

## Supporting Materials

### **A light-responsive multienzyme complex by combining cascade enzymes within a peptide-based matrix**

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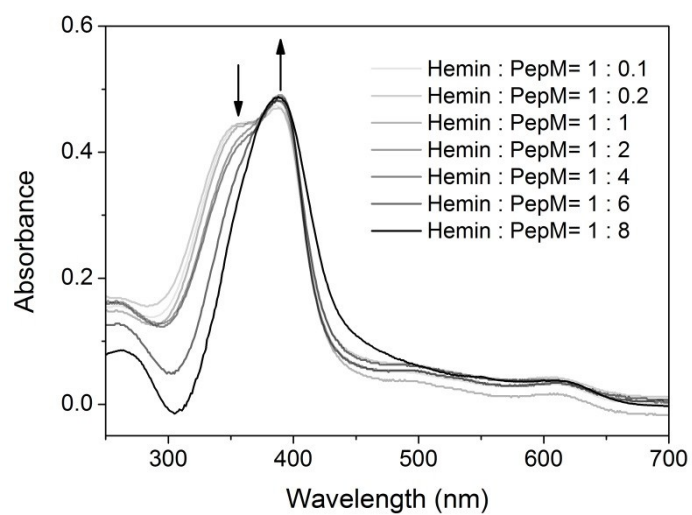
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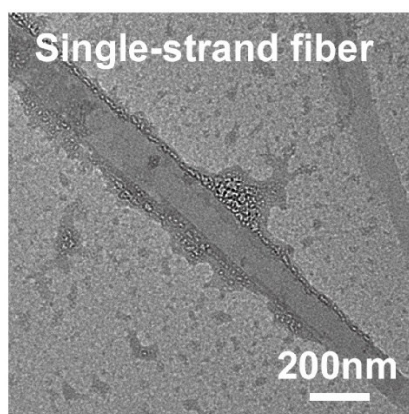
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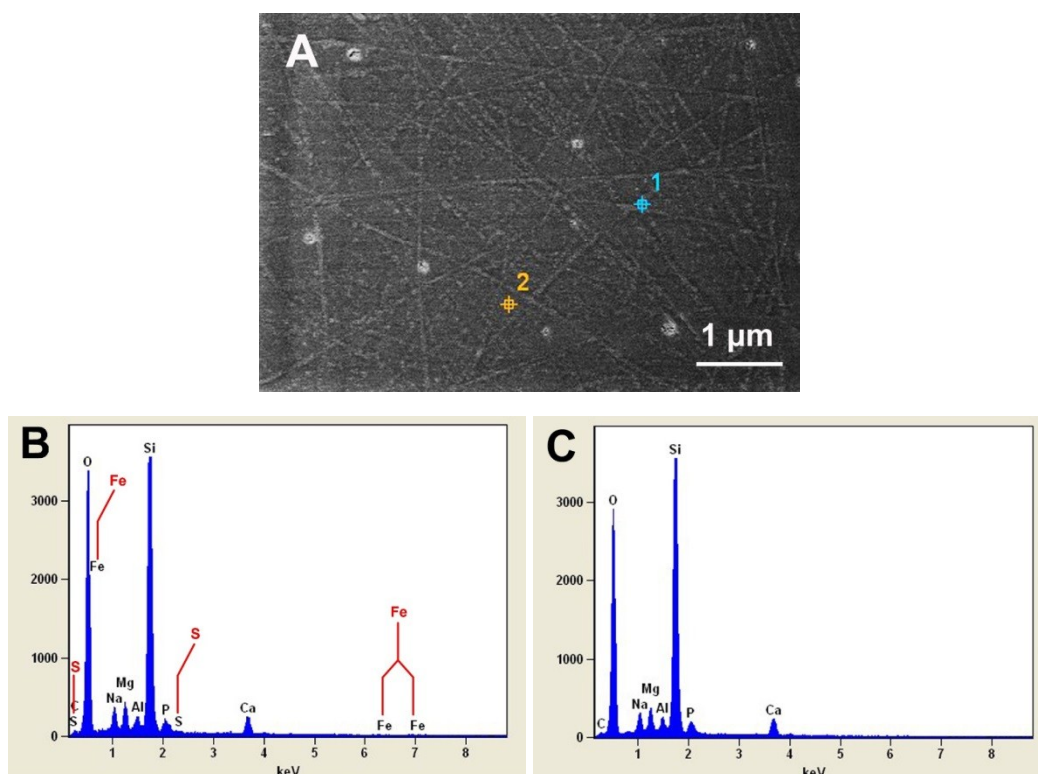
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**Fig S1** Titration of hemin with different concentrations of PepM.



