

Electronic Supplementary Information

for

Highly-Efficient and Durable Carbon Nanotube-based Anode Electrocatalyst for Water Electrolyzer

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Table S1. Valence ratios of Ir determined from the XPS for MWNT/PBI/Ir, CB/PBI/Ir and CB/Ir and MWNT/PBI/IrO_x.

| | Ir(0) | Ir(IV) |
|---------------------------|--------|--------|
| MWNT/PBI/Ir | 86.4% | 13.6% |
| CB/PBI/Ir | 81.4 % | 18.6% |
| CB/Ir | 88.4% | 11.6% |
| MWNT/PBI/IrO _x | 65.5% | 34.5% |

Table S2. Comparison of half-cell performance of OER between the present- and reported catalysts.

| Sample | Ir-based mass activity ($A g^{-1}$) | | q^* ($mC mg^{-1}$) | Durability [†] (hour) | Ref. |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|
| | @1.48 V vs. RHE | @1.51 V vs. RHE | | | |
| MWNT/PBI/IrO _x | 75 | 213 | 187 | 27 | this work |
| CB/PBI/IrO _x | 89 | 235 | 209 | 6 | |
| CB/IrO _x | 53 | 150 | 104 | 4 | |
| ATO-supported IrNiO _x | — | 92 | — | 20 | S1 |
| Ir nanodendrite supported on ATO | — | 68 | 108 | 15 | S2 |
| Ir black | — | 31 | 64 | 6 | |
| Rutile IrO ₂ nanoparticle | 3 | — | — | — | S3 |
| Ir-Ni bimetallic nanoparticles | — | 490 | — | 12 | S4 |

[†]The durability of all the catalysts were evaluated by chronopotentiometry measurements at 1.0 mA cm⁻².

Table S3. Comparison of single-cell performance of PEMWEs between the present- and previously reported cells.

| Cathode | Pt loading in cathode ($mg cm^{-2}$) | Anode | Ir loading in anode ($mg cm^{-2}$) | Electrolyte | Cell voltage @1 A cm ⁻² (V) | Ir-based mass activity @1.6 V ($A g^{-1}$) | Ref. |
|---------|--|---|--------------------------------------|-------------|--|--|-----------|
| Pt/CB | 0.5 | MWNT/PBI/Ir | 0.5 | Nafion117 | 1.647 | 1533 | this work |
| Pt/CB | 0.5 | CB/PBI/Ir | 0.5 | Nafion117 | 1.779 | 992 | |
| Pt/CB | 0.4 | ATO-supported Ir nanodentrite | 1.0 | Nafion212 | 1.653 | 690 | S2 |
| Pt/CB | 0.5 | IrO ₂ (sulfite-complex rout) | 2.5 | Nafion115 | 1.710 | 227 | S5 |
| Pt/CB | 0.5 | IrO ₂ (colloid method) | 3.0 | Nafion112 | 1.615 | 296 | S6 |
| Pt/CB | 0.2 | IrO ₂ /SnO ₂ | 1.2 | Nafion212 | 1.600 | 833 | S7 |
| Pt/CB | 0.5 | IrO ₂ (commercial) | 3.0 | Nafion212 | 1.564 | 452 | S8 |

Table S4. List of single cell components.

| Components | Specification |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Anode catalyst layer | |
| • MWNT/PBI/Ir | Self-made; Ir loading: 0.5 mg cm ⁻² |
| • CB/PBI/Ir | Self-made; Ir loading: 0.5 mg cm ⁻² ; nafion content: 30 wt% |
| Electrolyte | Nafion117 |
| Cathode catalyst layer | Pt/C; Pt loading: 0.5 mg/cm ⁻² ; nafion content: 30 wt% |
| Flow field plates | |
| • Anode plate | Ti |
| • Cathode plate | Carbon |
| • Channel width×height×length | 1 mm×1 mm×1 mm |
| • Pattern | Serpentine with 1 mm ribs |
| Current collectors | |
| • Anode | Ti sintered compact with Pt plating (Nikko Techno) |
| • Cathode | SUS316L sintered compact (Nikko Techno) |

