

SUPPORTING INFORMATION

Nb₂©Au₆: A Molecular Wheel with a Short Nb≡Nb Triple Bond Coordinated by an Au₆ Ring and Reinforced by σ Aromaticity

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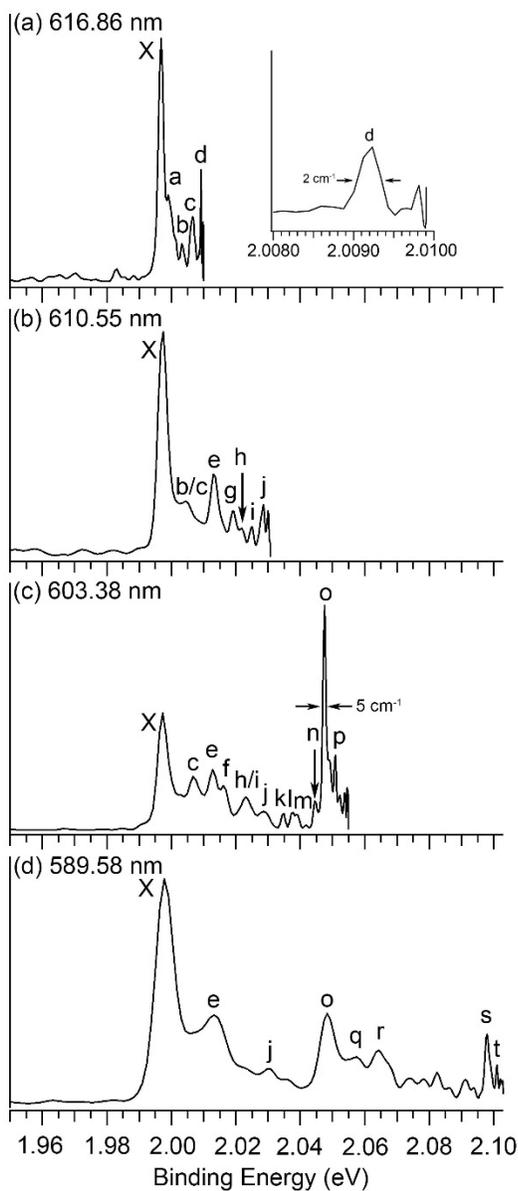


Figure S1. Photoelectron spectra of Nb₂Au₆⁻ at a) 616.86 nm (2.0099 eV), b) 610.55 nm (2.0307 eV), c) 603.38 nm (2.0548 eV), and d) 589.58 nm (2.1029 eV) obtained from the VMI PES apparatus.

