

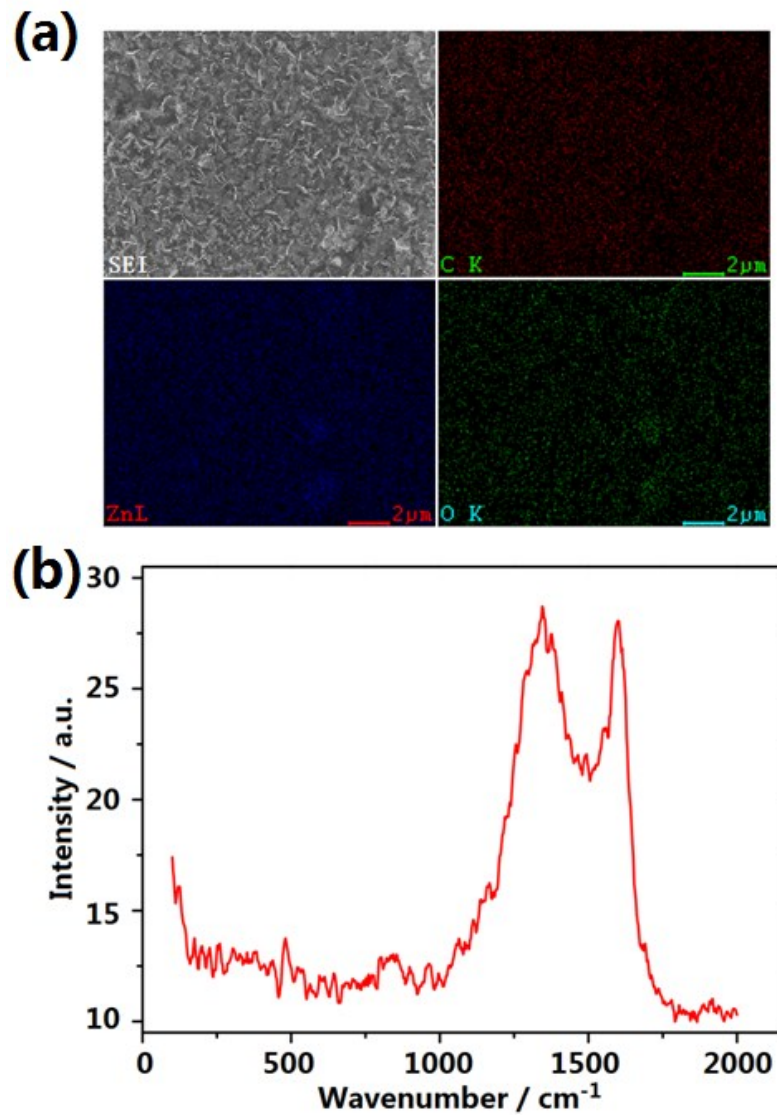
Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI)

# ZnO Nanosheet/Squeezebox-like Porous Carbon Composite Synthesized by In-Situ Pyrolysis of a Mixed-Ligand Metal-Organic Framework

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## SI.1 Charaterization of ZnO/MPC



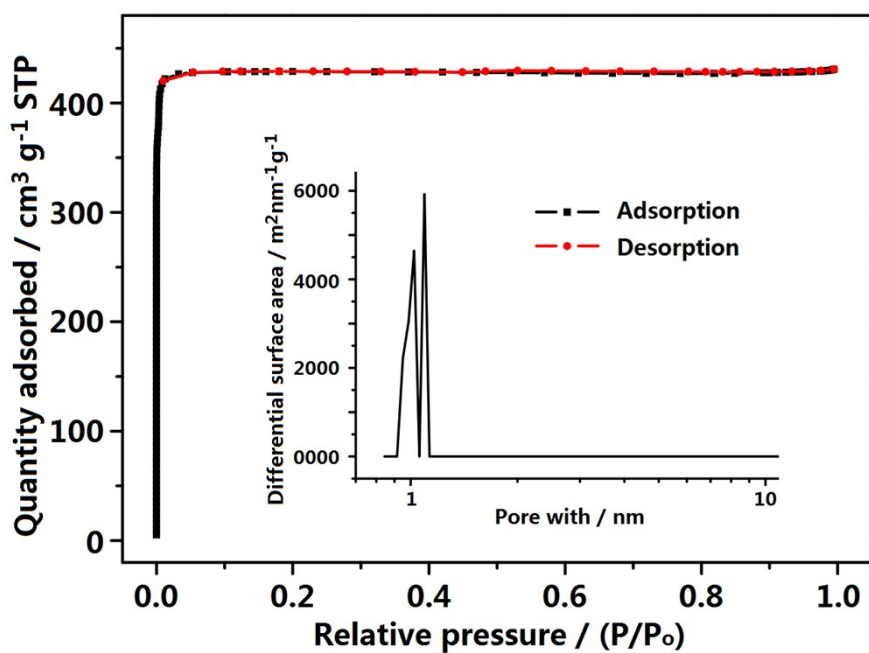
**Fig. S1** (a)EDS mapping profiles and (b) Raman spectrum of ZnO/MPC.

