

SUPPLEMENTARY FIGURES/TABLES

Table S1: Artificial seawater (ASN III) medium

NaCl	25.0 g L ⁻¹
MgSO ₄ ·7H ₂ O	3.5 g L ⁻¹
MgCl ₂ ·6H ₂ O	2.0 g L ⁻¹
NaNO ₃	0.75 g L ⁻¹
K ₂ HPO ₄ ·3H ₂ O	0.75 g L ⁻¹
CaCl ₂ ·2H ₂ O	0.5 g L ⁻¹
KCl	0.5 g L ⁻¹
NaCO ₃	0.02 g L ⁻¹
Citric acid	3.0 mg L ⁻¹
Ferric ammonium citrate	3.0 mg L ⁻¹
EDTA	0.5 mg L ⁻¹
Trace element solution	1 mL L ⁻¹

pH adjusted to 7.4.

Trace elements

H ₃ BO ₃	2.86 g L ⁻¹
MnCl ₂ ·4H ₂ O	1.81 g L ⁻¹
ZnSO ₄ ·7H ₂ O	0.222 g L ⁻¹
NaMoO ₄ ·2H ₂ O	0.39 g L ⁻¹
CuSO ₄ ·5H ₂ O	0.079 g L ⁻¹
Co(NO ₃) ₂ ·6H ₂ O	49.4 mg L ⁻¹

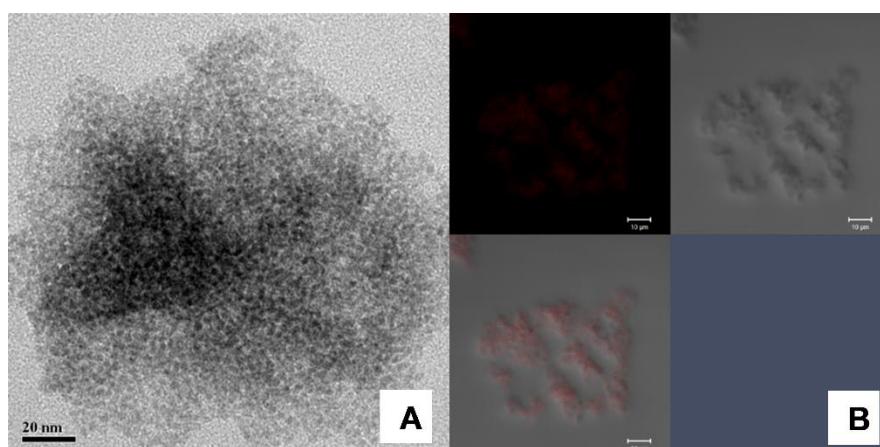


Fig. S1 (A) TEM image of the CdTe QD. (B)The presence of QD in SF/QD matrix examined under CLSM with excitation at λ 644 nm and red emission filter.

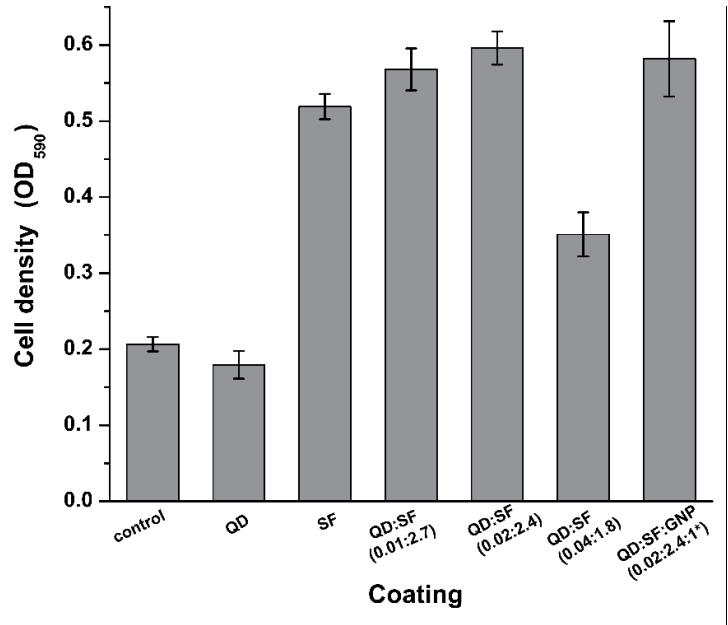


Fig. S2 Cell density assay of *Synechococcus* sp. on solid support coated with different concentrations of QD in SF film. *Concentration of GNP with respect to SF.