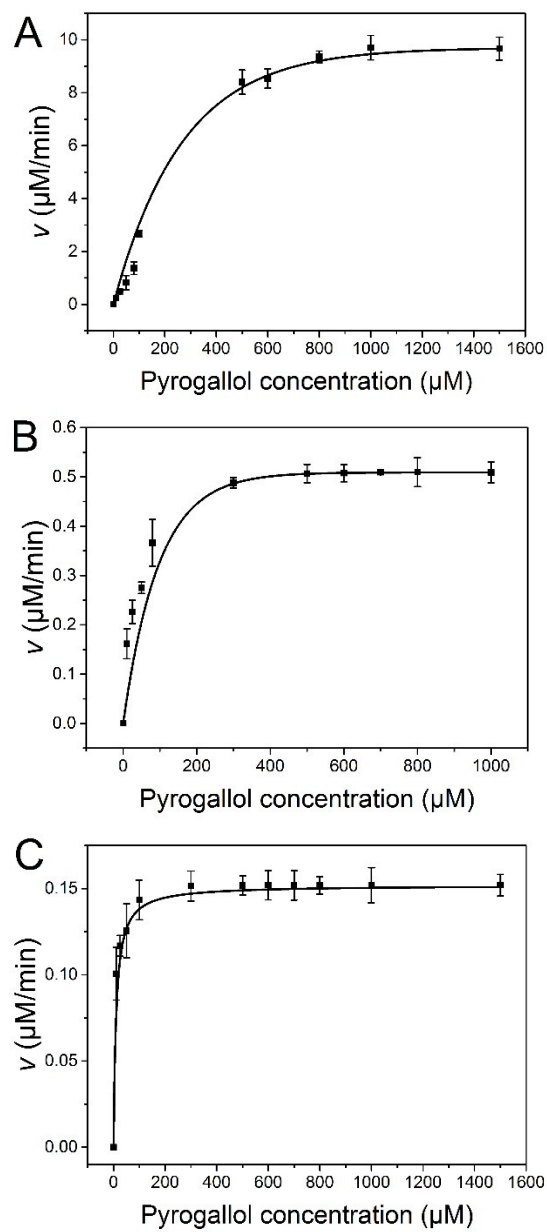
**Fig S2** The morphology of single-strand nanofiber in GOx&hemin@PepM.



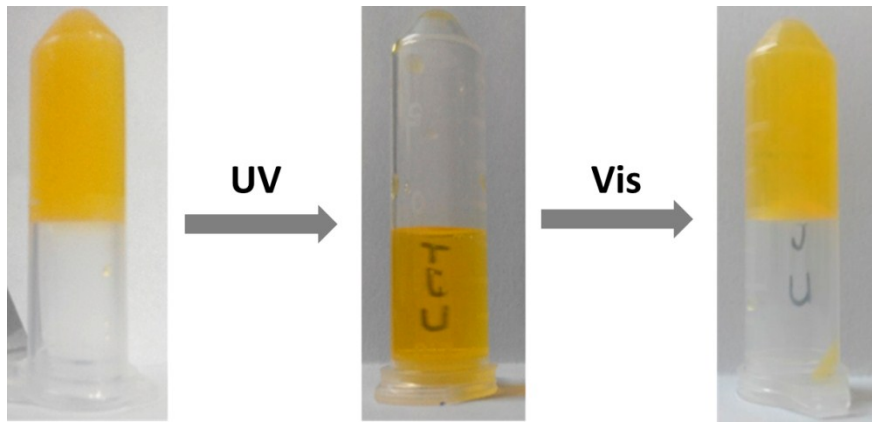
**Fig. S3** (A) Scanning area of EDX analysis. *POINT 1* is the crossing area of the GOx&hemin@PepM nanofibers. *POINT 2* is the blank space exposing the glass substrate slide. (B) EDX analysis of *POINT 1*. (C) EDX analysis of *POINT 2*.

As shown in Fig. S1, point scanning EDX analysis was used on the cross point of nanofibers (*POINT 1*) and blank area (*POINT 2*). Both areas showed high peaks at  $\sim 0.4$  keV,  $\sim 1.8$  keV and  $\sim 3.7$  keV, indicating the presence of O, Si and Ca respectively, which are rich in glass substrate slides. Compared with *POINT 2*, the characteristic Fe and S peaks can be detected at *POINT 1*, confirming the residence of GOx and hemin in this area.

For iron, there are three peaks at  $\sim 0.5$  keV and 6-7keV, corresponding to the energy excitation from different electronic shells of iron atoms. The resulting element Wt.% of iron and sulfur are approximately 0.04% and 0.06%, approximately in agreement with the initial concentration of these two elements.



**Fig. S4** Kinetic analysis of GOx&hemin@PepM. Reaction was measured at room temperature using 150  $\mu\text{L}$  of multienzyme complex in 800  $\mu\text{L}$  PBS (50mM, pH7.4) with the fixed glucose concentration of (A) 5 mM, (B) 0.3 mM and (C) 0.03 mM.



**Fig. S5** Hydrogel-solution transformation of GOx&hemin@PepM under UV and visible light irradiation.