

Electrochemical Synthesis of the Allotrope *allo*-Ge and Investigations on the Use as an Anode Material

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Contents

PXRD pattern of LiGe	2
PXRD pattern of Li ₇ Ge ₁₂	2
PXRD patterns of extracted Li ₇ Ge ₁₂ electrode materials	3
Potential plot of Li ₇ Ge ₁₂ half-cells	3
PXRD pattern of <i>m-allo</i> -Ge	4
PXRD pattern of α -Ge	4
SEM images of electrochemically synthesized <i>allo</i> -Ge	5
Particle Size Analysis	5
Coin Cell dQ/dV Curves	6
Ex-situ PXRD patterns of coin cell anode materials after cycling	7
Selected in-situ PXRD patterns	7
dQ/dV Plot for • -Ge pouch cells	8
References	9

PXRD pattern of LiGe

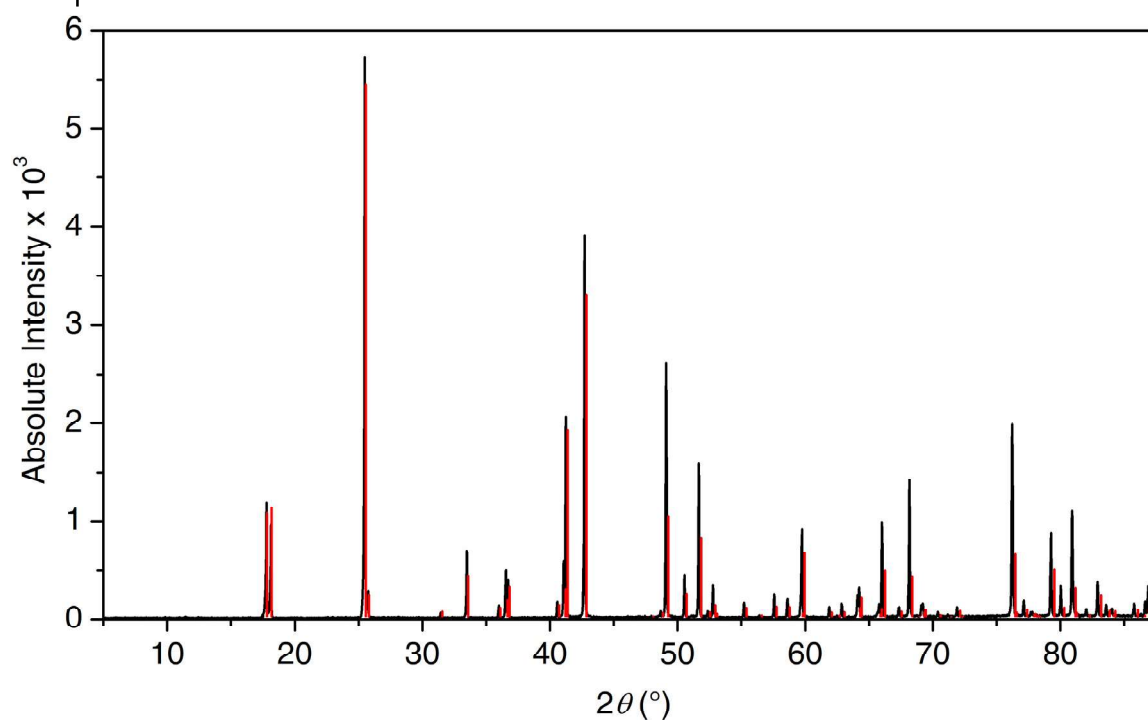


Fig. S1: Experimental (black) and calculated (red) PXRD patterns of LiGe. PSD steps 1.5 °, time/step 15 s.