The Raman data of ZnO/MPC<sup>S1</sup>:

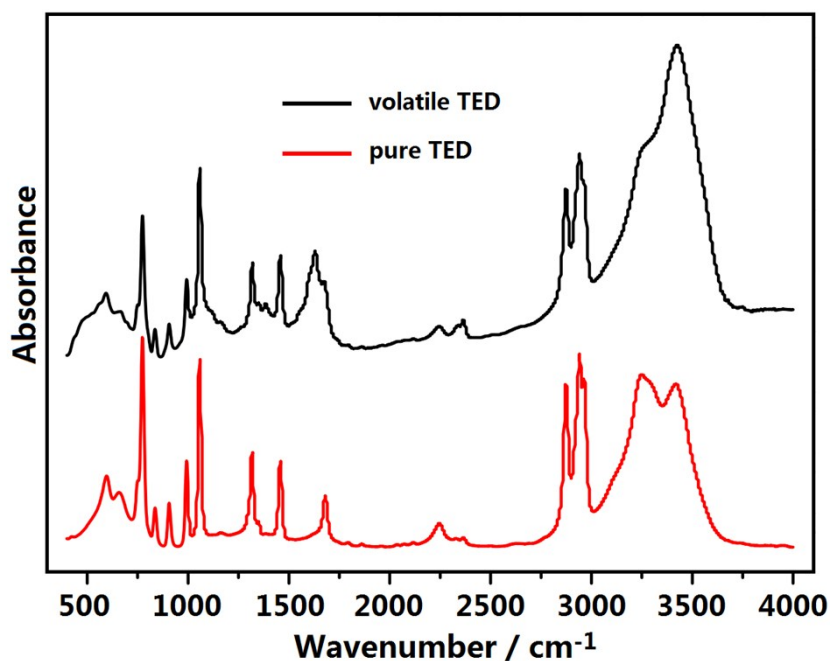
**ZnO:** 197 cm<sup>-1</sup> (2Elow 2); 331 cm<sup>-1</sup> (Ehigh 2-Elow 2); 410 cm<sup>-1</sup> (E<sub>1</sub>(TO)); 439 cm<sup>-1</sup> (Ehigh 2);

483 cm<sup>-1</sup> (2LA); 590 cm<sup>-1</sup> (E<sub>1</sub>(LO)); 780 cm<sup>-1</sup> (LA+TO).

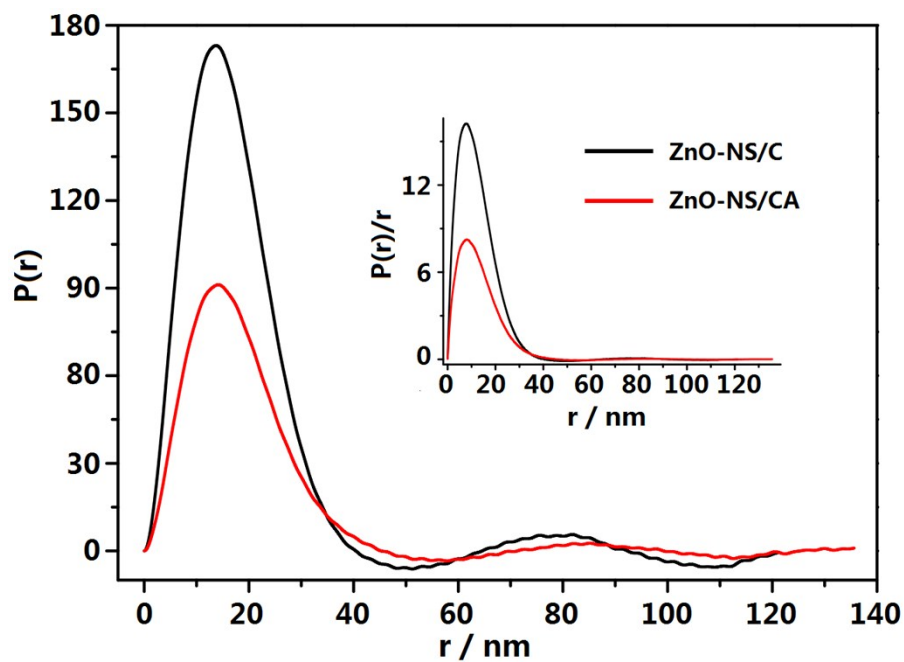
**C:** 1344 cm<sup>-1</sup> (D), 1600(G).