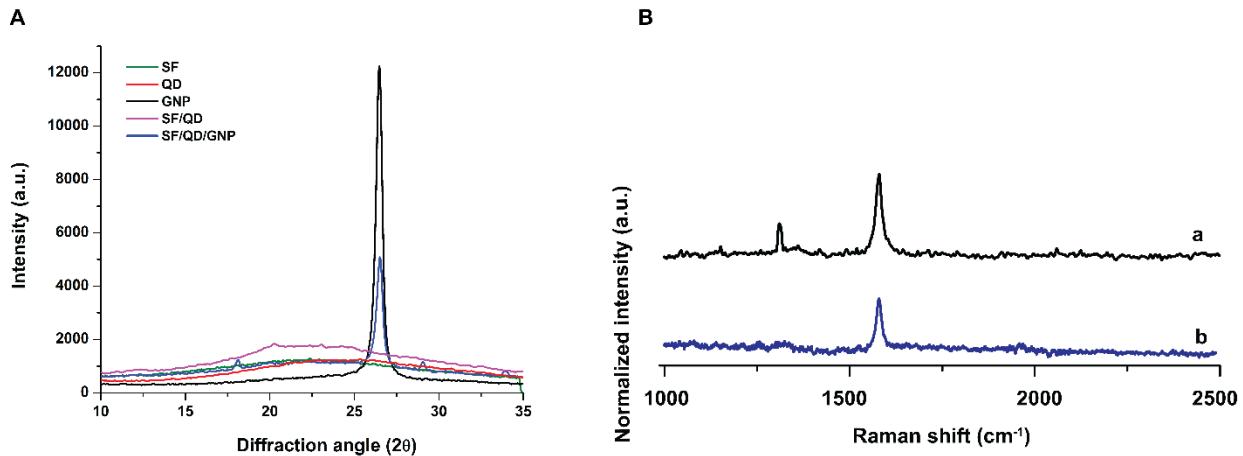


Fig. S3 (A) XRD patterns of the nanocomposite films. (B) Normalized Raman spectra of the films (a) GNP and (b) SF/QD/GNP.

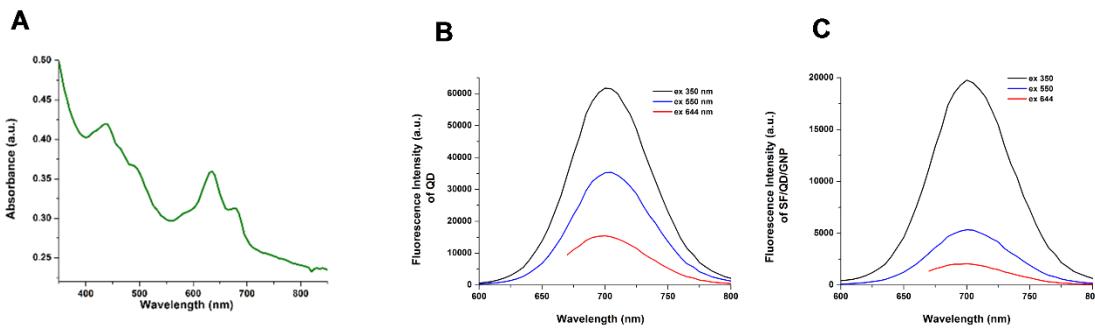


Fig. S4 (A) Absorbance spectra of *Synechococcus* sp. and fluorescence emission spectra at different excitation wavelength of (B) QD and (C) SF/QD/GNP solutions.

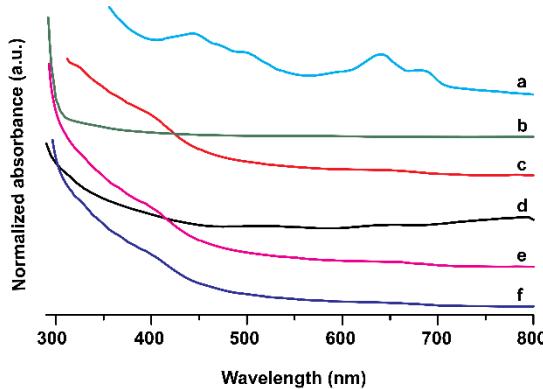


Fig. S5 Absorbance spectra of (a) *Synechococcus* sp. (b) SF (c) QD (d) GNP (e) SF/QD and (f) SF/QD/GNP.