PXRD pattern of Li₇Ge₁₂

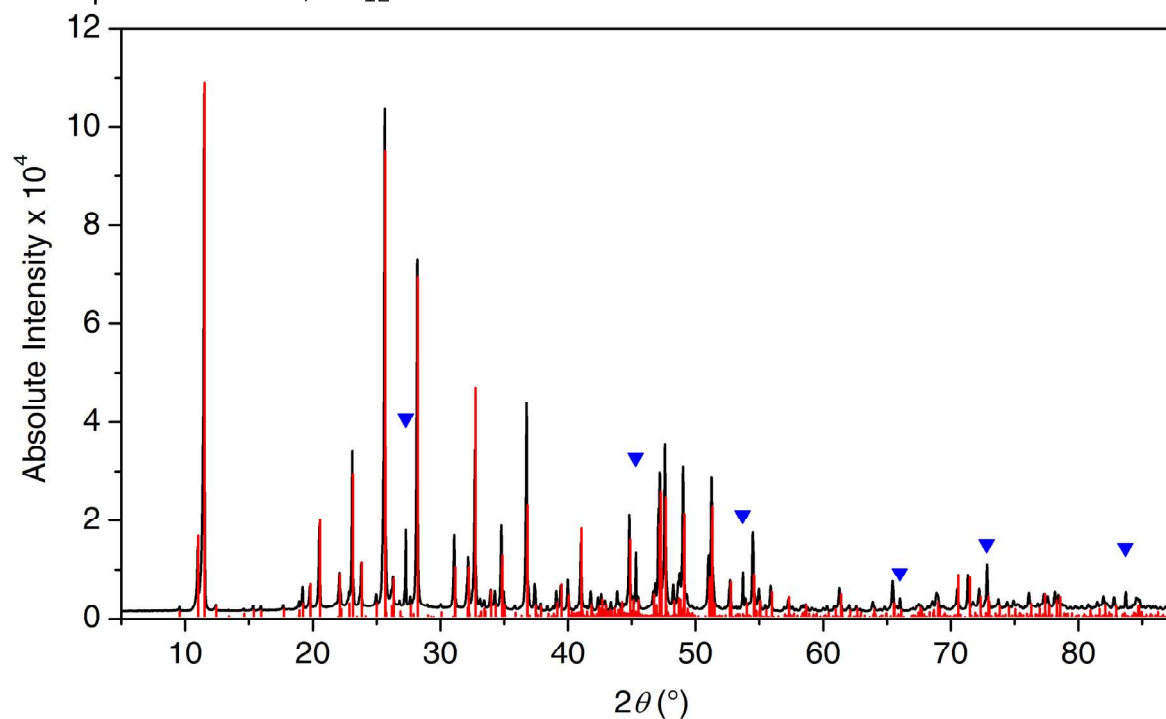


Fig. S2: Experimental (black) and calculated (red) PXRD patterns of Li₇Ge₁₂. Blue triangles denote traces of α-Ge. PSD steps 0.07 °, time/step 45 s.