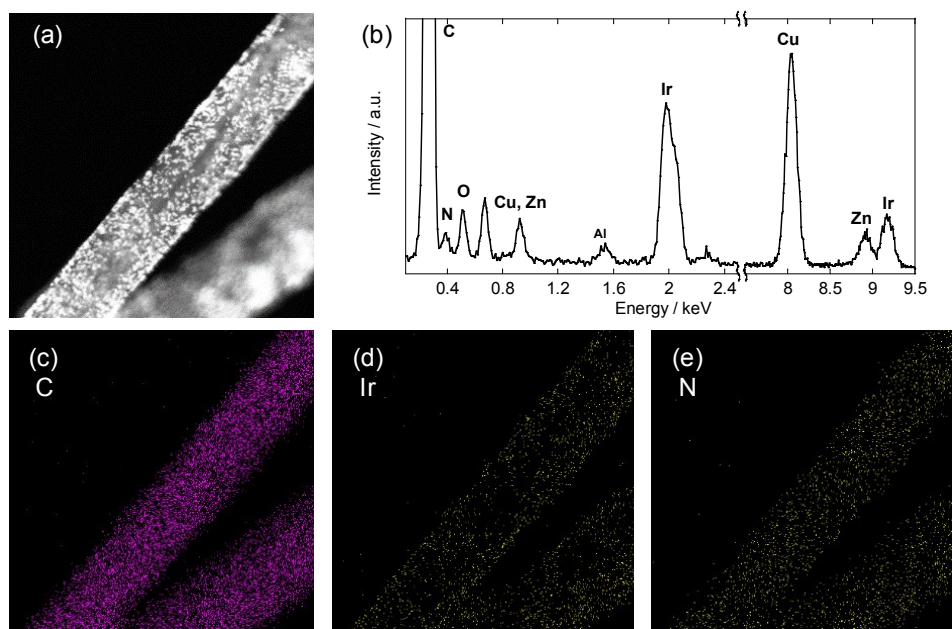


Fig. S1 Elemental mapping of MWNT/PBI/Ir. (a) Dark field transmission electron microscope image of MWNT/PBI/Ir. (b) Energy dispersive X-ray spectrum of the catalyst. Elemental mapping of (c) C, (d) N and (e) Ir of the MWNT/PBI/Ir.

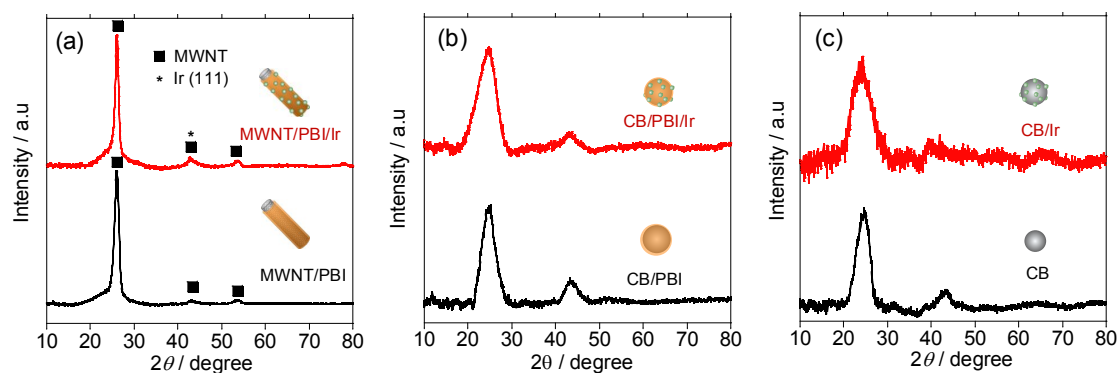


Fig. S2 X-ray diffraction of the catalysts before and after the growth of Ir nanoparticles. XRD patterns of (a) MWNT/PBI (black) and MWNT/PBI/Ir (red), (b) CB/PBI (black) and CB/PBI/Ir (red), and (c) CB (black) and CB/Ir (red).

