## Supporting Information

# Electrochromism and electrochemical properties of complexes of transition metal ions with benzimidazole-based ligand 

Monika Wałęsa-Chorab, ${ }^{\text {a* }}$ Radosław Banasz, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Damian Marcinkowski, ${ }^{\text {a,b }}$ Maciej Kubicki, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Violetta Patroniak ${ }^{\text {a }}$
${ }^{a}$ Faculty of Chemistry, Adam Mickiewicz University, Umultowska 89b, 61614 Poznań, Poland
${ }^{b}$ Current address: Institute of Technology and Life Sciences, Biskupińska 67, 60-463 Poznań, Poland
*Corresponding author: E-mail: mchorab@amu.edu.pl; Fax: +48 618291508; Tel: +48 618291772

## Table of contents

Figure S1. Spectral changes of 1 in dehydrated and deaerated acetonitrile with $0.1 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{TBAPF}_{6}$ as a supporting electrolyte by applying $+1200(\boldsymbol{\bullet}),+1300(\bullet),+1400(\mathbf{\Delta}),+1500(\boldsymbol{\nabla})$ and $+1600 \mathrm{mV}(\bullet)$ potentials versus $\mathrm{Ag} / \mathrm{AgCl}$ gel reference electrode held for 30 s per potential. Insert: photographs of the original (left) and electrochemically oxidized (right) 1 by applying a potential for 1 min . .3
Figure S2. Spectral changes of 3 in dehydrated and deaerated acetonitrile with $0.1 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{TBAPF}_{6}$ as a supporting electrolyte by applying $0(\square),-500(\bullet),-600(\mathbf{\Delta})$ and $-700 \mathrm{mV}(\boldsymbol{\nabla})$ potentials versus $\mathrm{Ag} / \mathrm{AgCl}$ gel reference electrode held for 30 s per potential. Insert: photographs of the original (left) and electrochemically reduced (right) 3 by applying a potential for 1 min .
Figure S3. Spectral changes of 4 in dehydrated and deaerated acetonitrile with $0.1 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{TBAPF}_{6}$ as a supporting electrolyte by applying $0(\boldsymbol{\square}),-500(\bullet),-600(\mathbf{A}),-700(\boldsymbol{V})$ and $-800 \mathrm{mV}(\diamond)$ potentials versus $\mathrm{Ag} / \mathrm{AgCl}$ gel reference electrode held for 30 s per potential. Insert: photographs of the original (left) and electrochemically reduced (right) 4 by applying a potential for 1 min. . .4
Figure S4. Spectral changes of 5 in dehydrated and deaerated acetonitrile with $0.1 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{TBAPF}_{6}$ as a supporting electrolyte by applying $+400(\boldsymbol{\square}),+500(\bullet),+600(\boldsymbol{\Delta}),+700(\boldsymbol{\nabla}),+800(*),+1000(\$)$, $+1100(\circ),+1200(\square)$ and $+1300 \mathrm{mV}(\Delta)$ potentials versus $\mathrm{Ag} / \mathrm{AgCl}$ gel reference electrode held for 30 s per potential. Insert: photographs of the original (left) and electrochemically oxidized (right) 5 by applying a potential for 1 min . .4
Figure S5. The cyclic voltammogram ( $2^{\text {nd }}$ cycle) of Mn (II) complex 6 measured in anhydrous and deaerated acetonitrile with $0.1 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{TBAPF}_{6}$ as a supporting electrolyte at a scan rate $100 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{s}$ scanned in the negative direction. .....  .5
Figure S11. Changes in transmittance of $\mathrm{Cu}(\mathrm{II})$ complex 2 measured in anhydrous and deaerated acetonitrile with $0.1 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{TBAPF}{ }_{6}$ as a supporting electrolyte and monitored at 420 nm when switching between -400 mV and +200 mV potential at 60 s cycles. .....  5
Figure S12. Changes in transmittance of Cu (II) complex 3 measured in anhydrous and deaerated acetonitrile with $0.1 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{TBAPF}_{6}$ as a supporting electrolyte and monitored at 400 nm when switching between -700 mV and +300 mV potential at 60 s cycles. .....  .6
Figure S13. Changes in transmittance of Cu (II) complex 4 measured in anhydrous and deaerated acetonitrile with $0.1 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{TBAPF}_{6}$ as a supporting electrolyte and monitored at 400 nm when switching between -800 mV and +200 mV potential at 60 s cycles. .....  .6
Figure S9. Changes in transmittance of Co(II) complex 5 measured in anhydrous and deaerated acetonitrile with $0.1 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{TBAPF}_{6}$ as a supporting electrolyte and monitored at 400 nm when switching between -600 mV and +400 mV potential at 60 s cycles. ..... 7
Table S1. CIE coordinates with D65 illuminat and $2^{\circ}$ observer angle for the different states of ligand L and its complexes 1-5 in different states. .....  .8
Table S2. Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement. .....  9


Figure S1. Spectral changes of 1 in dehydrated and deaerated acetonitrile with 0.1 M TBAPF 6 as a supporting electrolyte by applying $+1200(■),+1300(\bullet),+1400(\boldsymbol{\Delta}),+1500(\nabla)$ and $+1600 \mathrm{mV}(*)$ potentials versus $\mathrm{Ag} / \mathrm{AgCl}$ gel reference electrode held for 30 s per potential. Insert: photographs of the original (left) and electrochemically oxidized (right) 1 by applying a potential for 1 min .


