

Supporting information

Preparation of electrolyzed oxidizing water with platinum electrode prepared by magnetron sputtering

Shaonan Wei, Liubin Shi, Zhandong Ren*, Ailian Zhang, Ruoxi ming, Bo Chai and Yuchan Zhu*

School of Chemical and Environmental Engineering, Wuhan Polytechnic University, Wuhan,
430023, P. R. China.

E-mail:renzhandong@163.com; zhuyuchan@163.com

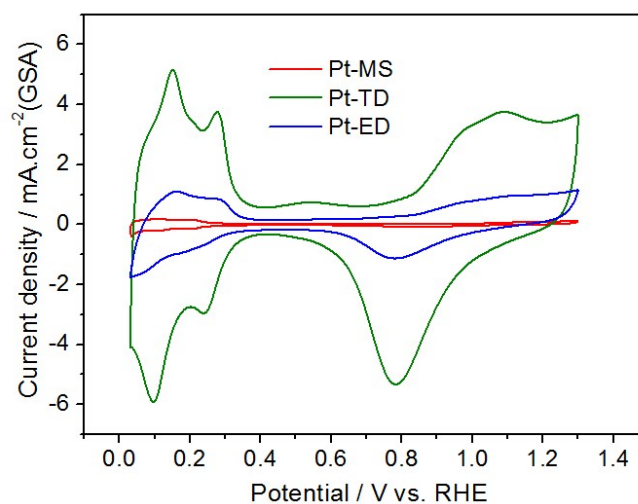


Fig. S1† Cyclic voltammograms of Pt-MS (red), Pt-TD (green) and Pt-ED (blue) electrodes in 0.5 mol·L⁻¹ H₂SO₄ solution at a sweeping rate of 50 mV s⁻¹.

Table S1† Sterilization effect of EO water prepared by Pt-MS, Pt-TD and Pt-ED electrodes

Bacteria	Electrode	ACC of EO Water /mg L ⁻¹	Killing rate / %	Killing logarithm value / log CFU mL ⁻¹
<i>Escherichia coli</i>	Pt-MS	81	99.99995	6.32
	Pt-TD	62	99.99995	6.30
	Pt-ED	49	99.99994	6.21
<i>Bacillus subtilis var. niger</i>	Pt-MS	81	99.90781	3.04
	Pt-TD	62	99.86003	2.85
	Pt-ED	49	99.66756	2.48

Note: *Escherichia coli*: Initial bacteria concentration 9.18 log CFU mL⁻¹, killing time 1 min;
Bacillus subtilis var. niger: Initial bacteria concentration 6.87 log CFU mL⁻¹, killing time 15 min.