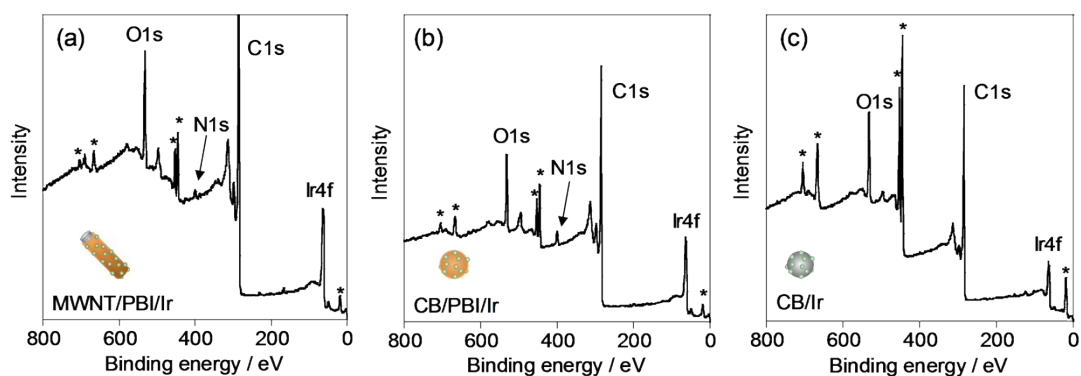


Fig. S3 XPS survey scans of (a) MWNT/PBI/Ir, (b) CB/PBI/Ir and (c) CB/Ir. Asterisks indicate the signal from indium used as the substrate.

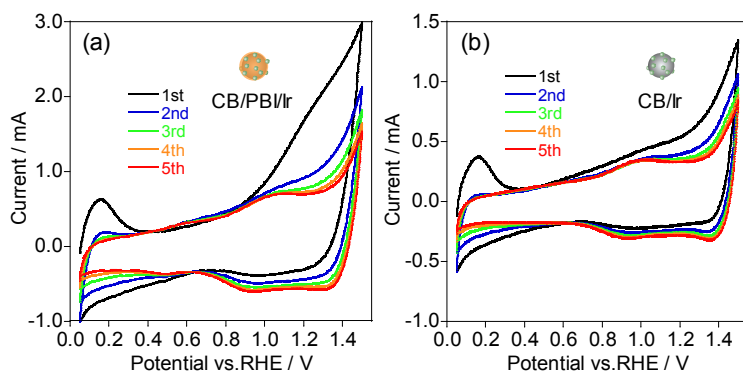


Fig. S4 Electrochemical oxidation of the composites. CV curves for oxidation of (a) CB/PBI/Ir and (b) CB/Ir by potential cycling from +0.05 V to +1.5 V (vs. RHE).

