

Supporting Information

Fabrication and Interfacial Characteristics of

Surface Modified Ag Nanoparticle Based Conductive Composites

Yingsi Wu¹, Lun-De Liao², Han-Chi Pan², Leng He^{2,3}, Chin-Teng Lin⁴ and Mei Chee Tan^{1,*}

1. Engineering Product Development, Singapore University of Technology and Design, Singapore, 8 Somapah Rd, Singapore 487372.
2. Institute of Biomedical Engineering and Nanomedicine, National Health Research Institutes, 35 Keyan Rd., Zhunan Town, Miaoli County 35053, Taiwan, R.O.C.
3. Institute of Biomedical Engineering, National Chiao Tung University, 1001 Ta-Hsueh Road, Hsinchu 300, Taiwan, R.O.C.
4. Faculty of Engineering and Information Technology, University of Technology Sydney, City campus 15 Broadway, Sydney 2007, Australia.

*To whom correspondence should be addressed. Email: meichee.tan@sutd.edu.sg

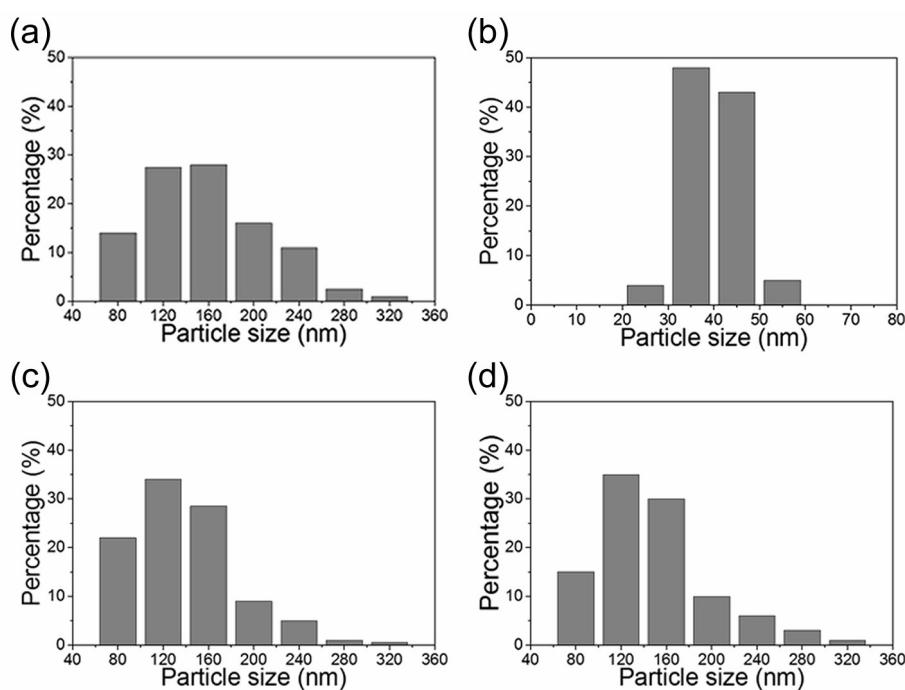


Figure S1 Size distribution of the as-synthesized (a) Ag-PAA, (b) Ag-PVP, (c) Ag-PAA-PVP (1:1) and (d) Ag-PAA-PVP (1:10) nanoparticles.