PXRD patterns of extracted $\text{Li}_7\text{Ge}_{12}$ electrode materials

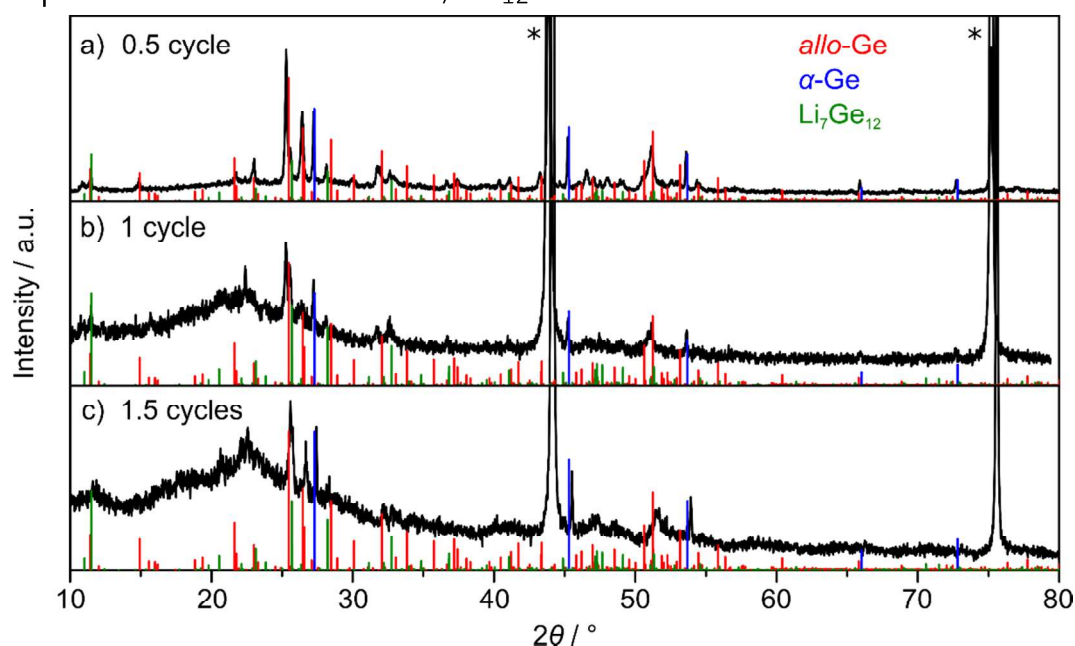


Fig. S3. Powder diffraction patterns of electrode material extracted from coin cells; a) after one delithiation step *allo*-Ge has clearly been formed, b) after one full delithiation/lithiation cycle less *allo*-Ge is present and a broad signal appears around 22° , c) after 1.5 cycles the ratio of crystalline phases does not change anymore but the broad signal grows; theoretical powder patterns of *allo*-Ge,¹ α -Ge,² and $\text{Li}_7\text{Ge}_{12}$ ³ are given in red, blue, and green, respectively; diamond powder was added to all electrode materials post-cycling for easier handling of the material, corresponding reflexes are marked by an asterisk. The 1 and 1.5 cycle samples are mainly amorphous and are scaled differently than the 0.5 cycle samples to elucidate the remaining crystalline phases.

Potential plot of $\text{Li}_7\text{Ge}_{12}$ half-cells

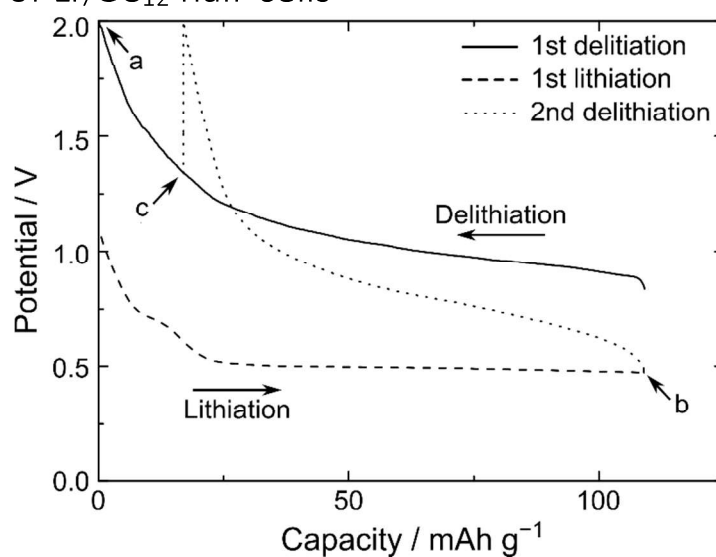


Fig. S4. Potential curves of the first 1.5 cycles of $\text{Li}_7\text{Ge}_{12}$ half-cells beginning with the first delithiation cycle to 2 V. The powder diffraction state of powder diffraction patterns a–c in Fig. S3 are marked with the respective letters.

