Supporting Information For

Nanoencapsulated Crystallohydrate Mixtures for Advanced Thermal Energy Storage

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Figure S1. SEM images of (from left to right) NanoPCM1 (scale bar 100 nm), NanoPCM3 (scale bar 1 μ m), NanoPCM4 (scale bar 1 μ m), prepared by taking the samples from the capsule suspension after reaction and diluted to approx. 0.1%wt solid content.



Figure S2. TEM image of NanoPCM1 sample with partly removed capsule shell (scale bar 20 nm).



Figure S3. XPS spectra for (a) NanoPCM1 and (b) NanoPCM2.

	NanoPCM1	NanoPCM2	
Mg	1.24%	n/a	
Na	n/a	6.30%	
С	77.91%	63.41%	
0	19.40%	25.42%	
Ν	1.44%	3.83%	
S	n/a	1.03%	

Table S1. Summary of XPS data.

Presence of Na and Mg is clearly demonstrated in the NanoPCM samples and the values obtained for them as well as for the other elements are consistent with FTIR and DSC measurements.



Figure S4. FTIR spectra from the different batches of the PCM-loaded capsules demonstrating the reproducibility of crystallohydrate encapsulation methodology.

Sample	T _M (≌C)	T _F (≌C)	Supercooling (ºC)	ΔΗ (J·g⁻¹)	Encapsulation Efficiency
NanoPCM1	92	82	10	88.4	54%
NanoPCM2	32	17	15	138.6	61%
NanoPCM3*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
NanoPCM4	15.4	-1.1	16.5	126.8	67%

 Table S2.
 Thermal properties of NanoPCMs.

*The data for NanoPCM3 is not available due to the incongruent nature of the melting and crystallisation processes in the mixed phases of the capsule core forming unstable phases at each cycle, see main text, Figure 8c.