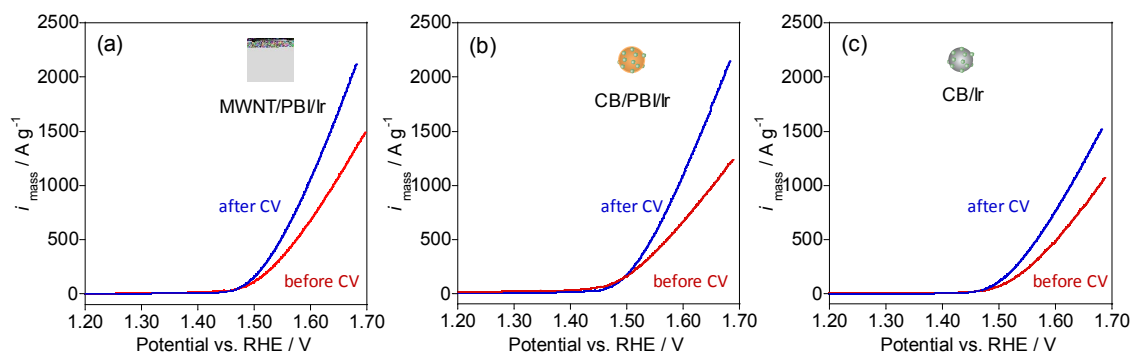


Fig. S5 Comparison of catalytic activity of the catalysts before and after the electrochemical oxidation. LSV curves of the (a) MWNT/PBI/Ir (red) and MWNT/PBI/IrO_x (blue), (b) CB/PBI/Ir (red) and CB/PBI/IrO_x (blue) and (c) CB/Ir (red) and CB/IrO_x (blue) for OER at the scan rate of 5 mV s⁻¹.

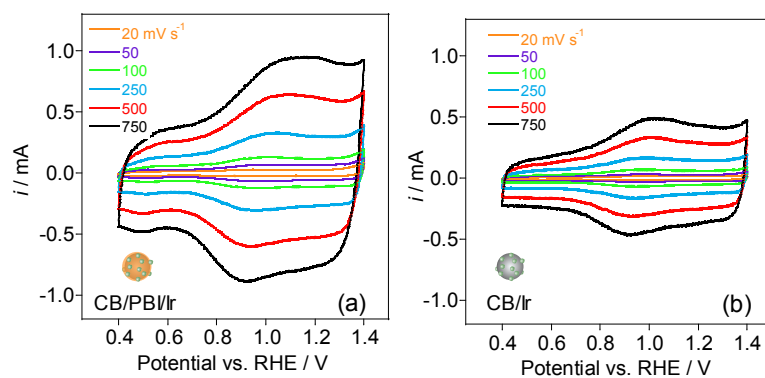


Fig. S6 CV curves of CB/PBI/Ir (a) and CB/Ir (b) at specified scan rates.

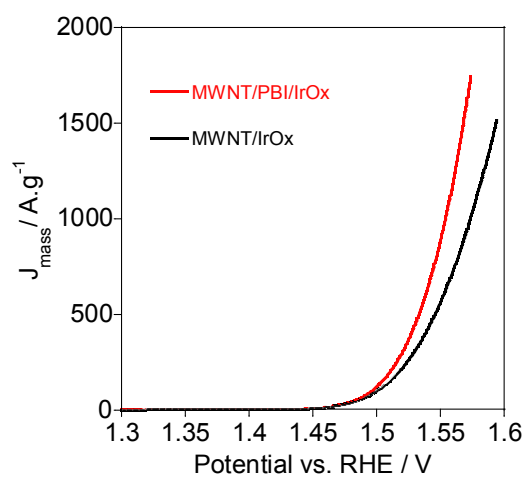


Fig. S7 LSV of the MWNT/PBI/IrO_x (red) and MWNT/IrO_x (black) for OER at the scan rate of 5 mV s⁻¹.

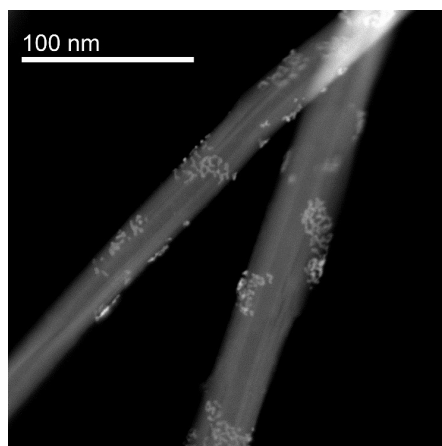


Fig. S8 Dark field STEM image of MWNT/Ir.

