This version replaces the previous version published on 30th May 2017

Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI)

First-principles computational studies on layered Na₂Mn₃O₇ as a high-rate cathode material for sodium ion batteries

Zihe Zhang,^a Dihua Wu,^a Xu Zhang,^a Xudong Zhao,^a Haichang Zhang,^b Fei Ding^b Zhaojun Xie^a and Zhen Zhou^{a,*}

^a School of Materials Science and Engineering, National Institute for Advanced Materials,
Computational Centre for Molecular Science, Institute of New Energy Material Chemistry,
Collaborative Innovation Center of Chemical Science and Engineering (Tianjin), Nankai
University, Tianjin 300350, P.R. China. *E-mail: zhouzhen@nankai.edu.cn; Fax: +86 22 23498941;
Tel: +86 22 23503623

^b National Key Laboratory of Science and Technology on Power Sources, Tianjin Institute of Power Sources, Tianjin 300384, P.R. China

inost energeneury ruvored configurations for each demoteration suge are shown in oord.					
x in Na _x Mn ₃ O ₇	Na1	Na2	Na3	Na4	
2	+2.341	+2.081	+2.082	+2.341	
1.5	+2.365		+2.171	+2.390	
1	+2.536			+2.534	
0.5	+2.803				

Table S1 The energy change (in eV) caused by each Na removal at every deintercalation stage. The most energetically favored configurations for each deintercalation stage are shown in **bold**.

Table S2 The energy change (in eV) caused by each Na addition at every intercalation stage.

x in Na _x Mn ₃ O ₇	Na2	Na3	Na4
1	-2.075	-2.075	
0.5	-2.342	-2.314	-2.534

Table S3 Lattice parameters (Å) and cell volume (Å³) at every deintercalation stage. The lattice used in calculation are $Na_{2x}Mn_6O_{14}$ originated from that in Figure 1. V_{change} shows the volume change of the corresponding structure compared with the original $Na_4Mn_6O_{14}$ cell.

x in Na _x Mn ₃ O ₇	а	b	с	volume	$V_{change}(\%)$
2.0	7.68	7.66	6.77	283.32	-
1.5	7.65	7.61	6.88	279.95	-1.19
1.0	7.61	7.59	6.82	270.35	-4.58
0.5	7.62	7.61	6.80	269.58	-4.85
0	7.52	7.49	5.94	226.35	-20.11

Table S4 Average transferred Bader Charge (e) of O, Na and Mn at every deintercalation stage. The positive value and negative value represent the gaining and loss of electrons, respectively.

x in Na _x Mn ₃ O ₇	0	Na	Mn
2.0	1.04	-0.87	-1.85
1.5	0.98	-0.88	-1.86
1.0	0.92	-0.88	-1.86
0.5	0.86	-0.89	-1.86

Table S5 O-evolution energy (eV) of Na_xMn₃O₇.

x in Na _x Mn ₃ O ₇	0.5	1	1.5	2
Е	0.13	0.40	0.58	0.94



Fig. S1 Schematic representation of the optimized Na migration pathways (a) inside one single cell and (b) between adjacent cells. In (b), only one migrating Na among four cells is shown for clarity.