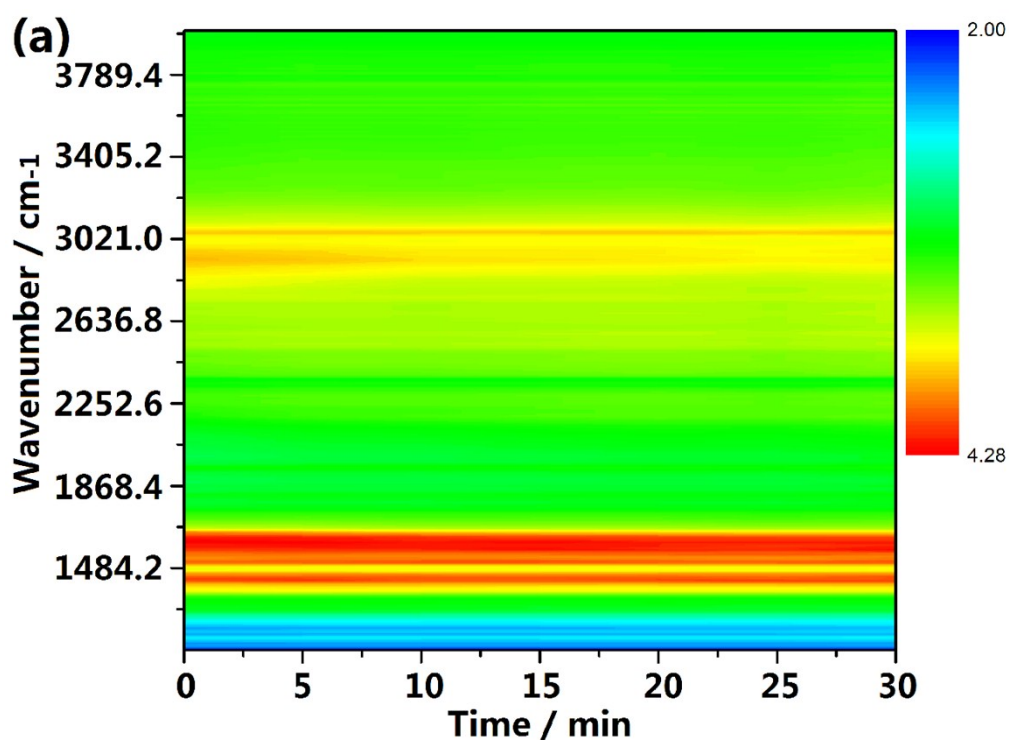
**Fig. S2** N<sub>2</sub> adsorption isotherms of Zn-BDC-TED. The inset is the pore size distribution. The BET specific surface area is 1241 m<sup>2</sup> g<sup>-1</sup>. The single point adsorption total pore volume is 0.666 cm<sup>3</sup> g<sup>-1</sup>, and the t-Plot micropore volume is 0.662 cm<sup>3</sup> g<sup>-1</sup>.



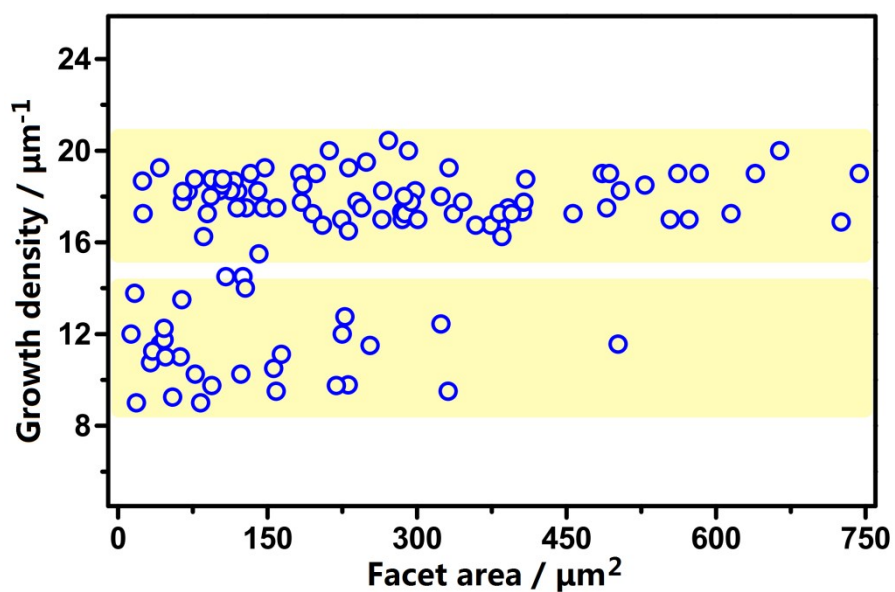
**Fig. S3** FTIR curves of the collected condensate and the commercial TED.