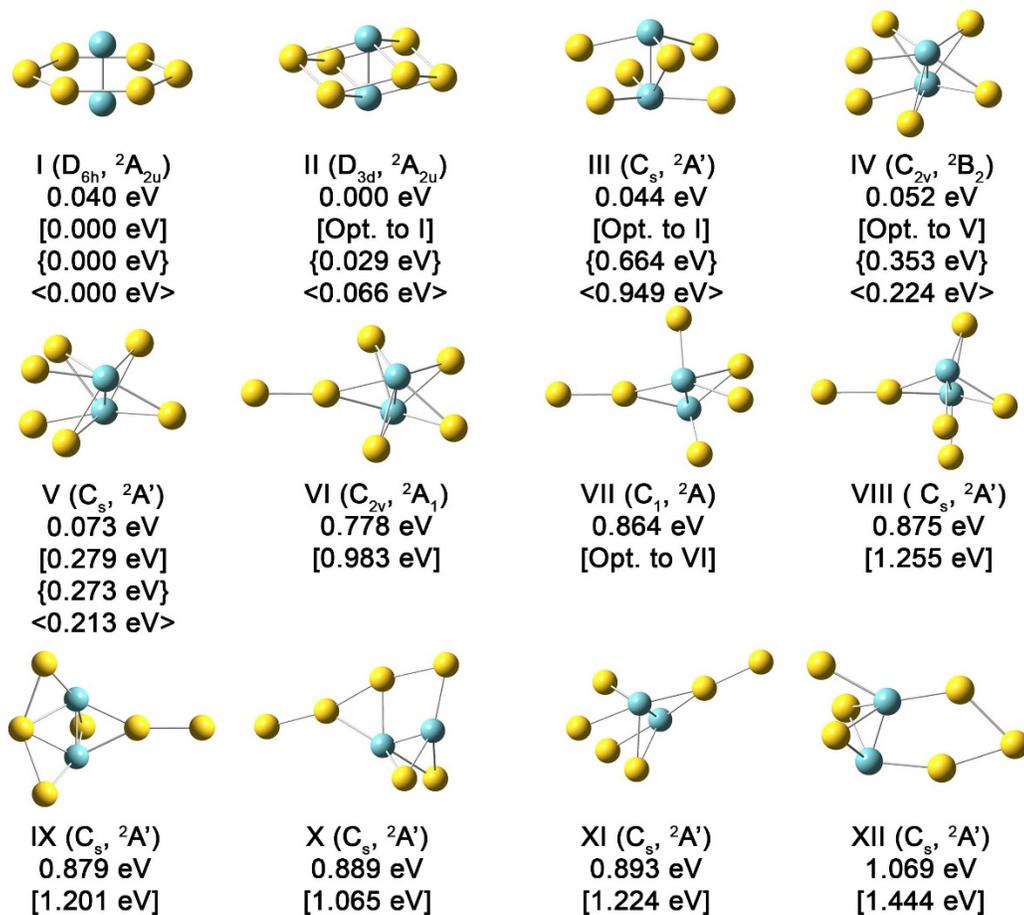


Figure S2. Relative energies of the low-lying isomers of $Nb_2Au_6^-$ within 1.5 eV at the PW91, PBE0 (in square brackets), CCSD (in braces) and CCSD(T) (in angle brackets) levels.

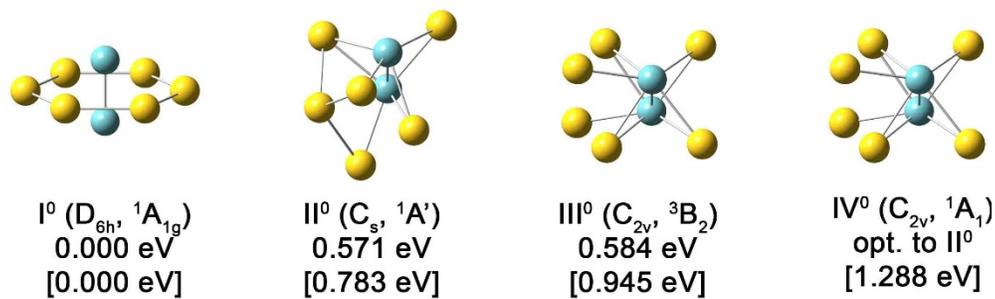


Figure S3. The four lowest-lying isomers of Nb_2Au_6 at the levels of PW91 and PBE0 (in brackets).