Figure S2. Spectral changes of $\mathbf{3}$ in dehydrated and deaerated acetonitrile with 0.1 M TBAPF 6 as a supporting electrolyte by applying $0(\square),-500(\bullet),-600(\Delta)$ and $-700 \mathrm{mV}(\nabla)$ potentials versus $\mathrm{Ag} / \mathrm{AgCl}$ gel reference electrode held for 30 s per potential. Insert: photographs of the original (left) and electrochemically reduced (right) $\mathbf{3}$ by applying a potential for 1 min .


Figure S3. Spectral changes of 4 in dehydrated and deaerated acetonitrile with 0.1 M TBAPF $_{6}$ as a supporting electrolyte by applying $0(\boldsymbol{\square}),-500(\bullet),-600(\mathbf{~}),-700(\nabla)$ and $-800 \mathrm{mV}(*)$ potentials versus $\mathrm{Ag} / \mathrm{AgCl}$ gel reference electrode held for 30 s per potential. Insert: photographs of the original (left) and electrochemically reduced (right) 4 by applying a potential for 1 min .


Figure S4. Spectral changes of 5 in dehydrated and deaerated acetonitrile with 0.1 M TBAPF ${ }_{6}$ as a supporting electrolyte by applying $+400(\mathbf{\bullet}),+500(\bullet),+600(\mathbf{\Delta}),+700(\nabla),+800(\bullet)$, $+1000(\$),+1100(\circ),+1200(\square)$ and $+1300 \mathrm{mV}(\Delta)$ potentials versus $\mathrm{Ag} / \mathrm{AgCl}$ gel reference electrode held for 30 s per potential. Insert: photographs of the original (left) and electrochemically oxidized (right) $\mathbf{5}$ by applying a potential for 1 min .


Figure S5. The cyclic voltammogram ( $2^{\text {nd }}$ cycle) of Mn (II) complex 6 measured in anhydrous and deaerated acetonitrile with $0.1 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{TBAPF}_{6}$ as a supporting electrolyte at a scan rate $100 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{s}$ scanned in the negative direction.


Figure S6. Changes in transmittance of $\mathrm{Cu}(I I)$ complex 2 measured in anhydrous and deaerated acetonitrile with $0.1 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{TBAPF}{ }_{6}$ as a supporting electrolyte and monitored at 420 nm when switching between -400 mV and +200 mV potential at 60 s cycles.


Figure S7. Changes in transmittance of $\mathrm{Cu}(\mathrm{II})$ complex 3 measured in anhydrous and deaerated acetonitrile with $0.1 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{TBAPF}_{6}$ as a supporting electrolyte and monitored at 400 nm when switching between -700 mV and +300 mV potential at 60 s cycles.


Figure S8. Changes in transmittance of $\mathrm{Cu}(\mathrm{II})$ complex 4 measured in anhydrous and deaerated acetonitrile with $0.1 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{TBAPF}{ }_{6}$ as a supporting electrolyte and monitored at 400 nm when switching between -800 mV and +200 mV potential at 60 s cycles.


Figure S9. Changes in transmittance of Co(II) complex 5 measured in anhydrous and deaerated acetonitrile with $0.1 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{TBAPF}_{6}$ as a supporting electrolyte and monitored at 400 nm when switching between -600 mV and +400 mV potential at 60 s cycles.

Table S1. CIE coordinates with D65 illuminat and $2^{\circ}$ observer angle for the different states of ligand $\mathbf{L}$ and its complexes 1-5 in different states.