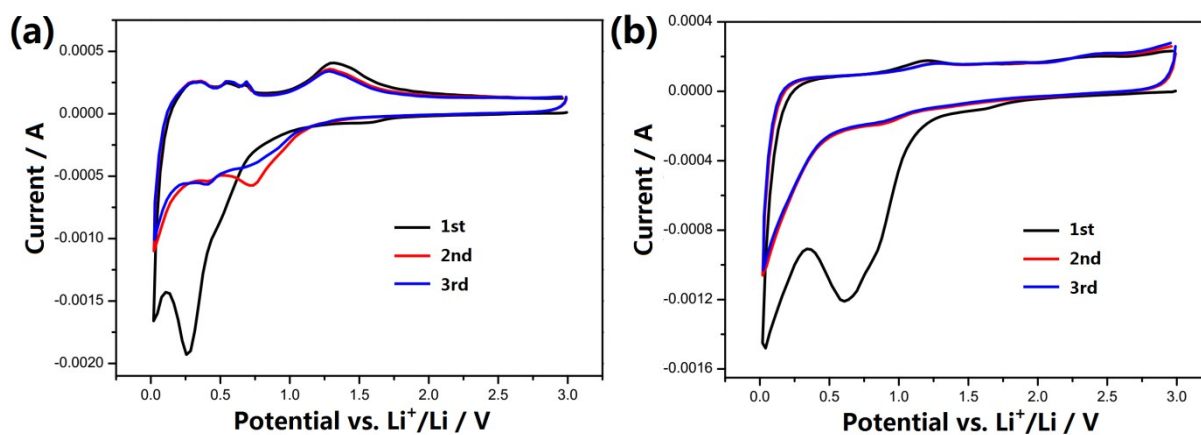
**Fig. S4** The distance distribution function  $P(r)$  of SAXS curves for ZnO/MPC and MPC. The inset is the form of  $P(r)/r$ , which is used to calculate the shape parameters.



**Fig. S5** In-situ 2D-DRIFT profiles of the pyrolysis of Zn-BDC-TED, which was heated at a constant temperature of 500 °C. (the color bar is the scale of absorbance).



**Fig. S6** The growth density of ZnO nanosheets on different facet of particles. The x-axis is the facet area of the corresponding surface that has ZnO nanosheets on it.



**Fig. S7** Cyclic voltammograms of (a) ZnO/MPC and (b) MPC electrodes with scanning rate at  $0.01 \text{ mV s}^{-1}$  in the range of 0.01-3.0 V.

**Table S1.** The specific capacity values of ZnO nanomaterials in previous literature and this paper.

Materials	Current density	Discharge specific capacity (mAhg <sup>-1</sup> )	Cycle number	Ref.
ZnO NS	0.5C	163	30	s2
ZnO NS	0.5C	381	30	s2
ZnO NS	100 mA g <sup>-1</sup>	420	50	s3
ZnO NS/rGO	200 mA g <sup>-1</sup>	402	100	s4
ZnO ND	100 mA g <sup>-1</sup>	478	50	s5
ZnO ND/CNTs	100 mA g <sup>-1</sup>	602	50	s5
ZnO NR	0.1 mA cm <sup>-2</sup>	310	40	s6
ZnO/CNTs	0.2C	460	100	s7
ZnO NR/C	0.25C	330	50	s8
<b>ZnO/MPC</b>	<b>60 mA g<sup>-1</sup></b>	<b>920</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>This work</b>
	<b>500 mA g<sup>-1</sup></b>	<b>560</b>	<b>20</b>	
	<b>1 A g<sup>-1</sup></b>	<b>363</b>	<b>20</b>	
<b>MPC</b>	<b>60 mA g<sup>-1</sup></b>	<b>974</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>This work</b>
	<b>500 mA g<sup>-1</sup></b>	<b>515</b>	<b>20</b>	
	<b>1 A g<sup>-1</sup></b>	<b>404</b>	<b>20</b>	

NS - nanosheet; ND - nanodisk; NR - nanoribbon; CNTs - carbon nanotubes; rGO - reduced graphene oxides

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