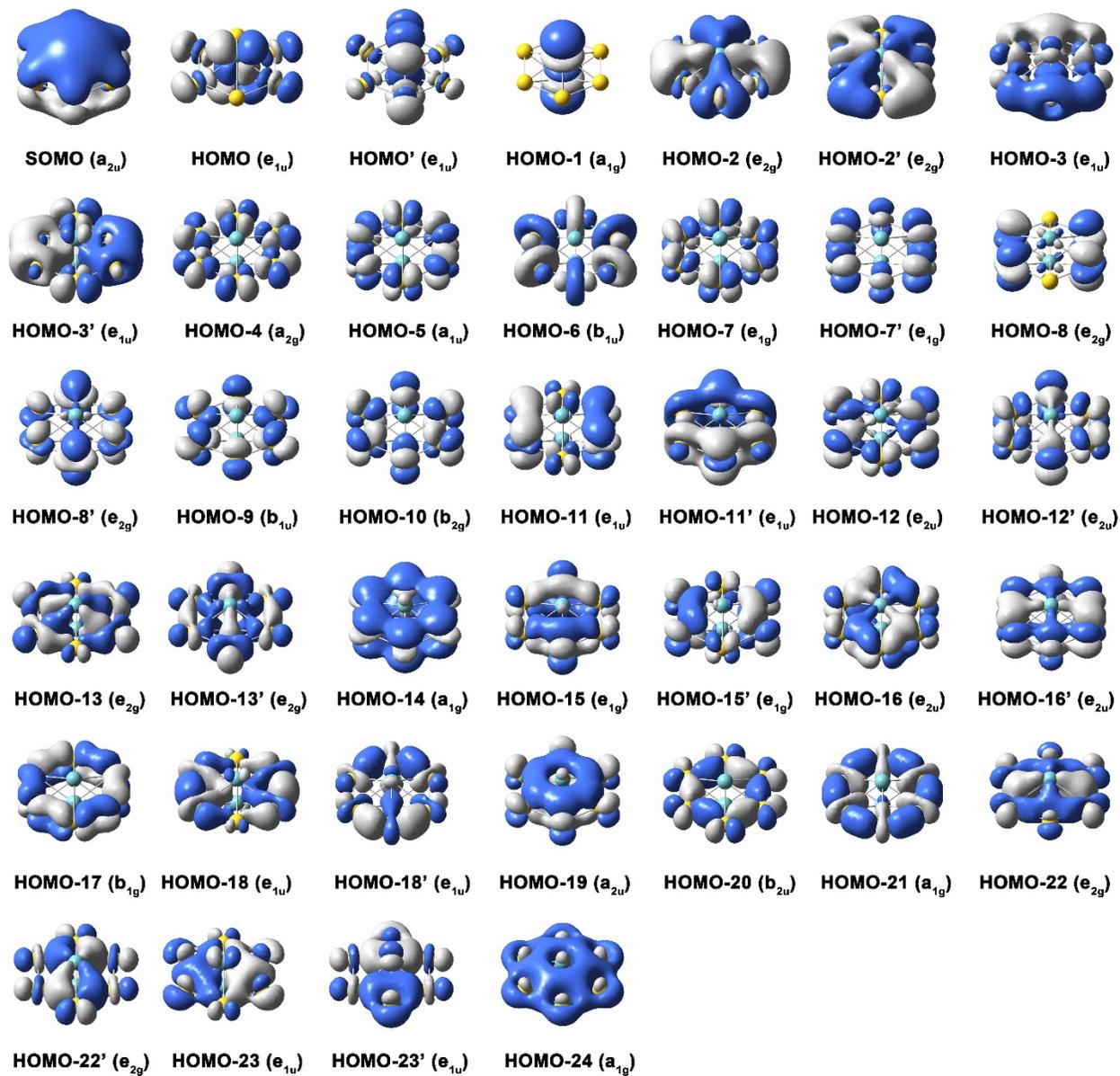


Figure S4. Valence canonical molecular orbital contours for the D_{6h} $Nb_2Au_6^-$ structure at the PBE0 level.