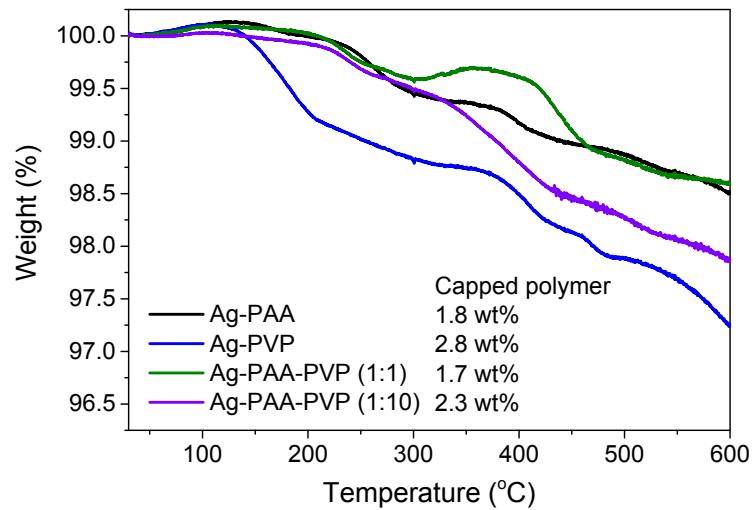


Figure S2 TGA profiles of Ag-PAA, Ag-PVP, Ag-PAA-PVP (1:1) and Ag-PAA-PVP (1:10) nanoparticles up to 600 °C under N₂ atmosphere.

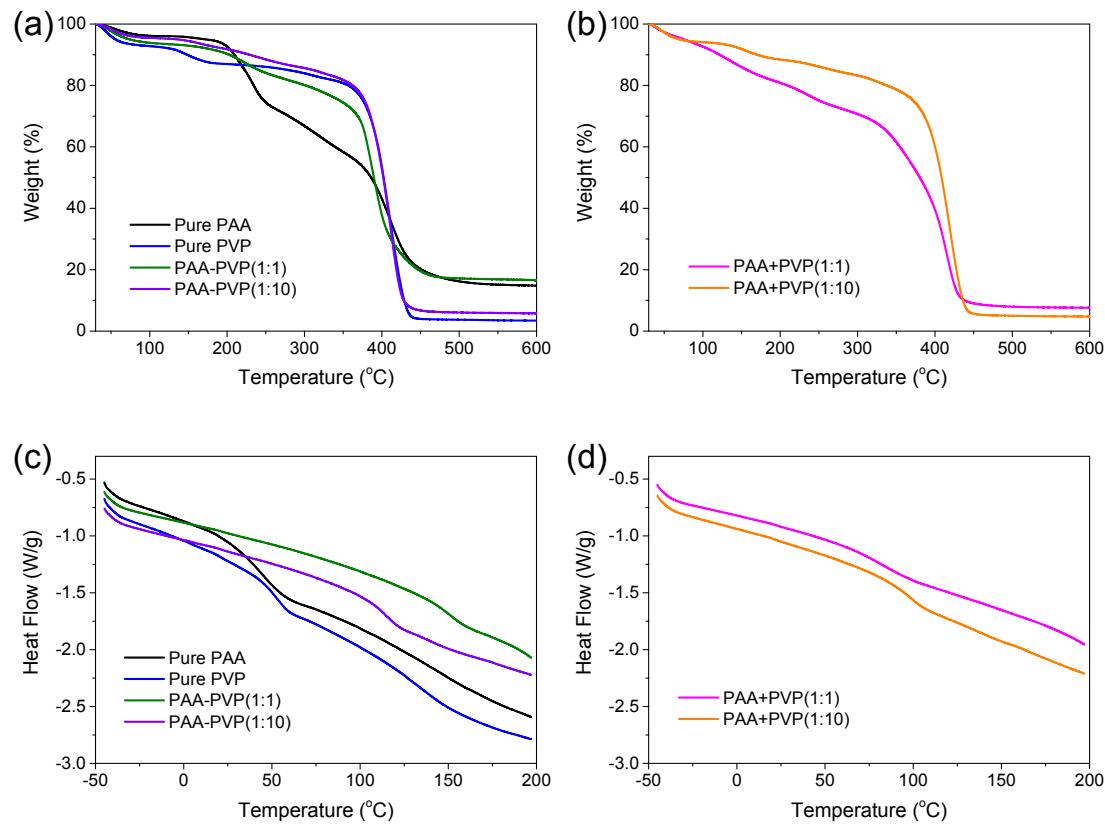


Figure S3 (a, b) Thermal behaviors for weight losses by TGA and (c, d) transition temperatures by DSC of pure PAA and PVP, complexes of PAA-PVP (1:1) and PAA-PVP (1:10), as well as physical blends of PAA+PVP (1:1) and PAA+PVP (1:10) in N₂ atmosphere.

