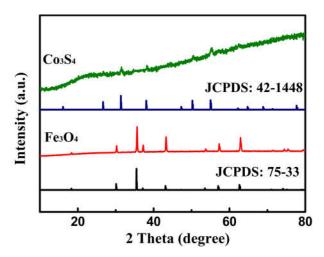
## **Electronic Supplementary Information**

## Hierarchical Porous Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>/Co<sub>3</sub>S<sub>4</sub> Nanosheets as Efficient Electrocatalysts for Oxygen Evolution Reaction

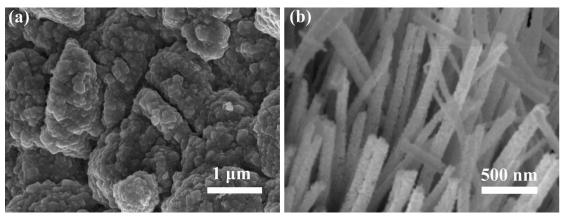
Jing Du<sup>a,b</sup>, Ting Zhang<sup>a</sup>, Jiale Xing<sup>a</sup>, and Cailing Xu<sup>a</sup>\*

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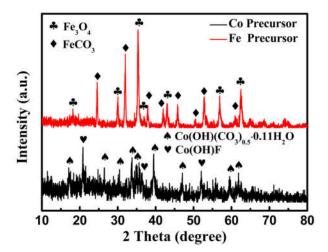
<sup>b</sup>Key Laboratory of Advanced Energy Materials Chemistry (Ministry of Education), Nankai University, Tianjin 300071, China



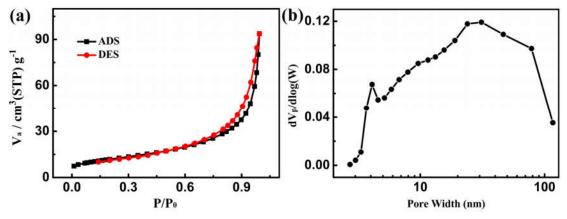
**Fig. S1.** XRD patterns of the prepared Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub> and Co<sub>3</sub>S<sub>4</sub> samples.



**Fig. S2.** SEM images of the prepared Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub> (a) and Co<sub>3</sub>S<sub>4</sub> (b) samples.



**Fig. S3.** XRD patterns of the iron and cobalt compound precursors. The diffraction peaks of cobalt compound precursor match well with the standard cards of Co(OH)F (JCPDS No. 50-0827) and  $Co(OH)(CO_3)_{0.5} \cdot 0.11H_2O$  (JCPDS No. 48-0083). The diffraction peaks of iron compound precursor match well with the standard cards of  $Fe_3O_4$  (JCPDS No. 75-33) and  $FeCO_3$  (JCPDS No. 29-696).



**Fig. S4.** (a)  $N_2$  adsorption-desorption isotherms for porous  $Fe_3O_4/Co_3S_4$  nanosheets. (b) The characteristic BJH pore size distributions.

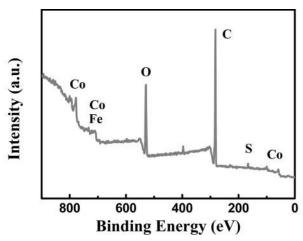
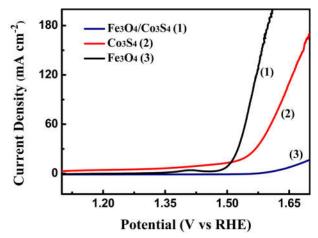


Fig. S5. XPS survey scan of hierarchical porous Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>/Co<sub>3</sub>S<sub>4</sub> nanosheets.



**Fig. S6.** Polarization curves of porous  $Fe_3O_4/Co_3S_4$  nanosheets,  $Fe_3O_4$  and  $Co_3S_4$  in 1.0 M KOH at a potential sweep rate of 5 mV/s.

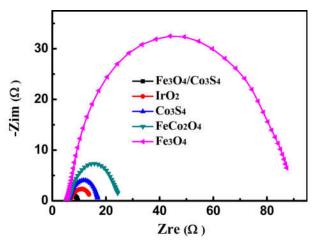
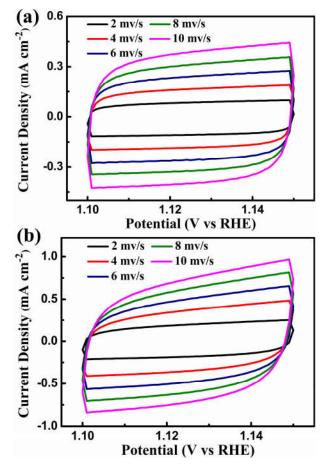


Fig. S7. Nyquist plots of porous FeCo<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>, Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>/Co<sub>3</sub>S<sub>4</sub> nanosheets, IrO<sub>2</sub>, Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub> and Co<sub>3</sub>S<sub>4</sub> samples.



**Fig. S8.** Electrochemical double-layer capacitance measurements. The cyclic voltammograms (CVs) measurements with various scan rates for porous  $FeCo_2O_4$  (a) and  $Fe_3O_4/Co_3S_4$  (b) nanosheets in 1.0 M KOH.

Fig. S9. The proposed OER reaction mechanism based on the Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>/Co<sub>3</sub>S<sub>4</sub> sample.

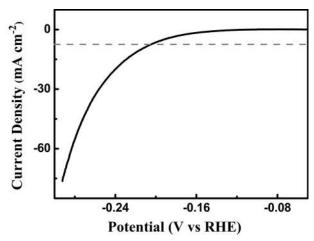
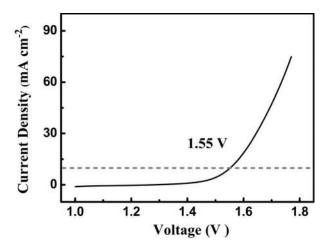


Fig. S10. Polarization curve of porous  $Fe_3O_4/Co_3S_4$  nanosheets in 1.0 M KOH at a potential sweep rate of 5 mV/s.



**Fig. S11.** Polarization curve of water electrolysis by using Pt/C-IrO<sub>2</sub> couple with a scan rate of 5 mV s<sup>-1</sup> in 1 M KOH.