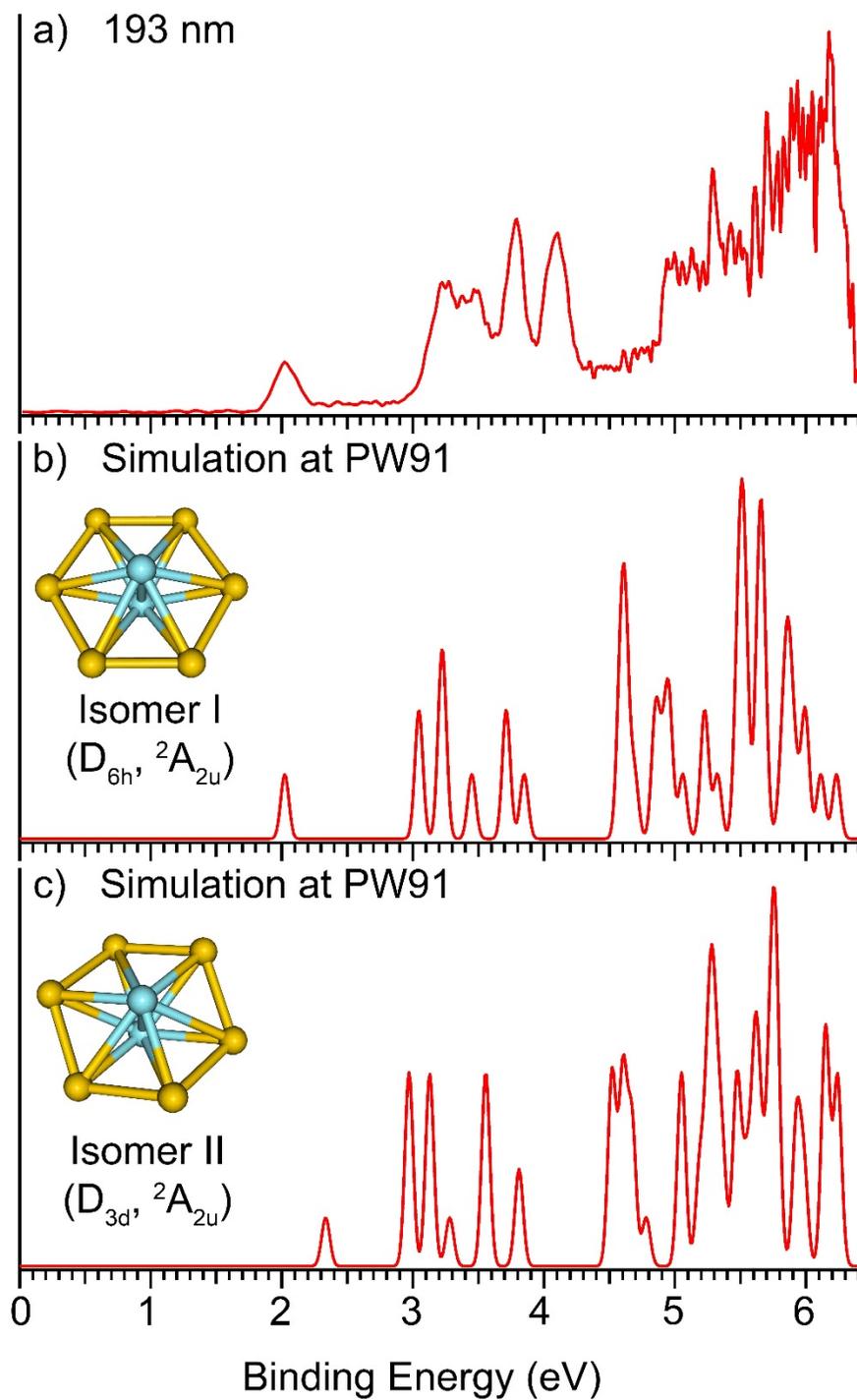


Figure S5. Comparison between the 193 nm spectrum of $Nb_2Au_6^-$ with the simulated spectra of isomers I and II at the PW91/Def2-TZVPPD level.