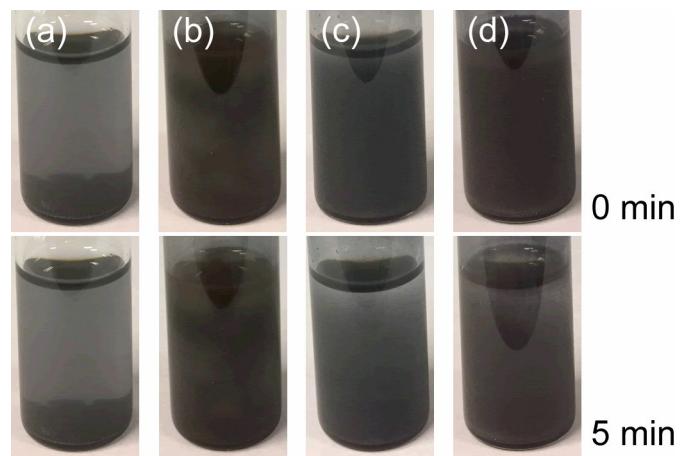


Figure S4 Optical photos of the suspensions containing toluene and (a) Ag-PAA, (b) Ag-PVP, (c) Ag-PAA-PVP (1:1) and (d) Ag-PAA-PVP (1:10) nanoparticles at the standing times of 0 min and 5 min.

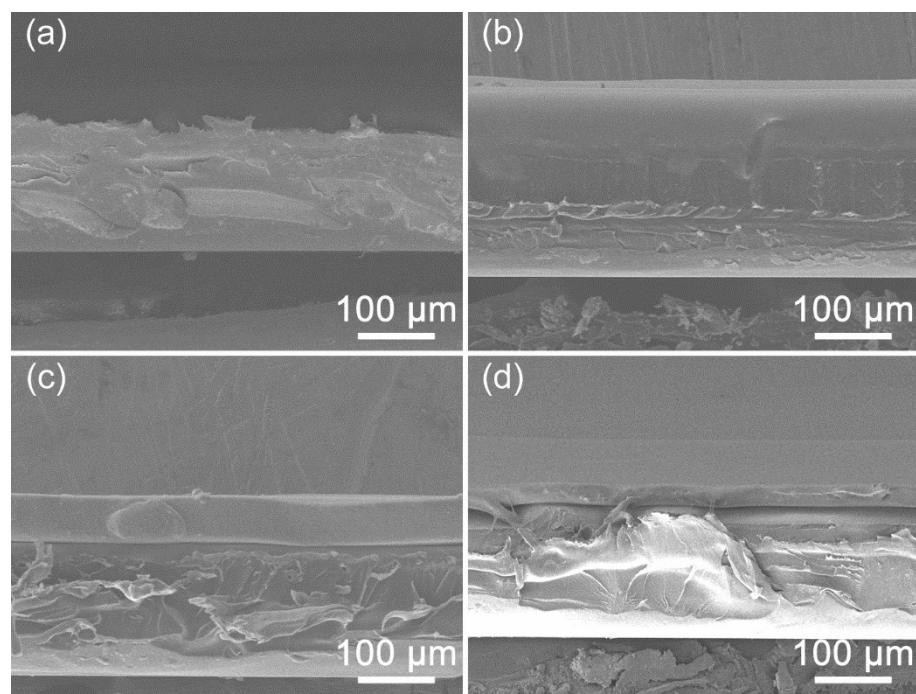


Figure S5 Low magnification cross-section SEM images of (a) Ag-PAA/PDMS, (b) Ag-PVP/PDMS, (c) Ag-PAA-PVP (1:1)/PDMS and (d) Ag-PAA-PVP (1:10)/PDMS composites.