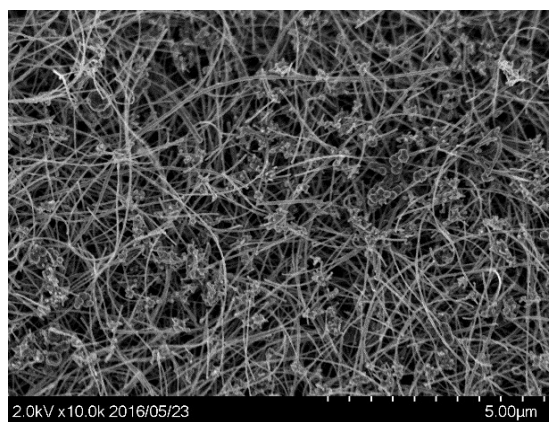


Fig. S9 SEM image of the free-standing anode film of MWNT/PBI/Ir.

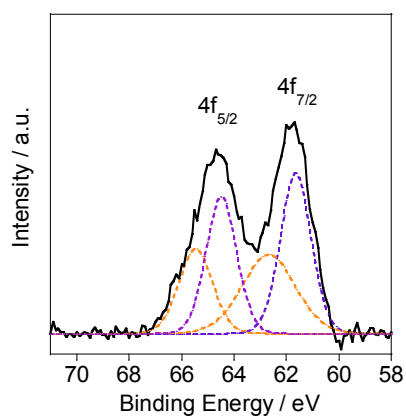


Fig. S10 Electronic state of the Ir nanoparticles after the durability test. XPS spectra of MWNT/PBI/Ir after 100-h durability test at 0.3 A cm^{-2} and $80 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$. Peak deconvolution between Ir(0) and Ir(IV) is shown as the dotted purple and orange, respectively. The ratio between Ir(0) and Ir(IV) was 57 : 43.

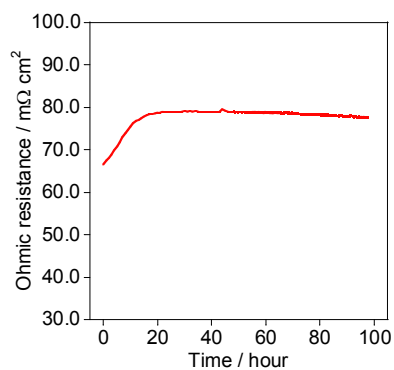


Fig. S11 Time course of the resistance of a PEMWE single cell using MWNT/PBI/Ir anode at 0.3 A cm^{-2} and $80 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$.

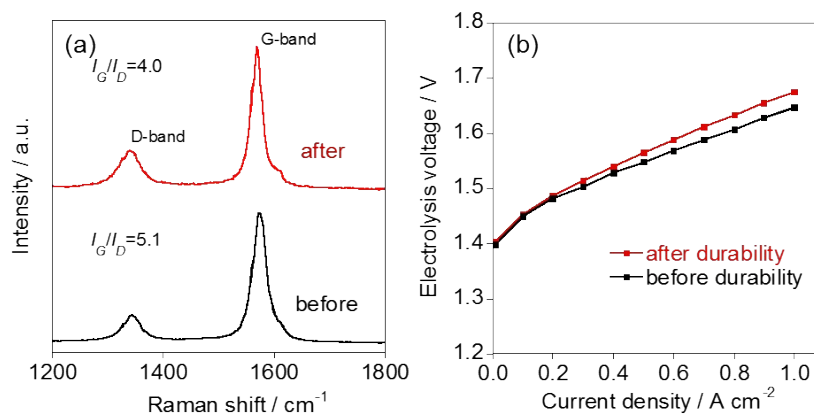


Fig. S12 MEA characterization after the durability test. (a) Raman spectra and (b) I-V curves of MWNT/PBI/Ir at 80 °C before and after 100-h durability test operated at 0.3 Acm⁻².

References

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