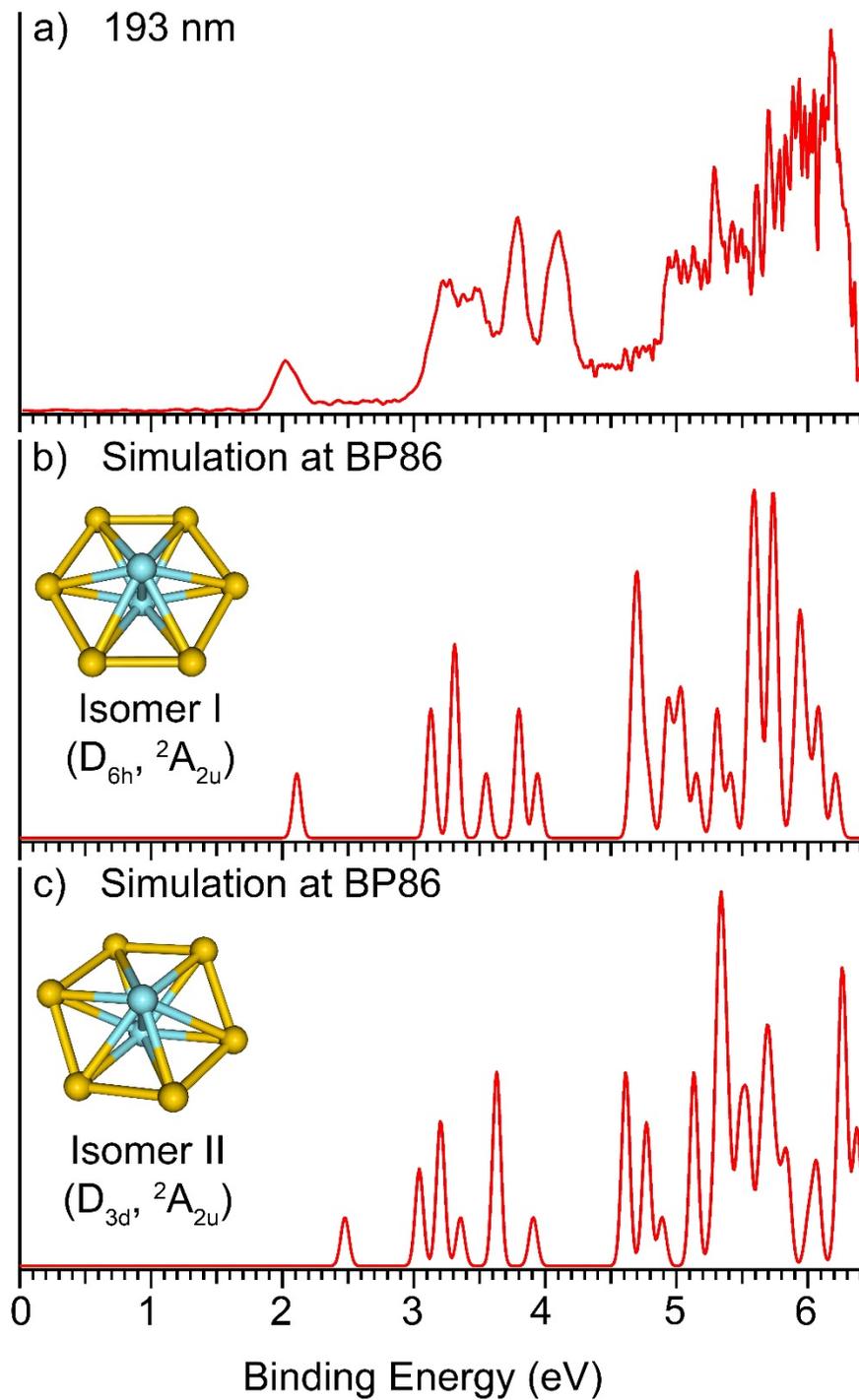


Figure S6. Comparison between the 193 nm spectrum of $Nb_2Au_6^-$ with the simulated spectra of isomers I and II at the BP86/Def2-TZVPPD level.