| Compound | L* $^{*}$ | $\mathrm{a}^{*}$ | $\mathrm{~b}^{*}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Neutral | 98.7 | -5.5 | 20.1 |
|  | oxidized | 98.7 | -4.1 | 12.3 |
| Complex 1 | Neutral | 80.3 | 28.1 | -7.5 |
|  | 1 $^{\text {st }}$ oxidation state | 83.4 | 2.8 | 45.3 |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ oxidation state | 82.2 | 0.2 | 32.9 |
|  | Reduced | 79.7 | -19.6 | 33.3 |
| Complex 2 | Neutral | 85.6 | -6.4 | 26.15 |
|  | Reduced | 83.8 | 10.0 | 25.4 |
| Complex 3 | Neutral | 95.1 | -2.7 | 10.2 |
|  | Reduced | 93.2 | 5.8 | 9.5 |
| Complex 4 | Neutral | 80.1 | -7.4 | 30.1 |
|  | Reduced | 78.8 | 16.2 | 27.4 |
| Complex 5 | Neutral | 94.6 | -5.2 | 29.9 |
|  | 1 $^{\text {st }}$ oxidation state | 91.6 | 15.1 | 48.5 |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ oxidation state | 95.0 | -4.2 | 16.3 |

Table S2. Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement.

| Compound | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Formula | $\mathrm{C}_{30} \mathrm{H}_{30} \mathrm{FeN}_{10}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{CuF}_{6} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{7} \mathrm{~S}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{CuN}_{6} \mathrm{O}_{4}{ }^{+}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{15} \mathrm{Br}_{2} \mathrm{CuN}_{5}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{15} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} \mathrm{CoN}_{5}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{15} \mathrm{Br}_{2} \mathrm{MnN}_{5}$ |
|  | - $2\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{~S}\right) \cdot \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}$ |  | .$^{-O_{3}{ }^{-}}$ | . $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}$ | . $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{OH}$ |  |
| Formula weight | 925.68 | 659.04 | 484.92 | 520.72 | 441.22 | 480.08 |
| Crystal system | monoclinic | triclinic | monoclinic | triclinic | orthorhombic | triclinic |
| Space group | $\mathrm{P}_{1} / \mathrm{n}$ | P-1 | $\mathrm{P}_{2} / \mathrm{n}$ | P-1 | Pbca | P-1 |
| a(Å) | 9.7491(3) | 8.0767(3) | 9.6735(9) | 9.6841(12) | 11.59108(13) | 7.6305(5) |
| $\mathrm{b}(\mathrm{A})$ | 16.1976(4) | 11.3717(5) | 17.4644(11) | 10.0927(9) | 15.95415(19) | 8.9863(5) |
| c(Å) | 24.3248(6) | 13.9815(8) | 12.1452(13) | 10.4709(9) | 20.3432(3) | 13.5352(8) |
| $\alpha(\underline{O})$ | 90 | 76.300(4) | 90 | 91.231(7) | 90 | 83.946(5) |
| $\beta(\underline{ })$ | 95.452(2) | 82.265(4) | 103.407(10) | 92.328(8) | 90 | 75.427(6) |
| $Y(0)$ | 90 | 85.663(3) | 90 | 117.823(11) | 90 | 67.854(6) |
| $V\left(\AA^{3}\right)$ | 3823.80(18) | 1234.98(10) | 1995.9(3) | 903.40(18) | 3761.98(8) | 831.92(10) |
| Z | 4 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 8 | 2 |
| $\mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{x}}\left(\mathrm{g} \mathrm{cm}^{-3}\right)$ | 1.61 | 1.77 | 1.61 | 1.91 | 1.56 | 1.92 |
| $\mathrm{F}(000)$ | 1896 | 666 | 996 | 514 | 1816 | 470 |
| $\mu\left(\mathrm{mm}^{-1}\right)$ | 0.60 | 1.15 | 1.15 | 5.65 | 9.91 | 5.60 |
| Reflections: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| collected | 14830 | 8888 | 7123 | 5979 | 18640 | 5914 |
| unique ( $\mathrm{R}_{\text {int }}$ ) | 7317 (0.019) | 5079 (0.015) | 3514 (0.021) | 3675 (0.017) | 3838 (0.057) | 3403 (0.019) |
| with $1>2 \sigma(1)$ | 6090 | 4552 | 2618 | 3322 | 3622 | 3123 |
| $R(F)$ [ $1>2 \sigma(1)]$ | 0.050 | 0.027 | 0.055 | 0.028 | 0.050 | 0.025 |
| $w R\left(F^{2}\right)[1>2 \sigma(I)]$ | 0.122 | 0.069 | 0.132 | 0.071 | 0.149 | 0.057 |
| $R(F)$ [all data] | 0.061 | 0.032 | 0.079 | 0.033 | 0.052 | 0.029 |
| $w R\left(F^{2}\right)$ [all data] | 0.130 | 0.071 | 0.142 | 0.074 | 0.152 | 0.059 |
| Goodness of fit | 1.04 | 1.04 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.08 |
| $\mathrm{max} / \mathrm{min} \Delta \rho$ (e $\AA^{-}$ | 1.50/-0.84 | 0.39/-0.38 | 0.80/-0.46 | 0.8450/-1.02 | 1.68/-0.61 | 0.53/-0.49 |