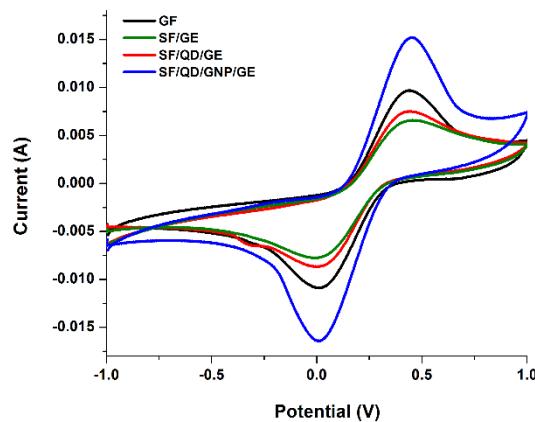


Fig. S6 CV profiles (100 mV s^{-1}) of bare and different modified anodes in $5\text{mM}\text{K}_3\text{FeCN}_6$ and 0.1 M KCl solution in PBS buffer (pH 7).

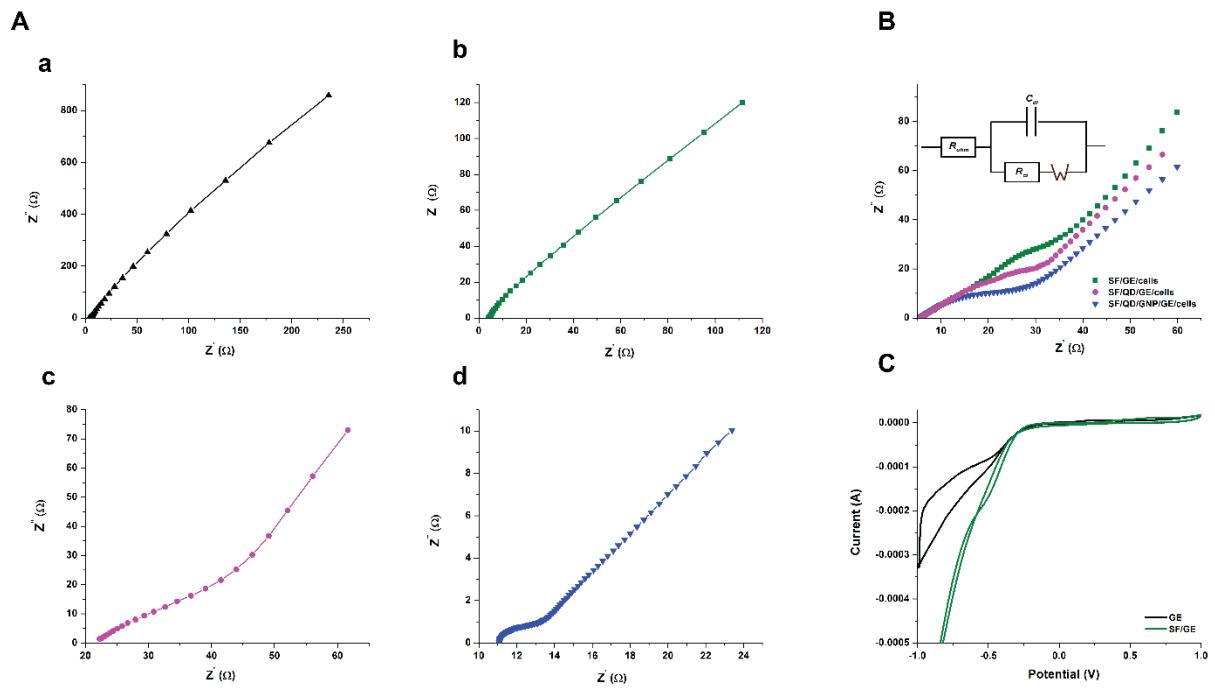


Fig. S7 (A) Nyquist plots of anodes a) blank GE and with different modifications, (b) SF/GE, (c) SF/QD/GE and (d) SF/QD/GNP/GE. (B) Impedance profile of different anodes with bacterial cells after PMFC run (inset Randles circuit). (C) CV of blank GE and SF/GE in PBS buffer (pH 7) at a scan rate of 1 mV/s.