Fig. S6 High resolution XPS spectra of 20% WO₃/BN nanocomposite after recycle: (A) W 4f, (B) O 1s, (C) B 1s, (D) N 1s.