PXRD pattern of *m-allo*-Ge

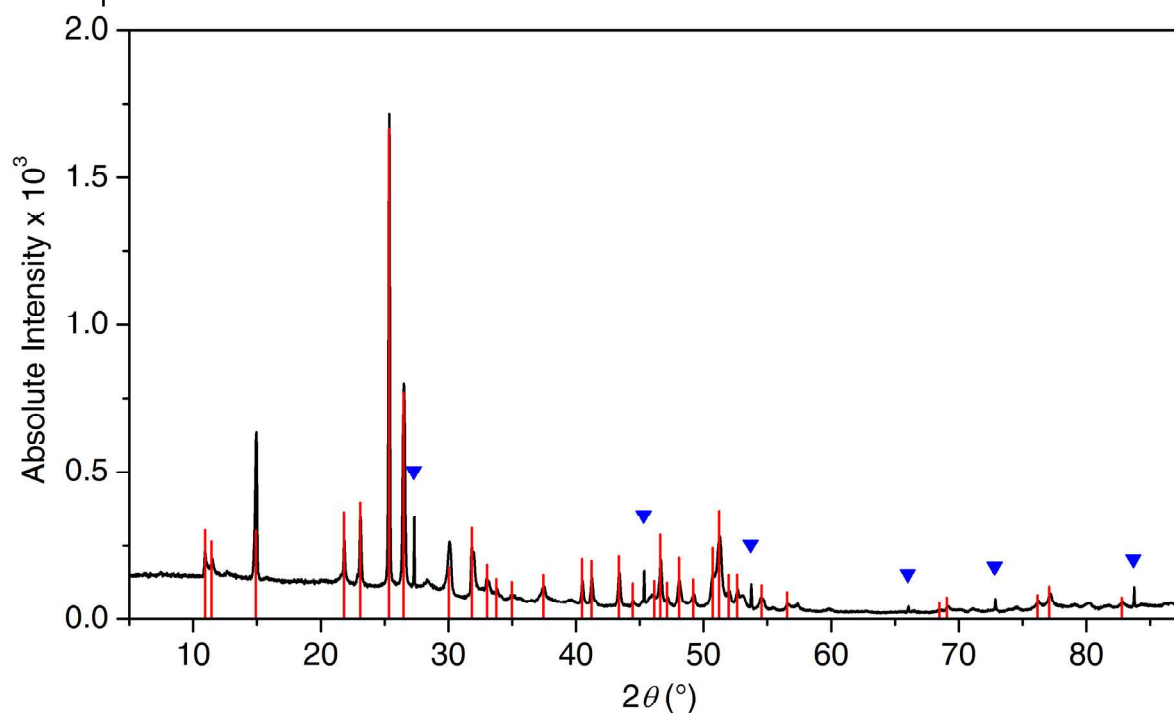


Fig. S5: Experimental (black) and calculated (red) PXRD patterns of *m-allo*-Ge. Blue triangles denote traces of α -Ge. PSD steps 0.07° , time/step 30 s.

PXRD pattern of α -Ge

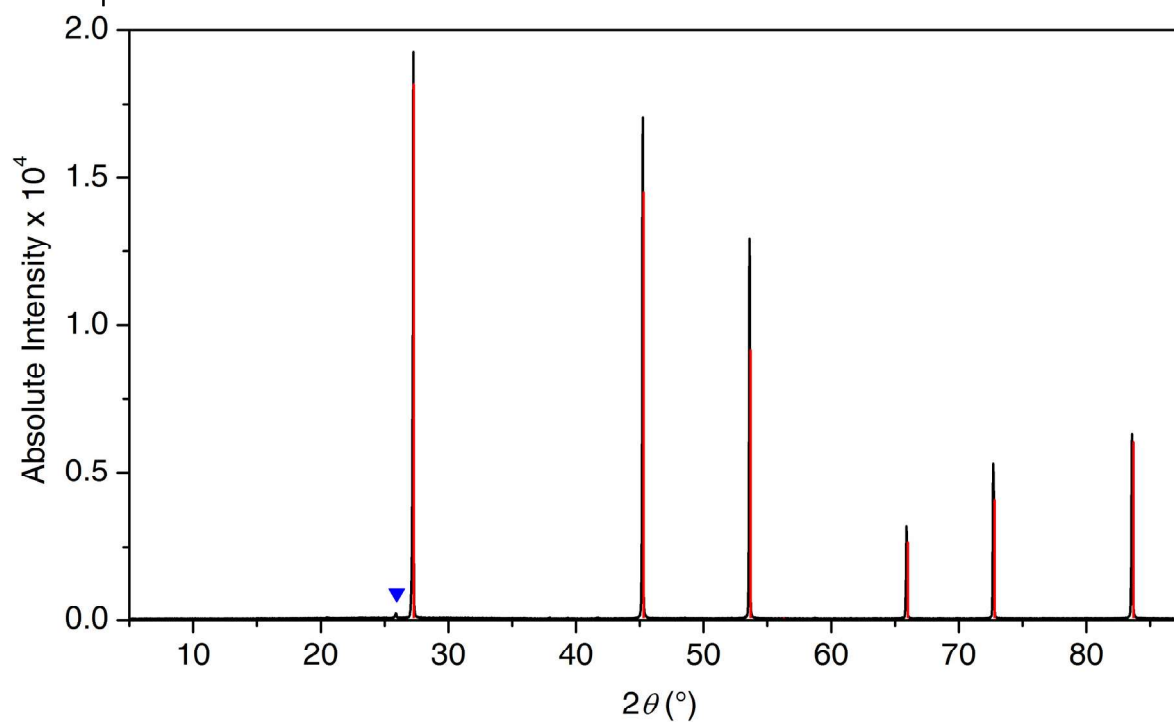


Fig. S6: Experimental (black) and calculated (red) PXRD patterns of α -Ge. The blue triangle marks traces of GeO_2 . PSD steps 1.5° , time/step 15 s.

