

Supplementary Information

Adsorptive removal of aqueous bezafibrate by magnetic ferrite modified carbon nanotubes

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Table. S1 Physicochemical properties and structure of BZF.

Chemical name	Mr	$\log K_{\text{ow}}$	CAS DataBase	Chemical structure
Bezafibrate (C ₁₉ H ₂₀ ClNO ₄)	361.82	4.25	41859-67-0	<p>The chemical structure of Bezafibrate is shown. It consists of a central carbon atom bonded to a hydroxyl group (-OH) and a phenyl ring. The phenyl ring is substituted with a chlorine atom (-Cl) at the para position. Attached to the central carbon atom is also a nitrogen atom, which is part of a carbonyl group (-C=O-NH-). A methyl group (-CH₃) is attached to the nitrogen atom.</p>

Table. S2 Surface chemistry of MFe₂O₄/CNTs determined by the Boehm titration method

Adsorbents	Carboxyl (mmol/g)	Lactonic (mmol/g)	Phenolic (mmol/g)	Total acidic groups (mmol/g)	Total basic groups (mmol/g)	pH _{PZC}
MnFe ₂ O ₄ /CNTs	1.87	0.37	0.20	2.44	1.47	3.5
CoFe ₂ O ₄ /CNTs	1.63	0.27	0.23	2.13	1.35	4.0

Table. S3 Parameters of Dubinin–Radushkevich isotherm for BZF adsorption on MFe₂O₄/CNTs. (adsorbent dosage 0.02 g, neutral pH and temperature 25 °C)

Adsorbents	q _e (mg/g)	C _e (mg/L)	ε ²	ln q _e	q _m (mg/g)	ln q _m	K (mol ² ·kJ ²)	E (kJ/mol)
MnFe ₂ O ₄ /CNTs	30.11	13.90	7.05	3.40	35.50	3.57	0.02	4.63
CoFe ₂ O ₄ /CNTs	24.49	15.02	6.98	3.20	29.10	3.37	0.02	4.50

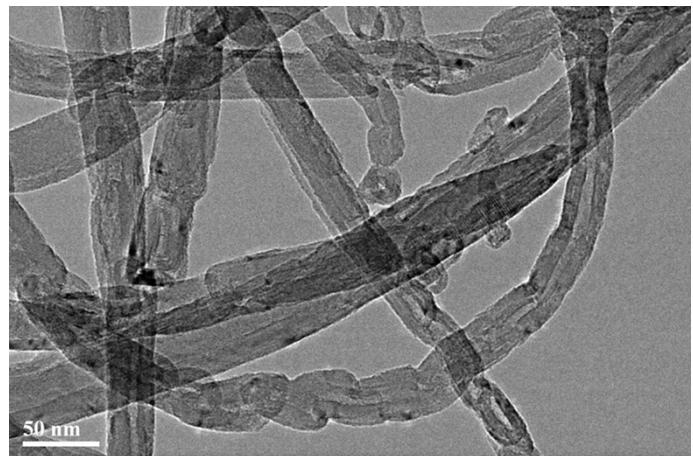


Fig. S1 TEM micrographs of CNTs.

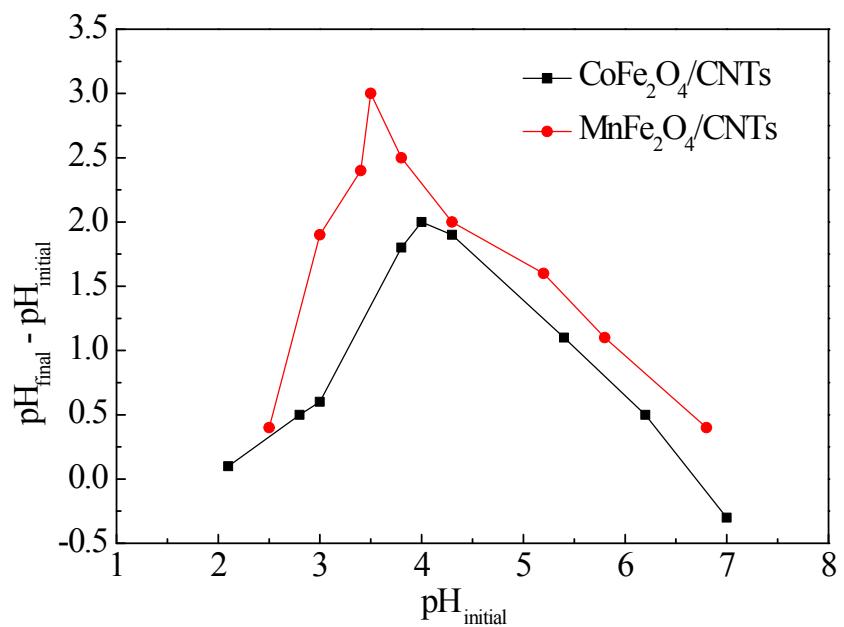


Fig. S2 pH_{PZC} studies plot of MFe₂O₄/CNTs.

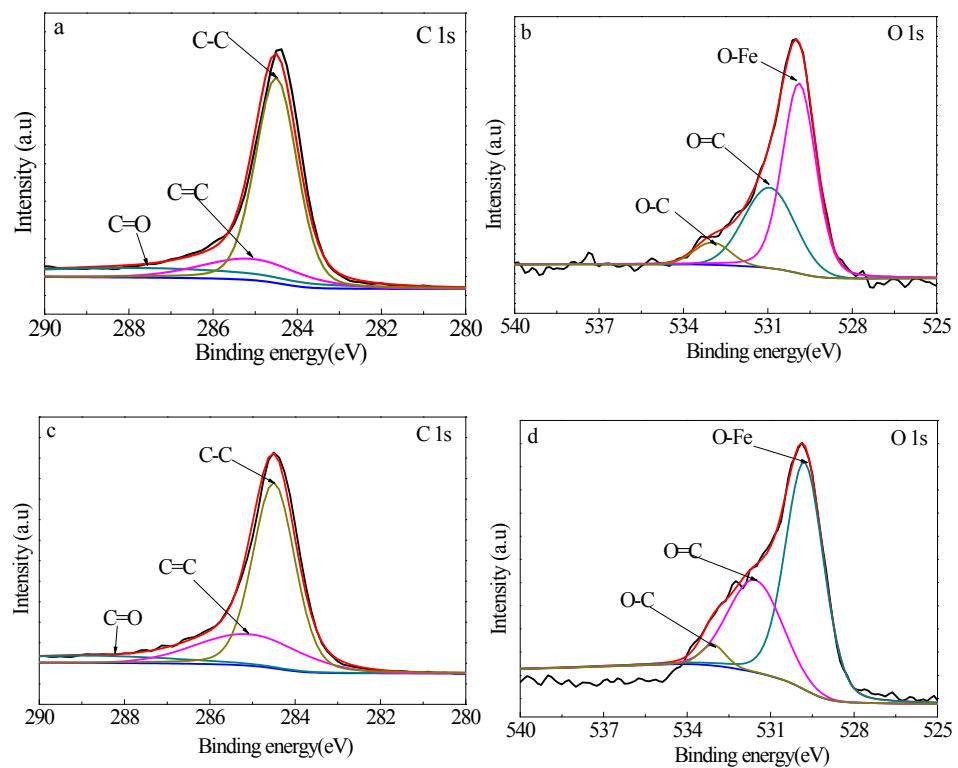


Fig. S3 The C 1s deconvolution (a) and the O 1s deconvolution (b) of MnFe₂O₄/CNTs; the C 1s deconvolution (c) and the O 1s deconvolution (d) of CoFe₂O₄/CNTs.