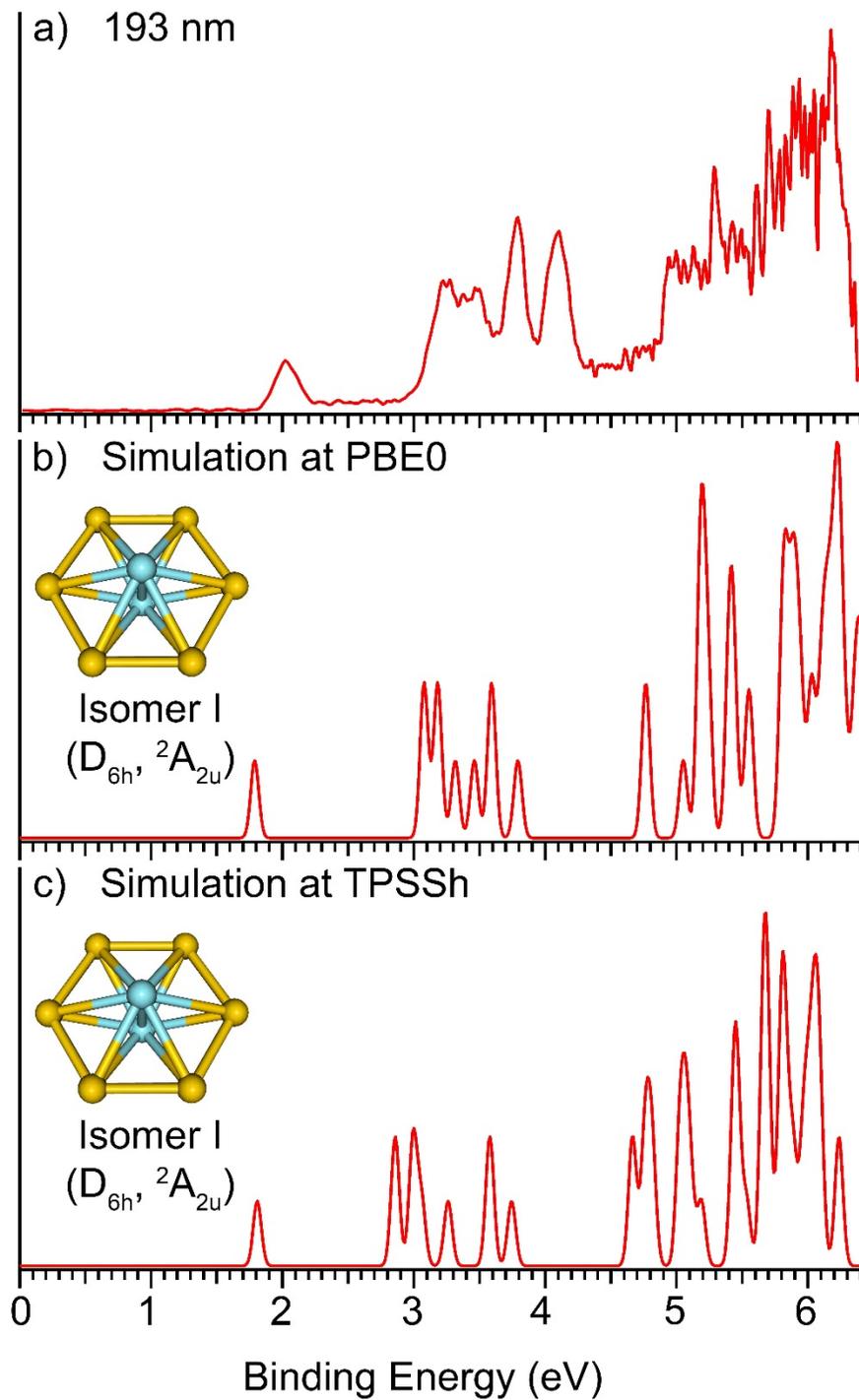


Figure S7. Comparison between the 193 nm spectrum of $Nb_2Au_6^-$ with the simulated spectra of isomer I at PBE0/Def2-TZVPPD and TPSSh/Def2-TZVPPD levels.

Table S1. The energy difference between isomers I and II of Nb_2Au_6^- calculated at various levels of theory.

Method		Most Stable Isomer	$\Delta E(\text{II-I})$ (eV)
GGA	PW91	II	-0.039
	PBE	II	-0.031
	BP86	II	-0.057
Hybrid-GGA	B3PB6	II	-0.015
Meta-GGA	TPSS	II	-0.004
Hybrid-GGA	PBE0	I	0.035 ^a
Hybrid-Meta-GGA	TPSSh	I	0.031 ^a
Long-range corrected	LC- ω PBE	I	0.133 ^a
Post-HF	CCSD	I	0.029 ^a
	CCSD(T)	I	0.066 ^a

^a Isomer II does not meet the convergence criteria of geometric optimization at these levels, the energy difference is obtained by single-point energy calculations using PW91/Def2-TZVPPD structures.

Table S2. The first VDEs of isomers I, II, III, IV and V of Nb_2Au_6^- computed at the PW91 and PBE0 levels. All energies are in eV. Experimental first ADE and VDE: 1.9969(4) eV

Isomer	PW91		PBE0	
	1 st VDE	1 st ADE	1 st VDE	1 st ADE
I	2.02	2.01	1.79	1.77
II	2.33	2.05	N.A.	N.A.
III	2.99	2.00	N.A.	N.A.
IV	3.00	2.57	N.A.	N.A.
V	2.81	2.54	2.53	2.28

Table S3. Calculated vibrational frequencies for the D_{6h} global minimum of Nb_2Au_6 at PW91 and PBE0 levels. The totally symmetric vibrational modes are in boldface.

		PW91	PBE0
Mode	Symmetry	Frequency (cm^{-1})	Frequency (cm^{-1})
ν_1	E_{2u}	24	26
ν_2	B_{2g}	32	35
ν_3	E_{1g}	48	68
ν_4	E_{2g}	71	72
ν_5	B_{1u}	71	73
ν_6	A_{2u}	76	77
ν_7	E_{1u}	81	83
ν_8	A_{1g}	121	121
ν_9	E_{2g}	131	130
ν_{10}	B_{2u}	143	142
ν_{11}	E_{1u}	163	166
ν_{12}	A_{1g}	423	460

Table S4. Calculated bond orders and charges of $D_{\infty h}$ Nb_2 , D_{6h} Au_6 , and D_{6h} Nb_2Au_6 at the PBE0/Def2-TZVP level.

	Mayer Bond order			NPA Charge		Mulliken Charge	
	Nb-Nb	Nb-Au	Au-Au	Nb	Au	Nb	Au
Nb_2	5.07	NA	NA	0	NA	0	NA
Au_6	NA	NA	0.55	NA	0	NA	0
Nb_2Au_6	3.61	0.50	0.22	-0.195	0.065	-0.457	0.152