SEM images of electrochemically synthesized *allo*-Ge

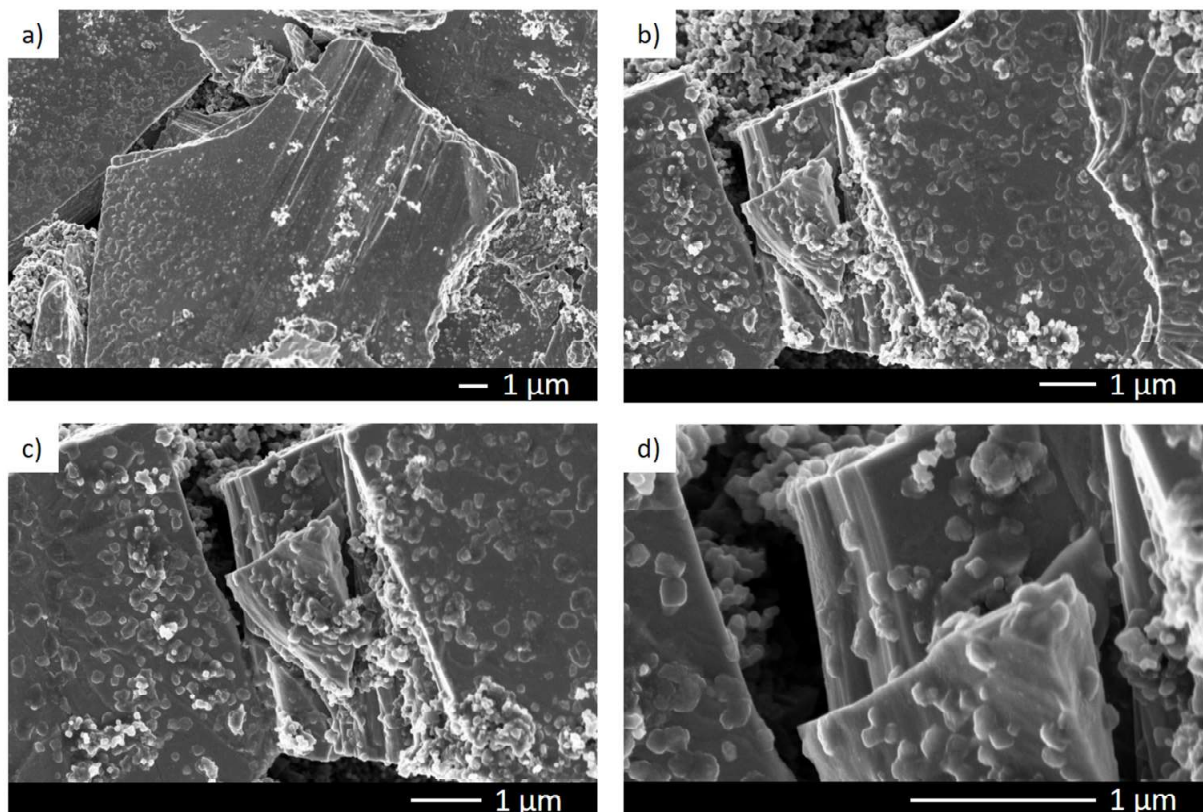


Fig. S7. SEM images of electrochemically synthesized *allo*-Ge.

Particle Size Analysis

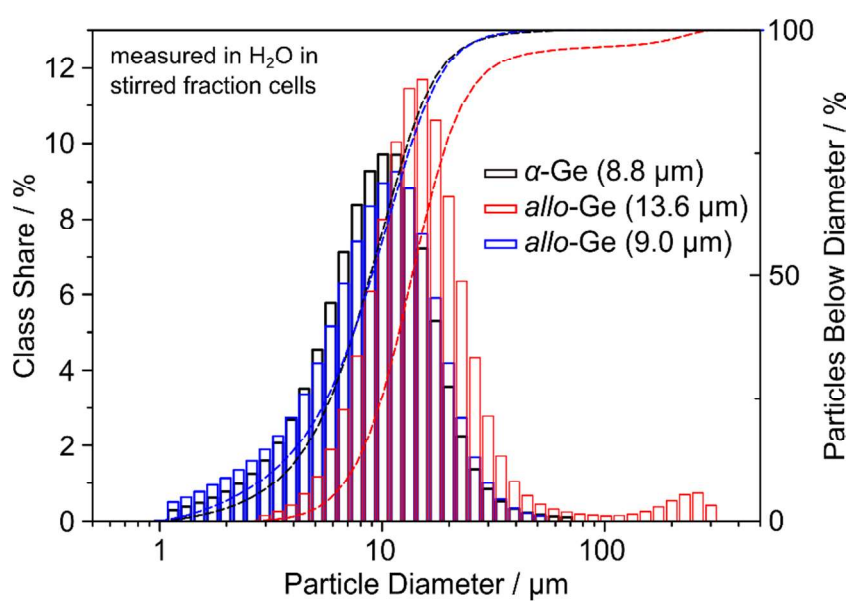


Fig. S8. Particle size analysis of Ge anode materials in H₂O in stirred fraction cell by laser scattering, volume-based distribution. The median of the respective samples is given.

