## Supplementary Information

## Micropatterned Elastomeric Surface with Enhanced Frictional Properties under Wet Conditions and Its Application

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**Figure S1.** Opical microscopic images of micropatterned surfaces. Varying parameters including SR (0.1, 0.5, 1.0 and 2.0) and pattern type (AI, AII, and H) are indicated in tabular form. The width of a single micropillar and spacing between adjacent micropillars are indicated in a and b, respectively.



Figure S2. Fabrication procedure of micropatterned surfaces by photolithography and replica

molding with PDMS.



**Figure S3.** Cyclic measurement of friction force for 10 cycles. Friction forces of unpatterned and micropatterned surfaces (AI with SR: 1.0 and AR: 0.4) are uniformly recorded under dry and wet conditions.



**Figure S4.** Optical microscopic images showing the surface of three different micropatterns (AI, AII and H, SR of 1.0) with low and high ARs (0.4 and 1.6) after friction tests of 3000 cycles (load: 2 N, velocity: 10mm/s). Insets show the deformed microstructures after repeated measurement tests.



**Figure S5.** (a) Images showing two different shear directions of D1 and D2 for AI, AII and H micropatterns. Friction forces for micropatterned surfaces with varying scales of 0.1, 0.5 and 1.0 (SR: 1.0, AR: 0.4 and velocity: 10mm/s) under (b) wet and (c) dry conditions.



**Figure S6.** Time lapse images showing stable unloading, loading, and transfer of substrate using micropatterned surfaces on the robot arm of the three-axis stage.

## **Legends of Movies**

**Movie S1**: Comparison of stability between micropatterned surfaces (AI, AII and H with AR = 0.4 and SR = 1.0) and unpatterned surfaces during high-speed substrate transfer (Frequency: 5Hz, Stroke: 15mm).

**Movie S2**: A movie showing stable unloading, loading, and transfer of substrate using micropatterned surfaces on the robot arm of the three-axes stage.