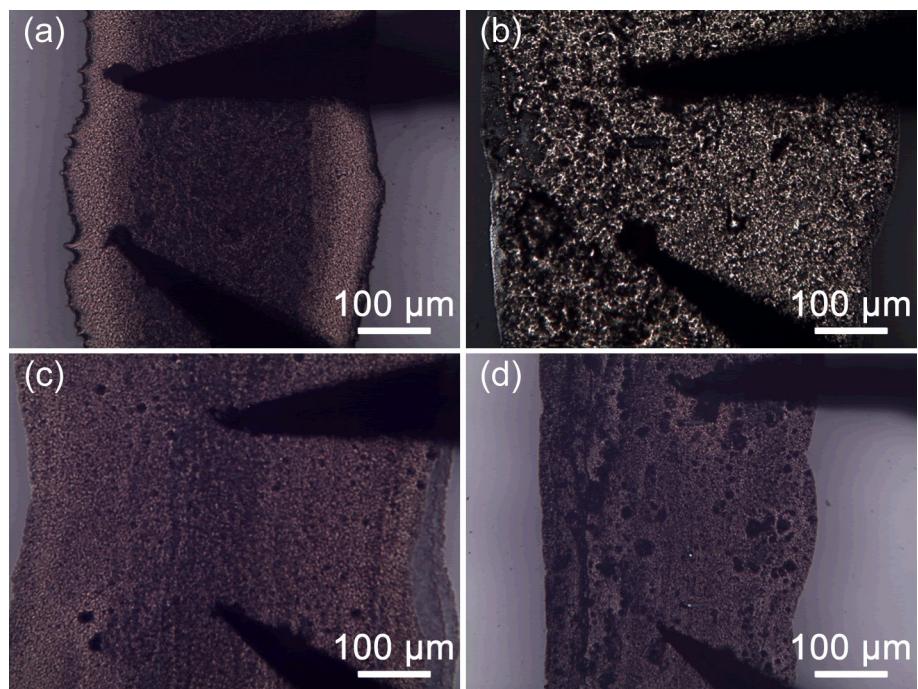


Fig. S6 Optical microscope images showing the positions of the 2 point probes for the as-printed (a) Ag-PAA, (b) Ag-PVP, (c) Ag-PAA-PVP (1:1) and (d) Ag-PAA-PVP (1:10) inks containing 40 wt% Ag particles on glass slides with probe station measurement.

Table S1 Particle sizes of the synthesized Ag-PAA, Ag-PVP, Ag-PAA-PVP (1:1) and Ag-PAA-PVP (1:10) nanoparticles according to SEM observation and DLS measurements.

Samples	SEM Diameter (nm)	DLS Diameter (nm)	Thickness, radii difference (nm)
Ag-PAA	158 ± 52	195 ± 4.5	18.5
Ag-PVP	40 ± 5.5	70 ± 1.3	15
Ag-PAA-PVP (1:1)	138 ± 46	173 ± 4.9	17.5
Ag-PAA-PVP (1:10)	149 ± 50	186 ± 5.5	18.5

Table S2 Elemental analysis results of Ag-PAA, Ag-PVP, Ag-PAA-PVP (1:1) and Ag-PAA-PVP (1:10) PDMS composites determined by EDS.

Samples	Ag (at%)	O (at%)	Si (at%)
Ag-PAA	0.9	38.8	57.1
Ag-PVP	14.3	44.0	38.5
Ag-PAA-PVP (1:1)	14.2	42.1	40.3
Ag-PAA-PVP (1:10)	16.1	42.6	38.1

Table S3 Two-point probe measurements of the intrinsic linear resistivity of our surface modified nanoparticles. Distance, cross-section area, measured resistance, calculated resistivity and calculated conductivity of the printed Ag-PAA, Ag-PVP, Ag-PAA-PVP (1:1) and Ag-PAA-PVP (1:10) lines.

Samples	Distance/L (μm)	Area/S (μm ²)	Resistance/R (Ω)	Resistivity/ρ (μΩ.cm)	Conductivity/σ (S/cm)
Ag-PAA	235	1376	1.95×10 ⁷	1.14×10 ⁶	8.74×10 ⁻¹
Ag-PVP	175	1792	2.62×10 ⁵	2.03×10 ⁴	4.92×10 ¹
Ag-PAA-PVP (1:1)	270	2408	1.37×10 ⁷	1.22×10 ⁶	8.18×10 ⁻¹
Ag-PAA-PVP (1:10)	350	2812	1.61×10 ⁷	1.30×10 ⁶	7.72×10 ⁻¹