Coin Cell dQ/dV Curves

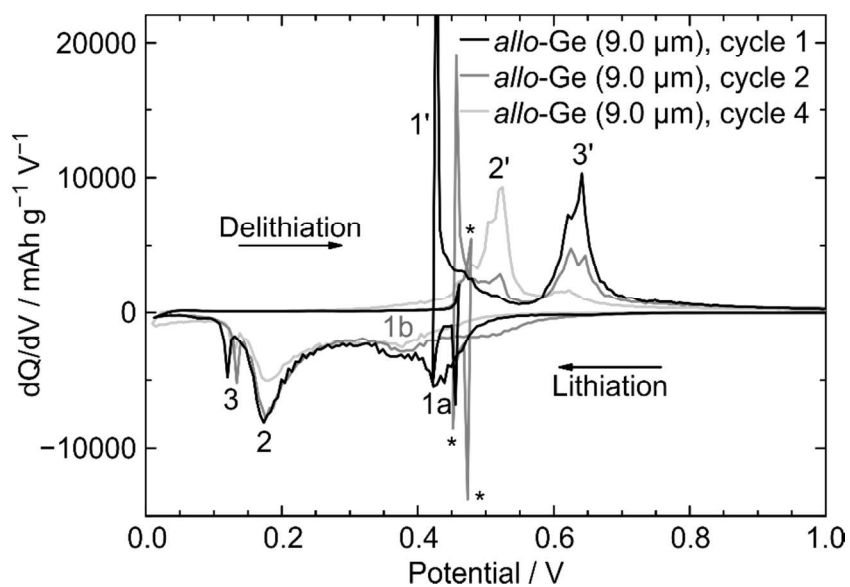


Fig. S9. dQ/dV curves from *allo*-Ge coin cells. Features marked with (*) are artifacts due to overpotentials. First, second and fourth cycles shown.

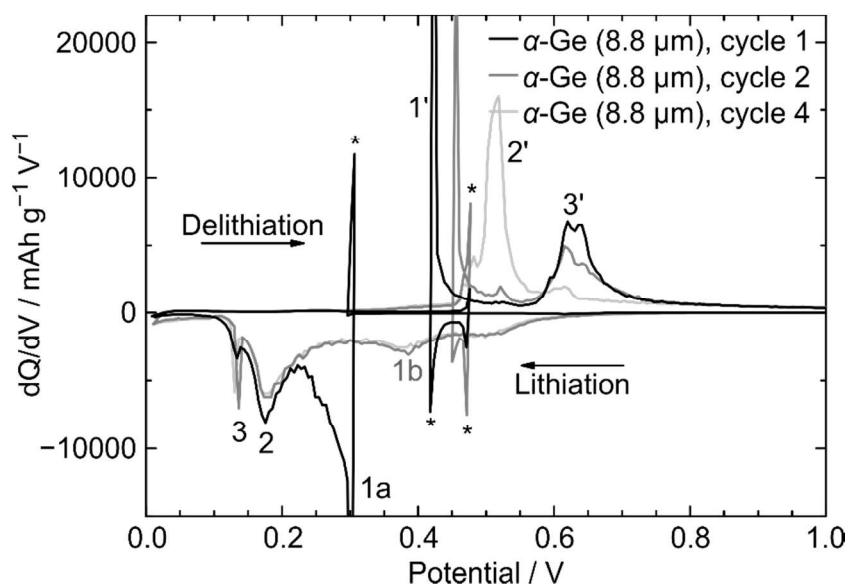


Fig. S10. dQ/dV curves for α -Ge coin cells. Features marked with (*) are artifacts due to overpotentials. First, second and fourth cycles shown.

Ex-situ PXRD patterns of coin cell anode materials after cycling

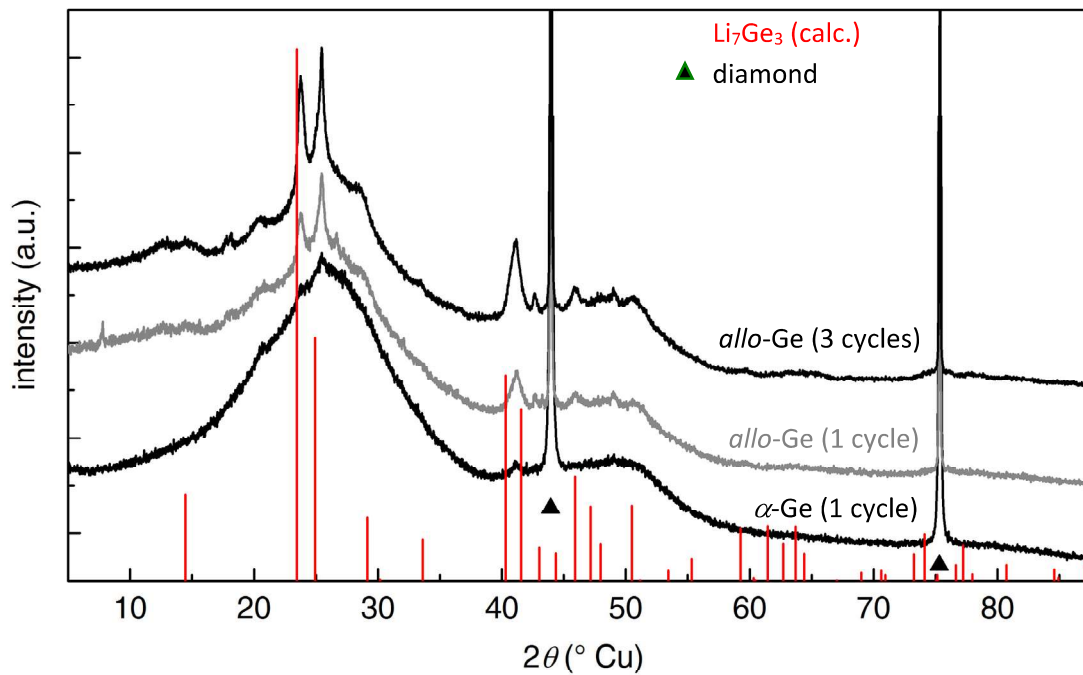


Fig. S11. Ex-situ-PXRD patterns of anode materials α -Ge after 1 discharge/charge cycle, *allo*-Ge after 1 discharge/charge cycle, and *allo*-Ge after 3 discharge/charge cycles. All materials contain varying amounts of a crystalline phase resembling Li_7Ge_3 (calculated diffraction pattern in red). Black triangles denote reflections of diamond which was mixed with the anode materials for easier handling.

Selected in-situ PXRD patterns

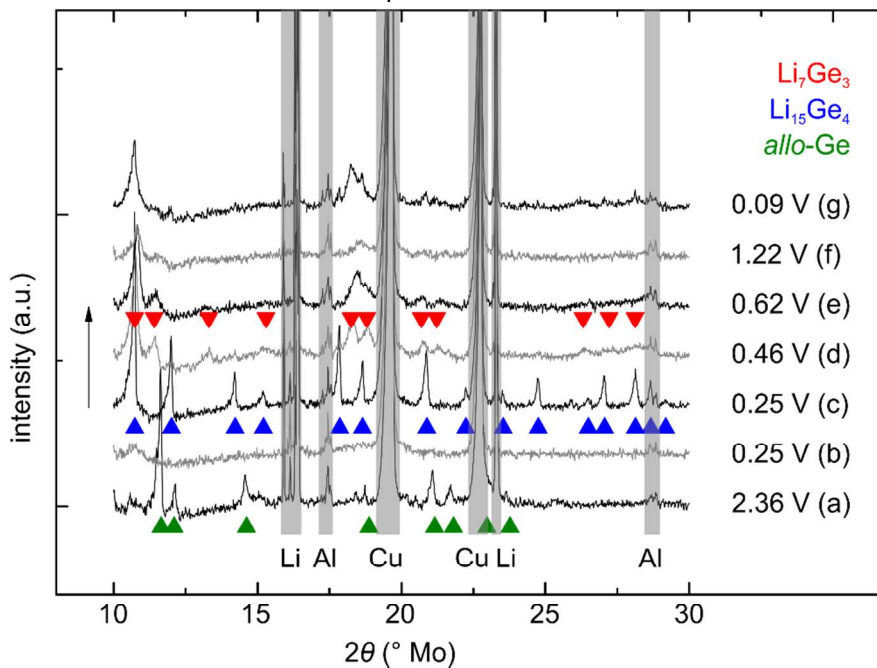


Fig. S12. Selected diffraction patterns from *allo*-Ge pouch cell. Data shown is averaged over 4 raw data files, i.e. one hour of measurement. The main reflections of all observed crystalline phases are marked. The average voltage and the position in Fig. 5 is indicated.

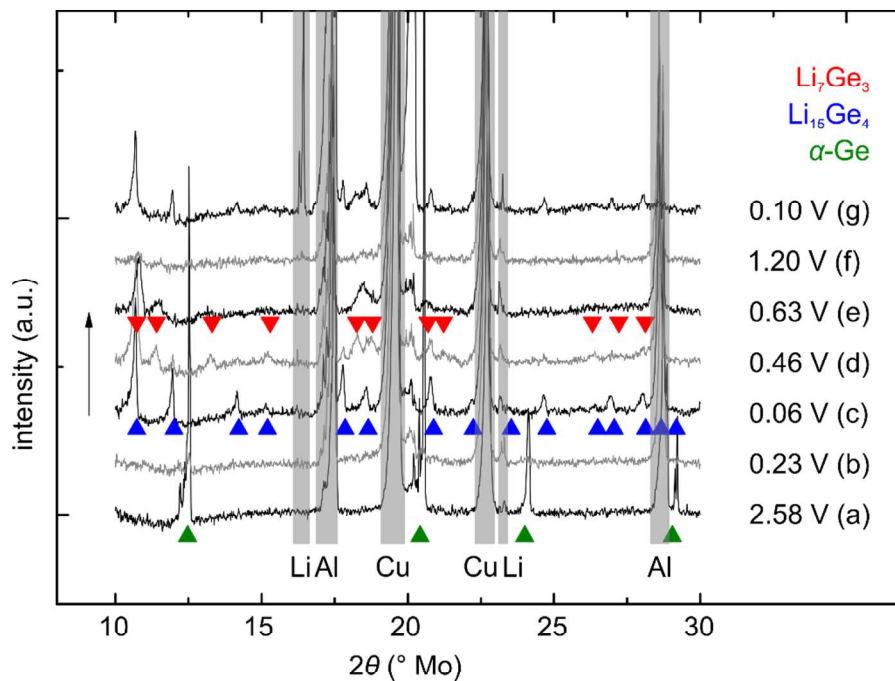
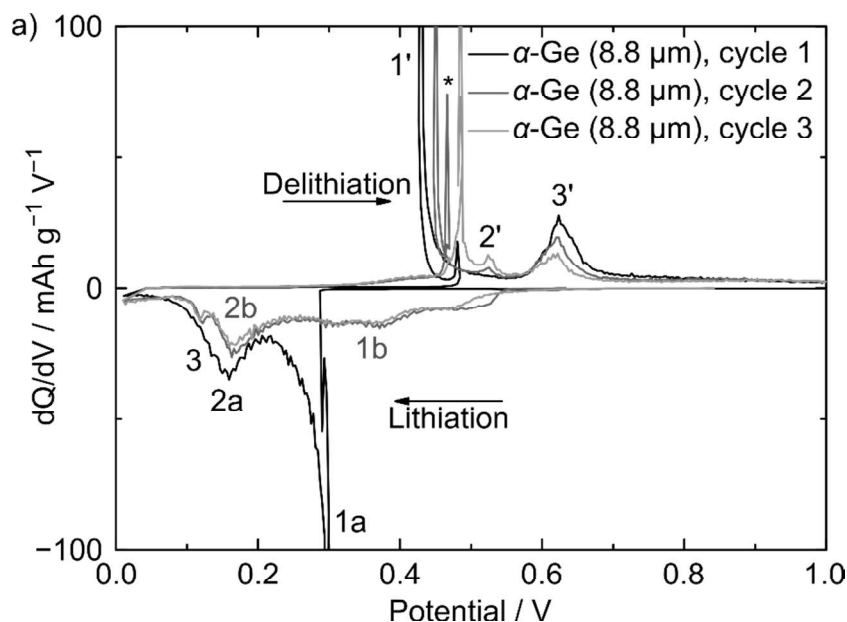


Fig. S13. Selected diffraction patterns from α -Ge pouch cell. Data shown is averaged over 4 raw data files, i.e. one hour of measurement. The main reflections of all observed crystalline phases are marked. The average voltage and the position in Fig. 6 is indicated.

dQ/dV Plot for α -Ge pouch cells



b) Proposed (de-)lithiation mechanism for α -Ge:

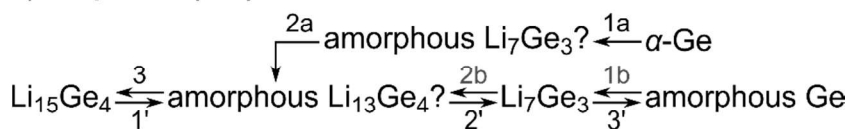


Fig. S14. a) dQ/dV plot of α -Ge in in-situ PCRD pouch cell. An overpotential leads to an artifact peak and is marked by (*), b) proposed (de-)lithiation mechanism for α -Ge, in agreement with Grey *et al.*⁴

References

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- 4 H. Jung, P. K. Allan, Y.-Y. Hu, O. J. Borkiewicz, X.-L. Wang, W.-Q. Han, L.-S. Du, C. J. Pickard, P. J. Chupas, K. W. Chapman, A. J. Morris and C. P. Grey, *Chem. Mater.*, 2015, **27**, 1031–1041.